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## Boosting Oregon's EITC Helps Working Households and Benefits Oregon

## Testimony of Janet Bauer, Policy Analyst, before the House Revenue Committee February 18, 2019

Good morning, Chair Nathanson, Co-chairs Findley and Marsh, and members of the committee. My name is Janet Bauer. I am a policy analyst with the Oregon Center for Public Policy. Our goal is to expand economic opportunity for lower-income Oregonians. We are member of Renew and Raise, a broad and growing coalition which supports a significant increase to Oregon's Earned Income Tax Credit. I am here today to talk about the economic and fiscal benefits of raising the EITC.

The Earned Income Tax Credit has been extensively researched and found to have multiple positive impacts on households, children, communities, and state budgets. Here are some of the key findings:

The EITC boosts the income of working households struggling to make ends meet. For many low-wage working families, the EITC is substantial. For a single parent of two children, the maximum federal benefit for the 2019 tax year is \$5,828. For that household working full time at Oregon's Standard minimum wage, the benefit is about \$4,800. The vast majority of that comes in the form of a cash refund, since the tax liability offset is typically small.

There is substantial evidence that the EITC serves as a work incentive. Single mothers saw a big increase in paid employment following increases in the federal EITC in the 1990s. The EITC also serves as a work *support*. Studies show that people are more likely to purchase a vehicle after getting their EITC refund, and that spending on non-durable goods is focused on transportation-related services, which include car repair and public transportation.

In sum, the impact of the cash itself, plus its effect in encouraging income-generating employment, adds up to meaningful gains in household income.

The EITC helps children succeed. There is a substantial body of research that shows that the EITC is good for kids. Children in households getting the EITC tend to be healthier, tend to do better in school, are more likely to attend college, and have higher earnings as adults. Specifically, for every \$3,000 per year in additional household income before a child is 6 years old results in a 17 percent boost in earnings as an adult.

**The EITC reduces public expenditures.** By boosting employment and earned income, the EITC reduces participation in cash assistance programs. Researchers found the EITC expansions in the 1990s were a larger factor in boosting employment among

single mothers than the impact of so-called "welfare reform." Further, the EITC can reduce criminal justice and corrections spending. Recent research has found that the EITC helps formerly incarcerated individuals stay employed and reduces recidivism among women — tellingly, who are much more likely to have dependent children and receive a much larger EITC benefit.

The EITC supports the economy. The Earned Income Tax Credit is a tool to promote local and regional economic health. The federal credit brings more than half a billion dollars per year to Oregon, dollars that flow to every <a href="House">House</a> and <a href="Senate">Senate</a> District in the state. The EITC is targeted to cash-strapped households — those most likely to spend the dollars quickly in the local economy meeting basic needs. In fact, the credit was first conceived, in part, as an economic stimulus measure.

Local economies greatly benefit from the annual infusion of EITC dollars. When EITC recipients spend their tax credit refund, it results in more sales at local businesses, which in turn spend the dollars on the wages of their employees or to buy local goods and services, and so on. The process can create jobs. Though local conditions determine the exact economic "multiplier effect," a study of the EITC in California estimated that one EITC dollar generates \$1.40 of economic activity. Other estimates put the figure at \$1.58. State and local governments also benefit, as businesses and their employees benefiting by the circulating EITC dollars pay taxes.

In closing, increasing Oregon's EITC would have lasting benefits for working households and children, would reduce costs in several areas of the state budget, and would help local economies throughout the state.

Thank you for the opportunity to speak with you today.