HB 3384 -2 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

House Committee On Agriculture and Land Use

Prepared By: Laura Kentnesse, LPRO Analyst

Meeting Dates: 4/2, 4/4

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Specifies that a county cannot deny a school expansion on land zoned for exclusive farm use (EFU) based on a rule or condition that: establishes a maximum capacity of people in the structure or group of structures, a minimum distance between structures, or a maximum density of structures per acre.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

-2 Allows public or private school expansions on the tax lot on which the school was established, or on a tax lot contiguous to and under the same ownership as the tax lot on which the school was established, regardless of the date of school establishment or ownership. Limits schools for possible expansion on EFU lands to kindergarten through grade 12 schools. Declares emergency, effective on passage.

REVENUE: No revenue impact

FISCAL: May have fiscal impact, but no statement yet issued

BACKGROUND:

Oregon's Statewide Planning Goal 3, 'Agricultural Lands,' requires all agricultural lands to be inventoried and preserved by adopting exclusive farm use (EFU) zones. Farm uses allowed on EFU-zoned lands include: raising, harvesting, and selling crops; feeding, breeding, managing, and selling certain animals; and preparing, storing, and disposing of products and by-products raised on these lands. ORS 215.213 and 215.283 allow numerous exceptions, both outright and conditional, for certain nonfarm uses on EFU-zoned lands. Common nonfarm uses include commercial activities in conjunction with farm uses, utility facilities necessary for public service, and certain road improvement projects, schools, community centers, churches, parks and playgrounds, and dwellings.

In 2009, the legislature passed House Bill 3099, which removed outright EFU exceptions for schools. The legislation added a conditional exception for public or private schools that primarily serve the rural residents from the area where the school is located. The legislation also allowed for the expansion of nonconforming public and private schools on EFU lands that existed on or before January 1, 2009, provided that the expansion occurs on the tax lot on which the use was established on or before January 1, 2009, or on a contiguous lot that was owned by the applicant on January 1, 2009, and that the applicant receives conditional approval from the county.

House Bill 3384 would specify that a county cannot deny a school expansion on EFU land based on a rule or condition that: establishes a maximum capacity of people in the structure or group of structures, a minimum distance between structures, or a maximum density of structures per acre.