

My written testimony on HB 2505 and HB 3329. HB 2505 threatens my Constitutional rights to be secure in my home. ORS 161.225 allows me to use deadly force in my home if someone criminally trespasses on my property. Locking my firearms up will leave me unprotected in my own home. The question is, if someone in my family or myself is injured or killed during a violent break-in, and I can't get to my firearm in time because it's locked up, do I have the right to file a tort claim against the state for denying me of my Constitutional right? Federal statute states that using your elected position to deprive someone of rights and privileges granted to them by the Constitution is a federal crime. I'll be checking into this after sine die. This bill is poorly written. It states that firearms must be locked up except under specified circumstances. These circumstances are unclear, as per Section 4. (2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to: (a) Persons in the course of lawful hunting. So does my firearm have to be locked up when I'm in my vehicle going from my home straight to my hunting spot? Wording in this bill has to be more clear.

HB 3329 violates the supremacy clause of the U.S. Constitution Article VI clause 2. Federal Laws supersede State Laws. Federal law allows gun dealers to sell shotguns and rifles to 18 to 21 year olds. (18 U.S. Code Chapter 44 Firearms Section 922) **Section 922 (9)(b) It shall be unlawful for any licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, licensed dealer, or licensed collector to sell or deliver—**

**(1) any firearm or ammunition to any individual who the licensee knows or has reasonable cause to believe is less than eighteen years of age, and, if the firearm, or ammunition is other than a shotgun or rifle, or ammunition for a shotgun or rifle, to any individual who the licensee knows or has reasonable cause to believe is less than twenty-one years of age.** Also, this bill violates the Federal anti-discrimination age law, by allowing the gun dealers to set an age limit on gun purchases. These bills are unconstitutional.

Dale Burlison  
Jefferson, Oregon