

A-Engrossed
Senate Bill 1533

Ordered by the Senate February 15
Including Senate Amendments dated February 15

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SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Allows facility providing **equine and equine-affiliated** therapy or counseling [*that incorporates activities utilizing nonclinical setting*] to be established in area zoned for exclusive farm use if certain conditions are met.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

1
2 Relating to the siting of facilities that incorporate nonclinical treatment settings; amending ORS
3 215.213 and 215.283.

4 **Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:**

5 **SECTION 1.** ORS 215.213 is amended to read:

6 215.213. (1) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991
7 Edition), the following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

8 (a) Churches and cemeteries in conjunction with churches.

9 (b) The propagation or harvesting of a forest product.

10 (c) Utility facilities necessary for public service, including wetland waste treatment systems but
11 not including commercial facilities for the purpose of generating electrical power for public use by
12 sale or transmission towers over 200 feet in height. A utility facility necessary for public service
13 may be established as provided in:

14 (A) ORS 215.275; or

15 (B) If the utility facility is an associated transmission line, as defined in ORS 215.274 and
16 469.300.

17 (d) A dwelling on real property used for farm use if the dwelling is occupied by a relative of the
18 farm operator or the farm operator's spouse, which means a child, parent, stepparent, grandchild,
19 grandparent, stepgrandparent, sibling, stepsibling, niece, nephew or first cousin of either, if the farm
20 operator does or will require the assistance of the relative in the management of the farm use and
21 the dwelling is located on the same lot or parcel as the dwelling of the farm operator.
22 Notwithstanding ORS 92.010 to 92.192 or the minimum lot or parcel size requirements under ORS
23 215.780, if the owner of a dwelling described in this paragraph obtains construction financing or
24 other financing secured by the dwelling and the secured party forecloses on the dwelling, the se-
25 cured party may also foreclose on the homesite, as defined in ORS 308A.250, and the foreclosure
26 shall operate as a partition of the homesite to create a new parcel.

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1 (e) Nonresidential buildings customarily provided in conjunction with farm use.

2 (f) Subject to ORS 215.279, primary or accessory dwellings customarily provided in conjunction
3 with farm use. For a primary dwelling, the dwelling must be on a lot or parcel that is managed as
4 part of a farm operation and is not smaller than the minimum lot size in a farm zone with a minimum
5 lot size acknowledged under ORS 197.251.

6 (g) Operations for the exploration for and production of geothermal resources as defined by ORS
7 522.005 and oil and gas as defined by ORS 520.005, including the placement and operation of
8 compressors, separators and other customary production equipment for an individual well adjacent
9 to the wellhead. Any activities or construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for
10 an exception under ORS 197.732 (2)(a) or (b).

11 (h) Operations for the exploration for minerals as defined by ORS 517.750. Any activities or
12 construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for an exception under ORS 197.732
13 (2)(a) or (b).

14 (i) One manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle, or the temporary residential use of an
15 existing building, in conjunction with an existing dwelling as a temporary use for the term of a
16 hardship suffered by the existing resident or a relative of the resident. Within three months of the
17 end of the hardship, the manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle shall be removed or demol-
18 ished or, in the case of an existing building, the building shall be removed, demolished or returned
19 to an allowed nonresidential use. The governing body or its designee shall provide for periodic re-
20 view of the hardship claimed under this paragraph. A temporary residence approved under this
21 paragraph is not eligible for replacement under paragraph (q) of this subsection.

22 (j) Climbing and passing lanes within the right of way existing as of July 1, 1987.

23 (k) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways, including the placement of
24 utility facilities overhead and in the subsurface of public roads and highways along the public right
25 of way, but not including the addition of travel lanes, where no removal or displacement of buildings
26 would occur, or no new land parcels result.

27 (L) Temporary public road and highway detours that will be abandoned and restored to original
28 condition or use at such time as no longer needed.

29 (m) Minor betterment of existing public road and highway related facilities, such as maintenance
30 yards, weigh stations and rest areas, within right of way existing as of July 1, 1987, and contiguous
31 public-owned property utilized to support the operation and maintenance of public roads and high-
32 ways.

33 (n) A replacement dwelling to be used in conjunction with farm use if the existing dwelling has
34 been listed in a county inventory as historic property as defined in ORS 358.480.

35 (o) Creation, restoration or enhancement of wetlands.

36 (p) A winery, as described in ORS 215.452 or 215.453.

37 (q) Subject to section 2, chapter 462, Oregon Laws 2013, alteration, restoration or replacement
38 of a lawfully established dwelling.

39 (r) Farm stands if:

40 (A) The structures are designed and used for the sale of farm crops or livestock grown on the
41 farm operation, or grown on the farm operation and other farm operations in the local agricultural
42 area, including the sale of retail incidental items and fee-based activity to promote the sale of farm
43 crops or livestock sold at the farm stand if the annual sale of incidental items and fees from pro-
44 motional activity do not make up more than 25 percent of the total annual sales of the farm stand;
45 and

1 (B) The farm stand does not include structures designed for occupancy as a residence or for
2 activity other than the sale of farm crops or livestock and does not include structures for banquets,
3 public gatherings or public entertainment.

4 (s) An armed forces reserve center, if the center is within one-half mile of a community college.
5 For purposes of this paragraph, "armed forces reserve center" includes an armory or National
6 Guard support facility.

7 (t) A site for the takeoff and landing of model aircraft, including such buildings or facilities as
8 may reasonably be necessary. Buildings or facilities shall not be more than 500 square feet in floor
9 area or placed on a permanent foundation unless the building or facility preexisted the use approved
10 under this paragraph. The site shall not include an aggregate surface or hard surface area unless
11 the surface preexisted the use approved under this paragraph. An owner of property used for the
12 purpose authorized in this paragraph may charge a person operating the use on the property rent
13 for the property. An operator may charge users of the property a fee that does not exceed the
14 operator's cost to maintain the property, buildings and facilities. As used in this paragraph, "model
15 aircraft" means a small-scale version of an airplane, glider, helicopter, dirigible or balloon that is
16 used or intended to be used for flight and is controlled by radio, lines or design by a person on the
17 ground.

18 (u) A facility for the processing of farm crops or for the production of biofuel, as defined in ORS
19 315.141, if the facility is located on a farm operation that provides at least one-quarter of the farm
20 crops processed at the facility, or an establishment for the slaughter, processing or selling of poultry
21 or poultry products pursuant to ORS 603.038. If a building is established or used for the processing
22 facility or establishment, the farm operator may not devote more than 10,000 square feet of floor
23 area to the processing facility or establishment, exclusive of the floor area designated for prepara-
24 tion, storage or other farm use. A processing facility or establishment must comply with all appli-
25 cable siting standards but the standards may not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting
26 of the processing facility or establishment.

27 (v) Fire service facilities providing rural fire protection services.

28 (w) Irrigation reservoirs, canals, delivery lines and those structures and accessory operational
29 facilities, not including parks or other recreational structures and facilities, associated with a dis-
30 trict as defined in ORS 540.505.

31 (x) Utility facility service lines. Utility facility service lines are utility lines and accessory fa-
32 cilities or structures that end at the point where the utility service is received by the customer and
33 that are located on one or more of the following:

34 (A) A public right of way;

35 (B) Land immediately adjacent to a public right of way, provided the written consent of all ad-
36 jacent property owners has been obtained; or

37 (C) The property to be served by the utility.

38 (y) Subject to the issuance of a license, permit or other approval by the Department of Envi-
39 ronmental Quality under ORS 454.695, 459.205, 468B.050, 468B.053 or 468B.055, or in compliance with
40 rules adopted under ORS 468B.095, and as provided in ORS 215.246 to 215.251, the land application
41 of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids, or the onsite treatment of
42 septage prior to the land application of biosolids, for agricultural, horticultural or silvicultural pro-
43 duction, or for irrigation in connection with a use allowed in an exclusive farm use zone under this
44 chapter. For the purposes of this paragraph, onsite treatment of septage prior to the land application
45 of biosolids is limited to treatment using treatment facilities that are portable, temporary and

1 transportable by truck trailer, as defined in ORS 801.580, during a period of time within which land
2 application of biosolids is authorized under the license, permit or other approval.

3 (z) Dog training classes or testing trials, which may be conducted outdoors or in preexisting
4 farm buildings, when:

5 (A) The number of dogs participating in training does not exceed 10 dogs per training class and
6 the number of training classes to be held on-site does not exceed six per day; and

7 (B) The number of dogs participating in a testing trial does not exceed 60 and the number of
8 testing trials to be conducted on-site is limited to four or fewer trials per calendar year.

9 (aa) A cider business, as described in ORS 215.451.

10 (2) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),
11 the following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use subject to ORS
12 215.296:

13 (a) A primary dwelling in conjunction with farm use or the propagation or harvesting of a forest
14 product on a lot or parcel that is managed as part of a farm operation or woodlot if the farm op-
15 eration or woodlot:

16 (A) Consists of 20 or more acres; and

17 (B) Is not smaller than the average farm or woodlot in the county producing at least \$2,500 in
18 annual gross income from the crops, livestock or forest products to be raised on the farm operation
19 or woodlot.

20 (b) A primary dwelling in conjunction with farm use or the propagation or harvesting of a forest
21 product on a lot or parcel that is managed as part of a farm operation or woodlot smaller than re-
22 quired under paragraph (a) of this subsection, if the lot or parcel:

23 (A) Has produced at least \$20,000 in annual gross farm income in two consecutive calendar
24 years out of the three calendar years before the year in which the application for the dwelling was
25 made or is planted in perennials capable of producing upon harvest an average of at least \$20,000
26 in annual gross farm income; or

27 (B) Is a woodlot capable of producing an average over the growth cycle of \$20,000 in gross an-
28 nual income.

29 (c) Commercial activities that are in conjunction with farm use, including the processing of farm
30 crops into biofuel not permitted under ORS 215.203 (2)(b)(K) or subsection (1)(u) of this section.

31 (d) Operations conducted for:

32 (A) Mining and processing of geothermal resources as defined by ORS 522.005 and oil and gas
33 as defined by ORS 520.005, not otherwise permitted under subsection (1)(g) of this section;

34 (B) Mining, crushing or stockpiling of aggregate and other mineral and other subsurface re-
35 sources subject to ORS 215.298;

36 (C) Processing, as defined by ORS 517.750, of aggregate into asphalt or portland cement; and

37 (D) Processing of other mineral resources and other subsurface resources.

38 (e) Community centers owned by a governmental agency or a nonprofit community organization
39 and operated primarily by and for residents of the local rural community, hunting and fishing pre-
40 serves, public and private parks, playgrounds and campgrounds. Subject to the approval of the
41 county governing body or its designee, a private campground may provide yurts for overnight
42 camping. No more than one-third or a maximum of 10 campsites, whichever is smaller, may include
43 a yurt. The yurt shall be located on the ground or on a wood floor with no permanent foundation.
44 Upon request of a county governing body, the Land Conservation and Development Commission may
45 provide by rule for an increase in the number of yurts allowed on all or a portion of the

1 campgrounds in a county if the commission determines that the increase will comply with the stan-
2 dards described in ORS 215.296 (1). A public park or campground may be established as provided
3 under ORS 195.120. As used in this paragraph, “yurt” means a round, domed shelter of cloth or
4 canvas on a collapsible frame with no plumbing, sewage disposal hookup or internal cooking appli-
5 ance.

6 (f) Golf courses on land determined not to be high-value farmland as defined in ORS 195.300.

7 (g) Commercial utility facilities for the purpose of generating power for public use by sale. If the
8 area zoned for exclusive farm use is high-value farmland, a photovoltaic solar power generation fa-
9 cility may be established as a commercial utility facility as provided in ORS 215.447.

10 (h) Personal-use airports for airplanes and helicopter pads, including associated hangar, main-
11 tenance and service facilities. A personal-use airport as used in this section means an airstrip re-
12 stricted, except for aircraft emergencies, to use by the owner, and, on an infrequent and occasional
13 basis, by invited guests, and by commercial aviation activities in connection with agricultural op-
14 erations. No aircraft may be based on a personal-use airport other than those owned or controlled
15 by the owner of the airstrip. Exceptions to the activities permitted under this definition may be
16 granted through waiver action by the Oregon Department of Aviation in specific instances. A
17 personal-use airport lawfully existing as of September 13, 1975, shall continue to be permitted sub-
18 ject to any applicable rules of the Oregon Department of Aviation.

19 (i) A facility for the primary processing of forest products, provided that such facility is found
20 to not seriously interfere with accepted farming practices and is compatible with farm uses de-
21 scribed in ORS 215.203 (2). Such a facility may be approved for a one-year period which is
22 renewable. These facilities are intended to be only portable or temporary in nature. The primary
23 processing of a forest product, as used in this section, means the use of a portable chipper or stud
24 mill or other similar methods of initial treatment of a forest product in order to enable its shipment
25 to market. Forest products, as used in this section, means timber grown upon a parcel of land or
26 contiguous land where the primary processing facility is located.

27 (j) A site for the disposal of solid waste approved by the governing body of a city or county or
28 both and for which a permit has been granted under ORS 459.245 by the Department of Environ-
29 mental Quality together with equipment, facilities or buildings necessary for its operation.

30 (k)(A) Commercial dog boarding kennels; or

31 (B) Dog training classes or testing trials that cannot be established under subsection (1)(z) of
32 this section.

33 (L) Residential homes as defined in ORS 197.660, in existing dwellings.

34 (m) The propagation, cultivation, maintenance and harvesting of aquatic species that are not
35 under the jurisdiction of the State Fish and Wildlife Commission or insect species. Insect species
36 shall not include any species under quarantine by the State Department of Agriculture or the United
37 States Department of Agriculture. The county shall provide notice of all applications under this
38 paragraph to the State Department of Agriculture. Notice shall be provided in accordance with the
39 county’s land use regulations but shall be mailed at least 20 calendar days prior to any administra-
40 tive decision or initial public hearing on the application.

41 (n) Home occupations as provided in ORS 215.448.

42 (o) Transmission towers over 200 feet in height.

43 (p) Construction of additional passing and travel lanes requiring the acquisition of right of way
44 but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

45 (q) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways involving the removal or dis-

1 placement of buildings but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

2 (r) Improvement of public road and highway related facilities such as maintenance yards, weigh
3 stations and rest areas, where additional property or right of way is required but not resulting in
4 the creation of new land parcels.

5 (s) A destination resort that is approved consistent with the requirements of any statewide
6 planning goal relating to the siting of a destination resort.

7 (t) Room and board arrangements for a maximum of five unrelated persons in existing resi-
8 dences.

9 (u) A living history museum related to resource based activities owned and operated by a gov-
10 ernmental agency or a local historical society, together with limited commercial activities and fa-
11 cilities that are directly related to the use and enjoyment of the museum and located within
12 authentic buildings of the depicted historic period or the museum administration building, if areas
13 other than an exclusive farm use zone cannot accommodate the museum and related activities or if
14 the museum administration buildings and parking lot are located within one quarter mile of the
15 metropolitan urban growth boundary. As used in this paragraph:

16 (A) "Living history museum" means a facility designed to depict and interpret everyday life and
17 culture of some specific historic period using authentic buildings, tools, equipment and people to
18 simulate past activities and events; and

19 (B) "Local historical society" means the local historical society, recognized as such by the
20 county governing body and organized under ORS chapter 65.

21 (v) Operations for the extraction and bottling of water.

22 (w) An aerial fireworks display business that has been in continuous operation at its current
23 location within an exclusive farm use zone since December 31, 1986, and possesses a wholesaler's
24 permit to sell or provide fireworks.

25 (x) A landscape contracting business, as defined in ORS 671.520, or a business providing land-
26 scape architecture services, as described in ORS 671.318, if the business is pursued in conjunction
27 with the growing and marketing of nursery stock on the land that constitutes farm use.

28 (y) Public or private schools for kindergarten through grade 12, including all buildings essential
29 to the operation of a school, primarily for residents of the rural area in which the school is located.

30 **(z) Equine and equine-affiliated therapeutic and counseling activities, provided:**

31 **(A) The activities are conducted in existing buildings that were lawfully constructed on**
32 **the property before the effective date of this 2018 Act or in new buildings that are accessory,**
33 **incidental and subordinate to the farm use on the tract; and**

34 **(B) All individuals conducting therapeutic or counseling activities are acting within the**
35 **proper scope of any licenses required by the state.**

36 (3) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),
37 a single-family residential dwelling not provided in conjunction with farm use may be established
38 on a lot or parcel with soils predominantly in capability classes IV through VIII as determined by
39 the Agricultural Capability Classification System in use by the United States Department of Agri-
40 culture Soil Conservation Service on October 15, 1983. A proposed dwelling is subject to approval
41 of the governing body or its designee in any area zoned for exclusive farm use upon written findings
42 showing all of the following:

43 (a) The dwelling or activities associated with the dwelling will not force a significant change in
44 or significantly increase the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use.

45 (b) The dwelling is situated upon generally unsuitable land for the production of farm crops and

1 livestock, considering the terrain, adverse soil or land conditions, drainage and flooding, location
2 and size of the tract. A lot or parcel shall not be considered unsuitable solely because of its size
3 or location if it can reasonably be put to farm use in conjunction with other land.

4 (c) Complies with such other conditions as the governing body or its designee considers neces-
5 sary.

6 (4) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),
7 one single-family dwelling, not provided in conjunction with farm use, may be established in any
8 area zoned for exclusive farm use on a lot or parcel described in subsection (7) of this section that
9 is not larger than three acres upon written findings showing:

10 (a) The dwelling or activities associated with the dwelling will not force a significant change in
11 or significantly increase the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use;

12 (b) If the lot or parcel is located within the Willamette River Greenway, a floodplain or a
13 geological hazard area, the dwelling complies with conditions imposed by local ordinances relating
14 specifically to the Willamette River Greenway, floodplains or geological hazard areas, whichever is
15 applicable; and

16 (c) The dwelling complies with other conditions considered necessary by the governing body or
17 its designee.

18 (5) Upon receipt of an application for a permit under subsection (4) of this section, the governing
19 body shall notify:

20 (a) Owners of land that is within 250 feet of the lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be es-
21 tablished; and

22 (b) Persons who have requested notice of such applications and who have paid a reasonable fee
23 imposed by the county to cover the cost of such notice.

24 (6) The notice required in subsection (5) of this section shall specify that persons have 15 days
25 following the date of postmark of the notice to file a written objection on the grounds only that the
26 dwelling or activities associated with it would force a significant change in or significantly increase
27 the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use. If no objection is re-
28 ceived, the governing body or its designee shall approve or disapprove the application. If an ob-
29 jection is received, the governing body shall set the matter for hearing in the manner prescribed in
30 ORS 215.402 to 215.438. The governing body may charge the reasonable costs of the notice required
31 by subsection (5)(a) of this section to the applicant for the permit requested under subsection (4) of
32 this section.

33 (7) Subsection (4) of this section applies to a lot or parcel lawfully created between January 1,
34 1948, and July 1, 1983. For the purposes of this section:

35 (a) Only one lot or parcel exists if:

36 (A) A lot or parcel described in this section is contiguous to one or more lots or parcels de-
37 scribed in this section; and

38 (B) On July 1, 1983, greater than possessory interests are held in those contiguous lots, parcels
39 or lots and parcels by the same person, spouses or a single partnership or business entity, separately
40 or in tenancy in common.

41 (b) "Contiguous" means lots, parcels or lots and parcels that have a common boundary, including
42 but not limited to, lots, parcels or lots and parcels separated only by a public road.

43 (8) A person who sells or otherwise transfers real property in an exclusive farm use zone may
44 retain a life estate in a dwelling on that property and in a tract of land under and around the
45 dwelling.

1 (9) No final approval of a nonfarm use under this section shall be given unless any additional
2 taxes imposed upon the change in use have been paid.

3 (10) Roads, highways and other transportation facilities and improvements not allowed under
4 subsections (1) and (2) of this section may be established, subject to the approval of the governing
5 body or its designee, in areas zoned for exclusive farm use subject to:

6 (a) Adoption of an exception to the goal related to agricultural lands and to any other applicable
7 goal with which the facility or improvement does not comply; or

8 (b) ORS 215.296 for those uses identified by rule of the Land Conservation and Development
9 Commission as provided in section 3, chapter 529, Oregon Laws 1993.

10 (11) The following agri-tourism and other commercial events or activities that are related to and
11 supportive of agriculture may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

12 (a) A county may authorize a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity on a
13 tract in a calendar year by an authorization that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred
14 by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract, if the agri-tourism or other commercial event
15 or activity meets any local standards that apply and:

16 (A) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity is incidental and subordinate to ex-
17 isting farm use on the tract;

18 (B) The duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not exceed 72
19 consecutive hours;

20 (C) The maximum attendance at the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not
21 exceed 500 people;

22 (D) The maximum number of motor vehicles parked at the site of the agri-tourism or other
23 commercial event or activity does not exceed 250 vehicles;

24 (E) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with ORS 215.296;

25 (F) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity occurs outdoors, in temporary
26 structures, or in existing permitted structures, subject to health and fire and life safety require-
27 ments; and

28 (G) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with conditions established
29 for:

30 (i) Planned hours of operation;

31 (ii) Access, egress and parking;

32 (iii) A traffic management plan that identifies the projected number of vehicles and any antic-
33 ipated use of public roads; and

34 (iv) Sanitation and solid waste.

35 (b) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize,
36 through an expedited, single-event license, a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or ac-
37 tivity on a tract in a calendar year by an expedited, single-event license that is personal to the ap-
38 plicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract. A decision
39 concerning an expedited, single-event license is not a land use decision, as defined in ORS 197.015.
40 To approve an expedited, single-event license, the governing body of a county or its designee must
41 determine that the proposed agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity meets any local
42 standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity:

43 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;

44 (B) May not begin before 6 a.m. or end after 10 p.m.;

45 (C) May not involve more than 100 attendees or 50 vehicles;

- 1 (D) May not include the artificial amplification of music or voices before 8 a.m. or after 8 p.m.;
- 2 (E) May not require or involve the construction or use of a new permanent structure in con-
- 3 nection with the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity;
- 4 (F) Must be located on a tract of at least 10 acres unless the owners or residents of adjoining
- 5 properties consent, in writing, to the location; and
- 6 (G) Must comply with applicable health and fire and life safety requirements.
- 7 (c) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection, a county may authorize up to
- 8 six agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities on a tract in a calendar year by a limited
- 9 use permit that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a
- 10 conveyance of the tract. The agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities must meet any
- 11 local standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities:
- 12 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;
- 13 (B) May not, individually, exceed a duration of 72 consecutive hours;
- 14 (C) May not require that a new permanent structure be built, used or occupied in connection
- 15 with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;
- 16 (D) Must comply with ORS 215.296;
- 17 (E) May not, in combination with other agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities
- 18 authorized in the area, materially alter the stability of the land use pattern in the area; and
- 19 (F) Must comply with conditions established for:
- 20 (i) The types of agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities that are authorized during
- 21 each calendar year, including the number and duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial
- 22 events and activities, the anticipated daily attendance and the hours of operation;
- 23 (ii) The location of existing structures and the location of proposed temporary structures to be
- 24 used in connection with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;
- 25 (iii) The location of access and egress and parking facilities to be used in connection with the
- 26 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;
- 27 (iv) Traffic management, including the projected number of vehicles and any anticipated use of
- 28 public roads; and
- 29 (v) Sanitation and solid waste.
- 30 (d) In addition to paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize agri-tourism
- 31 or other commercial events or activities that occur more frequently or for a longer period or that
- 32 do not otherwise comply with paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection if the agri-tourism or other
- 33 commercial events or activities comply with any local standards that apply and the agri-tourism or
- 34 other commercial events or activities:
- 35 (A) Are incidental and subordinate to existing commercial farm use of the tract and are neces-
- 36 sary to support the commercial farm uses or the commercial agricultural enterprises in the area;
- 37 (B) Comply with the requirements of paragraph (c)(C), (D), (E) and (F) of this subsection;
- 38 (C) Occur on a lot or parcel that complies with the acknowledged minimum lot or parcel size;
- 39 and
- 40 (D) Do not exceed 18 events or activities in a calendar year.
- 41 (12) A holder of a permit authorized by a county under subsection (11)(d) of this section must
- 42 request review of the permit at four-year intervals. Upon receipt of a request for review, the county
- 43 shall:
- 44 (a) Provide public notice and an opportunity for public comment as part of the review process;
- 45 and

1 (b) Limit its review to events and activities authorized by the permit, conformance with condi-
2 tions of approval required by the permit and the standards established by subsection (11)(d) of this
3 section.

4 (13) For the purposes of subsection (11) of this section:

5 (a) A county may authorize the use of temporary structures established in connection with the
6 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities authorized under subsection (11) of this sec-
7 tion. However, the temporary structures must be removed at the end of the agri-tourism or other
8 event or activity. The county may not approve an alteration to the land in connection with an
9 agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity authorized under subsection (11) of this section,
10 including, but not limited to, grading, filling or paving.

11 (b) The county may issue the limited use permits authorized by subsection (11)(c) of this section
12 for two calendar years. When considering an application for renewal, the county shall ensure com-
13 pliance with the provisions of subsection (11)(c) of this section, any local standards that apply and
14 conditions that apply to the permit or to the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities
15 authorized by the permit.

16 (c) The authorizations provided by subsection (11) of this section are in addition to other au-
17 thorizations that may be provided by law, except that “outdoor mass gathering” and “other gather-
18 ing,” as those terms are used in ORS 197.015 (10)(d), do not include agri-tourism or other commercial
19 events and activities.

20 **SECTION 2.** ORS 215.213, as amended by section 7, chapter 462, Oregon Laws 2013, section 2,
21 chapter 148, Oregon Laws 2017, section 4, chapter 253, Oregon Laws 2017, and section 4, chapter
22 504, Oregon Laws 2017, is amended to read:

23 215.213. (1) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991
24 Edition), the following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

25 (a) Churches and cemeteries in conjunction with churches.

26 (b) The propagation or harvesting of a forest product.

27 (c) Utility facilities necessary for public service, including wetland waste treatment systems but
28 not including commercial facilities for the purpose of generating electrical power for public use by
29 sale or transmission towers over 200 feet in height. A utility facility necessary for public service
30 may be established as provided in:

31 (A) ORS 215.275; or

32 (B) If the utility facility is an associated transmission line, as defined in ORS 215.274 and
33 469.300.

34 (d) A dwelling on real property used for farm use if the dwelling is occupied by a relative of the
35 farm operator or the farm operator’s spouse, which means a child, parent, stepparent, grandchild,
36 grandparent, stepgrandparent, sibling, stepsibling, niece, nephew or first cousin of either, if the farm
37 operator does or will require the assistance of the relative in the management of the farm use and
38 the dwelling is located on the same lot or parcel as the dwelling of the farm operator. Notwithstanding ORS 92.010 to 92.192 or the minimum lot or parcel size requirements under ORS
39 215.780, if the owner of a dwelling described in this paragraph obtains construction financing or
40 other financing secured by the dwelling and the secured party forecloses on the dwelling, the se-
41 cured party may also foreclose on the homesite, as defined in ORS 308A.250, and the foreclosure
42 shall operate as a partition of the homesite to create a new parcel.

44 (e) Nonresidential buildings customarily provided in conjunction with farm use.

45 (f) Subject to ORS 215.279, primary or accessory dwellings customarily provided in conjunction

1 with farm use. For a primary dwelling, the dwelling must be on a lot or parcel that is managed as
2 part of a farm operation and is not smaller than the minimum lot size in a farm zone with a minimum
3 lot size acknowledged under ORS 197.251.

4 (g) Operations for the exploration for and production of geothermal resources as defined by ORS
5 522.005 and oil and gas as defined by ORS 520.005, including the placement and operation of
6 compressors, separators and other customary production equipment for an individual well adjacent
7 to the wellhead. Any activities or construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for
8 an exception under ORS 197.732 (2)(a) or (b).

9 (h) Operations for the exploration for minerals as defined by ORS 517.750. Any activities or
10 construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for an exception under ORS 197.732
11 (2)(a) or (b).

12 (i) One manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle, or the temporary residential use of an
13 existing building, in conjunction with an existing dwelling as a temporary use for the term of a
14 hardship suffered by the existing resident or a relative of the resident. Within three months of the
15 end of the hardship, the manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle shall be removed or demol-
16 ished or, in the case of an existing building, the building shall be removed, demolished or returned
17 to an allowed nonresidential use. The governing body or its designee shall provide for periodic re-
18 view of the hardship claimed under this paragraph. A temporary residence approved under this
19 paragraph is not eligible for replacement under paragraph (q) of this subsection.

20 (j) Climbing and passing lanes within the right of way existing as of July 1, 1987.

21 (k) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways, including the placement of
22 utility facilities overhead and in the subsurface of public roads and highways along the public right
23 of way, but not including the addition of travel lanes, where no removal or displacement of buildings
24 would occur, or no new land parcels result.

25 (L) Temporary public road and highway detours that will be abandoned and restored to original
26 condition or use at such time as no longer needed.

27 (m) Minor betterment of existing public road and highway related facilities, such as maintenance
28 yards, weigh stations and rest areas, within right of way existing as of July 1, 1987, and contiguous
29 public-owned property utilized to support the operation and maintenance of public roads and high-
30 ways.

31 (n) A replacement dwelling to be used in conjunction with farm use if the existing dwelling has
32 been listed in a county inventory as historic property as defined in ORS 358.480.

33 (o) Creation, restoration or enhancement of wetlands.

34 (p) A winery, as described in ORS 215.452 or 215.453.

35 (q) Alteration, restoration or replacement of a lawfully established dwelling that:

36 (A) Has intact exterior walls and roof structure;

37 (B) Has indoor plumbing consisting of a kitchen sink, toilet and bathing facilities connected to
38 a sanitary waste disposal system;

39 (C) Has interior wiring for interior lights;

40 (D) Has a heating system; and

41 (E) In the case of replacement:

42 (i) Is removed, demolished or converted to an allowable nonresidential use within three months
43 of the completion of the replacement dwelling. A replacement dwelling may be sited on any part of
44 the same lot or parcel. A dwelling established under this paragraph shall comply with all applicable
45 siting standards. However, the standards shall not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting

1 of the dwelling. If the dwelling to be replaced is located on a portion of the lot or parcel not zoned
2 for exclusive farm use, the applicant, as a condition of approval, shall execute and record in the
3 deed records for the county where the property is located a deed restriction prohibiting the siting
4 of a dwelling on that portion of the lot or parcel. The restriction imposed shall be irrevocable unless
5 a statement of release is placed in the deed records for the county. The release shall be signed by
6 the county or its designee and state that the provisions of this paragraph regarding replacement
7 dwellings have changed to allow the siting of another dwelling. The county planning director or the
8 director's designee shall maintain a record of the lots and parcels that do not qualify for the siting
9 of a new dwelling under the provisions of this paragraph, including a copy of the deed restrictions
10 and release statements filed under this paragraph; and

11 (ii) For which the applicant has requested a deferred replacement permit, is removed or demol-
12 ished within three months after the deferred replacement permit is issued. A deferred replacement
13 permit allows construction of the replacement dwelling at any time. If, however, the established
14 dwelling is not removed or demolished within three months after the deferred replacement permit
15 is issued, the permit becomes void. The replacement dwelling must comply with applicable building
16 codes, plumbing codes, sanitation codes and other requirements relating to health and safety or to
17 siting at the time of construction. A deferred replacement permit may not be transferred, by sale
18 or otherwise, except by the applicant to the spouse or a child of the applicant.

19 (r) Farm stands if:

20 (A) The structures are designed and used for the sale of farm crops or livestock grown on the
21 farm operation, or grown on the farm operation and other farm operations in the local agricultural
22 area, including the sale of retail incidental items and fee-based activity to promote the sale of farm
23 crops or livestock sold at the farm stand if the annual sale of incidental items and fees from pro-
24 motional activity do not make up more than 25 percent of the total annual sales of the farm stand;
25 and

26 (B) The farm stand does not include structures designed for occupancy as a residence or for
27 activity other than the sale of farm crops or livestock and does not include structures for banquets,
28 public gatherings or public entertainment.

29 (s) An armed forces reserve center, if the center is within one-half mile of a community college.
30 For purposes of this paragraph, "armed forces reserve center" includes an armory or National
31 Guard support facility.

32 (t) A site for the takeoff and landing of model aircraft, including such buildings or facilities as
33 may reasonably be necessary. Buildings or facilities shall not be more than 500 square feet in floor
34 area or placed on a permanent foundation unless the building or facility preexisted the use approved
35 under this paragraph. The site shall not include an aggregate surface or hard surface area unless
36 the surface preexisted the use approved under this paragraph. An owner of property used for the
37 purpose authorized in this paragraph may charge a person operating the use on the property rent
38 for the property. An operator may charge users of the property a fee that does not exceed the
39 operator's cost to maintain the property, buildings and facilities. As used in this paragraph, "model
40 aircraft" means a small-scale version of an airplane, glider, helicopter, dirigible or balloon that is
41 used or intended to be used for flight and is controlled by radio, lines or design by a person on the
42 ground.

43 (u) A facility for the processing of farm crops or for the production of biofuel, as defined in ORS
44 315.141, if the facility is located on a farm operation that provides at least one-quarter of the farm
45 crops processed at the facility, or an establishment for the slaughter, processing or selling of poultry

1 or poultry products pursuant to ORS 603.038. If a building is established or used for the processing
2 facility or establishment, the farm operator may not devote more than 10,000 square feet of floor
3 area to the processing facility or establishment, exclusive of the floor area designated for prepara-
4 tion, storage or other farm use. A processing facility or establishment must comply with all appli-
5 cable siting standards but the standards may not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting
6 of the processing facility or establishment.

7 (v) Fire service facilities providing rural fire protection services.

8 (w) Irrigation reservoirs, canals, delivery lines and those structures and accessory operational
9 facilities, not including parks or other recreational structures and facilities, associated with a dis-
10 trict as defined in ORS 540.505.

11 (x) Utility facility service lines. Utility facility service lines are utility lines and accessory fa-
12 cilities or structures that end at the point where the utility service is received by the customer and
13 that are located on one or more of the following:

14 (A) A public right of way;

15 (B) Land immediately adjacent to a public right of way, provided the written consent of all ad-
16 jacent property owners has been obtained; or

17 (C) The property to be served by the utility.

18 (y) Subject to the issuance of a license, permit or other approval by the Department of Envi-
19 ronmental Quality under ORS 454.695, 459.205, 468B.050, 468B.053 or 468B.055, or in compliance with
20 rules adopted under ORS 468B.095, and as provided in ORS 215.246 to 215.251, the land application
21 of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids, or the onsite treatment of
22 septage prior to the land application of biosolids, for agricultural, horticultural or silvicultural pro-
23 duction, or for irrigation in connection with a use allowed in an exclusive farm use zone under this
24 chapter. For the purposes of this paragraph, onsite treatment of septage prior to the land application
25 of biosolids is limited to treatment using treatment facilities that are portable, temporary and
26 transportable by truck trailer, as defined in ORS 801.580, during a period of time within which land
27 application of biosolids is authorized under the license, permit or other approval.

28 (z) Dog training classes or testing trials, which may be conducted outdoors or in preexisting
29 farm buildings, when:

30 (A) The number of dogs participating in training does not exceed 10 dogs per training class and
31 the number of training classes to be held on-site does not exceed six per day; and

32 (B) The number of dogs participating in a testing trial does not exceed 60 and the number of
33 testing trials to be conducted on-site is limited to four or fewer trials per calendar year.

34 (aa) A cider business, as described in ORS 215.451.

35 (2) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),
36 the following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use subject to ORS
37 215.296:

38 (a) A primary dwelling in conjunction with farm use or the propagation or harvesting of a forest
39 product on a lot or parcel that is managed as part of a farm operation or woodlot if the farm op-
40 eration or woodlot:

41 (A) Consists of 20 or more acres; and

42 (B) Is not smaller than the average farm or woodlot in the county producing at least \$2,500 in
43 annual gross income from the crops, livestock or forest products to be raised on the farm operation
44 or woodlot.

45 (b) A primary dwelling in conjunction with farm use or the propagation or harvesting of a forest

1 product on a lot or parcel that is managed as part of a farm operation or woodlot smaller than re-
2 quired under paragraph (a) of this subsection, if the lot or parcel:

3 (A) Has produced at least \$20,000 in annual gross farm income in two consecutive calendar
4 years out of the three calendar years before the year in which the application for the dwelling was
5 made or is planted in perennials capable of producing upon harvest an average of at least \$20,000
6 in annual gross farm income; or

7 (B) Is a woodlot capable of producing an average over the growth cycle of \$20,000 in gross an-
8 nual income.

9 (c) Commercial activities that are in conjunction with farm use, including the processing of farm
10 crops into biofuel not permitted under ORS 215.203 (2)(b)(K) or subsection (1)(u) of this section.

11 (d) Operations conducted for:

12 (A) Mining and processing of geothermal resources as defined by ORS 522.005 and oil and gas
13 as defined by ORS 520.005, not otherwise permitted under subsection (1)(g) of this section;

14 (B) Mining, crushing or stockpiling of aggregate and other mineral and other subsurface re-
15 sources subject to ORS 215.298;

16 (C) Processing, as defined by ORS 517.750, of aggregate into asphalt or portland cement; and

17 (D) Processing of other mineral resources and other subsurface resources.

18 (e) Community centers owned by a governmental agency or a nonprofit community organization
19 and operated primarily by and for residents of the local rural community, hunting and fishing pre-
20 serves, public and private parks, playgrounds and campgrounds. Subject to the approval of the
21 county governing body or its designee, a private campground may provide yurts for overnight
22 camping. No more than one-third or a maximum of 10 campsites, whichever is smaller, may include
23 a yurt. The yurt shall be located on the ground or on a wood floor with no permanent foundation.
24 Upon request of a county governing body, the Land Conservation and Development Commission may
25 provide by rule for an increase in the number of yurts allowed on all or a portion of the
26 campgrounds in a county if the commission determines that the increase will comply with the stan-
27 dards described in ORS 215.296 (1). A public park or campground may be established as provided
28 under ORS 195.120. As used in this paragraph, "yurt" means a round, domed shelter of cloth or
29 canvas on a collapsible frame with no plumbing, sewage disposal hookup or internal cooking appli-
30 ance.

31 (f) Golf courses on land determined not to be high-value farmland as defined in ORS 195.300.

32 (g) Commercial utility facilities for the purpose of generating power for public use by sale. If the
33 area zoned for exclusive farm use is high-value farmland, a photovoltaic solar power generation fa-
34 cility may be established as a commercial utility facility as provided in ORS 215.447.

35 (h) Personal-use airports for airplanes and helicopter pads, including associated hangar, main-
36 tenance and service facilities. A personal-use airport as used in this section means an airstrip re-
37 stricted, except for aircraft emergencies, to use by the owner, and, on an infrequent and occasional
38 basis, by invited guests, and by commercial aviation activities in connection with agricultural op-
39 erations. No aircraft may be based on a personal-use airport other than those owned or controlled
40 by the owner of the airstrip. Exceptions to the activities permitted under this definition may be
41 granted through waiver action by the Oregon Department of Aviation in specific instances. A
42 personal-use airport lawfully existing as of September 13, 1975, shall continue to be permitted sub-
43 ject to any applicable rules of the Oregon Department of Aviation.

44 (i) A facility for the primary processing of forest products, provided that such facility is found
45 to not seriously interfere with accepted farming practices and is compatible with farm uses de-

1 scribed in ORS 215.203 (2). Such a facility may be approved for a one-year period which is
2 renewable. These facilities are intended to be only portable or temporary in nature. The primary
3 processing of a forest product, as used in this section, means the use of a portable chipper or stud
4 mill or other similar methods of initial treatment of a forest product in order to enable its shipment
5 to market. Forest products, as used in this section, means timber grown upon a parcel of land or
6 contiguous land where the primary processing facility is located.

7 (j) A site for the disposal of solid waste approved by the governing body of a city or county or
8 both and for which a permit has been granted under ORS 459.245 by the Department of Environ-
9 mental Quality together with equipment, facilities or buildings necessary for its operation.

10 (k)(A) Commercial dog boarding kennels; or

11 (B) Dog training classes or testing trials that cannot be established under subsection (1)(z) of
12 this section.

13 (L) Residential homes as defined in ORS 197.660, in existing dwellings.

14 (m) The propagation, cultivation, maintenance and harvesting of aquatic species that are not
15 under the jurisdiction of the State Fish and Wildlife Commission or insect species. Insect species
16 shall not include any species under quarantine by the State Department of Agriculture or the United
17 States Department of Agriculture. The county shall provide notice of all applications under this
18 paragraph to the State Department of Agriculture. Notice shall be provided in accordance with the
19 county's land use regulations but shall be mailed at least 20 calendar days prior to any administra-
20 tive decision or initial public hearing on the application.

21 (n) Home occupations as provided in ORS 215.448.

22 (o) Transmission towers over 200 feet in height.

23 (p) Construction of additional passing and travel lanes requiring the acquisition of right of way
24 but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

25 (q) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways involving the removal or dis-
26 placement of buildings but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

27 (r) Improvement of public road and highway related facilities such as maintenance yards, weigh
28 stations and rest areas, where additional property or right of way is required but not resulting in
29 the creation of new land parcels.

30 (s) A destination resort that is approved consistent with the requirements of any statewide
31 planning goal relating to the siting of a destination resort.

32 (t) Room and board arrangements for a maximum of five unrelated persons in existing resi-
33 dences.

34 (u) A living history museum related to resource based activities owned and operated by a gov-
35 ernmental agency or a local historical society, together with limited commercial activities and fa-
36 cilities that are directly related to the use and enjoyment of the museum and located within
37 authentic buildings of the depicted historic period or the museum administration building, if areas
38 other than an exclusive farm use zone cannot accommodate the museum and related activities or if
39 the museum administration buildings and parking lot are located within one quarter mile of the
40 metropolitan urban growth boundary. As used in this paragraph:

41 (A) "Living history museum" means a facility designed to depict and interpret everyday life and
42 culture of some specific historic period using authentic buildings, tools, equipment and people to
43 simulate past activities and events; and

44 (B) "Local historical society" means the local historical society, recognized as such by the
45 county governing body and organized under ORS chapter 65.

1 (v) Operations for the extraction and bottling of water.

2 (w) An aerial fireworks display business that has been in continuous operation at its current
3 location within an exclusive farm use zone since December 31, 1986, and possesses a wholesaler's
4 permit to sell or provide fireworks.

5 (x) A landscape contracting business, as defined in ORS 671.520, or a business providing land-
6 scape architecture services, as described in ORS 671.318, if the business is pursued in conjunction
7 with the growing and marketing of nursery stock on the land that constitutes farm use.

8 (y) Public or private schools for kindergarten through grade 12, including all buildings essential
9 to the operation of a school, primarily for residents of the rural area in which the school is located.

10 (z) **Equine and equine-affiliated therapeutic and counseling activities, provided:**

11 **(A) The activities are conducted in existing buildings that were lawfully constructed on**
12 **the property before the effective date of this 2018 Act or in new buildings that are accessory,**
13 **incidental and subordinate to the farm use on the tract; and**

14 **(B) All individuals conducting therapeutic or counseling activities are acting within the**
15 **proper scope of any licenses required by the state.**

16 (3) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),
17 a single-family residential dwelling not provided in conjunction with farm use may be established
18 on a lot or parcel with soils predominantly in capability classes IV through VIII as determined by
19 the Agricultural Capability Classification System in use by the United States Department of Agri-
20 culture Soil Conservation Service on October 15, 1983. A proposed dwelling is subject to approval
21 of the governing body or its designee in any area zoned for exclusive farm use upon written findings
22 showing all of the following:

23 (a) The dwelling or activities associated with the dwelling will not force a significant change in
24 or significantly increase the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use.

25 (b) The dwelling is situated upon generally unsuitable land for the production of farm crops and
26 livestock, considering the terrain, adverse soil or land conditions, drainage and flooding, location
27 and size of the tract. A lot or parcel shall not be considered unsuitable solely because of its size
28 or location if it can reasonably be put to farm use in conjunction with other land.

29 (c) Complies with such other conditions as the governing body or its designee considers neces-
30 sary.

31 (4) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),
32 one single-family dwelling, not provided in conjunction with farm use, may be established in any
33 area zoned for exclusive farm use on a lot or parcel described in subsection (7) of this section that
34 is not larger than three acres upon written findings showing:

35 (a) The dwelling or activities associated with the dwelling will not force a significant change in
36 or significantly increase the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use;

37 (b) If the lot or parcel is located within the Willamette River Greenway, a floodplain or a
38 geological hazard area, the dwelling complies with conditions imposed by local ordinances relating
39 specifically to the Willamette River Greenway, floodplains or geological hazard areas, whichever is
40 applicable; and

41 (c) The dwelling complies with other conditions considered necessary by the governing body or
42 its designee.

43 (5) Upon receipt of an application for a permit under subsection (4) of this section, the governing
44 body shall notify:

45 (a) Owners of land that is within 250 feet of the lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be es-

1 tablished; and

2 (b) Persons who have requested notice of such applications and who have paid a reasonable fee
3 imposed by the county to cover the cost of such notice.

4 (6) The notice required in subsection (5) of this section shall specify that persons have 15 days
5 following the date of postmark of the notice to file a written objection on the grounds only that the
6 dwelling or activities associated with it would force a significant change in or significantly increase
7 the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use. If no objection is re-
8 ceived, the governing body or its designee shall approve or disapprove the application. If an ob-
9 jection is received, the governing body shall set the matter for hearing in the manner prescribed in
10 ORS 215.402 to 215.438. The governing body may charge the reasonable costs of the notice required
11 by subsection (5)(a) of this section to the applicant for the permit requested under subsection (4) of
12 this section.

13 (7) Subsection (4) of this section applies to a lot or parcel lawfully created between January 1,
14 1948, and July 1, 1983. For the purposes of this section:

15 (a) Only one lot or parcel exists if:

16 (A) A lot or parcel described in this section is contiguous to one or more lots or parcels de-
17 scribed in this section; and

18 (B) On July 1, 1983, greater than possessory interests are held in those contiguous lots, parcels
19 or lots and parcels by the same person, spouses or a single partnership or business entity, separately
20 or in tenancy in common.

21 (b) "Contiguous" means lots, parcels or lots and parcels that have a common boundary, including
22 but not limited to, lots, parcels or lots and parcels separated only by a public road.

23 (8) A person who sells or otherwise transfers real property in an exclusive farm use zone may
24 retain a life estate in a dwelling on that property and in a tract of land under and around the
25 dwelling.

26 (9) No final approval of a nonfarm use under this section shall be given unless any additional
27 taxes imposed upon the change in use have been paid.

28 (10) Roads, highways and other transportation facilities and improvements not allowed under
29 subsections (1) and (2) of this section may be established, subject to the approval of the governing
30 body or its designee, in areas zoned for exclusive farm use subject to:

31 (a) Adoption of an exception to the goal related to agricultural lands and to any other applicable
32 goal with which the facility or improvement does not comply; or

33 (b) ORS 215.296 for those uses identified by rule of the Land Conservation and Development
34 Commission as provided in section 3, chapter 529, Oregon Laws 1993.

35 (11) The following agri-tourism and other commercial events or activities that are related to and
36 supportive of agriculture may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

37 (a) A county may authorize a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity on a
38 tract in a calendar year by an authorization that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred
39 by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract, if the agri-tourism or other commercial event
40 or activity meets any local standards that apply and:

41 (A) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity is incidental and subordinate to ex-
42 isting farm use on the tract;

43 (B) The duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not exceed 72
44 consecutive hours;

45 (C) The maximum attendance at the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not

1 exceed 500 people;

2 (D) The maximum number of motor vehicles parked at the site of the agri-tourism or other
3 commercial event or activity does not exceed 250 vehicles;

4 (E) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with ORS 215.296;

5 (F) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity occurs outdoors, in temporary
6 structures, or in existing permitted structures, subject to health and fire and life safety require-
7 ments; and

8 (G) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with conditions established
9 for:

10 (i) Planned hours of operation;

11 (ii) Access, egress and parking;

12 (iii) A traffic management plan that identifies the projected number of vehicles and any antic-
13 ipated use of public roads; and

14 (iv) Sanitation and solid waste.

15 (b) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize,
16 through an expedited, single-event license, a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or ac-
17 tivity on a tract in a calendar year by an expedited, single-event license that is personal to the ap-
18 plicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract. A decision
19 concerning an expedited, single-event license is not a land use decision, as defined in ORS 197.015.
20 To approve an expedited, single-event license, the governing body of a county or its designee must
21 determine that the proposed agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity meets any local
22 standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity:

23 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;

24 (B) May not begin before 6 a.m. or end after 10 p.m.;

25 (C) May not involve more than 100 attendees or 50 vehicles;

26 (D) May not include the artificial amplification of music or voices before 8 a.m. or after 8 p.m.;

27 (E) May not require or involve the construction or use of a new permanent structure in con-
28 nection with the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity;

29 (F) Must be located on a tract of at least 10 acres unless the owners or residents of adjoining
30 properties consent, in writing, to the location; and

31 (G) Must comply with applicable health and fire and life safety requirements.

32 (c) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection, a county may authorize up to
33 six agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities on a tract in a calendar year by a limited
34 use permit that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a
35 conveyance of the tract. The agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities must meet any
36 local standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities:

37 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;

38 (B) May not, individually, exceed a duration of 72 consecutive hours;

39 (C) May not require that a new permanent structure be built, used or occupied in connection
40 with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

41 (D) Must comply with ORS 215.296;

42 (E) May not, in combination with other agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities
43 authorized in the area, materially alter the stability of the land use pattern in the area; and

44 (F) Must comply with conditions established for:

45 (i) The types of agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities that are authorized during

1 each calendar year, including the number and duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial
2 events and activities, the anticipated daily attendance and the hours of operation;

3 (ii) The location of existing structures and the location of proposed temporary structures to be
4 used in connection with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

5 (iii) The location of access and egress and parking facilities to be used in connection with the
6 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

7 (iv) Traffic management, including the projected number of vehicles and any anticipated use of
8 public roads; and

9 (v) Sanitation and solid waste.

10 (d) In addition to paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize agri-tourism
11 or other commercial events or activities that occur more frequently or for a longer period or that
12 do not otherwise comply with paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection if the agri-tourism or other
13 commercial events or activities comply with any local standards that apply and the agri-tourism or
14 other commercial events or activities:

15 (A) Are incidental and subordinate to existing commercial farm use of the tract and are neces-
16 sary to support the commercial farm uses or the commercial agricultural enterprises in the area;

17 (B) Comply with the requirements of paragraph (c)(C), (D), (E) and (F) of this subsection;

18 (C) Occur on a lot or parcel that complies with the acknowledged minimum lot or parcel size;
19 and

20 (D) Do not exceed 18 events or activities in a calendar year.

21 (12) A holder of a permit authorized by a county under subsection (11)(d) of this section must
22 request review of the permit at four-year intervals. Upon receipt of a request for review, the county
23 shall:

24 (a) Provide public notice and an opportunity for public comment as part of the review process;
25 and

26 (b) Limit its review to events and activities authorized by the permit, conformance with condi-
27 tions of approval required by the permit and the standards established by subsection (11)(d) of this
28 section.

29 (13) For the purposes of subsection (11) of this section:

30 (a) A county may authorize the use of temporary structures established in connection with the
31 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities authorized under subsection (11) of this sec-
32 tion. However, the temporary structures must be removed at the end of the agri-tourism or other
33 event or activity. The county may not approve an alteration to the land in connection with an
34 agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity authorized under subsection (11) of this section,
35 including, but not limited to, grading, filling or paving.

36 (b) The county may issue the limited use permits authorized by subsection (11)(c) of this section
37 for two calendar years. When considering an application for renewal, the county shall ensure com-
38 pliance with the provisions of subsection (11)(c) of this section, any local standards that apply and
39 conditions that apply to the permit or to the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities
40 authorized by the permit.

41 (c) The authorizations provided by subsection (11) of this section are in addition to other au-
42 thorizations that may be provided by law, except that “outdoor mass gathering” and “other gather-
43 ing,” as those terms are used in ORS 197.015 (10)(d), do not include agri-tourism or other commercial
44 events and activities.

45 **SECTION 3.** ORS 215.283 is amended to read:

1 215.283. (1) The following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

2 (a) Churches and cemeteries in conjunction with churches.

3 (b) The propagation or harvesting of a forest product.

4 (c) Utility facilities necessary for public service, including wetland waste treatment systems but
5 not including commercial facilities for the purpose of generating electrical power for public use by
6 sale or transmission towers over 200 feet in height. A utility facility necessary for public service
7 may be established as provided in:

8 (A) ORS 215.275; or

9 (B) If the utility facility is an associated transmission line, as defined in ORS 215.274 and
10 469.300.

11 (d) A dwelling on real property used for farm use if the dwelling is occupied by a relative of the
12 farm operator or the farm operator's spouse, which means a child, parent, stepparent, grandchild,
13 grandparent, stepgrandparent, sibling, stepsibling, niece, nephew or first cousin of either, if the farm
14 operator does or will require the assistance of the relative in the management of the farm use and
15 the dwelling is located on the same lot or parcel as the dwelling of the farm operator.
16 Notwithstanding ORS 92.010 to 92.192 or the minimum lot or parcel size requirements under ORS
17 215.780, if the owner of a dwelling described in this paragraph obtains construction financing or
18 other financing secured by the dwelling and the secured party forecloses on the dwelling, the se-
19 cured party may also foreclose on the homesite, as defined in ORS 308A.250, and the foreclosure
20 shall operate as a partition of the homesite to create a new parcel.

21 (e) Subject to ORS 215.279, primary or accessory dwellings and other buildings customarily
22 provided in conjunction with farm use.

23 (f) Operations for the exploration for and production of geothermal resources as defined by ORS
24 522.005 and oil and gas as defined by ORS 520.005, including the placement and operation of
25 compressors, separators and other customary production equipment for an individual well adjacent
26 to the wellhead. Any activities or construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for
27 an exception under ORS 197.732 (2)(a) or (b).

28 (g) Operations for the exploration for minerals as defined by ORS 517.750. Any activities or
29 construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for an exception under ORS 197.732
30 (2)(a) or (b).

31 (h) Climbing and passing lanes within the right of way existing as of July 1, 1987.

32 (i) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways, including the placement of
33 utility facilities overhead and in the subsurface of public roads and highways along the public right
34 of way, but not including the addition of travel lanes, where no removal or displacement of buildings
35 would occur, or no new land parcels result.

36 (j) Temporary public road and highway detours that will be abandoned and restored to original
37 condition or use at such time as no longer needed.

38 (k) Minor betterment of existing public road and highway related facilities such as maintenance
39 yards, weigh stations and rest areas, within right of way existing as of July 1, 1987, and contiguous
40 public-owned property utilized to support the operation and maintenance of public roads and high-
41 ways.

42 (L) A replacement dwelling to be used in conjunction with farm use if the existing dwelling has
43 been listed in a county inventory as historic property as defined in ORS 358.480.

44 (m) Creation, restoration or enhancement of wetlands.

45 (n) A winery, as described in ORS 215.452 or 215.453.

1 (o) Farm stands if:

2 (A) The structures are designed and used for the sale of farm crops or livestock grown on the
3 farm operation, or grown on the farm operation and other farm operations in the local agricultural
4 area, including the sale of retail incidental items and fee-based activity to promote the sale of farm
5 crops or livestock sold at the farm stand if the annual sale of incidental items and fees from pro-
6 motional activity do not make up more than 25 percent of the total annual sales of the farm stand;
7 and

8 (B) The farm stand does not include structures designed for occupancy as a residence or for
9 activity other than the sale of farm crops or livestock and does not include structures for banquets,
10 public gatherings or public entertainment.

11 (p) Subject to section 2, chapter 462, Oregon Laws 2013, alteration, restoration or replacement
12 of a lawfully established dwelling.

13 (q) A site for the takeoff and landing of model aircraft, including such buildings or facilities as
14 may reasonably be necessary. Buildings or facilities shall not be more than 500 square feet in floor
15 area or placed on a permanent foundation unless the building or facility preexisted the use approved
16 under this paragraph. The site shall not include an aggregate surface or hard surface area unless
17 the surface preexisted the use approved under this paragraph. An owner of property used for the
18 purpose authorized in this paragraph may charge a person operating the use on the property rent
19 for the property. An operator may charge users of the property a fee that does not exceed the
20 operator's cost to maintain the property, buildings and facilities. As used in this paragraph, "model
21 aircraft" means a small-scale version of an airplane, glider, helicopter, dirigible or balloon that is
22 used or intended to be used for flight and is controlled by radio, lines or design by a person on the
23 ground.

24 (r) A facility for the processing of farm crops or for the production of biofuel, as defined in ORS
25 315.141, if the facility is located on a farm operation that provides at least one-quarter of the farm
26 crops processed at the facility, or an establishment for the slaughter, processing or selling of poultry
27 or poultry products pursuant to ORS 603.038. If a building is established or used for the processing
28 facility or establishment, the farm operator may not devote more than 10,000 square feet of floor
29 area to the processing facility or establishment, exclusive of the floor area designated for prepara-
30 tion, storage or other farm use. A processing facility or establishment must comply with all appli-
31 cable siting standards but the standards may not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting
32 of the processing facility or establishment.

33 (s) Fire service facilities providing rural fire protection services.

34 (t) Irrigation reservoirs, canals, delivery lines and those structures and accessory operational
35 facilities, not including parks or other recreational structures and facilities, associated with a dis-
36 trict as defined in ORS 540.505.

37 (u) Utility facility service lines. Utility facility service lines are utility lines and accessory fa-
38 cilities or structures that end at the point where the utility service is received by the customer and
39 that are located on one or more of the following:

40 (A) A public right of way;

41 (B) Land immediately adjacent to a public right of way, provided the written consent of all ad-
42 jacent property owners has been obtained; or

43 (C) The property to be served by the utility.

44 (v) Subject to the issuance of a license, permit or other approval by the Department of Envi-
45 ronmental Quality under ORS 454.695, 459.205, 468B.050, 468B.053 or 468B.055, or in compliance with

1 rules adopted under ORS 468B.095, and as provided in ORS 215.246 to 215.251, the land application
2 of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids, or the onsite treatment of
3 septage prior to the land application of biosolids, for agricultural, horticultural or silvicultural pro-
4 duction, or for irrigation in connection with a use allowed in an exclusive farm use zone under this
5 chapter. For the purposes of this paragraph, onsite treatment of septage prior to the land application
6 of biosolids is limited to treatment using treatment facilities that are portable, temporary and
7 transportable by truck trailer, as defined in ORS 801.580, during a period of time within which land
8 application of biosolids is authorized under the license, permit or other approval.

9 (w) A county law enforcement facility that lawfully existed on August 20, 2002, and is used to
10 provide rural law enforcement services primarily in rural areas, including parole and post-prison
11 supervision, but not including a correctional facility as defined under ORS 162.135.

12 (x) Dog training classes or testing trials, which may be conducted outdoors or in preexisting
13 farm buildings, when:

14 (A) The number of dogs participating in training does not exceed 10 dogs per training class and
15 the number of training classes to be held on-site does not exceed six per day; and

16 (B) The number of dogs participating in a testing trial does not exceed 60 and the number of
17 testing trials to be conducted on-site is limited to four or fewer trials per calendar year.

18 (y) A cider business, as described in ORS 215.451.

19 (2) The following nonfarm uses may be established, subject to the approval of the governing body
20 or its designee in any area zoned for exclusive farm use subject to ORS 215.296:

21 (a) Commercial activities that are in conjunction with farm use, including the processing of farm
22 crops into biofuel not permitted under ORS 215.203 (2)(b)(K) or subsection (1)(r) of this section.

23 (b) Operations conducted for:

24 (A) Mining and processing of geothermal resources as defined by ORS 522.005 and oil and gas
25 as defined by ORS 520.005 not otherwise permitted under subsection (1)(f) of this section;

26 (B) Mining, crushing or stockpiling of aggregate and other mineral and other subsurface re-
27 sources subject to ORS 215.298;

28 (C) Processing, as defined by ORS 517.750, of aggregate into asphalt or portland cement; and

29 (D) Processing of other mineral resources and other subsurface resources.

30 (c) Private parks, playgrounds, hunting and fishing preserves and campgrounds. Subject to the
31 approval of the county governing body or its designee, a private campground may provide yurts for
32 overnight camping. No more than one-third or a maximum of 10 campsites, whichever is smaller,
33 may include a yurt. The yurt shall be located on the ground or on a wood floor with no permanent
34 foundation. Upon request of a county governing body, the Land Conservation and Development
35 Commission may provide by rule for an increase in the number of yurts allowed on all or a portion
36 of the campgrounds in a county if the commission determines that the increase will comply with the
37 standards described in ORS 215.296 (1). As used in this paragraph, "yurt" means a round, domed
38 shelter of cloth or canvas on a collapsible frame with no plumbing, sewage disposal hookup or
39 internal cooking appliance.

40 (d) Parks and playgrounds. A public park may be established consistent with the provisions of
41 ORS 195.120.

42 (e) Community centers owned by a governmental agency or a nonprofit community organization
43 and operated primarily by and for residents of the local rural community. A community center au-
44 thorized under this paragraph may provide services to veterans, including but not limited to emer-
45 gency and transitional shelter, preparation and service of meals, vocational and educational

1 counseling and referral to local, state or federal agencies providing medical, mental health, disability
2 income replacement and substance abuse services, only in a facility that is in existence on January
3 1, 2006. The services may not include direct delivery of medical, mental health, disability income
4 replacement or substance abuse services.

5 (f) Golf courses on land:

6 (A) Determined not to be high-value farmland, as defined in ORS 195.300 (10); or

7 (B) Determined to be high-value farmland described in ORS 195.300 (10)(c) if the land:

8 (i) Is not otherwise described in ORS 195.300 (10);

9 (ii) Is surrounded on all sides by an approved golf course; and

10 (iii) Is west of U.S. Highway 101.

11 (g) Commercial utility facilities for the purpose of generating power for public use by sale. If the
12 area zoned for exclusive farm use is high-value farmland, a photovoltaic solar power generation fa-
13 cility may be established as a commercial utility facility as provided in ORS 215.447.

14 (h) Personal-use airports for airplanes and helicopter pads, including associated hangar, main-
15 tenance and service facilities. A personal-use airport, as used in this section, means an airstrip re-
16 stricted, except for aircraft emergencies, to use by the owner, and, on an infrequent and occasional
17 basis, by invited guests, and by commercial aviation activities in connection with agricultural op-
18 erations. No aircraft may be based on a personal-use airport other than those owned or controlled
19 by the owner of the airstrip. Exceptions to the activities permitted under this definition may be
20 granted through waiver action by the Oregon Department of Aviation in specific instances. A
21 personal-use airport lawfully existing as of September 13, 1975, shall continue to be permitted sub-
22 ject to any applicable rules of the Oregon Department of Aviation.

23 (i) Home occupations as provided in ORS 215.448.

24 (j) A facility for the primary processing of forest products, provided that such facility is found
25 to not seriously interfere with accepted farming practices and is compatible with farm uses de-
26 scribed in ORS 215.203 (2). Such a facility may be approved for a one-year period which is
27 renewable. These facilities are intended to be only portable or temporary in nature. The primary
28 processing of a forest product, as used in this section, means the use of a portable chipper or stud
29 mill or other similar methods of initial treatment of a forest product in order to enable its shipment
30 to market. Forest products, as used in this section, means timber grown upon a parcel of land or
31 contiguous land where the primary processing facility is located.

32 (k) A site for the disposal of solid waste approved by the governing body of a city or county or
33 both and for which a permit has been granted under ORS 459.245 by the Department of Environ-
34 mental Quality together with equipment, facilities or buildings necessary for its operation.

35 (L) One manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle, or the temporary residential use of an
36 existing building, in conjunction with an existing dwelling as a temporary use for the term of a
37 hardship suffered by the existing resident or a relative of the resident. Within three months of the
38 end of the hardship, the manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle shall be removed or demol-
39 ished or, in the case of an existing building, the building shall be removed, demolished or returned
40 to an allowed nonresidential use. The governing body or its designee shall provide for periodic re-
41 view of the hardship claimed under this paragraph. A temporary residence approved under this
42 paragraph is not eligible for replacement under subsection (1)(p) of this section.

43 (m) Transmission towers over 200 feet in height.

44 (n)(A) Commercial dog boarding kennels; or

45 (B) Dog training classes or testing trials that cannot be established under subsection (1)(x) of

1 this section.

2 (o) Residential homes as defined in ORS 197.660, in existing dwellings.

3 (p) The propagation, cultivation, maintenance and harvesting of aquatic species that are not
4 under the jurisdiction of the State Fish and Wildlife Commission or insect species. Insect species
5 shall not include any species under quarantine by the State Department of Agriculture or the United
6 States Department of Agriculture. The county shall provide notice of all applications under this
7 paragraph to the State Department of Agriculture. Notice shall be provided in accordance with the
8 county's land use regulations but shall be mailed at least 20 calendar days prior to any administra-
9 tive decision or initial public hearing on the application.

10 (q) Construction of additional passing and travel lanes requiring the acquisition of right of way
11 but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

12 (r) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways involving the removal or dis-
13 placement of buildings but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

14 (s) Improvement of public road and highway related facilities, such as maintenance yards, weigh
15 stations and rest areas, where additional property or right of way is required but not resulting in
16 the creation of new land parcels.

17 (t) A destination resort that is approved consistent with the requirements of any statewide
18 planning goal relating to the siting of a destination resort.

19 (u) Room and board arrangements for a maximum of five unrelated persons in existing resi-
20 dences.

21 (v) Operations for the extraction and bottling of water.

22 (w) Expansion of existing county fairgrounds and activities directly relating to county
23 fairgrounds governed by county fair boards established pursuant to ORS 565.210.

24 (x) A living history museum related to resource based activities owned and operated by a gov-
25 ernmental agency or a local historical society, together with limited commercial activities and fa-
26 cilities that are directly related to the use and enjoyment of the museum and located within
27 authentic buildings of the depicted historic period or the museum administration building, if areas
28 other than an exclusive farm use zone cannot accommodate the museum and related activities or if
29 the museum administration buildings and parking lot are located within one quarter mile of an ur-
30 ban growth boundary. As used in this paragraph:

31 (A) "Living history museum" means a facility designed to depict and interpret everyday life and
32 culture of some specific historic period using authentic buildings, tools, equipment and people to
33 simulate past activities and events; and

34 (B) "Local historical society" means the local historical society recognized by the county gov-
35 erning body and organized under ORS chapter 65.

36 (y) An aerial fireworks display business that has been in continuous operation at its current
37 location within an exclusive farm use zone since December 31, 1986, and possesses a wholesaler's
38 permit to sell or provide fireworks.

39 (z) A landscape contracting business, as defined in ORS 671.520, or a business providing land-
40 scape architecture services, as described in ORS 671.318, if the business is pursued in conjunction
41 with the growing and marketing of nursery stock on the land that constitutes farm use.

42 (aa) Public or private schools for kindergarten through grade 12, including all buildings essential
43 to the operation of a school, primarily for residents of the rural area in which the school is located.

44 **(bb) Equine and equine-affiliated therapeutic and counseling activities, provided:**

45 **(A) The activities are conducted in existing buildings that were lawfully constructed on**

1 **the property before the effective date of this 2018 Act or in new buildings that are accessory,**
2 **incidental and subordinate to the farm use on the tract; and**

3 **(B) All individuals conducting therapeutic or counseling activities are acting within the**
4 **proper scope of any licenses required by the state.**

5 (3) Roads, highways and other transportation facilities and improvements not allowed under
6 subsections (1) and (2) of this section may be established, subject to the approval of the governing
7 body or its designee, in areas zoned for exclusive farm use subject to:

8 (a) Adoption of an exception to the goal related to agricultural lands and to any other applicable
9 goal with which the facility or improvement does not comply; or

10 (b) ORS 215.296 for those uses identified by rule of the Land Conservation and Development
11 Commission as provided in section 3, chapter 529, Oregon Laws 1993.

12 (4) The following agri-tourism and other commercial events or activities that are related to and
13 supportive of agriculture may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

14 (a) A county may authorize a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity on a
15 tract in a calendar year by an authorization that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred
16 by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract, if the agri-tourism or other commercial event
17 or activity meets any local standards that apply and:

18 (A) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity is incidental and subordinate to ex-
19 isting farm use on the tract;

20 (B) The duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not exceed 72
21 consecutive hours;

22 (C) The maximum attendance at the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not
23 exceed 500 people;

24 (D) The maximum number of motor vehicles parked at the site of the agri-tourism or other
25 commercial event or activity does not exceed 250 vehicles;

26 (E) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with ORS 215.296;

27 (F) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity occurs outdoors, in temporary
28 structures, or in existing permitted structures, subject to health and fire and life safety require-
29 ments; and

30 (G) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with conditions established
31 for:

32 (i) Planned hours of operation;

33 (ii) Access, egress and parking;

34 (iii) A traffic management plan that identifies the projected number of vehicles and any antic-
35 ipated use of public roads; and

36 (iv) Sanitation and solid waste.

37 (b) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize,
38 through an expedited, single-event license, a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or ac-
39 tivity on a tract in a calendar year by an expedited, single-event license that is personal to the ap-
40 plicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract. A decision
41 concerning an expedited, single-event license is not a land use decision, as defined in ORS 197.015.
42 To approve an expedited, single-event license, the governing body of a county or its designee must
43 determine that the proposed agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity meets any local
44 standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity:

45 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;

- 1 (B) May not begin before 6 a.m. or end after 10 p.m.;
- 2 (C) May not involve more than 100 attendees or 50 vehicles;
- 3 (D) May not include the artificial amplification of music or voices before 8 a.m. or after 8 p.m.;
- 4 (E) May not require or involve the construction or use of a new permanent structure in con-
- 5 nection with the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity;
- 6 (F) Must be located on a tract of at least 10 acres unless the owners or residents of adjoining
- 7 properties consent, in writing, to the location; and
- 8 (G) Must comply with applicable health and fire and life safety requirements.
- 9 (c) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection, a county may authorize up to
- 10 six agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities on a tract in a calendar year by a limited
- 11 use permit that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a
- 12 conveyance of the tract. The agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities must meet any
- 13 local standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities:
- 14 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;
- 15 (B) May not, individually, exceed a duration of 72 consecutive hours;
- 16 (C) May not require that a new permanent structure be built, used or occupied in connection
- 17 with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;
- 18 (D) Must comply with ORS 215.296;
- 19 (E) May not, in combination with other agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities
- 20 authorized in the area, materially alter the stability of the land use pattern in the area; and
- 21 (F) Must comply with conditions established for:
 - 22 (i) The types of agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities that are authorized during
 - 23 each calendar year, including the number and duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial
 - 24 events and activities, the anticipated daily attendance and the hours of operation;
 - 25 (ii) The location of existing structures and the location of proposed temporary structures to be
 - 26 used in connection with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;
 - 27 (iii) The location of access and egress and parking facilities to be used in connection with the
 - 28 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;
 - 29 (iv) Traffic management, including the projected number of vehicles and any anticipated use of
 - 30 public roads; and
 - 31 (v) Sanitation and solid waste.
- 32 (d) In addition to paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize agri-tourism
- 33 or other commercial events or activities that occur more frequently or for a longer period or that
- 34 do not otherwise comply with paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection if the agri-tourism or other
- 35 commercial events or activities comply with any local standards that apply and the agri-tourism or
- 36 other commercial events or activities:
 - 37 (A) Are incidental and subordinate to existing commercial farm use of the tract and are neces-
 - 38 sary to support the commercial farm uses or the commercial agricultural enterprises in the area;
 - 39 (B) Comply with the requirements of paragraph (c)(C), (D), (E) and (F) of this subsection;
 - 40 (C) Occur on a lot or parcel that complies with the acknowledged minimum lot or parcel size;
 - 41 and
 - 42 (D) Do not exceed 18 events or activities in a calendar year.
- 43 (5) A holder of a permit authorized by a county under subsection (4)(d) of this section must re-
- 44 quest review of the permit at four-year intervals. Upon receipt of a request for review, the county
- 45 shall:

1 (a) Provide public notice and an opportunity for public comment as part of the review process;
2 and

3 (b) Limit its review to events and activities authorized by the permit, conformance with condi-
4 tions of approval required by the permit and the standards established by subsection (4)(d) of this
5 section.

6 (6) For the purposes of subsection (4) of this section:

7 (a) A county may authorize the use of temporary structures established in connection with the
8 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities authorized under subsection (4) of this section.
9 However, the temporary structures must be removed at the end of the agri-tourism or other event
10 or activity. The county may not approve an alteration to the land in connection with an agri-tourism
11 or other commercial event or activity authorized under subsection (4) of this section, including, but
12 not limited to, grading, filling or paving.

13 (b) The county may issue the limited use permits authorized by subsection (4)(c) of this section
14 for two calendar years. When considering an application for renewal, the county shall ensure com-
15 pliance with the provisions of subsection (4)(c) of this section, any local standards that apply and
16 conditions that apply to the permit or to the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities
17 authorized by the permit.

18 (c) The authorizations provided by subsection (4) of this section are in addition to other au-
19 thorizations that may be provided by law, except that “outdoor mass gathering” and “other gather-
20 ing,” as those terms are used in ORS 197.015 (10)(d), do not include agri-tourism or other commercial
21 events and activities.

22 **SECTION 4.** ORS 215.283, as amended by section 8, chapter 462, Oregon Laws 2013, section 4,
23 chapter 148, Oregon Laws 2017, section 6, chapter 253, Oregon Laws 2017, section 2, chapter 393,
24 Oregon Laws 2017, and section 6, chapter 504, Oregon Laws 2017, is amended to read:

25 215.283. (1) The following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

26 (a) Churches and cemeteries in conjunction with churches.

27 (b) The propagation or harvesting of a forest product.

28 (c) Utility facilities necessary for public service, including wetland waste treatment systems but
29 not including commercial facilities for the purpose of generating electrical power for public use by
30 sale or transmission towers over 200 feet in height. A utility facility necessary for public service
31 may be established as provided in:

32 (A) ORS 215.275; or

33 (B) If the utility facility is an associated transmission line, as defined in ORS 215.274 and
34 469.300.

35 (d) A dwelling on real property used for farm use if the dwelling is occupied by a relative of the
36 farm operator or the farm operator’s spouse, which means a child, parent, stepparent, grandchild,
37 grandparent, stepgrandparent, sibling, stepsibling, niece, nephew or first cousin of either, if the farm
38 operator does or will require the assistance of the relative in the management of the farm use and
39 the dwelling is located on the same lot or parcel as the dwelling of the farm operator. Notwithstanding ORS 92.010 to 92.192 or the minimum lot or parcel size requirements under ORS
40 215.780, if the owner of a dwelling described in this paragraph obtains construction financing or
41 other financing secured by the dwelling and the secured party forecloses on the dwelling, the se-
42 cured party may also foreclose on the homesite, as defined in ORS 308A.250, and the foreclosure
43 shall operate as a partition of the homesite to create a new parcel.

44 (e) Subject to ORS 215.279, primary or accessory dwellings and other buildings customarily
45

1 provided in conjunction with farm use.

2 (f) Operations for the exploration for and production of geothermal resources as defined by ORS
3 522.005 and oil and gas as defined by ORS 520.005, including the placement and operation of
4 compressors, separators and other customary production equipment for an individual well adjacent
5 to the wellhead. Any activities or construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for
6 an exception under ORS 197.732 (2)(a) or (b).

7 (g) Operations for the exploration for minerals as defined by ORS 517.750. Any activities or
8 construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for an exception under ORS 197.732
9 (2)(a) or (b).

10 (h) Climbing and passing lanes within the right of way existing as of July 1, 1987.

11 (i) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways, including the placement of
12 utility facilities overhead and in the subsurface of public roads and highways along the public right
13 of way, but not including the addition of travel lanes, where no removal or displacement of buildings
14 would occur, or no new land parcels result.

15 (j) Temporary public road and highway detours that will be abandoned and restored to original
16 condition or use at such time as no longer needed.

17 (k) Minor betterment of existing public road and highway related facilities such as maintenance
18 yards, weigh stations and rest areas, within right of way existing as of July 1, 1987, and contiguous
19 public-owned property utilized to support the operation and maintenance of public roads and high-
20 ways.

21 (L) A replacement dwelling to be used in conjunction with farm use if the existing dwelling has
22 been listed in a county inventory as historic property as defined in ORS 358.480.

23 (m) Creation, restoration or enhancement of wetlands.

24 (n) A winery, as described in ORS 215.452 or 215.453.

25 (o) Farm stands if:

26 (A) The structures are designed and used for the sale of farm crops or livestock grown on the
27 farm operation, or grown on the farm operation and other farm operations in the local agricultural
28 area, including the sale of retail incidental items and fee-based activity to promote the sale of farm
29 crops or livestock sold at the farm stand if the annual sale of incidental items and fees from pro-
30 motional activity do not make up more than 25 percent of the total annual sales of the farm stand;
31 and

32 (B) The farm stand does not include structures designed for occupancy as a residence or for
33 activity other than the sale of farm crops or livestock and does not include structures for banquets,
34 public gatherings or public entertainment.

35 (p) Alteration, restoration or replacement of a lawfully established dwelling that:

36 (A) Has intact exterior walls and roof structure;

37 (B) Has indoor plumbing consisting of a kitchen sink, toilet and bathing facilities connected to
38 a sanitary waste disposal system;

39 (C) Has interior wiring for interior lights;

40 (D) Has a heating system; and

41 (E) In the case of replacement:

42 (i) Is removed, demolished or converted to an allowable nonresidential use within three months
43 of the completion of the replacement dwelling. A replacement dwelling may be sited on any part of
44 the same lot or parcel. A dwelling established under this paragraph shall comply with all applicable
45 siting standards. However, the standards shall not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting

1 of the dwelling. If the dwelling to be replaced is located on a portion of the lot or parcel not zoned
2 for exclusive farm use, the applicant, as a condition of approval, shall execute and record in the
3 deed records for the county where the property is located a deed restriction prohibiting the siting
4 of a dwelling on that portion of the lot or parcel. The restriction imposed shall be irrevocable unless
5 a statement of release is placed in the deed records for the county. The release shall be signed by
6 the county or its designee and state that the provisions of this paragraph regarding replacement
7 dwellings have changed to allow the siting of another dwelling. The county planning director or the
8 director's designee shall maintain a record of the lots and parcels that do not qualify for the siting
9 of a new dwelling under the provisions of this paragraph, including a copy of the deed restrictions
10 and release statements filed under this paragraph; and

11 (ii) For which the applicant has requested a deferred replacement permit, is removed or demol-
12 ished within three months after the deferred replacement permit is issued. A deferred replacement
13 permit allows construction of the replacement dwelling at any time. If, however, the established
14 dwelling is not removed or demolished within three months after the deferred replacement permit
15 is issued, the permit becomes void. The replacement dwelling must comply with applicable building
16 codes, plumbing codes, sanitation codes and other requirements relating to health and safety or to
17 siting at the time of construction. A deferred replacement permit may not be transferred, by sale
18 or otherwise, except by the applicant to the spouse or a child of the applicant.

19 (q) A site for the takeoff and landing of model aircraft, including such buildings or facilities as
20 may reasonably be necessary. Buildings or facilities shall not be more than 500 square feet in floor
21 area or placed on a permanent foundation unless the building or facility preexisted the use approved
22 under this paragraph. The site shall not include an aggregate surface or hard surface area unless
23 the surface preexisted the use approved under this paragraph. An owner of property used for the
24 purpose authorized in this paragraph may charge a person operating the use on the property rent
25 for the property. An operator may charge users of the property a fee that does not exceed the
26 operator's cost to maintain the property, buildings and facilities. As used in this paragraph, "model
27 aircraft" means a small-scale version of an airplane, glider, helicopter, dirigible or balloon that is
28 used or intended to be used for flight and is controlled by radio, lines or design by a person on the
29 ground.

30 (r) A facility for the processing of farm crops or for the production of biofuel, as defined in ORS
31 315.141, if the facility is located on a farm operation that provides at least one-quarter of the farm
32 crops processed at the facility, or an establishment for the slaughter, processing or selling of poultry
33 or poultry products pursuant to ORS 603.038. If a building is established or used for the processing
34 facility or establishment, the farm operator may not devote more than 10,000 square feet of floor
35 area to the processing facility or establishment, exclusive of the floor area designated for prepara-
36 tion, storage or other farm use. A processing facility or establishment must comply with all appli-
37 cable siting standards but the standards may not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting
38 of the processing facility or establishment.

39 (s) Fire service facilities providing rural fire protection services.

40 (t) Irrigation reservoirs, canals, delivery lines and those structures and accessory operational
41 facilities, not including parks or other recreational structures and facilities, associated with a dis-
42 trict as defined in ORS 540.505.

43 (u) Utility facility service lines. Utility facility service lines are utility lines and accessory fa-
44 cilities or structures that end at the point where the utility service is received by the customer and
45 that are located on one or more of the following:

1 (A) A public right of way;

2 (B) Land immediately adjacent to a public right of way, provided the written consent of all ad-
3 jacent property owners has been obtained; or

4 (C) The property to be served by the utility.

5 (v) Subject to the issuance of a license, permit or other approval by the Department of Envi-
6 ronmental Quality under ORS 454.695, 459.205, 468B.050, 468B.053 or 468B.055, or in compliance with
7 rules adopted under ORS 468B.095, and as provided in ORS 215.246 to 215.251, the land application
8 of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids, or the onsite treatment of
9 septage prior to the land application of biosolids, for agricultural, horticultural or silvicultural pro-
10 duction, or for irrigation in connection with a use allowed in an exclusive farm use zone under this
11 chapter. For the purposes of this paragraph, onsite treatment of septage prior to the land application
12 of biosolids is limited to treatment using treatment facilities that are portable, temporary and
13 transportable by truck trailer, as defined in ORS 801.580, during a period of time within which land
14 application of biosolids is authorized under the license, permit or other approval.

15 (w) A county law enforcement facility that lawfully existed on August 20, 2002, and is used to
16 provide rural law enforcement services primarily in rural areas, including parole and post-prison
17 supervision, but not including a correctional facility as defined under ORS 162.135.

18 (x) Dog training classes or testing trials, which may be conducted outdoors or in preexisting
19 farm buildings, when:

20 (A) The number of dogs participating in training does not exceed 10 dogs per training class and
21 the number of training classes to be held on-site does not exceed six per day; and

22 (B) The number of dogs participating in a testing trial does not exceed 60 and the number of
23 testing trials to be conducted on-site is limited to four or fewer trials per calendar year.

24 (y) A cider business, as described in ORS 215.451.

25 (2) The following nonfarm uses may be established, subject to the approval of the governing body
26 or its designee in any area zoned for exclusive farm use subject to ORS 215.296:

27 (a) Commercial activities that are in conjunction with farm use, including the processing of farm
28 crops into biofuel not permitted under ORS 215.203 (2)(b)(K) or subsection (1)(r) of this section.

29 (b) Operations conducted for:

30 (A) Mining and processing of geothermal resources as defined by ORS 522.005 and oil and gas
31 as defined by ORS 520.005 not otherwise permitted under subsection (1)(f) of this section;

32 (B) Mining, crushing or stockpiling of aggregate and other mineral and other subsurface re-
33 sources subject to ORS 215.298;

34 (C) Processing, as defined by ORS 517.750, of aggregate into asphalt or portland cement; and

35 (D) Processing of other mineral resources and other subsurface resources.

36 (c) Private parks, playgrounds, hunting and fishing preserves and campgrounds. Subject to the
37 approval of the county governing body or its designee, a private campground may provide yurts for
38 overnight camping. No more than one-third or a maximum of 10 campsites, whichever is smaller,
39 may include a yurt. The yurt shall be located on the ground or on a wood floor with no permanent
40 foundation. Upon request of a county governing body, the Land Conservation and Development
41 Commission may provide by rule for an increase in the number of yurts allowed on all or a portion
42 of the campgrounds in a county if the commission determines that the increase will comply with the
43 standards described in ORS 215.296 (1). As used in this paragraph, "yurt" means a round, domed
44 shelter of cloth or canvas on a collapsible frame with no plumbing, sewage disposal hookup or
45 internal cooking appliance.

1 (d) Parks and playgrounds. A public park may be established consistent with the provisions of
2 ORS 195.120.

3 (e) Community centers owned by a governmental agency or a nonprofit community organization
4 and operated primarily by and for residents of the local rural community. A community center au-
5 thorized under this paragraph may provide services to veterans, including but not limited to emer-
6 gency and transitional shelter, preparation and service of meals, vocational and educational
7 counseling and referral to local, state or federal agencies providing medical, mental health, disability
8 income replacement and substance abuse services, only in a facility that is in existence on January
9 1, 2006. The services may not include direct delivery of medical, mental health, disability income
10 replacement or substance abuse services.

11 (f) Golf courses on land:

12 (A) Determined not to be high-value farmland, as defined in ORS 195.300 (10); or

13 (B) Determined to be high-value farmland described in ORS 195.300 (10)(c) if the land:

14 (i) Is not otherwise described in ORS 195.300 (10);

15 (ii) Is surrounded on all sides by an approved golf course; and

16 (iii) Is west of U.S. Highway 101.

17 (g) Commercial utility facilities for the purpose of generating power for public use by sale. If the
18 area zoned for exclusive farm use is high-value farmland, a photovoltaic solar power generation fa-
19 cility may be established as a commercial utility facility as provided in ORS 215.447.

20 (h) Personal-use airports for airplanes and helicopter pads, including associated hangar, main-
21 tenance and service facilities. A personal-use airport, as used in this section, means an airstrip re-
22 stricted, except for aircraft emergencies, to use by the owner, and, on an infrequent and occasional
23 basis, by invited guests, and by commercial aviation activities in connection with agricultural op-
24 erations. No aircraft may be based on a personal-use airport other than those owned or controlled
25 by the owner of the airstrip. Exceptions to the activities permitted under this definition may be
26 granted through waiver action by the Oregon Department of Aviation in specific instances. A
27 personal-use airport lawfully existing as of September 13, 1975, shall continue to be permitted sub-
28 ject to any applicable rules of the Oregon Department of Aviation.

29 (i) Home occupations as provided in ORS 215.448.

30 (j) A facility for the primary processing of forest products, provided that such facility is found
31 to not seriously interfere with accepted farming practices and is compatible with farm uses de-
32 scribed in ORS 215.203 (2). Such a facility may be approved for a one-year period which is
33 renewable. These facilities are intended to be only portable or temporary in nature. The primary
34 processing of a forest product, as used in this section, means the use of a portable chipper or stud
35 mill or other similar methods of initial treatment of a forest product in order to enable its shipment
36 to market. Forest products, as used in this section, means timber grown upon a parcel of land or
37 contiguous land where the primary processing facility is located.

38 (k) A site for the disposal of solid waste approved by the governing body of a city or county or
39 both and for which a permit has been granted under ORS 459.245 by the Department of Environ-
40 mental Quality together with equipment, facilities or buildings necessary for its operation.

41 (L) One manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle, or the temporary residential use of an
42 existing building, in conjunction with an existing dwelling as a temporary use for the term of a
43 hardship suffered by the existing resident or a relative of the resident. Within three months of the
44 end of the hardship, the manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle shall be removed or demol-
45 ished or, in the case of an existing building, the building shall be removed, demolished or returned

1 to an allowed nonresidential use. The governing body or its designee shall provide for periodic re-
2 view of the hardship claimed under this paragraph. A temporary residence approved under this
3 paragraph is not eligible for replacement under subsection (1)(p) of this section.

4 (m) Transmission towers over 200 feet in height.

5 (n)(A) Commercial dog boarding kennels; or

6 (B) Dog training classes or testing trials that cannot be established under subsection (1)(x) of
7 this section.

8 (o) Residential homes as defined in ORS 197.660, in existing dwellings.

9 (p) The propagation, cultivation, maintenance and harvesting of aquatic species that are not
10 under the jurisdiction of the State Fish and Wildlife Commission or insect species. Insect species
11 shall not include any species under quarantine by the State Department of Agriculture or the United
12 States Department of Agriculture. The county shall provide notice of all applications under this
13 paragraph to the State Department of Agriculture. Notice shall be provided in accordance with the
14 county's land use regulations but shall be mailed at least 20 calendar days prior to any administra-
15 tive decision or initial public hearing on the application.

16 (q) Construction of additional passing and travel lanes requiring the acquisition of right of way
17 but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

18 (r) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways involving the removal or dis-
19 placement of buildings but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

20 (s) Improvement of public road and highway related facilities, such as maintenance yards, weigh
21 stations and rest areas, where additional property or right of way is required but not resulting in
22 the creation of new land parcels.

23 (t) A destination resort that is approved consistent with the requirements of any statewide
24 planning goal relating to the siting of a destination resort.

25 (u) Room and board arrangements for a maximum of five unrelated persons in existing resi-
26 dences.

27 (v) Operations for the extraction and bottling of water.

28 (w) Expansion of existing county fairgrounds and activities directly relating to county
29 fairgrounds governed by county fair boards established pursuant to ORS 565.210.

30 (x) A living history museum related to resource based activities owned and operated by a gov-
31 ernmental agency or a local historical society, together with limited commercial activities and fa-
32 cilities that are directly related to the use and enjoyment of the museum and located within
33 authentic buildings of the depicted historic period or the museum administration building, if areas
34 other than an exclusive farm use zone cannot accommodate the museum and related activities or if
35 the museum administration buildings and parking lot are located within one quarter mile of an ur-
36 ban growth boundary. As used in this paragraph:

37 (A) "Living history museum" means a facility designed to depict and interpret everyday life and
38 culture of some specific historic period using authentic buildings, tools, equipment and people to
39 simulate past activities and events; and

40 (B) "Local historical society" means the local historical society recognized by the county gov-
41 erning body and organized under ORS chapter 65.

42 (y) An aerial fireworks display business that has been in continuous operation at its current
43 location within an exclusive farm use zone since December 31, 1986, and possesses a wholesaler's
44 permit to sell or provide fireworks.

45 (z) A landscape contracting business, as defined in ORS 671.520, or a business providing land-

1 scape architecture services, as described in ORS 671.318, if the business is pursued in conjunction
2 with the growing and marketing of nursery stock on the land that constitutes farm use.

3 (aa) Public or private schools for kindergarten through grade 12, including all buildings essential
4 to the operation of a school, primarily for residents of the rural area in which the school is located.

5 **(bb) Equine and equine-affiliated therapeutic and counseling activities, provided:**

6 **(A) The activities are conducted in existing buildings that were lawfully constructed on**
7 **the property before the effective date of this 2018 Act or in new buildings that are accessory,**
8 **incidental and subordinate to the farm use on the tract; and**

9 **(B) All individuals conducting therapeutic or counseling activities are acting within the**
10 **proper scope of any licenses required by the state.**

11 (3) Roads, highways and other transportation facilities and improvements not allowed under
12 subsections (1) and (2) of this section may be established, subject to the approval of the governing
13 body or its designee, in areas zoned for exclusive farm use subject to:

14 (a) Adoption of an exception to the goal related to agricultural lands and to any other applicable
15 goal with which the facility or improvement does not comply; or

16 (b) ORS 215.296 for those uses identified by rule of the Land Conservation and Development
17 Commission as provided in section 3, chapter 529, Oregon Laws 1993.

18 (4) The following agri-tourism and other commercial events or activities that are related to and
19 supportive of agriculture may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

20 (a) A county may authorize a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity on a
21 tract in a calendar year by an authorization that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred
22 by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract, if the agri-tourism or other commercial event
23 or activity meets any local standards that apply and:

24 (A) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity is incidental and subordinate to ex-
25 isting farm use on the tract;

26 (B) The duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not exceed 72
27 consecutive hours;

28 (C) The maximum attendance at the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not
29 exceed 500 people;

30 (D) The maximum number of motor vehicles parked at the site of the agri-tourism or other
31 commercial event or activity does not exceed 250 vehicles;

32 (E) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with ORS 215.296;

33 (F) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity occurs outdoors, in temporary
34 structures, or in existing permitted structures, subject to health and fire and life safety require-
35 ments; and

36 (G) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with conditions established
37 for:

38 (i) Planned hours of operation;

39 (ii) Access, egress and parking;

40 (iii) A traffic management plan that identifies the projected number of vehicles and any antic-
41 ipated use of public roads; and

42 (iv) Sanitation and solid waste.

43 (b) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize,
44 through an expedited, single-event license, a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or ac-
45 tivity on a tract in a calendar year by an expedited, single-event license that is personal to the ap-

1 plicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract. A decision
2 concerning an expedited, single-event license is not a land use decision, as defined in ORS 197.015.
3 To approve an expedited, single-event license, the governing body of a county or its designee must
4 determine that the proposed agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity meets any local
5 standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity:

6 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;

7 (B) May not begin before 6 a.m. or end after 10 p.m.;

8 (C) May not involve more than 100 attendees or 50 vehicles;

9 (D) May not include the artificial amplification of music or voices before 8 a.m. or after 8 p.m.;

10 (E) May not require or involve the construction or use of a new permanent structure in con-
11 nection with the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity;

12 (F) Must be located on a tract of at least 10 acres unless the owners or residents of adjoining
13 properties consent, in writing, to the location; and

14 (G) Must comply with applicable health and fire and life safety requirements.

15 (c) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection, a county may authorize up to
16 six agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities on a tract in a calendar year by a limited
17 use permit that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a
18 conveyance of the tract. The agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities must meet any
19 local standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities:

20 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;

21 (B) May not, individually, exceed a duration of 72 consecutive hours;

22 (C) May not require that a new permanent structure be built, used or occupied in connection
23 with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

24 (D) Must comply with ORS 215.296;

25 (E) May not, in combination with other agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities
26 authorized in the area, materially alter the stability of the land use pattern in the area; and

27 (F) Must comply with conditions established for:

28 (i) The types of agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities that are authorized during
29 each calendar year, including the number and duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial
30 events and activities, the anticipated daily attendance and the hours of operation;

31 (ii) The location of existing structures and the location of proposed temporary structures to be
32 used in connection with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

33 (iii) The location of access and egress and parking facilities to be used in connection with the
34 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

35 (iv) Traffic management, including the projected number of vehicles and any anticipated use of
36 public roads; and

37 (v) Sanitation and solid waste.

38 (d) In addition to paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize agri-tourism
39 or other commercial events or activities that occur more frequently or for a longer period or that
40 do not otherwise comply with paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection if the agri-tourism or other
41 commercial events or activities comply with any local standards that apply and the agri-tourism or
42 other commercial events or activities:

43 (A) Are incidental and subordinate to existing commercial farm use of the tract and are neces-
44 sary to support the commercial farm uses or the commercial agricultural enterprises in the area;

45 (B) Comply with the requirements of paragraph (c)(C), (D), (E) and (F) of this subsection;

1 (C) Occur on a lot or parcel that complies with the acknowledged minimum lot or parcel size;
2 and

3 (D) Do not exceed 18 events or activities in a calendar year.

4 (5) A holder of a permit authorized by a county under subsection (4)(d) of this section must re-
5 quest review of the permit at four-year intervals. Upon receipt of a request for review, the county
6 shall:

7 (a) Provide public notice and an opportunity for public comment as part of the review process;
8 and

9 (b) Limit its review to events and activities authorized by the permit, conformance with condi-
10 tions of approval required by the permit and the standards established by subsection (4)(d) of this
11 section.

12 (6) For the purposes of subsection (4) of this section:

13 (a) A county may authorize the use of temporary structures established in connection with the
14 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities authorized under subsection (4) of this section.
15 However, the temporary structures must be removed at the end of the agri-tourism or other event
16 or activity. The county may not approve an alteration to the land in connection with an agri-tourism
17 or other commercial event or activity authorized under subsection (4) of this section, including, but
18 not limited to, grading, filling or paving.

19 (b) The county may issue the limited use permits authorized by subsection (4)(c) of this section
20 for two calendar years. When considering an application for renewal, the county shall ensure com-
21 pliance with the provisions of subsection (4)(c) of this section, any local standards that apply and
22 conditions that apply to the permit or to the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities
23 authorized by the permit.

24 (c) The authorizations provided by subsection (4) of this section are in addition to other au-
25 thorizations that may be provided by law, except that “outdoor mass gathering” and “other gather-
26 ing,” as those terms are used in ORS 197.015 (10)(d), do not include agri-tourism or other commercial
27 events and activities.

28