DRAFT—August 21, 2020 Your Guide for the Oregon Advance Directive Recommended by the Advance Directive Adoption Committee

Note: This is a provisional user's guide – once the Oregon Legislature adopts an Advance Directive Form, the Advance Directive Adoption Committee will finalize the guide to match the final form.

This Guide answers questions many people have about the Advance Directive.

What is the purpose of the Oregon Advance Directive?

It is a legal form. It lets you:

- 1. Write down your goals and wishes for medical care in certain situations.
- 2. Appoint a person to make your health care decisions if you cannot make them for yourself.

Who is the form for?

The form is for adults 18 years and older who live in Oregon.

What is a health care representative and what is their role?

This is the person you choose to make your health care decisions if you cannot make them for yourself. They do this only if health care providers conclude you are not able to make health care decisions for yourself.

It is your health care representative's job to be consistent with your wishes, values, and goals. Talk with them about your wishes. You can use your Advance Directive to start these talks.

What sections does the Oregon Advance Directive have?

It has 7 sections. Here are more details for you.

Appoint a health care representative – See Sections 2 and 7

This is where you appoint at least one health care representative. This form allows you to appoint up to three. They are:

- A primary health care representative,
- A first alternate.
- A second alternate.

The health care representative you choose can NOT be your health care provider or the owner, operator, or employee of the health care facility where you are getting care.

- Each health care representative must agree to act in this role and accept the appointment in Section 7.
- Only one health care representative can represent you at a time. If your primary cannot serve, the task will pass to the first alternate, then to the second.

- Make sure your representatives have permission to see your medical records. Call your health care provider's office to ask how to arrange this.
- If you do not appoint a health care representative, a decision maker will be assigned.
 This is stated in Oregon's Advance Directive law.

Your health care instructions - See Section 3

This is the place for you to express your wishes and values.

- It has questions to help you talk with your health care representative. It provides guidance to them and your health care providers.
- Your answers to these questions can help your health care providers recommend care that aligns with your wishes. This is the case even if you have not chosen a health care representative.

Extra information - See Section 4

This is where you can add extra information to guide your care.

- Use this if you want your health care providers and representative to know more
 about your wishes, including choices about where you will receive care. Or use this if
 you want your providers and representative to know why you have certain wishes.
- These might be:
 - Documents you have written that express your values,
 - Forms you have filled out from other sources (such as Five Wishes),
 - Any other information you want to share.

.

 There is a place where you can list people who your health care representative and health care providers can talk to about your health status and care. These people are not allowed to make any decisions about your care. Only your health care representative can make decisions about your care.

Legal requirements for a valid Oregon Advance Directive – See Sections 5, 6, and 7 To be legal and valid:

- It must list your name, date of birth, address and other contact information.
 - You must sign and date it.
- It must list the name, address and other contact information for each health care representative.
 - Each of them must accept the role, and sign or agree by electronic or verbal means.

Either:

- Two adult witnesses must sign it (neither can be your health care representatives or your health care provider) or,
- A Notary must sign it.

What if I do not fill out all the sections?

It is best to fill out all sections of the form. Still, you may choose to fill out only certain sections.

- Your wishes in sections 3 and 4 can guide your health care providers to recommend care. This is the case even if you do not choose a health care representative.
- Your Advance Directive will be valid as long as your representative has accepted in Section 7. This is the case even if you do not express your wishes.

What does the Oregon Advance Directive not cover?

It is *not* a medical order. A medical order <u>turns a person's wishes into action</u>. The Oregon Advance Directive <u>is a form to express your wishes.</u>

What is a POLST?

POLST stands for the Oregon Portable Orders for Life Sustaining Treatment. It is a medical order. It is filled out and signed by a health care provider. You can talk with your health care provider about the treatments you do and do not want. If it is appropriate, they will complete and sign a POLST for you.

What is the difference between the Oregon Advance Directive and the POLST?

The Advance Directive and the POLST are really different. Still, it's easy to confuse the two. This t shows the differences.

	Advance Directive	POLST (stands for Portable Order for Life Sustaining Treatment
Who is it for?	All people 18 years and older.	People with a serious illness or who are very old and frail
What kind of document is it?	It is a legal document.	It is a medical order.
Who signs it?	You fill it out and sign it. Your signature must be verified by a Notary Public or two witnesses. Your health care representative also signs it.	Your health care provider fills it out with your input. Then signs it.
Do I need a lawyer?	No.	No.
Who keeps the form?	You keep the original where loved ones can find it. You give a copy to your health care representative and your health care provider.	Your health care provider's office keeps it and enters it into the electronic Oregon POLST Registry. They give you a copy. You can post it at home in a place where it is easy to find, (like tacked to the refrigerator).

Can I change the form if I change my mind?	Yes. You can tear up the old one. Then write a new one where loved ones can find it. You give a copy to your health care representative and your health care provider.	Yes. You can ask for an appointment with your health care provider to change it.
What if there is a medical emergency and I cannot speak for myself?	Your health care representative speaks for you and honors your wishes.	The ambulance staff, hospital staff and health care providers look for the medical orders in the electronic data base and follow them.

© The Next Door, Inc. 2019

Can people have an Advance Directive and a POLST?

Yes. As people get sicker, they often have both. The Oregon Advance Directive <u>is a form to express your wishes</u>. A POLST is a medical order <u>turns a person's wishes into action</u>.

How often should I review my Advance Directive?

Your views may change over time. If your goals and wishes change, complete a new one.

Review and update your Advance Directive when any of the "Six **Ds**" occur:

- Decade When you start each new decade of your life.
- Death When a loved one or a health care representative dies.
- Dispute When a loved one or health care representative does not agree with your wishes.
- **D**ivorce When divorce (or annulment) happens.
 - If your ex-spouse or ex-domestic partner is your representative, your Advance Directive is no longer valid.
 - You must complete a new Advance Directive. This is the case even if you want your ex-spouse or ex-partner to remain your representative.
- Diagnosis When you are diagnosed with a serious illness.
- Decline When your health gets worse or when you are not able to live on your own.

What should I do if I complete a new Advance Directive?

If you complete a new form, let these people know. Also, give them a new copy.

- Your health care representatives
- Your health care providers
- Any other person who has a copy of your Advance Directive

What should I do after I complete my Advance Directive?

1. Talk to your health care representative about your goals and your wishes for future health care. Make sure they feel able to do this important job for you. Give them a copy of your Advance Directive.

- 2. Talk to your family and close friends who might be involved if you have a serious illness or injury. Make sure they know who your health care representative is. Also make sure they know what your wishes are.
- 3. Give a copy to your health care provider. Make sure they know what your wishes are.
- 4. Keep a copy of your Advance Directive where it is easy to find.
- 5. Fill out the card at the bottom of this Guide. Keep it in your wallet.

Are there other forms that would help me?

You may find these forms helpful.

- Dementia decisions https://dementia-directive.org
- POLST https://oregonpolst.org/patientfamilyresources

Complete the card below, fold it, and keep it in your wallet.

My information My Name: Date:	My Health Care Representative: Name: Address: City/State/Zip: Phone(s):
My Address:	Email:
City, State, Zip:	** List alternate health care representatives on opposite side.
Phone: Date of Birth: Email:	
Phone:	