HB 3022 -5 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

House Committee On Rules

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Meeting Dates: 4/22, 4/29

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Modifies workers' compensation statues, including definitions of "compensable injury" and "preexisting condition." Alters circumstances under which preexisting condition impacts compensation for injury. Requires Director of Department of Consumer and Business Services to approve certain settlements. Requires insurer to preauthorize compensable medical services within 14 days after requested by medical provider. Requires certain notices be provided to worker. Leaves appointment of medical arbiter to Director's discretion. Allows injured worker to submit evidence to rebut arbiter's findings. Provides that worker's alleged wage is correct if employer fails to provide wage records in response to injured worker's request. Entitles worker to examination or opinion by expert of their choice when insurer procures independent medical examination or opinion. Applies to claims and causes of action existing or arising on or after effective date, regardless of date of injury or date claim is presented. Declares emergency, effective on passage.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

-5 Replaces the measure. Describes circumstances under which diagnostic services are compensable. Assigns burden of proof related to determination of when a condition is no longer major contributing cause of need for treatment.

BACKGROUND:

Workers' compensation insurance provides medical treatment and lost wages to employees (or their dependents) in the case of employment-related accidents or illnesses. In Oregon, workers' compensation insurance is known as "no-fault" insurance; it essentially bypasses the concept of one party or the other being at fault, which in turn eliminates lawsuits arising out of work place injuries or illnesses.

Oregon employers are required to carry workers' compensation insurance or be self-insured. Almost all Oregon employees are covered by workers' compensation, but employees are eligible for benefits regardless of whether their employers are in compliance with the law. The law specifies the types of employees who are not required to have workers' compensation insurance coverage, including certain corporate officers, partners, and family-member business owners, as well as independent contractors. Employers can purchase insurance from the State Accident Insurance Fund (SAIF) Corporation (a publicly owned nonprofit company), from a private insurance company or be self-insured. SAIF has about a 53 percent share of the Oregon workers' compensation insurance market; private insurance companies accounted for about 35 percent of the market. The remaining share of the market is represented by self-insured employers or employer groups.