# Interstate Bridge Replacement Context and Constraints



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### **Process Overview**

- Selection of a river crossing resulted from a multistep process that:
  - Considered potential to meet identified and agreed upon transportation needs while:
    - Avoiding, minimizing or mitigating impacts
    - Addressing community needs
    - Developing design to identify impacts, understand performance, estimate costs and manage potential risks



## **Transportation Context**



## **Identifying Regional Transportation Needs**













PUBLIC REVIEW DRAFT

#### 2018 Regional Transportation Plan

A blueprint for the future of transportation in the greater Portland region

June 29, 2018

oregonmetro.gov/rtp

## Regional Transportation Plan for Clark County

March 2019 Update









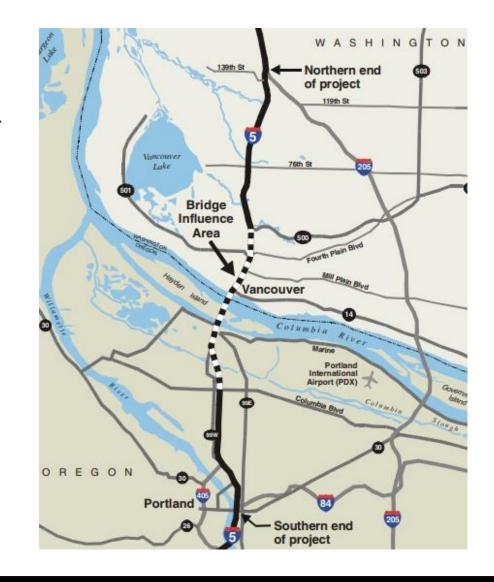


**Southwest Washington Regional Transportation Council** 



## Regional Input Identified I-5 Transportation Problems

- 2002: I-5 Transportation and Trade Partnership identified I-5 corridor from Columbia Blvd in OR to SR 500 (BIA) in WA as one of five critical projects for I-5 in this region
- 2005 2008: 39-member Task Force met to identify problems in the BIA, develop evaluation criteria and select a preferred alternative



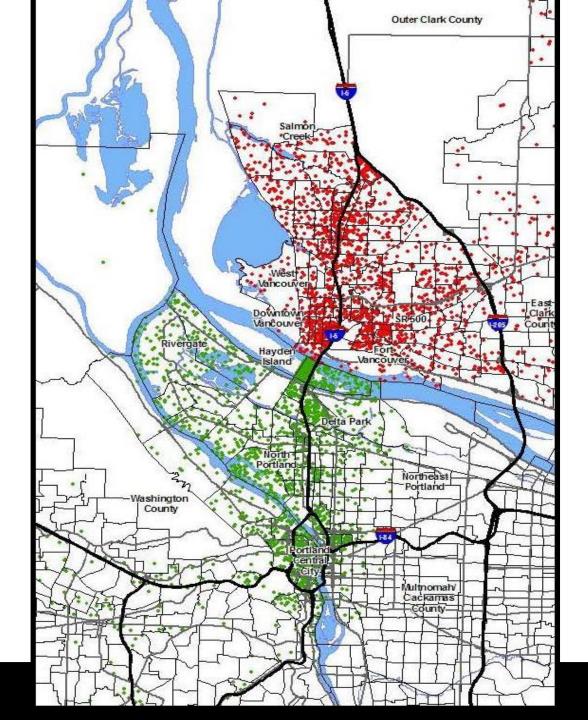
## **I-5 Origin and Destination**

- This corridor is critical to the local, regional, and national economy
- I-5 provides the connection to:
  - Two major ports
  - Deep-water shipping
  - Up-river barging
  - Two transcontinental rail lines
  - Regional industrial land
  - Major regional roadways

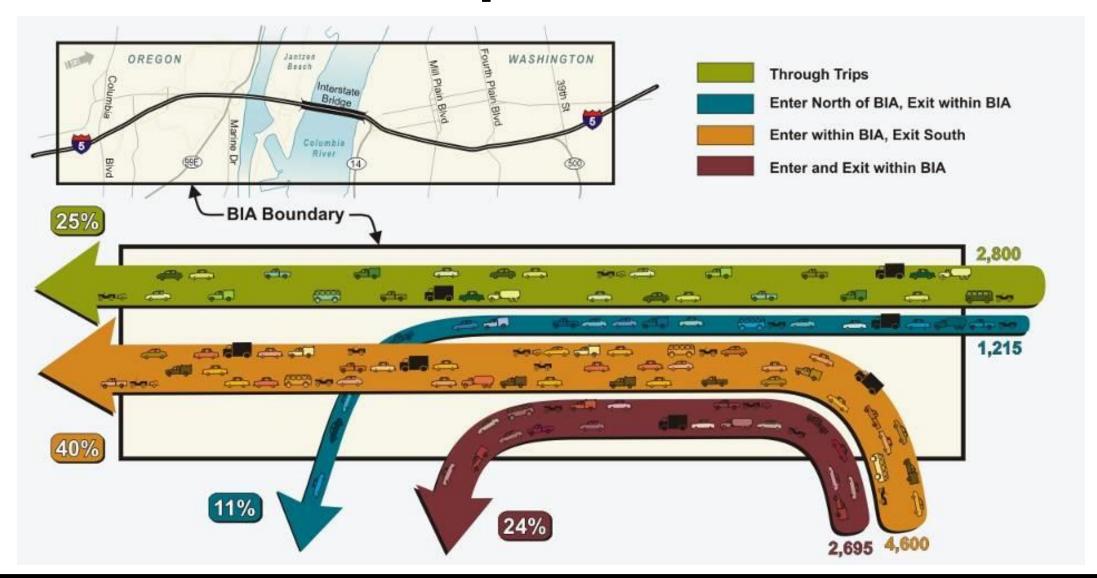
Map shows forecasted 2020 PM origins and destinations of vehicle trips using the Interstate Bridge



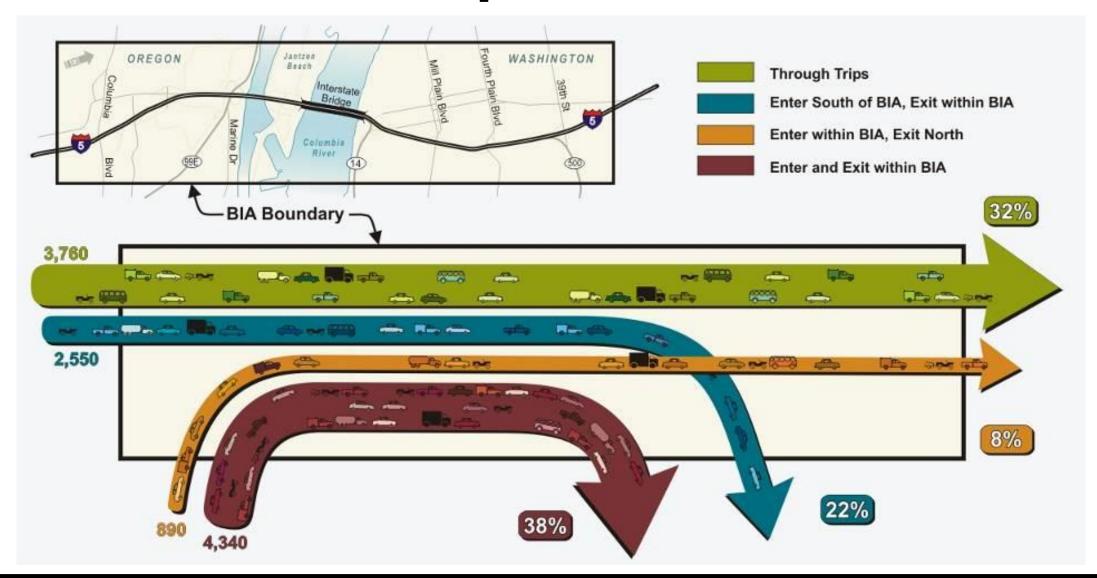




## **Southbound Vehicle Trips - 2005**



## **Northbound Vehicle Trips - 2005**



## **Transportation Problems Identified for I-5 Bridge Corridor**

- Safety and vulnerability to incidents
  - Roadway constraints contribute to frequency of crashes
- Substandard bicycle and pedestrian facilities
  - Paths are narrow, difficult to access, close to freeway traffic
- Seismic vulnerability
  - Piers are susceptible to liquefaction in an earthquake







## I-5 Bridge Corridor Transportation Problems Cont.

#### Growing travel demand and congestion

- 4 hours of congestion during a.m. commute
- 7 hours of congestion during p.m. commute\*
- Previous forecasts expected 15 hours of congestion in 2030

#### Impaired freight movement

 Ranked as the 29<sup>th</sup> worst freight bottleneck in the country\*\*

#### Limited public transportation

No high-capacity transit over the Columbia River

\*Source: RTC Congestion Management Report 2018

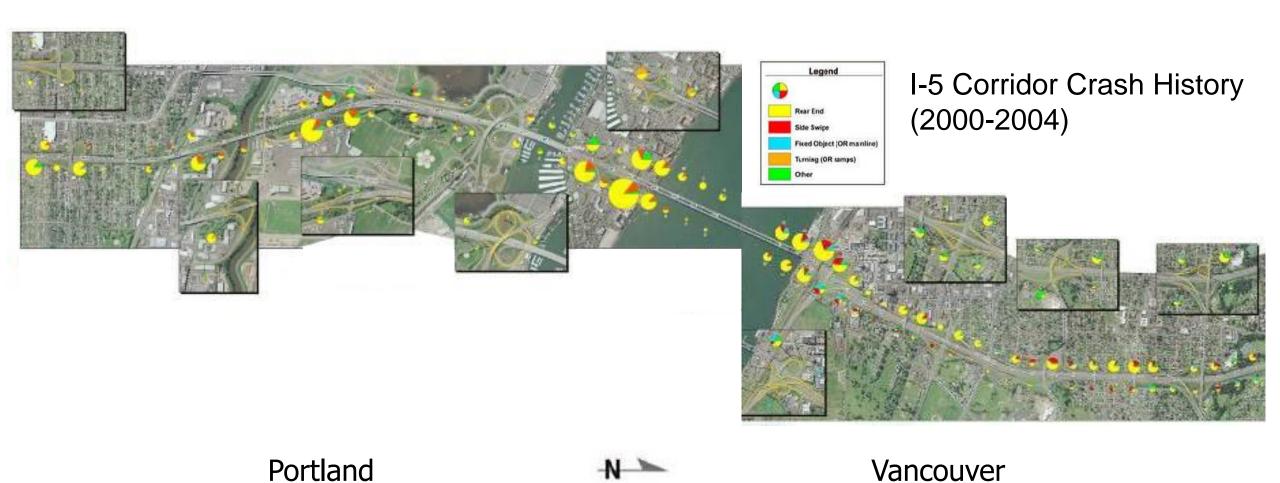






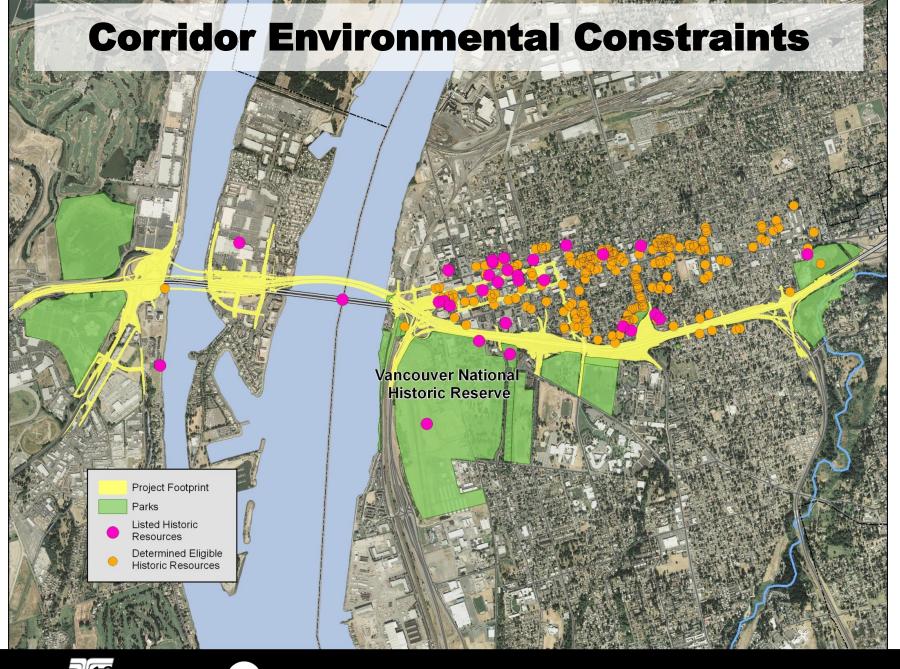
<sup>\*\*</sup>Source: American Transportation Research Institute 2019 rankings

## **High Crash Rates**



# **River Crossing Constraints**



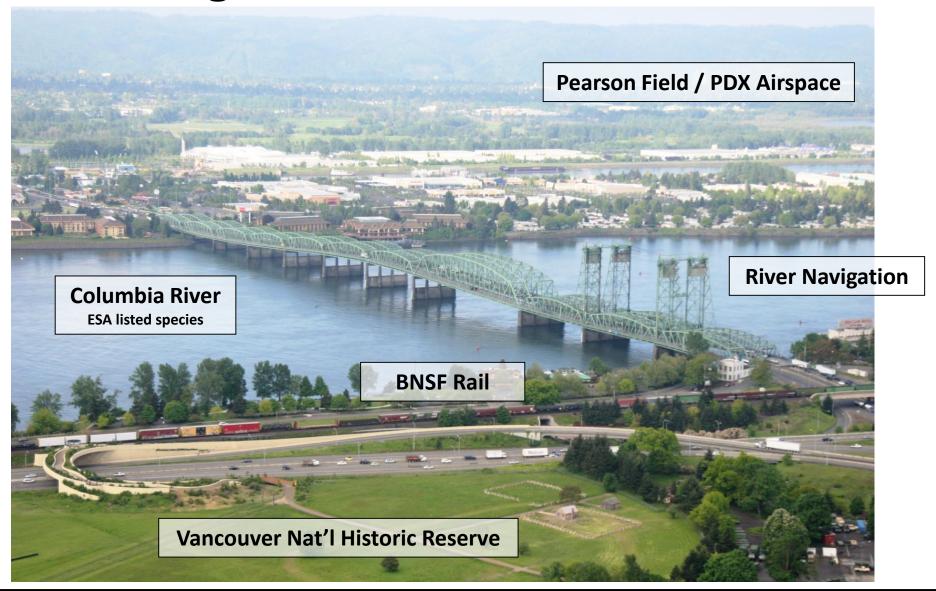


- Parks
- Historic Resources
- Archaeological Sites
- Tribal Consultation
- Wetlands
- Habitat Areas

## **Hayden Island Interchange**



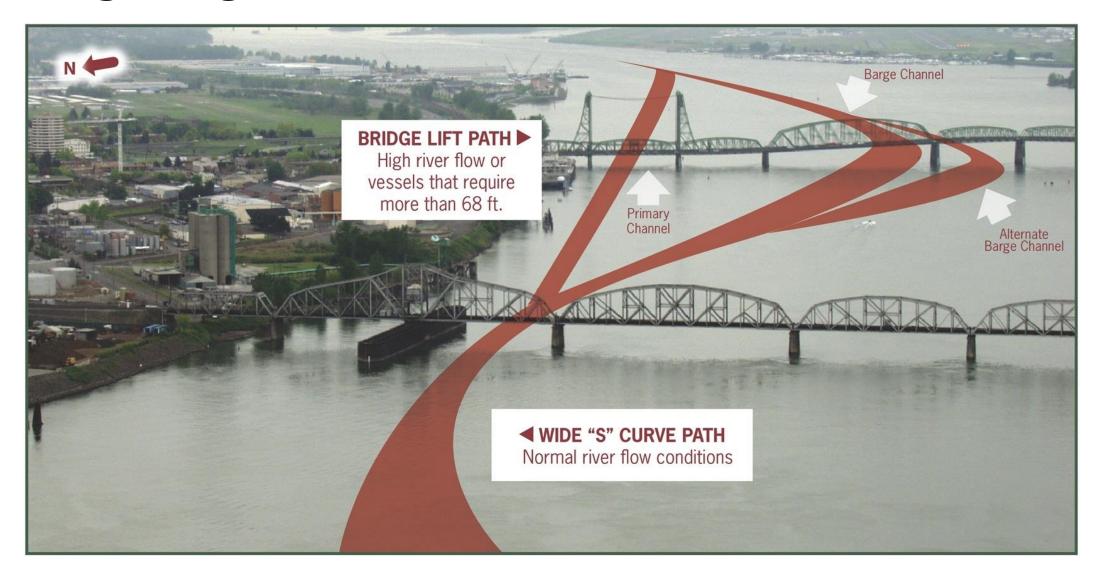
## **Interstate Bridge**



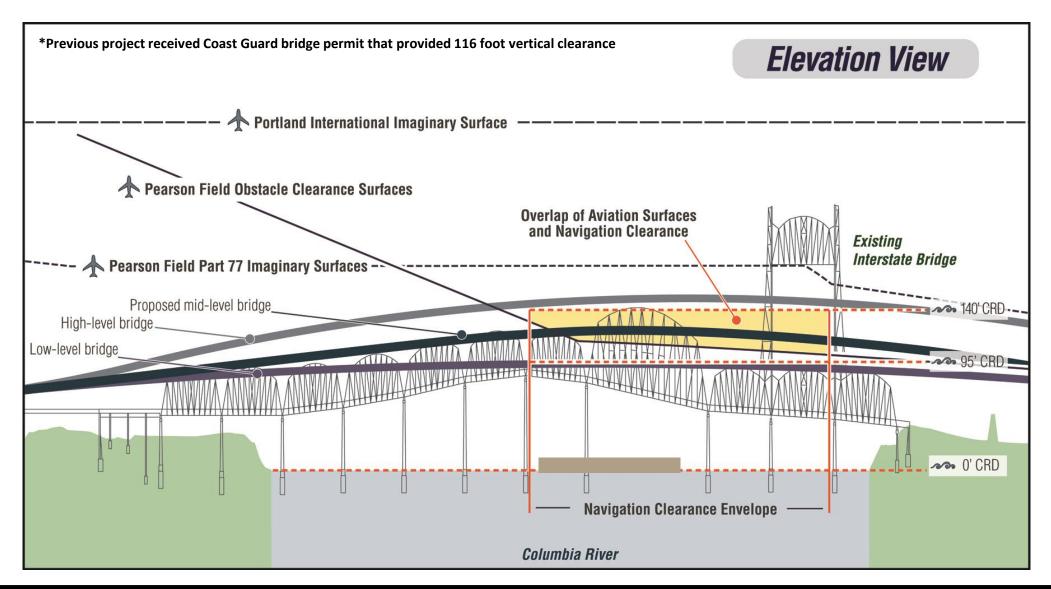
## **SR 14 interchange**



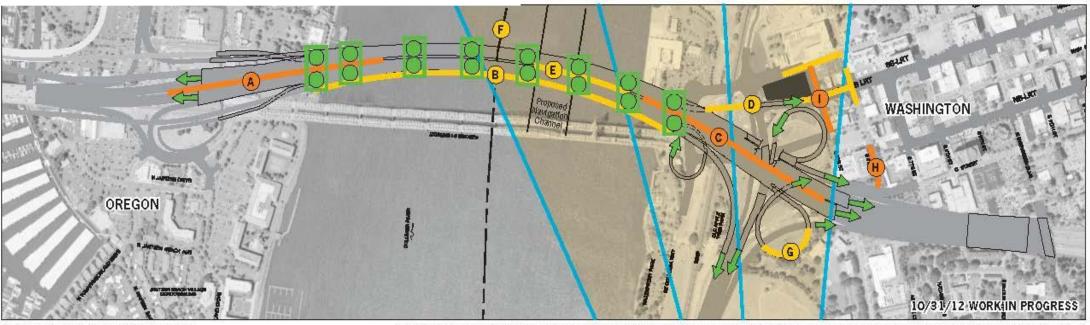
## **Existing navigation channels**



## **Water and Air Clearance**



#### **125 Foot River Clearance Analysis**



<sup>\*\*</sup> Based on 2011 CEVP, does not include mitigation costs.

\* Potential impacts at 16 ft river stage and 10 ft airgap. Some of the vessels would pass at a lower river stage and/or with a smaller airgap. For this illustration each fabricator was represented by 1 vessel.

	. 2	Hayden Island	Main Crossing	Vancouver	TOTAL COST
Cost increase estimate over 95 feet**	60%	\$24 million	\$94 million	\$53 million	\$171 million
Highway/Transit		A In Oregon the mainline grade increases to 5% from 2.83%. This would need a design exception for a grade above 3%.	More traffic analysis needed to address changes to traffic operations due to increased grades.      Top of roadway deck at centerline is 12' below FAA surface.  Foundation sizes may increase, however, they are still consistent with FEIS.	<ul> <li>In Washington the mainline grade increases to 5% from 3.40%.</li> <li>6th St. to I-5 South may be closed.</li> <li>Top of roadway deck at 5N-C St. is 41' below FAA surface.</li> <li>Transit grade on Washington approach is 6% for an additional 470 feet.</li> <li>6th St. Station platform grade raised resulting in 7'-9' over existing grade closing 5th St. Impa Washington between 5th and 6th St. Access to and from Park &amp; Ride limited to Columbia St. I Washington requires modification. Challenging to maintain circulation in and out of parking st</li> </ul>	ntersection at 6th and

Cost Increase

**Preliminary Findings** 

NOTE: Estimates of impacts and costs are preliminary and may be refined following selection of a recommended bridge height.

Significant challenge to maintain function

FAA airspace

