House Bill 2674

Sponsored by Representatives SALINAS, GORSEK, Senator GELSER (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Allows employee of school district or education service district, or employee's exclusive representative, to challenge cost analysis for procurement that school district or education service district conducted.

Modifies procedure by which school district and education service district conduct cost analysis before procurement and awarding of contract.

Takes effect on 91st day after adjournment sine die.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to analyses required before conducting a procurement for services; and prescribing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. Section 2 of this 2019 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 342.

SECTION 2. (1) As used in this section:

(a) "Exclusive representative" has the meaning given that term in ORS 243.650.

(b) "Procurement" has the meaning given that term in ORS 279A.010.

(2)(a) An employee of a school district or education service district, or the employee's exclusive representative, may challenge in an arbitration proceeding under subsection (3) of this section a cost analysis for a procurement that the school district or education service district conducted under ORS 279B.033 or a determination the school district or education service district made under ORS 279B.036 if:

(A) The school district or education service district allegedly violated a provision of ORS 279B.030, 279B.033 or 279B.036;

(B) The employee or the exclusive representative described the alleged violation in a written notice to the school district or education service district not later than 30 days after the date of the alleged violation;

(C) The school district or education service district proceeded with the procurement after receiving the notice described in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph; and

(D) The employee or the exclusive representative exhausted any administrative remedy the school district or education service district provides to address the alleged violation.

(b)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, for the purposes of this section, a school district or education service district proceeded with a procurement if the school district or education service district advertised or solicited the procurement in accordance with ORS chapter 279B or otherwise took affirmative steps to seek a contractor to perform services for which the school district or education service district would be required to conduct a procurement in accordance with ORS chapter 279B.

(B) A school district or education service district does not, for the purposes of this sec-
tion, proceed with a procurement if:

(i) The school district or education service district issued a request for information or a request for a quotation or otherwise sought to obtain needed information in the course of complying with ORS 279B.030, 279B.033 or 279B.036; or

(ii) The school district or education service district, after advertising or soliciting a procurement, updated a cost analysis or reconsidered a determination in accordance with section 4 or 6 of this 2019 Act.

(3)(a) An employee or exclusive representative that seeks to initiate an arbitration proceeding under this section shall notify the school district or education service district within 10 days after the school district or education service district proceeds with a procurement as described in subsection (2)(a)(C) of this section or after the employee or exclusive representative exhausts any available administrative remedies as provided in subsection (2)(a)(D) of this section, whichever is later. The employee or exclusive representative and the school district or education service district shall jointly select an arbitrator to conduct an arbitration proceeding as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection.

(b) If the employee or exclusive representative and the school district or education service district cannot agree on an arbitrator as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the employee or exclusive representative and the school district or education service district shall request from the State Conciliation Service a list of seven prospective arbitrators from which each may alternately strike a name to select the arbitrator.

(c) The arbitrator shall conduct the arbitration proceeding in accordance with the rules of the Employment Relations Board. The results of the arbitration proceeding are final, are binding on the parties to the proceeding and are not subject to appeal.

(d) Each party to the arbitration proceeding shall share equally in paying the costs for the arbitrator and the proceeding.

(4)(a) If an employee or exclusive representative notifies the school district or education service district as provided in subsection (2)(a)(B) of this section and timely seeks arbitration in accordance with subsection (3) of this section, the school district or education service district, while the arbitration proceeding is pending, may not proceed with the procurement that is the subject of the arbitration proceeding unless the school district or education service district determines that:

(A) A compelling governmental interest exists in proceeding with the procurement; or

(B) An emergency exists that requires the procurement.

(b) A school district or education service district that makes a determination to proceed with a procurement under paragraph (a) of this subsection shall set forth in writing the reasons for the determination and immediately provide the reasons to the employee or exclusive representative and to the arbitrator in any arbitration proceeding under this section.

(c) Despite a school district's or education service district's determination under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the arbitrator may stay the procurement while the arbitration proceeding is pending on the employee's or exclusive representative's motion if the arbitrator finds that the school district's or the education service district's determination under paragraph (a) of this subsection is not supported by substantial evidence.

(5) If at the conclusion of an arbitration proceeding under this section the arbitrator finds that a school district or education service district violated ORS 279B.030, 279B.033 or 279B.036, the arbitrator may order the school district or education service district to stop
or cancel the procurement and take any other affirmative action the arbitrator determines
will effectuate the purposes of this section. The arbitrator may not in the arbitration pro-
ceeding or in any order that results from the arbitration proceeding award costs to any party
to the proceeding.

SECTION 3. Section 4 of this 2019 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 332.

SECTION 4. (1) As used in this section:
(a) “Procurement” has the meaning given that term in ORS 279A.010.
(b) “Public contract” has the meaning given that term in ORS 279A.010.
(2) To obtain information necessary to conduct a cost analysis under ORS 279B.033 or
make a determination under ORS 279B.036, a school district, before advertising or otherwise
soliciting a procurement, shall issue a request for information or a request for a quotation
or shall use another reasonably practicable method to obtain needed information.
(3) If, after advertising or otherwise soliciting a procurement and before awarding a
public contract, a school district obtains new or additional information from bids or pro-
posals, or from other sources, that would alter or otherwise affect a cost analysis the school
district conducted under ORS 279B.033 or a determination the school district made under
ORS 279B.036, the school district shall update the cost analysis with the new or additional
information or, if necessary, reconsider the school district’s determination as to the feasi-
bility of performing with the school district’s own personnel or resources the services that
are the subject of the procurement. The school district may proceed with the procurement
only after updating the cost analysis or, if appropriate, reconsidering the determination and
only if the procurement continues to meet the applicable requirements set forth in ORS
279B.033 (2) or 279B.036 (1).
(4) For the purposes of determining whether a school district may proceed with a pro-
curement after conducting a cost analysis, notwithstanding the requirement set forth for
contracting agencies in ORS 279B.033 (2)(a), a school district may not proceed with a proc-
urement if the primary, not the sole, reason that the costs estimated under ORS 279B.033
(1)(b) are lower than the costs estimated under ORS 279B.033 (1)(a) is because the costs es-
timated under ORS 279B.033 (1)(b)(A) are lower than the costs estimated under ORS 279B.033
(1)(a)(A).

SECTION 5. Section 6 of this 2019 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 334.

SECTION 6. (1) As used in this section:
(a) “Procurement” has the meaning given that term in ORS 279A.010.
(b) “Public contract” has the meaning given that term in ORS 279A.010.
(2) To obtain information necessary to conduct a cost analysis under ORS 279B.033 or
make a determination under ORS 279B.036, an education service district, before advertising
or otherwise soliciting a procurement, shall issue a request for information or a request for
a quotation or shall use another reasonably practicable method to obtain needed information.
(3) If, after advertising or otherwise soliciting a procurement and before awarding a
public contract, an education service district obtains new or additional information from bids
or proposals, or from other sources, that would alter or otherwise affect a cost analysis the
education service district conducted under ORS 279B.033 or a determination the education
service district made under ORS 279B.036, the education service district shall update the cost
analysis with the new or additional information or, if necessary, reconsider the education
service district’s determination as to the feasibility of performing with the education service
district’s own personnel or resources the services that are the subject of the procurement.

The education service district may proceed with the procurement only after updating the
cost analysis or, if appropriate, reconsidering the determination and only if the procurement
continues to meet the applicable requirements set forth in ORS 279B.033 (2) or 279B.036 (1).

(4) For the purposes of determining whether an education service district may proceed
with a procurement after conducting a cost analysis, notwithstanding the requirement set
forth for contracting agencies in ORS 279B.033 (2)(a), an education service district may not
proceed with a procurement if the primary, not the sole, reason that the costs estimated
under ORS 279B.033 (1)(b) are lower than the costs estimated under ORS 279B.033 (1)(a) is
because the costs estimated under ORS 279B.033 (1)(b)(A) are lower than the costs estimated
under ORS 279B.033 (1)(a)(A).

SECTION 7. Sections 2, 4 and 6 of this 2019 Act apply to procurements that a school
district or education service district first advertises or otherwise solicits or, if the school
district or education service district does not advertise or solicit the procurement, to pro-
curements that the school district or education service district first conducts on or after the
operative date specified in section 8 of this 2019 Act.

SECTION 8. (1) Sections 2, 4 and 6 of this 2019 Act become operative on January 1, 2020.

(2) A school district board or an education service district board may take any action
before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to enable
a school district or education service district to exercise, on and after the operative date
specified in subsection (1) of this section, all of the duties, functions and powers conferred
on the school district or education service district by sections 2, 4 and 6 of this 2019 Act.

SECTION 9. This 2019 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2019
regular session of the Eightieth Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.