Problem Gambling Services

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Problem Gambling in Oregon

- "Problem gambling" is the continuation of gambling despite negative personal, social or financial consequences that do not reach the clinical diagnostic level of disordered gambling
- "Disordered gambling" is a clinical term related to a score assessed by a professional using a recognized set of criteria from the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-5)
- Estimated 2.6 percent of the Oregon adults experience moderate or serious problems with gambling
 - 5.4 percent of adults are at risk of problems
 - For each person with a serious problem, many others (e.g., spouse, children) are affected
- Estimated 2.2 percent of Oregon adolescents are at-risk or meet definition of disordered gambling



Problem Gambling Rates

Problem Gambling Prevalence in Oregon: General Adult Population Compared to Incarcerated Adults

- 1,501 adults from Oregon general population¹
- Sample of 1,007 sequential intakes from the Oregon Department of Corrections²
- 40% 36.57% 35% 30% 24.06% 25% 20% 15% 12.31% 12.51% 10% 5.40% 5% 2.60% 2.10% 0.50% 0% Combined PG At-Risk Moderate High General Population (18+) Incarcerated (18+)

As Measured by the Problem Gambling Severity Index

¹Moore, T. L., Volberg, R. A. (2016). *Oregon adult gambling behavior 2016: preliminary report.*

²Marotta, J. (2019). *Problem gambling among incarcerated adults entering the Oregon Department of Corrections.*



Problem Gambling Services

- Oregon is considered a national leader
- We strive to provide culturally relevant treatment services including prevention, outreach, early intervention, treatment, and recovery in every community
- All services are free for both gamblers, families, and others impacted negatively



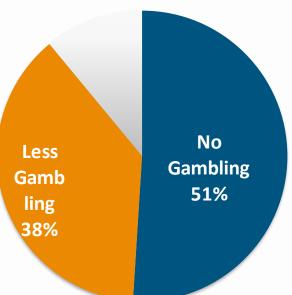
Problem Gambling Services

- Prevention and awareness programs in all 36 counties
- 24/7 statewide helpline
- Treatment
 - Minimal intervention program (home-based, telephone, statewide)
 - Outpatient: 51 programs in all 36 counties
 - Respite: 2 sites in Josephine and Baker County
 - Residential: 1 site in Marion County
 - Prison Based: 3 programs
- Data collection and evaluation system



Treatment Metrics

- In 2018, 947 Oregonians received problem gambling services
 As did 117 family members or others negatively impacted
- At six-month follow-up, of those who successfully completed treatment:
 - 51 percent reported no gambling
 - 38 percent reported much less gambling



• At 12-month follow-up, individuals served provided a very strong endorsement of willingness to recommend the program to others



Funding

- Funded at 1 percent of all lottery product revenue
 - 2019-21 biennium: \$14.5 million
 - Current forecast is for increasing revenue
- Funding/allocation floor: Funding level cannot go below level of same fiscal quarter of the biennium beginning July 1, 2011
 - Thus, if lottery revenue declines, funding will decline, but not below \$10.5 million per biennium
- In 2018, about \$1.5 million was invested in prevention and outreach

Recent Outcomes

- Supporting development and implementation of the five-year strategic system improvement plan that guides projects, outputs, outcomes and future planning and decision-making
- Ensuring culturally relevant treatment services for Latinos, African Americans, Native Americans and Asian Americans
- Implementing the Positive Cultural Framework model and Reflect, Resource, Renew campaign to increase awareness of problem gambling
- Completion of Oregon Adult Gambling Behavior Study (2015) and Oregon Adolescent and Parent Gambling Behavior Study (2016)
- Completion of 2018-19 of Problem Gambling Prevalence in the Oregon Criminal Justice System Study and initial implementation of Oregon PGS Criminal Offender Project



Sports Betting

- Will likely introduce new players because it tends to attract younger people than the current gambling population
- Need information on this population and how to treat
 - Most information currently available is at national level, not state, and focuses on consumer protection and legislative action, not problem gambling
- Important to prepare treatment providers in advance through training and communication of latest research outcomes
- More funding should be designated for prevention, as this population tends to be younger, sports betting is high action similar to gaming (popular among youth and young adults), and prevention/education efforts are key to reducing risk



Sports Betting/Mobile Gambling Concerns

- Will likely introduce new players and/or increase gambling among current players because of increased accessibility and availability
- Lottery Mobile App has ability to add sales of traditional lottery products (raffles, scratch offs, Keno)
 - Will VLT-type games be included? This is currently the most addictive form of gambling in Oregon



Sports Betting/Mobile Gambling Suggestions

- With new products that increase accessibility, there should be:
 - More data collection on age 18-20 players
 - Assurance that prevalence of problems do not increase
 - Assurance that the Problem Gambling Services system has adequate funding to support a potential increase in problems and demand for treatment
- Any gambling mobile technology should include responsible gambling standards, as recommended by the National Council on Problem Gambling, including:
 - Verification of age/protection of minors
 - Game promotion restrictions
 - Support for setting limits on play, deposit, bet, loss, and deposit frequency



Future Service Improvements

- Future priorities if funding expands:
 - Center of Excellence on Problem Gambling (research)
 - Statewide Peer Support Line
 - Statewide Family Educational Helpline and Services
 - Expansion of services in criminal justice system
 - Expansion of culturally specific services; such as tribal prevention and treatment services and community outreach workers
 - Integrated Data collection system



Thank You

