OREGON HOUSING AND COMMUNITY SERVICES

Mid-session Update



Margaret Salazar, Director
Oregon Housing and Community Services

May 6, 2019
House Committee on Human Services and Housing



2019 LEGISLATIVE AGENDA

Addressing Children's Homelessness

- \$44 million Emergency Housing Account (EHA) and State
 Homeless Assistance Program (SHAP)*
- \$20.5 million Addressing Child Homelessness
 - \$14 million to OHCS; \$6.5 federal funds from DHS
- \$20 million Rental Market Resources (HB 2006)
- \$130 million Local Innovation and Fast Track (LIFT) Housing Program
- \$25 million Preserve existing affordable housing
- \$15 million Acquire attainable rental market housing to prevent displacement



2019 LEGISLATIVE AGENDA

Accelerating Development in Greater Oregon

- \$15 million Greater Oregon Housing Accelerator (HB 2055)
- \$15 million Housing Development Guarantee Account to lessen the risk for housing developers in rural communities (HB 2056)

Investing in Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH)

- \$50 million Development resources
- \$4.5 million Rent assistance and services resources from the Oregon Health Authority



EHA & SHAP DELIVERY SYSTEM





EMERGENCY HOUSING ACCOUNT (EHA) & STATE HOMELESS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SHAP)

EMERGENCY HOUSING ACCOUNT (EHA)

Assists low- to very low-income persons who are homeless or are unstably housed and at risk of becoming homeless.

EHA serves people who are struggling with housing instability that are at or below 80% area median income.

STATE HOMELESS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SHAP)

Offers state funds to help meet the emergency needs of homeless Oregonians by providing operational support for emergency shelters and supportive services to shelter residents.

SHAP serves people who are literally homeless and has no income restriction.

Funds Available for:

- Street outreach to connect with those in need
- Homeless prevention and rapid rehousing, including move-in and re-location assistance (EHA can also fund self-sufficiency education, training, and limited rent assistance)
- Emergency shelter (day shelters, transitional shelters, night shelters, hotel/motel vouchers)
- Transitional housing up to 24 months (EHA only)
- Community capacity building (EHA only)





From Transaction to Transformation: Strategies to Achieve Equity and Accountability in Oregon's Homeless System

"The Housing Stability Council, in alignment with preliminary findings from the Statewide Housing Plan, shall make recommendations to the Director of Oregon Housing and Community Services about how to prioritize funding for the Emergency Housing Account (EHA) and the State Homeless Assistance Program (SHAP) to ensure that funds are being spent as efficiently and effectively as possible. At a minimum, the Council shall consider how the use of funding incentivizes regionally and nationally recognized best practices, and outcome oriented strategies, to create a more effective system to prevent and reduce homelessness. The Director shall present recommendations to the Legislature by February 28, 2019."



HOMELESS SERVICES BUDGET NOTE REPORT



Use of Outcomes Oriented Strategies

Establishment of Funding Priorities for EHA and SHAP

Use of Best Practices in Homeless Services Delivery

Creation of an Efficient and Effective System to Prevent and Reduce Homelessness



Committing to a collaborative process

Connecting shared, statewide outcomes with local choice performance measures

Instituting the use of national best practices

Balancing accountability with capacity building through a phased approach



EPIC OUTCOMES TOOL

The Committee adopted the EPIC (<u>E</u>nding homelessness, <u>P</u>reventing homelessness, <u>I</u>nclusion and diversity, <u>C</u>apacity of the community) approach for prioritizing outcomes and tracking performance measures through the Master Grant Agreement. The EPIC approach provides a tool that balances five shared outcomes with local flexibility in achieving those outcomes.

SHARED STATEWIDE OUTCOMES	ENDING HOMELESSNESS	PREVENTING HOMELESSNESS	INCLUSION & DIVERSITY	CAPACITY OF THE COMMUNITY
	EQUITY & RACIAL JUSTICE			
PERFORMANCE MEASURES	Continued reporting on two required key performance measures, along with one additional locally selected performance measure for each outcome.			



Service Delivery Standards

Housing First

 Immediately house clients with no preconditions and encourages clients to create and implement their own goals.

Coordinated Entry

 A single point of entry to the homeless services delivery system that helps with prioritizing most vulnerable for immediate assistance.

Low-Barrier Shelters

 Allows the most homeless individuals and families to access shelter and housing services by removing preconditions such as sobriety, compliance with treatment plans, and no pets.

Lived Experience

 A commitment and framework to include those who have experienced homelessness in planning, implementation, and evaluation of programs and service delivery.

Reduce Racial Disparities

 Recognizing services have not historically been equitably provided to communities of color, a commitment to intentionally reduce these disparities in administered programs



Addressing Child Homelessness POP

Christy Hahn, Homeless Services Operations and Policy Analyst Oregon Housing and Community Services

Dan Haun, Deputy Director, Self Sufficiency Programs Department of Human Services

- Why Understanding the Need
- TANF Families and Housing
- Addressing Child Homelessness Strategy
- Addressing Child Homelessness How



WHY – UNDERSTANDING THE NEED

In 2018, Oregon had the highest rate of homelessness among families with children.

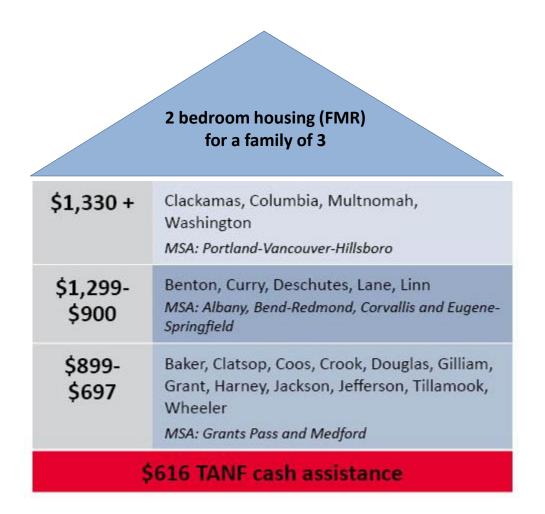




In 2018, the Governor's Children's Cabinet met to discuss the housing crisis, the impact to Oregon's kids, and current resources available in Oregon. This diverse group included agency directors from across the state, including the Department of Human Services (DHS) and Oregon Housing and Community Services (OHCS)



TANF FAMILIES AND THE HOUSING CRISIS



In 2018, the statewide average Fair Market Rent (FMR) in Oregon for 2 bedroom housing was \$1,105 per month.

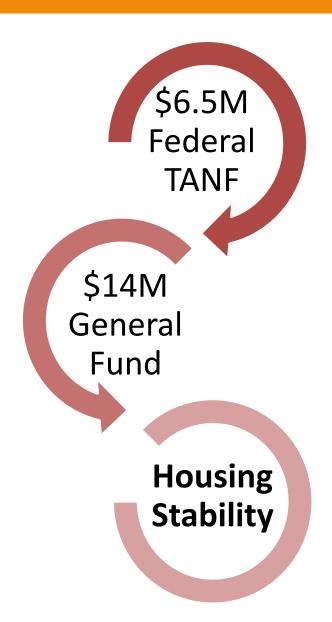
There is no county area or Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) in Oregon that is affordable for a TANF family to pay the entirety of their rent using their cash assistance.

(Data source: National Low Income Housing Coalition (2018) https://reports.nlihc.org/oor/Oregon)

82% of 2018 Oregon TANF participants did not receive public housing or rent subsidies



ADDRESSING CHILD HOMELESSNESS – STRATEGY



- Ultimate goal is long term stability for families experiencing homelessness
- Braiding of DHS and OHCS funding streams maximizes federal and state dollars, strengthens partnership at the state and local level and broadens the service network for families
- New program will provide deeper, long-term subsidy, and connect families to range of services through coordinated referral and case management

ADDRESSING CHILD HOMELESSNESS – HOW?

\$6.5M Federal TANF → Housing Stabilization Program (HSP)

- History of serving TANF families through HSP, funded through DHS Budget (\$1M CSL)
- Existing interagency agreement where HSP is transferred to OHCS and distributed to statewide network of Community Action Agencies

\$6.5M Federal TANF (DHS) + \$14M General Fund (OHCS)

- Local/regional providers will apply with collaborative application to leverage regional partner network
- Total \$20.5 million to serve families from a person-centered approach over 2 years
 - HSP/TANF provides short-term, emergency 4-month subsidy
 - General Fund resources provides long-term services
 - Coordinated referral and case management



HOMELESS KIDS POLICY OPTION PACKAGE



DHS-SSP SSP Family Coach

Housing Stabilization Program (HSP)

TANF, SNAP, ERDC, Employment & Training Services, TA-DVS, Support Services,



Person-Centered Services





OHCS
CAA Case Manager

Long-term Housing Subsidy for Homeless Families

Housing Navigators, Energy Bill Payment Assistance, Flex Funding



PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING

Margaret Salazar, Director
Oregon Housing and Community Services

Steve Allen, Behavioral Health Director Oregon Health Authority

- What is PSH?
- PSH Return on Investment
- PSH Oregon Performance Plan
- Partnership with Oregon Health Authority



WHAT IS PERMANENT SUPPORTIVE HOUSING (PSH)?



PSH is proven to create housing stability for chronically unsheltered homeless populations and can also benefit the formerly incarcerated, those with severe and persistent mental illnesses, and other complex populations.



COST SAVINGS: PSH RETURN ON INVESTMENT

Intervention	2018 Cost	Duration	
State Hospital Stay	\$1,324	Per night	
Emergency Room	\$500	Per average visit	
County Jail	\$125	Per night	
PSH	\$59-64	Per night	

Bud Clark Commons residents saw a
45% reduction in healthcare costs a
year after moving into Permanent
Supportive Housing





PSH – OREGON PERFORMANCE PLAN

- At least 60% of criminal defendants who come to the State Hospital on aid and assist (.370) orders are homeless
- The Oregon Performance Plan goal for PSH is 2,000 units, OHA supports 1,260

PSH is a critical tool to reach our state goals



2019 LEGISLATIVE REQUEST – OHCS/OHA PARTNERSHIP





Article XI-Q bonds general obligation bond proceeds to build up to 500 units of permanent supportive housing



\$4.5 million

General fund resources for 6 months of services and rent assistance for 2019-21 biennium



QUESTIONS

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