

**HOUSE MINORITY REPORT  
AMENDMENTS TO  
B-ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 1528**

By Nonconcurring Members of COMMITTEE ON REVENUE

March 1

1 On page 1 of the printed B-engrossed bill, line 2, delete “314.752 and 318.031” and insert  
2 “178.300, 178.375, 238A.005, 238A.125, 238A.150, 238A.170, 238A.230, 238A.370, 238A.400, 238A.410,  
3 238A.415, 238A.430, 238A.435, 305.230, 305.494, 305.690, 305.842, 314.011, 314.306, 315.004, 316.012,  
4 316.147, 316.157, 317.010, 317.097, 458.670 and 657.010”.

5 Delete lines 5 through 19 and delete pages 2 through 4 and insert:

6 “**SECTION 1.** ORS 178.300 is amended to read:

7 “178.300. As used in ORS 178.300 to 178.355:

8 “(1) ‘Account’ means an individual account established in accordance with ORS 178.300 to  
9 178.355.

10 “(2) ‘Account owner’ means the person who has the right to withdraw funds from the account.  
11 The account owner may also be the designated beneficiary of the account.

12 “(3) ‘Board’ means the Oregon 529 Savings Board established under ORS 178.310.

13 “(4) ‘Designated beneficiary’ means, except as provided in ORS 178.350, the individual designated  
14 at the time the account is opened as having the right to receive a qualified withdrawal for the  
15 payment of qualified higher education expenses, or if the designated beneficiary is replaced in ac-  
16 cordance with ORS 178.350, the replacement.

17 “(5) ‘Financial institution’ means a bank, a commercial bank, a national bank, a savings bank,  
18 a savings and loan, a thrift institution, a credit union, an insurance company, a trust company, a  
19 mutual fund, an investment firm or other similar entity authorized to do business in this state.

20 “(6) ‘Higher education institution’ means an eligible education institution as defined in section  
21 529(e)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

22 “(7) ‘Internal Revenue Code’ means the federal Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect  
23 on December 31, [2016] **2017**.

24 “(8) ‘Member of the family’ shall have the same meaning as contained in section 529(e) of the  
25 Internal Revenue Code.

26 “(9) ‘Network’ means the Oregon 529 Savings Network established under ORS 178.305.

27 “(10) ‘Nonqualified withdrawal’ means a withdrawal from an account that is not a qualified  
28 withdrawal.

29 “(11) ‘Qualified higher education expenses’ means tuition and other permitted expenses as set  
30 forth in section 529(e) of the Internal Revenue Code for the enrollment or attendance of a designated  
31 beneficiary at a higher education institution.

32 “(12) ‘Qualified withdrawal’ means a withdrawal made as prescribed under ORS 178.355 and  
33 made:

34 “(a) From an account to pay the qualified higher education expenses of the designated benefi-

1 ciary;

2 “(b) As the result of the death or disability of the designated beneficiary;

3 “(c) As the result of a scholarship, allowance or payment described in section 135(d)(1)(A), (B)

4 or (C) of the Internal Revenue Code that is received by the designated beneficiary, but only to the

5 extent of the amount of the scholarship, allowance or payment; or

6 “(d) As a rollover or change in the designated beneficiary described in ORS 178.350.

7 “**SECTION 1a.** ORS 178.375 is amended to read:

8 “178.375. As used in this section and ORS 178.380 and 178.385:

9 “(1) ‘ABLE account’ means an account established by an eligible individual, owned by the eli-

10 gible individual and maintained under the qualified ABLE program established by the Oregon 529

11 Savings Board under ORS 178.380.

12 “(2) ‘ABLE Act’ means the Stephen Beck, Jr., Achieving a Better Life Experience Act of 2014

13 (Division B of P.L. 113-295).

14 “(3) ‘Designated beneficiary’ has the same meaning as contained in section 529A of the Internal

15 Revenue Code.

16 “(4) ‘Eligible individual’ has the same meaning as contained in section 529A of the Internal Re-

17 venue Code.

18 “(5) ‘Internal Revenue Code’ means the federal Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect

19 on December 31, [2015] 2017.

20 “(6) ‘Qualified disability expense’ has the same meaning as contained in section 529A of the

21 Internal Revenue Code.

22 “**SECTION 2.** ORS 238A.005 is amended to read:

23 “238A.005. For the purposes of this chapter:

24 “(1) ‘Active member’ means a member of the pension program or the individual account program

25 of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan who is actively employed in a qualifying position.

26 “(2) ‘Actuarial equivalent’ means a payment or series of payments having the same value as the

27 payment or series of payments replaced, computed on the basis of interest rate and mortality as-

28 sumptions adopted by the board.

29 “(3) ‘Board’ means the Public Employees Retirement Board.

30 “(4) ‘Eligible employee’ means a person who performs services for a participating public em-

31 ployer, including elected officials other than judges. ‘Eligible employee’ does not include:

32 “(a) Persons engaged as independent contractors;

33 “(b) Aliens working under a training or educational visa;

34 “(c) Persons provided sheltered employment or make-work by a public employer;

35 “(d) Persons categorized by a participating public employer as student employees;

36 “(e) Any person who is an inmate of a state institution;

37 “(f) Employees of foreign trade offices of the Oregon Business Development Department who live

38 and perform services in foreign countries under the provisions of ORS 285A.075 (1)(g);

39 “(g) An employee actively participating in an alternative retirement program established under

40 ORS 353.250 or an optional retirement plan established under ORS 341.551;

41 “(h) Employees of a public university listed in ORS 352.002 who are actively participating in an

42 optional retirement plan offered under ORS 243.800;

43 “(i) Persons employed in positions classified as post-doctoral scholar positions by a public uni-

44 versity listed in ORS 352.002, or by the Oregon Health and Science University, under ORS 350.370;

45 “(j) Any employee who belongs to a class of employees that was not eligible on August 28, 2003,

1 for membership in the system under the provisions of ORS chapter 238 or other law;

2 “(k) Any person who belongs to a class of employees who are not eligible to become members  
3 of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan under the provisions of ORS 238A.070 (2);

4 “(L) Any person who is retired under ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250 or ORS chapter 238 and who  
5 continues to receive retirement benefits while employed; and

6 “(m) Judges.

7 “(5) ‘Firefighter’ means:

8 “(a) A person employed by a local government, as defined in ORS 174.116, whose primary job  
9 duties include the fighting of fires;

10 “(b) The State Fire Marshal, the chief deputy state fire marshal and deputy state fire marshals;  
11 and

12 “(c) An employee of the State Forestry Department who is certified by the State Forester as a  
13 professional wildland firefighter and whose primary duties include the abatement of uncontrolled  
14 fires as described in ORS 477.064.

15 “(6) ‘Fund’ means the Public Employees Retirement Fund.

16 “(7)(a) ‘Hour of service’ means:

17 “(A) An hour for which an eligible employee is directly or indirectly paid or entitled to payment  
18 by a participating public employer for performance of duties in a qualifying position; and

19 “(B) An hour of vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity, jury duty, military duty or authorized  
20 leave during which an employee does not perform duties but for which the employee is directly or  
21 indirectly paid or entitled to payment by a participating public employer for services in a qualifying  
22 position, as long as the hour is within the number of hours regularly scheduled for the performance  
23 of duties during the period of vacation, holiday, illness, incapacity, jury duty, military duty or au-  
24 thorized leave.

25 “(b) ‘Hour of service’ does not include any hour for which payment is made or due under a plan  
26 maintained solely for the purpose of complying with applicable unemployment compensation laws.

27 “(8) ‘Inactive member’ means a member of the pension program or the individual account pro-  
28 gram of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan whose membership has not been terminated, who  
29 is not a retired member and who is not employed in a qualifying position.

30 “(9) ‘Individual account program’ means the defined contribution individual account program of  
31 the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan established under ORS 238A.025.

32 “(10) ‘Institution of higher education’ means a public university listed in ORS 352.002, the  
33 Oregon Health and Science University or a community college, as defined in ORS 341.005.

34 “(11) ‘Member’ means an eligible employee who has established membership in the pension pro-  
35 gram or the individual account program of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan and whose  
36 membership has not been terminated under ORS 238A.110 or 238A.310.

37 “(12) ‘Participating public employer’ means a public employer as defined in ORS 238.005 that  
38 provides retirement benefits for employees of the public employer under the system.

39 “(13) ‘Pension program’ means the defined benefit pension program of the Oregon Public Service  
40 Retirement Plan established under ORS 238A.025.

41 “(14) ‘Police officer’ means a police officer as described in ORS 238.005.

42 “(15) ‘Qualifying position’ means one or more jobs with one or more participating public em-  
43 ployers in which an eligible employee performs 600 or more hours of service in a calendar year,  
44 excluding any service in a job for which benefits are not provided under the Oregon Public Service  
45 Retirement Plan pursuant to ORS 238A.070 (2).

1 “(16) ‘Retired member’ means a pension program member who is receiving a pension as provided  
2 in ORS 238A.180 to 238A.195.

3 “(17)(a) ‘Salary’ means the remuneration paid to an active member in return for services to the  
4 participating public employer, including remuneration in the form of living quarters, board or other  
5 items of value, to the extent the remuneration is includable in the employee’s taxable income under  
6 Oregon law. ‘Salary’ includes the additional amounts specified in paragraph (b) of this subsection,  
7 but does not include the amounts specified in paragraph (c) of this subsection, regardless of whether  
8 those amounts are includable in taxable income.

9 “(b) ‘Salary’ includes the following amounts:

10 “(A) Payments of employee and employer money into a deferred compensation plan that are  
11 made at the election of the employee.

12 “(B) Contributions to a tax-sheltered or deferred annuity that are made at the election of the  
13 employee.

14 “(C) Any amount that is contributed to a cafeteria plan or qualified transportation fringe benefit  
15 plan by the employer at the election of the employee and that is not includable in the taxable in-  
16 come of the employee by reason of 26 U.S.C. 125 or 132(f)(4), as in effect on December 31, [2016]  
17 **2017**.

18 “(D) Any amount that is contributed to a cash or deferred arrangement by the employer at the  
19 election of the employee and that is not included in the taxable income of the employee by reason  
20 of 26 U.S.C. 402(e)(3), as in effect on December 31, [2016] **2017**.

21 “(E) Retroactive payments described in ORS 238.008.

22 “(F) The amount of an employee contribution to the individual account program that is paid by  
23 the employer and deducted from the compensation of the employee, as provided under ORS 238A.335  
24 (1) and (2)(a).

25 “(G) The amount of an employee contribution to the individual account program that is not paid  
26 by the employer under ORS 238A.335.

27 “(H) Wages of a deceased member paid to a surviving spouse or dependent children under ORS  
28 652.190.

29 “(c) ‘Salary’ does not include the following amounts:

30 “(A) Travel or any other expenses incidental to employer’s business which is reimbursed by the  
31 employer.

32 “(B) Payments made on account of an employee’s death.

33 “(C) Any lump sum payment for accumulated unused sick leave, vacation leave or other paid  
34 leave.

35 “(D) Any severance payment, accelerated payment of an employment contract for a future period  
36 or advance against future wages.

37 “(E) Any retirement incentive, retirement bonus or retirement gratuitous payment.

38 “(F) Payment for a leave of absence after the date the employer and employee have agreed that  
39 no future services in a qualifying position will be performed.

40 “(G) Payments for instructional services rendered to public universities listed in ORS 352.002  
41 or the Oregon Health and Science University when those services are in excess of full-time em-  
42 ployment subject to this chapter. A person employed under a contract for less than 12 months is  
43 subject to this subparagraph only for the months covered by the contract.

44 “(H) The amount of an employee contribution to the individual account program that is paid by  
45 the employer and is not deducted from the compensation of the employee, as provided under ORS

1 238A.335 (1) and (2)(b).

2 “(I) Any amount in excess of \$200,000 for a calendar year. If any period over which salary is  
3 determined is less than 12 months, the \$200,000 limitation for that period shall be multiplied by a  
4 fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months in the determination period and the de-  
5 nominator of which is 12. The board shall adopt rules adjusting this dollar limit to incorporate  
6 cost-of-living adjustments authorized by the Internal Revenue Service.

7 “(18) ‘System’ means the Public Employees Retirement System.

8 “(19) ‘Workers’ compensation benefits’ means:

9 “(a) Payments made under ORS chapter 656; or

10 “(b) Payments provided in lieu of workers’ compensation benefits under ORS 656.027 (6).

11 “**SECTION 3.** ORS 238A.125 is amended to read:

12 “238A.125. (1) Upon retiring at normal retirement age, a vested pension program member shall  
13 be paid an annual pension for the life of the member as follows:

14 “(a) For service as a police officer or firefighter, 1.8 percent of final average salary multiplied  
15 by the number of years of retirement credit attributable to service as a police officer or firefighter.

16 “(b) For service as other than a police officer or firefighter, 1.5 percent of final average salary  
17 multiplied by the number of years of retirement credit attributable to service as other than a police  
18 officer or firefighter.

19 “(2) Notwithstanding any provision of ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250, the annual benefit payable to  
20 a member under the pension program and under any other tax-qualified defined benefit plan main-  
21 tained by the participating public employer may not exceed the applicable limitations set forth in  
22 26 U.S.C. 415(b), as in effect on December 31, [2016] **2017**. The Public Employees Retirement Board  
23 shall adopt rules for the administration of this limitation, including adjustments in the annual dollar  
24 limitation to reflect cost-of-living adjustments authorized by the Internal Revenue Service.

25 “(3) The board shall make no actuarial adjustment in a member’s pension calculated under this  
26 section by reason of the member’s retirement after normal retirement age.

27 “**SECTION 4.** ORS 238A.150 is amended to read:

28 “238A.150. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250, an eligible  
29 employee who leaves a qualifying position for the purpose of performing service in the uniformed  
30 services, and who subsequently returns to employment with a participating public employer with  
31 reemployment rights under federal law, is entitled to accrue retirement credit, credit toward the  
32 probationary period required by ORS 238A.100 and credit toward the vesting requirements of ORS  
33 238A.115 under rules adopted by the Public Employees Retirement Board pursuant to subsection (2)  
34 of this section.

35 “(2) The board shall adopt rules establishing benefits and service credit for any period of service  
36 in the uniformed services by an employee described in subsection (1) of this section. For the purpose  
37 of adopting rules under this subsection, the board shall consider and take into account all federal  
38 law relating to benefits and service credit for any period of service in the uniformed services, in-  
39 cluding 26 U.S.C. 414(u), as in effect on December 31, [2016] **2017**. Benefits and service credit under  
40 rules adopted by the board pursuant to this subsection may not exceed benefits and service credit  
41 required under federal law for periods of service in the uniformed services.

42 “**SECTION 5.** ORS 238A.170 is amended to read:

43 “238A.170. (1) An active member of the pension program who is 70-1/2 years of age or older must  
44 retire not later than April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the member  
45 terminates employment with all participating public employers. An inactive member of the pension

1 program must retire not later than April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which  
2 the member attains 70-1/2 years of age.

3 “(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250, the entire interest of a  
4 member of the pension program must be distributed over a time period commencing no later than  
5 the required beginning date set forth in subsection (1) of this section, and must be distributed in a  
6 manner that satisfies all other minimum distribution requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9) and regu-  
7 lations implementing that section, as in effect on December 31, [2016] **2017**. The Public Employees  
8 Retirement Board shall adopt rules implementing those minimum distribution requirements.

9 “**SECTION 6.** ORS 238A.230 is amended to read:

10 “238A.230. (1) If a member of the pension program who is vested dies before the member’s ef-  
11 fective date of retirement, the Public Employees Retirement Board shall pay the death benefit pro-  
12 vided for in this section to:

13 “(a) The spouse of the member to the extent not provided to a former spouse in accordance with  
14 a judgment or order under ORS 238.465;

15 “(b) The former spouse of the member as provided in a judgment or order under ORS 238.465;  
16 or

17 “(c) Any other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as a  
18 spouse for the purpose of retirement benefits.

19 “(2)(a) The death benefit to be paid under this section shall be for the life of the spouse, former  
20 spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as a  
21 spouse, and shall be the actuarial equivalent of 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have  
22 been paid to the deceased member.

23 “(b) For the purpose of paragraph (a) of this subsection, the amount of the pension that would  
24 otherwise have been paid to the deceased member shall be calculated:

25 “(A) As of the date of death if the member dies after the earliest retirement date for the member  
26 under ORS 238A.165; or

27 “(B) As if the member became an inactive member on the date of death and thereafter retired  
28 at the earliest retirement date if the member dies before the earliest retirement date for the member  
29 under ORS 238A.165.

30 “(3) The death benefit provided under this section is first effective on the first day of the month  
31 following the date of death of the member. The surviving spouse, former spouse or other person  
32 entitled to the death benefit may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must  
33 commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached  
34 70-1/2 years of age.

35 “(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.100 to 238A.250, distributions of death  
36 benefits under the pension program must comply with the minimum distribution requirements of 26  
37 U.S.C. 401(a)(9) and the regulations implementing that section, as in effect on December 31, [2016]  
38 **2017**. The board shall adopt rules implementing those minimum distribution requirements.

39 “**SECTION 7.** ORS 238A.370 is amended to read:

40 “238A.370. Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.300 to 238A.415, the annual addi-  
41 tion to the employee and employer accounts of a member of the individual account program for a  
42 calendar year, together with the annual additions to the accounts of the member under any other  
43 defined contribution plan maintained by the participating public employer for a calendar year, may  
44 not exceed the lesser of \$40,000, or 100 percent of the member’s compensation for that calendar year.  
45 For purposes of this section, ‘annual addition’ has the meaning given that term in 26 U.S.C. 415(c)(2),

1 as in effect on December 31, [2016] 2017, and ‘compensation’ has the meaning given the term  
2 ‘participant’s compensation’ in 26 U.S.C. 415(c)(3), as in effect on December 31, [2016] 2017. The  
3 Public Employees Retirement Board shall adopt rules for the administration of this limitation, in-  
4 cluding adjustments in the annual dollar limitation to reflect cost-of-living adjustments authorized  
5 by the Internal Revenue Service.

6 “**SECTION 8.** ORS 238A.400 is amended to read:

7 “238A.400. (1) Upon retirement on or after the earliest retirement date, as described in ORS  
8 238A.165, a member of the individual account program shall receive in a lump sum the amounts in  
9 the member’s employee account, rollover account and employer account to the extent the member  
10 is vested in those accounts under ORS 238A.320.

11 “(2) In lieu of a lump sum payment under subsection (1) of this section, a member of the indi-  
12 vidual account program may elect to receive the amounts in the member’s employee account and  
13 employer account, to the extent the member is vested in those accounts under ORS 238A.320, in  
14 substantially equal installments paid over a period of 5, 10, 15 or 20 years, or over a period that is  
15 equal to the anticipated life span of the member as actuarially determined by the Public Employees  
16 Retirement Board. Installments may be made on a monthly, quarterly or annual basis. In no event  
17 may the period selected by the member exceed the time allowed by the minimum distribution re-  
18 quirements described in subsection (5) of this section. The board shall by rule establish the manner  
19 in which installments will be adjusted to reflect investment gains and losses on the unpaid balance  
20 during the payout period elected by the member under this subsection. The board by rule may es-  
21 tablish minimum monthly amounts payable under this subsection. The board may require that a  
22 lump sum payment, or an installment schedule different than the schedules provided for in this  
23 subsection, be used to pay the vested amounts in the member’s accounts if those amounts are not  
24 adequate to generate the minimum monthly amounts specified by the rule.

25 “(3) A member of the individual account program electing to receive installments under sub-  
26 section (2) of this section must designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries. In the event the member dies  
27 before all amounts in the employee and vested employer accounts are paid, all remaining installment  
28 payments shall be made to the beneficiary or beneficiaries designated by the member. A beneficiary  
29 may elect to receive a lump sum distribution of the remaining amounts.

30 “(4) A member who is entitled to receive retirement benefits under ORS chapter 238 may receive  
31 vested amounts in the member’s employee account, rollover account and employer account in the  
32 manner provided by this section when the member retires for service under the provisions of ORS  
33 chapter 238.

34 “(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.300 to 238A.415, the entire interest of a  
35 member of the individual account program must be distributed over a time period commencing no  
36 later than the latest retirement date set forth in ORS 238A.170, and must be distributed in a manner  
37 that satisfies all other minimum distribution requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9) and regulations im-  
38 plementing that section, as in effect on December 31, [2016] 2017. The board shall adopt rules im-  
39 plementing those minimum distribution requirements.

40 “**SECTION 9.** ORS 238A.410 is amended to read:

41 “238A.410. (1) If a member of the individual account program dies before retirement, the  
42 amounts in the member’s employee account, rollover account and employer account, to the extent  
43 the member is vested in those accounts under ORS 238A.320, shall be paid in a lump sum to the  
44 beneficiary or beneficiaries designated by the member for the purposes of this section.

45 “(2) If a member of the individual account program is married at the time of death, or there

1 exists at the time of death any other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the  
2 same manner as a spouse for the purpose of retirement benefits, the spouse or other person shall  
3 be the beneficiary for purposes of the death benefit payable under this section unless the spouse or  
4 other person consents to the designation of a different beneficiary or beneficiaries before the des-  
5 ignation has been made and the consent has not been revoked by the spouse or other person as of  
6 the time of the member's death. Consent and revocation of consent must be in writing, acknowledged  
7 by a notary public, and submitted to the Public Employees Retirement Board in accordance with  
8 rules adopted by the board. If the member's spouse is designated as the member's beneficiary and  
9 the marriage of the member and spouse is subsequently dissolved, the former spouse shall be treated  
10 as predeceasing the member for purposes of this section, unless the member expressly designates the  
11 former spouse as beneficiary after the effective date of the dissolution or the former spouse is re-  
12 quired to be designated as a beneficiary under the provisions of ORS 238.465.

13 “(3) For purposes of this section and ORS 238A.400 (3), if a member fails to designate a benefi-  
14 ciary, or if the person or persons designated do not survive the member, the death benefit provided  
15 for in this section shall be paid to the following person or persons, in the following order of priority:

16 “(a) The member's surviving spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be  
17 treated in the same manner as a spouse;

18 “(b) The member's surviving children, in equal shares; or

19 “(c) The member's estate.

20 “(4) The entire amount of a deceased member's vested accounts must be distributed by December  
21 31 of the fifth calendar year after the year in which the member died. Notwithstanding any other  
22 provision of this chapter, distributions of death benefits under the individual account program must  
23 comply with the minimum distribution requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9) and the regulations im-  
24 plementing that section, as in effect on December 31, [2016] **2017**. The Public Employees Retirement  
25 Board shall adopt rules implementing those minimum distribution requirements.

26 “**SECTION 10.** ORS 238A.415 is amended to read:

27 “238A.415. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of ORS 238A.300 to 238A.415, an eligible  
28 employee who leaves a qualifying position for the purpose of performing service in the uniformed  
29 services, and who subsequently returns to employment with a participating public employer with  
30 reemployment rights under federal law, is entitled to credit toward the probationary period required  
31 by ORS 238A.300, credit toward the vesting requirements of ORS 238A.320 and contributions under  
32 rules adopted by the Public Employees Retirement Board pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.

33 “(2) The board shall adopt rules establishing contributions and service credit for any period of  
34 service in the uniformed services by an employee described in subsection (1) of this section. For the  
35 purpose of adopting rules under this subsection, the board shall consider and take into account all  
36 federal law relating to benefits and service credit for any period of service in the uniformed ser-  
37 vices, including 26 U.S.C. 414(u), as in effect on December 31, [2016] **2017**. Contributions and service  
38 credit under rules adopted by the board pursuant to this subsection may not exceed contributions  
39 and service credit required under federal law for periods of service in the uniformed services.

40 “**SECTION 11.** ORS 238A.430 is amended to read:

41 “238A.430. (1) To the extent required by law, and except as otherwise provided by rules adopted  
42 by the Public Employees Retirement Board under subsection (4) of this section, any portion of a  
43 distribution of benefits described in subsection (2) of this section shall, at the election of and in lieu  
44 of distribution to the distributee, be paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the  
45 distributee.



1 “(2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section apply to a distribution of any benefit under  
2 the pension program or the individual account program except:

3 “(a) A distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments made at least  
4 annually for the life or life expectancy of the distributee, or for the joint lives or life expectancies  
5 of the distributee and a designated beneficiary;

6 “(b) A distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments made at least  
7 annually for a specified period of 10 years or more; and

8 “(c) A distribution to the extent that the distribution is required under 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9).

9 “(3) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section apply to any portion of a distribution of  
10 benefits under the pension program or the individual account program even though the portion  
11 consists of after-tax employee contributions that are not includable in gross income. Any portion of  
12 a distribution that consists of after-tax employee contributions that are not includable in gross in-  
13 come may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in 26 U.S.C.  
14 408(a) or (b), or to a qualified defined contribution or defined benefit plan described in 26 U.S.C.  
15 401(a) or 403(b) that agrees to account separately for amounts transferred, including accounting  
16 separately for the portion of the distribution that is includable in gross income and the portion of  
17 the distribution that is not includable in gross income. The amount transferred shall be treated as  
18 consisting first of the portion of the distribution that is includable in gross income, determined  
19 without regard to 26 U.S.C. 402(c)(1).

20 “(4) The board shall adopt rules implementing the direct rollover requirements of 26 U.S.C.  
21 401(a)(31) and the regulations implementing that section, and may adopt administrative exceptions  
22 to the direct rollover requirements to the extent permitted by 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(31) and the regu-  
23 lations implementing that section.

24 “(5) All references in this section to federal laws and regulations are to the laws and regulations  
25 in effect on December 31, [2016] **2017**.

26 “(6) For purposes of this section:

27 “(a) ‘Distributee’ means a member, a member’s surviving spouse or a member’s alternate payee  
28 under ORS 238.465.

29 “(b) ‘Eligible retirement plan’ means:

30 “(A) An individual retirement account described in 26 U.S.C. 408(a);

31 “(B) An individual retirement annuity described in 26 U.S.C. 408(b), other than an endowment  
32 contract;

33 “(C) A qualified trust under 26 U.S.C. 401(a), that is a defined contribution or defined benefit  
34 plan and permits the acceptance of rollover contributions;

35 “(D) An annuity plan described in 26 U.S.C. 403(a);

36 “(E) An eligible deferred compensation plan described in 26 U.S.C. 457(b) that is maintained by  
37 an eligible governmental employer described in 26 U.S.C. 457(e)(1)(A) and that agrees to account  
38 separately for amounts transferred into such plan from the distributing plan; or

39 “(F) An annuity contract described in 26 U.S.C. 403(b).

40 “**SECTION 12.** ORS 238A.435 is amended to read:

41 “238A.435. (1) If a benefit is payable under this chapter to a beneficiary by reason of the death  
42 of a member of the system, the beneficiary may elect to have all or part of the distribution of the  
43 death benefit paid in an eligible rollover distribution to an individual retirement plan described in  
44 26 U.S.C. 408(a), or an individual retirement annuity, other than an endowment contract, described  
45 in 26 U.S.C. 408(b), if the plan or annuity is established for the purpose of receiving the eligible

1 rollover distribution on behalf of the designated beneficiary.

2 “(2) Subsection (1) of this section applies to an eligible rollover distribution of death benefits to  
3 a beneficiary who is not treated as the spouse of the decedent for federal tax purposes and who is  
4 the decedent’s designated beneficiary for the purposes of the minimum required distribution re-  
5 quirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9). To the extent provided by rules of the Public Employees Retire-  
6 ment Board, a trust maintained for the benefit of one or more beneficiaries must be treated by the  
7 board in the same manner as a trust that is designated as a beneficiary for the purposes of the  
8 minimum required distribution requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(9).

9 “(3) As used in this section, ‘eligible rollover distribution’ has the meaning given that term in  
10 26 U.S.C. 402(c)(4), as in effect on December 31, [2016] 2017.

11 “**SECTION 13.** ORS 305.230 is amended to read:

12 “305.230. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 9.320:

13 “(a) Any person who is qualified to practice law or public accountancy in this state, any person  
14 who has been granted active enrollment to practice before the Internal Revenue Service and who  
15 is qualified to prepare tax returns in this state or any person who is the authorized employee of a  
16 taxpayer and is regularly employed by the taxpayer in tax matters may represent the taxpayer be-  
17 fore a tax court magistrate or the Department of Revenue in any conference or proceeding with  
18 respect to the administration of any tax.

19 “(b) Any person who is licensed by the State Board of Tax Practitioners or who is exempt from  
20 such licensing requirement as provided for and limited by ORS 673.610 may represent a taxpayer  
21 before a tax court magistrate or the department in any conference or proceeding with respect to the  
22 administration of any tax on or measured by net income.

23 “(c) Any shareholder of an S corporation, as defined in section 1361 of the Internal Revenue  
24 Code, as amended and in effect on December 31, [2016] 2017, may represent the corporation in any  
25 proceeding before a tax court magistrate or the department in the same manner as if the share-  
26 holder were a partner and the S corporation were a partnership. The S corporation must designate  
27 in writing a tax matters shareholder authorized to represent the S corporation.

28 “(d) An individual who is licensed as a real estate broker or principal real estate broker under  
29 ORS 696.022 or is a state certified appraiser or state licensed appraiser under ORS 674.310 or is a  
30 registered appraiser under ORS 308.010 may represent a taxpayer before a tax court magistrate or  
31 the department in any conference or proceeding with respect to the administration of any ad  
32 valorem property tax.

33 “(e) A general partner who has been designated by members of a partnership as their tax mat-  
34 ters partner under ORS 305.242 may represent those partners in any conference or proceeding with  
35 respect to the administration of any tax on or measured by net income.

36 “(f) Any person authorized under rules adopted by the department may represent a taxpayer  
37 before the department in any conference or proceeding with respect to any tax. Rules adopted under  
38 this paragraph, to the extent feasible, shall be consistent with federal law that governs represen-  
39 tation before the Internal Revenue Service, as federal law is amended and in effect on December 31,  
40 [2016] 2017.

41 “(g) Any person authorized under rules adopted by the tax court may represent a taxpayer in  
42 a proceeding before a tax court magistrate.

43 “(2) A person may not be recognized as representing a taxpayer pursuant to this section unless  
44 there is first filed with the magistrate or department a written authorization, or unless it appears  
45 to the satisfaction of the magistrate or department that the representative does in fact have au-

1 thority to represent the taxpayer. A person recognized as an authorized representative under rules  
2 or procedures adopted by the tax court shall be considered an authorized representative by the de-  
3 partment.

4 “(3) A taxpayer represented by someone other than an attorney is bound by all things done by  
5 the authorized representative, and may not thereafter claim any proceeding was legally defective  
6 because the taxpayer was not represented by an attorney.

7 “(4) Prior to the holding of a conference or proceeding before the tax court magistrate or de-  
8 partment, written notice shall be given by the magistrate or department to the taxpayer of the  
9 provisions of subsection (3) of this section.

10 “**SECTION 14.** ORS 305.494 is amended to read:

11 “305.494. Notwithstanding ORS 9.320, any shareholder of an S corporation as defined in section  
12 1361 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended and in effect on December 31, [2016] **2017**, may  
13 represent the corporation in any proceeding before the Oregon Tax Court in the same manner as  
14 if the shareholder were a partner and the S corporation were a partnership.

15 “**SECTION 15.** ORS 305.690 is amended to read:

16 “305.690. As used in ORS 305.690 to 305.753, unless the context otherwise requires:

17 “(1) ‘Biennial years’ means the two income tax years of individual taxpayers that begin in the  
18 two calendar years immediately following the calendar year in which a list is certified under ORS  
19 305.715.

20 “(2) ‘Commission’ means the Oregon Charitable Checkoff Commission.

21 “(3) ‘Department’ means the Department of Revenue.

22 “(4) ‘Eligibility roster’ means a list, prepared under ORS 305.715 and maintained by the com-  
23 mission in chronological order based on the date of form listing or date of eligibility determination,  
24 whichever is later, of charitable and governmental entities seeking inclusion on the Oregon indi-  
25 vidual income tax return forms.

26 “(5) ‘Form listed’ or ‘form listing’ means being listed on the Oregon individual income tax return  
27 form.

28 “(6) ‘Instruction listing’ means being listed on the Department of Revenue instructions for tax  
29 return checkoff contribution.

30 “(7) ‘Internal Revenue Code’ means the federal Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect  
31 on December 31, [2016] **2017**.

32 “**SECTION 16.** ORS 305.842 is amended to read:

33 “305.842. (1) As used in ORS 307.130, 307.147, 308A.450, 310.140 and 310.800, ‘Internal Revenue  
34 Code’ means the federal Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect on December 31, [2016]  
35 **2017**.

36 “(2) As used in ORS 311.666, ‘Internal Revenue Code’ means the federal Internal Revenue Code  
37 as amended and in effect on December 31, [2016] **2017**, including amendments that take effect after  
38 that date.

39 “**SECTION 17.** ORS 314.011 is amended to read:

40 “314.011. (1) As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise, ‘department’ means  
41 the Department of Revenue.

42 “(2) As used in this chapter:

43 “(a) Any term has the same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the  
44 United States relating to federal income taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required or the  
45 term is specifically defined in this chapter.

1 “(b) Except where the Legislative Assembly has provided otherwise, a reference to the laws of  
2 the United States or to the Internal Revenue Code refers to the laws of the United States or to the  
3 Internal Revenue Code as they are amended and in effect:

4 “(A) On December 31, [2016] 2017; or

5 “(B) If related to the definition of taxable income, as applicable to the tax year of the taxpayer.

6 “(c) With respect to ORS 314.105, 314.256 (relating to proxy tax on lobbying expenditures),  
7 314.260 (1)(b), 314.265 (1)(b), 314.302, 314.306, 314.330, 314.360, 314.362, 314.385, 314.402, 314.410,  
8 314.412, 314.525, 314.742 (7), 314.750 and 314.752 and other provisions of this chapter, except those  
9 described in paragraph (b) of this subsection, any reference to the laws of the United States or to  
10 the Internal Revenue Code means the laws of the United States relating to income taxes or the  
11 Internal Revenue Code as they are amended on or before December 31, [2016] 2017, even when the  
12 amendments take effect or become operative after that date, except where the Legislative Assembly  
13 has specifically provided otherwise.

14 “(3) Insofar as is practicable in the administration of this chapter, the department shall apply  
15 and follow the administrative and judicial interpretations of the federal income tax law. When a  
16 provision of the federal income tax law is the subject of conflicting opinions by two or more federal  
17 courts, the department shall follow the rule observed by the United States Commissioner of Internal  
18 Revenue until the conflict is resolved. Nothing contained in this section limits the right or duty of  
19 the department to audit the return of any taxpayer or to determine any fact relating to the tax li-  
20 ability of any taxpayer.

21 “(4) When portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided in sub-  
22 section (2) of this section refer to rules or regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury,  
23 then such rules or regulations shall be regarded as rules adopted by the department under and in  
24 accordance with the provisions of this chapter, whenever they are prescribed or amended.

25 “(5)(a) When portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided in  
26 subsection (2) of this section are later corrected by an Act or a Title within an Act of the United  
27 States Congress designated as an Act or Title making technical corrections, then notwithstanding  
28 the date that the Act or Title becomes law, those portions of the Internal Revenue Code, as so  
29 corrected, shall be the portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided  
30 in subsection (2) of this section and shall take effect, unless otherwise indicated by the Act or Title  
31 (in which case the provisions shall take effect as indicated in the Act or Title), as if originally in-  
32 cluded in the provisions of the Act being technically corrected. If, on account of this subsection, any  
33 adjustment is required to an Oregon return that would otherwise be prevented by operation of law  
34 or rule, the adjustment shall be made, notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, in the  
35 manner provided under ORS 314.135.

36 “(b) As used in this subsection, ‘Act or Title’ includes any subtitle, division or other part of an  
37 Act or Title.

38 “**SECTION 18.** ORS 314.306 is amended to read:

39 “314.306. (1) If a taxpayer excludes an amount from federal gross income by reason of the dis-  
40 charge of indebtedness of the taxpayer under section 108(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (re-  
41 lating to discharge of indebtedness in a bankruptcy declared under U.S.C. Title 11), then, with  
42 respect to that portion of the excluded amount that is apportioned to Oregon, the taxpayer shall  
43 apply the rules in 11 U.S.C. 346(j), as amended and in effect on December 31, [2016] 2017.

44 “(2) If a taxpayer excludes an amount from federal gross income by reason of the discharge of  
45 indebtedness of the taxpayer under section 108(a)(1)(B) or (C) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating

1 to discharge of indebtedness in insolvency or discharge of qualified farm indebtedness), then, with  
2 respect to that portion of the excluded amount that is apportioned to Oregon, the following para-  
3 graphs shall apply, in the following order:

4 “(a) If the taxpayer has made the election under section 108(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code  
5 to first reduce the basis of the depreciable property of the taxpayer, the election shall also be ef-  
6 fective for Oregon tax purposes. A corresponding reduction in the basis of the depreciable property  
7 of the taxpayer shall be made for Oregon tax purposes.

8 “(b) The amount, if any, by which the following attributes are reduced under section 108(b)(1)  
9 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal tax purposes shall be added back for Oregon tax purposes:

10 “(A) Federal net operating loss.

11 “(B) Capital loss carryover.

12 “(C) Basis of the property of the taxpayer, excluding amounts subject to the election under  
13 section 108(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

14 “(D) Passive activity loss carryover.

15 “(c) Excluding amounts subject to the election in section 108(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code:

16 “(A) Any Oregon net operating loss of an individual or corporate taxpayer, including a net op-  
17 erating loss carryover to the taxpayer, shall be reduced by the amount of discharged indebtedness.

18 “(B) Any net capital loss for the taxable year of the discharge, and any capital loss carryover  
19 to the taxable year, shall be reduced by the amount of discharged indebtedness minus the total  
20 amount taken into account under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.

21 “(C) The basis of the property of the taxpayer shall be reduced by the amount of discharged  
22 indebtedness minus the total amount taken into account under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this  
23 paragraph.

24 “(D) The passive activity loss carryover under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code from  
25 the taxable year of the discharge shall be reduced by the amount of discharged indebtedness minus  
26 the total amount taken into account under subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C) of this paragraph.

27 “**SECTION 19.** ORS 315.004 is amended to read:

28 “315.004. (1) Except when the context requires otherwise, the definitions contained in ORS  
29 chapters 314, 316, 317 and 318 are applicable in the construction, interpretation and application of  
30 the personal and corporate income and excise tax credits contained in this chapter.

31 “(2)(a) For purposes of the tax credits contained in this chapter, any term has the same meaning  
32 as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United States relating to federal income  
33 taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required or the term is specifically defined for purposes  
34 of construing, interpreting and applying the credit.

35 “(b) With respect to the tax credits contained in this chapter, any reference to the laws of the  
36 United States or to the Internal Revenue Code means the laws of the United States relating to in-  
37 come taxes or the Internal Revenue Code as they are amended on or before December 31, [2016]  
38 **2017**, even when the amendments take effect or become operative after that date.

39 “(3) Insofar as is practicable in the administration of this chapter, the Department of Revenue  
40 shall apply and follow the administrative and judicial interpretations of the federal income tax law.  
41 When a provision of the federal income tax law is the subject of conflicting opinions by two or more  
42 federal courts, the department shall follow the rule observed by the United States Commissioner of  
43 Internal Revenue until the conflict is resolved. Nothing contained in this section limits the right  
44 or duty of the department to audit the return of any taxpayer or to determine any fact relating to  
45 the tax liability of any taxpayer.

1 “(4) When portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided in sub-  
2 section (2) of this section refer to rules or regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury,  
3 then such rules or regulations shall be regarded as rules adopted by the department under and in  
4 accordance with the provisions of this chapter, whenever they are prescribed or amended.

5 “(5)(a) When portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided in  
6 subsection (2) of this section are later corrected by an Act or a Title within an Act of the United  
7 States Congress designated as an Act or Title making technical corrections, then notwithstanding  
8 the date that the Act or Title becomes law, those portions of the Internal Revenue Code, as so  
9 corrected, shall be the portions of the Internal Revenue Code incorporated by reference as provided  
10 in subsection (2) of this section and shall take effect, unless otherwise indicated by the Act or Title  
11 (in which case the provisions shall take effect as indicated in the Act or Title), as if originally in-  
12 cluded in the provisions of the Act being technically corrected. If, on account of this subsection, any  
13 adjustment is required to an Oregon return that would otherwise be prevented by operation of law  
14 or rule, the adjustment shall be made, notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, in the  
15 manner provided under ORS 314.135.

16 “(b) As used in this subsection, ‘Act or Title’ includes any subtitle, division or other part of an  
17 Act or Title.

18 “**SECTION 20.** ORS 316.012 is amended to read:

19 “316.012. Any term used in this chapter has the same meaning as when used in a comparable  
20 context in the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes, unless a different meaning  
21 is clearly required or the term is specifically defined in this chapter. Except where the Legislative  
22 Assembly has provided otherwise, any reference in this chapter to the laws of the United States or  
23 to the Internal Revenue Code refers to the laws of the United States or to the Internal Revenue  
24 Code as they are amended and in effect:

25 “(1) On December 31, [2016] **2017**; or

26 “(2) If related to the definition of taxable income, as applicable to the tax year of the taxpayer.

27 “**SECTION 21.** ORS 316.147 is amended to read:

28 “316.147. As used in ORS 316.147 to 316.149, unless the context requires otherwise:

29 “(1) ‘Eligible taxpayer’ includes any individual who must pay taxes otherwise imposed by this  
30 chapter and:

31 “(a) Who pays or incurs expenses for the care of a qualified individual, through a payment  
32 method determined by rule of the Department of Revenue; and

33 “(b) Who has a household income, for the taxable year, not to exceed the maximum amount of  
34 household income allowed in ORS 310.640 (1989 Edition) for a homeowner or renter refund.

35 “(2) ‘Household income’ means the aggregate income of the eligible taxpayer and the spouse of  
36 the taxpayer who reside in the household, that was received during a calendar year. ‘Household  
37 income’ includes payments received by the eligible taxpayer or the spouse of the taxpayer under the  
38 federal Social Security Act for the benefit of a minor child or minor children who reside in the  
39 household.

40 “(3) ‘Income’ means ‘adjusted gross income’ as defined in the federal Internal Revenue Code, as  
41 amended and in effect on December 31, [2016] **2017**, even when the amendments take effect or be-  
42 come operative after that date, relating to the measurement of taxable income of individuals, estates  
43 and trusts, with the following modifications:

44 “(a) There shall be added to adjusted gross income the following items of otherwise exempt in-  
45 come:

1       “(A) The gross amount of any otherwise exempt pension less return of investment, if any.  
2       “(B) Child support received by the taxpayer.  
3       “(C) Inheritances.  
4       “(D) Gifts and grants, the sum of which are in excess of \$500 per year.  
5       “(E) Amounts received by a taxpayer or spouse of a taxpayer for support from a parent who is  
6 not a member of the taxpayer’s household.  
7       “(F) Life insurance proceeds.  
8       “(G) Accident and health insurance proceeds, except reimbursement of incurred medical ex-  
9 penses.  
10       “(H) Personal injury damages.  
11       “(I) Sick pay that is not included in federal adjusted gross income.  
12       “(J) Strike benefits excluded from federal gross income.  
13       “(K) Worker’s compensation, except for reimbursement of medical expense.  
14       “(L) Military pay and benefits.  
15       “(M) Veteran’s benefits.  
16       “(N) Payments received under the federal Social Security Act that are excluded from federal  
17 gross income.  
18       “(O) Welfare payments, except as follows:  
19       “(i) Payments for medical care, drugs and medical supplies, if the payments are not made di-  
20 rectly to the welfare recipient;  
21       “(ii) In-home services authorized and approved by the Department of Human Services; and  
22       “(iii) Direct or indirect reimbursement of expenses paid or incurred for participation in work  
23 or training programs.  
24       “(P) Nontaxable dividends.  
25       “(Q) Nontaxable interest not included in federal adjusted gross income.  
26       “(R) Rental allowance paid to a minister that is excluded from federal gross income.  
27       “(S) Income from sources without the United States that is excluded from federal gross income.  
28       “(b) Adjusted gross income shall be increased due to the disallowance of the following de-  
29 ductions:  
30       “(A) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from all dispositions of tangible or intan-  
31 gible properties.  
32       “(B) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from the operation of a farm or farms.  
33       “(C) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from all operations of a trade or business,  
34 profession or other activity entered into for the production or collection of income.  
35       “(D) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from tangible or intangible property held  
36 for the production of rents, royalties or other income.  
37       “(E) The amount of any net operating loss carryovers or carrybacks included in federal adjusted  
38 gross income.  
39       “(F) The amount, in excess of \$5,000, of the combined deductions or other allowances for de-  
40 preciation, amortization or depletion.  
41       “(G) The amount added or subtracted, as required within the context of this section, for ad-  
42 justments made under ORS 316.680 (2)(d) and 316.707 to 316.737.  
43       “(c) ‘Income’ does not include the following:  
44       “(A) Any governmental grant that must be used by the taxpayer for rehabilitation of the home-  
45 stead of the taxpayer.

1 “(B) Any refund of Oregon personal income taxes that were imposed under this chapter.

2 “(4) ‘Qualified individual’ includes an individual at least 60 years of age on the date that the

3 expenses described in subsection (1)(a) of this section are paid or incurred by the eligible taxpayer:

4 “(a) Whose household income does not exceed \$7,500 for the calendar year in which the taxable

5 year of the taxpayer begins;

6 “(b) Who is eligible for authorized services as defined in ORS 410.410 under Oregon Project In-

7 dependence;

8 “(c) Who is certified by the Department of Human Services; and

9 “(d) Whose care or any portion thereof is not paid for under ORS chapter 414.

10 “**SECTION 22.** ORS 316.157 is amended to read:

11 “316.157. (1) In the case of an eligible individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the

12 taxes otherwise due under this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to the lesser of the tax

13 liability of the taxpayer or nine percent of net pension income.

14 “(2) For purposes of this section:

15 “(a) ‘Eligible individual’ means any individual who is receiving pension income and who has at-

16 tained 62 years of age before the close of the taxable year.

17 “(b) ‘Household income’ means the aggregate income of the taxpayer and the spouse of the tax-

18 payer who reside in the household, that was received during the taxable year for which a credit is

19 claimed, except that ‘household income’ does not include Social Security benefits received by the

20 taxpayer or the spouse of the taxpayer.

21 “(c) ‘Income’ means ‘adjusted gross income’ as defined in the federal Internal Revenue Code, as

22 amended and in effect on December 31, [2016] **2017**, even when the amendments take effect or be-

23 come operative after that date, relating to the measurement of taxable income of individuals, estates

24 and trusts, with the following modifications:

25 “(A) There shall be added to adjusted gross income the following items of otherwise exempt in-

26 come:

27 “(i) The gross amount of any otherwise exempt pension less return of investment, if any.

28 “(ii) Child support received by the taxpayer.

29 “(iii) Inheritances.

30 “(iv) Gifts and grants, the sum of which are in excess of \$500 per year.

31 “(v) Amounts received by a taxpayer or spouse of a taxpayer for support from a parent who is

32 not a member of the taxpayer’s household.

33 “(vi) Life insurance proceeds.

34 “(vii) Accident and health insurance proceeds, except reimbursement of incurred medical ex-

35 penses.

36 “(viii) Personal injury damages.

37 “(ix) Sick pay that is not included in federal adjusted gross income.

38 “(x) Strike benefits excluded from federal gross income.

39 “(xi) Worker’s compensation, except for reimbursement of medical expense.

40 “(xii) Military pay and benefits.

41 “(xiii) Veteran’s benefits.

42 “(xiv) Payments received under the federal Social Security Act that are excluded from federal

43 gross income.

44 “(xv) Welfare payments, except as follows:

45 “(I) Payments for medical care, drugs and medical supplies, if the payments are not made di-



1 rectly to the welfare recipient;

2 “(II) In-home services authorized and approved by the Department of Human Services; and

3 “(III) Direct or indirect reimbursement of expenses paid or incurred for participation in work

4 or training programs.

5 “(xvi) Nontaxable dividends.

6 “(xvii) Nontaxable interest not included in federal adjusted gross income.

7 “(xviii) Rental allowance paid to a minister that is excluded from federal gross income.

8 “(xix) Income from sources without the United States that is excluded from federal gross income.

9 “(B) Adjusted gross income shall be increased due to the disallowance of the following de-

10 ductions:

11 “(i) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from all dispositions of tangible or intangible

12 properties.

13 “(ii) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from the operation of a farm or farms.

14 “(iii) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from all operations of a trade or business,

15 profession or other activity entered into for the production or collection of income.

16 “(iv) The amount of the net loss, in excess of \$1,000, from tangible or intangible property held

17 for the production of rents, royalties or other income.

18 “(v) The amount of any net operating loss carryovers or carrybacks included in federal adjusted

19 gross income.

20 “(vi) The amount, in excess of \$5,000, of the combined deductions or other allowances for de-

21 preciation, amortization or depletion.

22 “(vii) The amount added or subtracted, as required within the context of this section, for ad-

23 justments made under ORS 316.680 (2)(d) and 316.707 to 316.737.

24 “(C) ‘Income’ does not include the following:

25 “(i) Any governmental grant that must be used by the taxpayer for rehabilitation of the home-

26 stead of the taxpayer.

27 “(ii) Any refund of Oregon personal income taxes that were imposed under this chapter.

28 “(d) ‘Net pension income’ means:

29 “(A) For eligible individuals filing a joint return, the lesser of the pension income of the eligible

30 individuals received during the taxable year or the excess, if any, of \$15,000 over the sum of the

31 following amounts:

32 “(i) Any Social Security benefits received by the eligible individual, or by the spouse of the in-

33 dividual, during the taxable year; and

34 “(ii) The excess, if any, of household income over \$30,000.

35 “(B) For an eligible individual filing a return other than a joint return, the lesser of the pension

36 income of the eligible individual received during the taxable year or the excess, if any, of \$7,500

37 over the sum of the following amounts:

38 “(i) Any Social Security benefits received by the eligible individual during the taxable year; and

39 “(ii) The excess, if any, of household income over \$15,000.

40 “(e) ‘Pension income’ means income included in Oregon taxable income from:

41 “(A) Distributions from or pursuant to an employee pension benefit plan, as defined in section

42 3(2) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, which satisfies the requirements of

43 section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code;

44 “(B) Distributions from or pursuant to a public retirement system of this state or a political

45 subdivision of this state, or a public retirement system created by an Act of this state or a political

1 subdivision of this state, or the public retirement system of any other state or local government;

2 “(C) Distributions from or pursuant to a federal retirement system created by the federal gov-  
3 ernment for any officer or employee of the United States, including any person retired from service  
4 in the United States Civil Service, the Armed Forces of the United States or any agency or subdi-  
5 vision thereof;

6 “(D) Distributions or withdrawals from or pursuant to an eligible deferred compensation plan  
7 which satisfies the requirements of section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code;

8 “(E) Distributions or withdrawals from or pursuant to an individual retirement account, annuity  
9 or trust or simplified employee pension which satisfies the requirements of section 408 of the Inter-  
10 nal Revenue Code; and

11 “(F) Distributions or withdrawals from or pursuant to an employee annuity, including custodial  
12 accounts treated as annuities, subject to section 403 (a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue Code.

13 “(f) ‘Social Security benefits’ means Social Security benefits, as defined in section 86 of the  
14 Internal Revenue Code (Title II Social Security or tier 1 railroad retirement benefits).

15 “(3) If a change in the taxable year of the eligible individual occurs as described in ORS 314.085,  
16 or if the Department of Revenue terminates the tax year of the eligible individual under ORS  
17 314.440, the credit allowed by this section shall be prorated or computed in a manner consistent with  
18 ORS 314.085.

19 “(4) If a change in the status of the eligible individual from resident to nonresident or from  
20 nonresident to resident occurs, the credit allowed by this section shall be determined in a manner  
21 consistent with subsection (1) of this section.

22 “**SECTION 23.** ORS 317.010 is amended to read:

23 “317.010. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

24 “(1) ‘Centrally assessed corporation’ means every corporation the property of which is assessed  
25 by the Department of Revenue under ORS 308.505 to 308.681.

26 “(2) ‘Department’ means the Department of Revenue.

27 “(3)(a) ‘Consolidated federal return’ means the return permitted or required to be filed by a  
28 group of affiliated corporations under section 1501 of the Internal Revenue Code.

29 “(b) ‘Consolidated state return’ means the return required to be filed under ORS 317.710 (5).

30 “(4) ‘Doing business’ means any transaction or transactions in the course of its activities con-  
31 ducted within the state by a national banking association, or any other corporation; provided, how-  
32 ever, that a foreign corporation whose activities in this state are confined to purchases of personal  
33 property, and the storage thereof incident to shipment outside the state, shall not be deemed to be  
34 doing business unless such foreign corporation is an affiliate of another foreign or domestic corpo-  
35 ration which is doing business in Oregon. Whether or not corporations are affiliated shall be de-  
36 termined as provided in section 1504 of the Internal Revenue Code.

37 “(5) ‘Excise tax’ means a tax measured by or according to net income imposed upon national  
38 banking associations, all other banks, and financial, centrally assessed, mercantile, manufacturing  
39 and business corporations for the privilege of carrying on or doing business in this state.

40 “(6) ‘Financial institution’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 314.610 except that it does  
41 not include a credit union as defined in ORS 723.006, an interstate credit union as defined in ORS  
42 723.001 or a federal credit union.

43 “(7) ‘Internal Revenue Code,’ except where the Legislative Assembly has provided otherwise,  
44 refers to the laws of the United States or to the Internal Revenue Code as they are amended and  
45 in effect:

1       “(a) On December 31, [2016] **2017**; or

2       “(b) If related to the definition of taxable income, as applicable to the tax year of the taxpayer.

3       “(8) ‘Oregon taxable income’ means taxable income, less the deduction allowed under ORS

4 317.476, except as otherwise provided with respect to insurers in subsection (11) of this section and

5 ORS 317.650 to 317.665.

6       “(9) ‘Oregon net loss’ means taxable loss, except as otherwise provided with respect to insurers

7 in subsection (11) of this section and ORS 317.650 to 317.665.

8       “(10) ‘Taxable income or loss’ means the taxable income or loss determined, or in the case of a

9 corporation for which no federal taxable income or loss is determined, as would be determined, un-

10 der chapter 1, Subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code and any other laws of the United States

11 relating to the determination of taxable income or loss of corporate taxpayers, with the additions,

12 subtractions, adjustments and other modifications as are specifically prescribed by this chapter ex-

13 cept that in determining taxable income or loss for any year, no deduction under ORS 317.476 or

14 317.478 and section 45b, chapter 293, Oregon Laws 1987, shall be allowed. If the corporation is a

15 corporation to which ORS 314.280 or 314.605 to 314.675 (requiring or permitting apportionment of

16 income from transactions or activities carried on both within and without the state) applies, to

17 derive taxable income or loss, the following shall occur:

18       “(a) From the amount otherwise determined under this subsection, subtract nonapportionable

19 income, or add nonapportionable loss, whichever is applicable.

20       “(b) Multiply the amount determined under paragraph (a) of this subsection by the Oregon ap-

21 portionment percentage defined under ORS 314.280, 314.650 or 314.667, whichever is applicable. The

22 resulting product shall be Oregon apportioned income or loss.

23       “(c) To the amount determined as Oregon apportioned income or loss under paragraph (b) of this

24 subsection, add nonapportionable income allocable entirely to Oregon under ORS 314.280 or 314.625

25 to 314.645, or subtract nonapportionable loss allocable entirely to Oregon under ORS 314.280 or

26 314.625 to 314.645. The resulting figure is ‘taxable income or loss’ for those corporations carrying

27 on taxable transactions or activities both within and without Oregon.

28       “(11) As used in ORS 317.122 and 317.650 to 317.665, ‘insurer’ means any domestic, foreign or

29 alien insurer as defined in ORS 731.082 and any interinsurance and reciprocal exchange and its at-

30 torney in fact with respect to its attorney in fact net income as a corporate attorney in fact acting

31 as attorney in compliance with ORS 731.458, 731.462, 731.466 and 731.470 for the reciprocal or

32 interinsurance exchange. However, ‘insurer’ does not include title insurers or health care service

33 contractors operating pursuant to ORS 750.005 to 750.095.

34       “**SECTION 24.** ORS 317.097 is amended to read:

35       “317.097. (1) As used in this section:

36       “(a) ‘Annual rate’ means the yearly interest rate specified on the note, and not the annual per-

37 centage rate, if any, disclosed to the applicant to comply with the federal Truth in Lending Act.

38       “(b) ‘Finance charge’ means the total of all interest, loan fees, interest on any loan fees financed

39 by the lending institution, and other charges related to the cost of obtaining credit.

40       “(c) ‘Lending institution’ means any insured institution, as that term is defined in ORS 706.008,

41 any mortgage banking company that maintains an office in this state or any community development

42 corporation that is organized under the Oregon Nonprofit Corporation Law.

43       “(d) ‘Manufactured dwelling park’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 446.003.

44       “(e) ‘Nonprofit corporation’ means a corporation that is exempt from income taxes under section

45 501(c)(3) or (4) of the Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect on December 31, [2016]

1 **2017.**

2 “(f) ‘Preservation project’ means housing that was previously developed as affordable housing  
3 with a contract for rent assistance from the United States Department of Housing and Urban De-  
4 velopment or the United States Department of Agriculture and that is being acquired by a spon-  
5 soring entity.

6 “(g) ‘Qualified assignee’ means any investor participating in the secondary market for real estate  
7 loans.

8 “(h) ‘Qualified borrower’ means any borrower that is a sponsoring entity that has a controlling  
9 interest in the real property that is financed by a qualified loan. A controlling interest includes, but  
10 is not limited to, a controlling interest in the general partner of a limited partnership that owns the  
11 real property.

12 “(i) ‘Qualified loan’ means:

13 “(A) A loan that meets the criteria stated in subsection (5) of this section or that is made to  
14 refinance a loan that meets the criteria described in subsection (5) of this section; or

15 “(B) The purchase by a lending institution of bonds, as defined in ORS 286A.001, issued on behalf  
16 of the Housing and Community Services Department, the proceeds of which are used to finance or  
17 refinance a loan that meets the criteria described in subsection (5) of this section.

18 “(j) ‘Sponsoring entity’ means a nonprofit corporation, nonprofit cooperative, state governmental  
19 entity, local unit of government as defined in ORS 466.706, housing authority or any other person,  
20 provided that the person has agreed to restrictive covenants imposed by a nonprofit corporation,  
21 nonprofit cooperative, state governmental entity, local unit of government or housing authority.

22 “(2) The Department of Revenue shall allow a credit against taxes otherwise due under this  
23 chapter for the taxable year to a lending institution that makes a qualified loan certified by the  
24 Housing and Community Services Department as provided in subsection (7) of this section. The  
25 amount of the credit is equal to the difference between:

26 “(a) The amount of finance charge charged by the lending institution during the taxable year  
27 at an annual rate less than the market rate for a qualified loan that is made before January 1, 2026,  
28 that complies with the requirements of this section; and

29 “(b) The amount of finance charge that would have been charged during the taxable year by the  
30 lending institution for the qualified loan for housing construction, development, acquisition or re-  
31 habilitation measured at the annual rate charged by the lending institution for nonsubsidized loans  
32 made under like terms and conditions at the time the qualified loan for housing construction, de-  
33 velopment, acquisition or rehabilitation is made.

34 “(3) The maximum amount of credit for the difference between the amounts described in sub-  
35 section (2)(a) and (b) of this section may not exceed four percent of the average unpaid balance of  
36 the qualified loan during the tax year for which the credit is claimed.

37 “(4) Any tax credit allowed under this section that is not used by the taxpayer in a particular  
38 year may be carried forward and offset against the taxpayer’s tax liability for the next succeeding  
39 tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the next succeeding tax year may be carried forward and  
40 used in the second succeeding tax year, and likewise, any credit not used in that second succeeding  
41 tax year may be carried forward and used in the third succeeding tax year, and any credit not used  
42 in that third succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the fourth succeeding tax year,  
43 and any credit not used in that fourth succeeding tax year may be carried forward and used in the  
44 fifth succeeding tax year, but may not be carried forward for any tax year thereafter.

45 “(5) To be eligible for the tax credit allowable under this section, a lending institution must

1 make a qualified loan by either purchasing bonds, as defined in ORS 286A.001, issued on behalf of  
2 the Housing and Community Services Department, the proceeds of which are used to finance or re-  
3 finance a loan that meets the criteria stated in this subsection, or by making a loan directly to:

4 “(a) An individual or individuals who own a dwelling, participate in an owner-occupied commu-  
5 nity rehabilitation program and are certified by the local government or its designated agent as  
6 having an income level when the loan is made of less than 80 percent of the area median income;

7 “(b) A qualified borrower who:

8 “(A) Uses the loan proceeds to finance construction, development, acquisition or rehabilitation  
9 of housing; and

10 “(B) Provides a written certification executed by the Housing and Community Services Depart-  
11 ment that the:

12 “(i) Housing created by the loan is or will be occupied by households earning less than 80 per-  
13 cent of the area median income; and

14 “(ii) Full amount of savings from the reduced interest rate provided by the lending institution  
15 is or will be passed on to the tenants in the form of reduced housing payments;

16 “(c) Subject to subsection (14) of this section, a qualified borrower who:

17 “(A) Uses the loan proceeds to finance construction, development, acquisition or rehabilitation  
18 of housing consisting of a manufactured dwelling park; and

19 “(B) Provides a written certification executed by the Housing and Community Services Depart-  
20 ment that the housing will continue to be operated as a manufactured dwelling park during the pe-  
21 riod for which the tax credit is allowed; or

22 “(d) A qualified borrower who:

23 “(A) Uses the loan proceeds to finance acquisition or rehabilitation of housing consisting of a  
24 preservation project; and

25 “(B) Provides a written certification executed by the Housing and Community Services Depart-  
26 ment that the housing preserved by the loan:

27 “(i) Is or will be occupied by households earning less than 80 percent of the area median income;  
28 and

29 “(ii) Is the subject of a rent assistance contract with the United States Department of Housing  
30 and Urban Development or the United States Department of Agriculture that will be maintained by  
31 the qualified borrower.

32 “(6) A loan made to refinance a loan that meets the criteria stated in subsection (5) of this  
33 section must be treated the same as a loan that meets the criteria stated in subsection (5) of this  
34 section.

35 “(7) For a qualified loan to be eligible for the tax credit allowable under this section, the  
36 Housing and Community Services Department must execute a written certification for the qualified  
37 loan that:

38 “(a) Specifies the period, not to exceed 20 years, as determined by the Housing and Community  
39 Services Department, during which the tax credit is allowed for the qualified loan; and

40 “(b) States that the qualified loan is within the limitation imposed by subsection (8) of this sec-  
41 tion.

42 “(8) The Housing and Community Services Department may certify qualified loans that are eli-  
43 gible under subsection (5) of this section if the total credits attributable to all qualified loans eligible  
44 for credits under this section and then outstanding do not exceed \$25 million for any fiscal year. In  
45 making loan certifications under subsection (7) of this section, the Housing and Community Services

1 Department shall attempt to distribute the tax credits statewide, but shall concentrate the tax  
2 credits in those areas of the state that are determined by the Oregon Housing Stability Council to  
3 have the greatest need for affordable housing.

4 “(9) The tax credit provided for in this section may be taken whether or not:

5 “(a) The financial institution is eligible to take a federal income tax credit under section 42 of  
6 the Internal Revenue Code with respect to the project financed by the qualified loan; or

7 “(b) The project receives financing from bonds, the interest on which is exempt from federal  
8 taxation under section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code.

9 “(10) For a qualified loan defined in subsection (1)(i)(B) of this section financed through the  
10 purchase of bonds, the interest of which is exempt from federal taxation under section 103 of the  
11 Internal Revenue Code, the amount of finance charge that would have been charged under sub-  
12 section (2)(b) of this section is determined by reference to the finance charge that would have been  
13 charged if the federally tax exempt bonds had been issued and the tax credit under this section did  
14 not apply.

15 “(11) A lending institution may sell a qualified loan for which a certification has been executed  
16 to a qualified assignee whether or not the lending institution retains servicing of the qualified loan  
17 so long as a designated lending institution maintains records, annually verified by a loan servicer,  
18 that establish the amount of tax credit earned by the taxpayer throughout each year of eligibility.

19 “(12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a lending institution that is a community de-  
20 velopment corporation organized under the Oregon Nonprofit Corporation Law may transfer all or  
21 part of a tax credit allowed under this section to one or more other lending institutions that are  
22 stockholders or members of the community development corporation or that otherwise participate  
23 through the community development corporation in the making of one or more qualified loans for  
24 which the tax credit under this section is allowed.

25 “(13) The lending institution shall file an annual statement with the Housing and Community  
26 Services Department, specifying that it has conformed with all requirements imposed by law to  
27 qualify for a tax credit under this section.

28 “(14) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(h) and (j) of this section, a qualified borrower on a loan to  
29 finance the construction, development, acquisition or rehabilitation of a manufactured dwelling park  
30 under subsection (5)(c) of this section must be a nonprofit corporation, manufactured dwelling park  
31 nonprofit cooperative, state governmental entity, local unit of government as defined in ORS 466.706  
32 or housing authority.

33 “(15) The Housing and Community Services Department and the Department of Revenue may  
34 adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.

35 “**SECTION 25.** ORS 458.670 is amended to read:

36 “458.670. As used in this section and ORS 458.675 to 458.700, unless the context requires other-  
37 wise:

38 “(1) ‘Account holder’ means a resident of this state who:

39 “(a) Is 12 years of age or older;

40 “(b) Is a member of a lower income household; and

41 “(c) Has established an individual development account with a fiduciary organization.

42 “(2) ‘Fiduciary organization’ means an organization selected under ORS 458.695 to administer  
43 state moneys directed to individual development accounts and that is:

44 “(a) A nonprofit, fund raising organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3)  
45 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended and in effect on December 31, [2016] 2017; or

1 “(b) A federally recognized Oregon Indian tribe that is located, to a significant degree, within  
2 the boundaries of this state.

3 “(3) ‘Financial institution’ means:

4 “(a) An organization regulated under ORS chapters 706 to 716 or 723; or

5 “(b) In the case of individual development accounts established for the purpose described in ORS  
6 458.685 (1)(c), a financial institution as defined in ORS 178.300.

7 “(4) ‘Individual development account’ means a contract between an account holder and a  
8 fiduciary organization, for the deposit of funds into a financial institution by the account holder, and  
9 the deposit of matching funds into the financial institution by the fiduciary organization, to allow  
10 the account holder to accumulate assets for use toward achieving a specific purpose approved by  
11 the fiduciary organization.

12 “(5) ‘Lower income household’ means a household having an income equal to or less than the  
13 greater of the following:

14 “(a) 80 percent of the median household income for the area as determined by the Housing and  
15 Community Services Department. In making the determination, the department shall give consider-  
16 ation to any data on area household income published by the United States Department of Housing  
17 and Urban Development.

18 “(b) 200 percent of the poverty guidelines as determined by the Housing and Community Ser-  
19 vices Department. In making the determination, the department shall give consideration to poverty  
20 guidelines published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and may con-  
21 sider other income data periodically published by other federal or Oregon agencies.

22 “(6) ‘Resident of this state’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 316.027.

23 “**SECTION 26.** ORS 657.010 is amended to read:

24 “657.010. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

25 “(1) ‘Base year’ means the first four of the last five completed calendar quarters preceding the  
26 benefit year.

27 “(2) ‘Benefits’ means the money allowances payable to unemployed persons under this chapter.

28 “(3) ‘Benefit year’ means a period of 52 consecutive weeks commencing with the first week with  
29 respect to which an individual files an initial valid claim for benefits, and thereafter the 52 consec-  
30 utive weeks period beginning with the first week with respect to which the individual next files an  
31 initial valid claim after the termination of the individual’s last preceding benefit year except that  
32 the benefit year shall be 53 weeks if the filing of an initial valid claim would result in overlapping  
33 any quarter of the base year of a previously filed initial valid claim.

34 “(4) ‘Calendar quarter’ means the period of three consecutive calendar months ending on March  
35 31, June 30, September 30 or December 31, or the approximate equivalent thereof, as the Director  
36 of the Employment Department may, by regulation, prescribe.

37 “(5) ‘Contribution’ or ‘contributions’ means the taxes, as defined in subsection (13) of this sec-  
38 tion, that are the money payments required by this chapter, or voluntary payments permitted, to be  
39 made to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund.

40 “(6) ‘Educational institution,’ including an institution of higher education as defined in sub-  
41 section (9) of this section, means an institution:

42 “(a) In which participants, trainees or students are offered an organized course of study or  
43 training designed to transfer to them knowledge, skills, information, doctrines, attitudes or abilities  
44 from, by or under the guidance of an instructor or teacher;

45 “(b) That is accredited, registered, approved, licensed or issued a permit to operate as a school

1 by the Department of Education or other government agency, or that offers courses for credit that  
2 are transferable to an approved, registered or accredited school;

3 “(c) In which the course or courses of study or training that it offers may be academic, techni-  
4 cal, trade or preparation for gainful employment in a recognized occupation; and

5 “(d) In which the course or courses of study or training are offered on a regular and continuing  
6 basis.

7 “(7) ‘Employment office’ means a free public employment office or branch thereof, operated by  
8 this state or maintained as a part of a state-controlled system of public employment offices.

9 “(8) ‘Hospital’ means an organization that has been licensed, certified or approved by the Oregon  
10 Health Authority as a hospital.

11 “(9) ‘Institution of higher education’ means an educational institution that:

12 “(a) Admits as regular students only individuals having a certificate of graduation from a high  
13 school, or the recognized equivalent of such a certificate;

14 “(b) Is legally authorized in this state to provide a program of education beyond high school;

15 “(c) Provides an educational program for which it awards a bachelor’s or higher degree, or  
16 provides a program that is acceptable for full credit toward such a degree, a program of post-  
17 graduate or post-doctoral studies, or a program of training to prepare students for gainful employ-  
18 ment in a recognized occupation; and

19 “(d) Is a public or other nonprofit institution.

20 “(10) ‘Internal Revenue Code’ means the federal Internal Revenue Code, as amended and in ef-  
21 fect on December 31, [2016] 2017.

22 “(11) ‘Nonprofit employing unit’ means an organization, or group of organizations, described in  
23 section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that is exempt from income tax under section 501(a)  
24 of the Internal Revenue Code.

25 “(12) ‘State’ includes, in addition to the states of the United States of America, the District of  
26 Columbia and Puerto Rico. However, for all purposes of this chapter the Virgin Islands shall be  
27 considered a state on and after the day on which the United States Secretary of Labor first approves  
28 the Virgin Islands’ law under section 3304(a) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act as amended by  
29 Public Law 94-566.

30 “(13) ‘Taxes’ means the money payments to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund re-  
31 quired, or voluntary payments permitted, by this chapter.

32 “(14) ‘Valid claim’ means any claim for benefits made in accordance with ORS 657.260 if the  
33 individual meets the wages-paid-for-employment requirements of ORS 657.150.

34 “(15) ‘Week’ means any period of seven consecutive calendar days ending at midnight, as the  
35 director may, by regulation, prescribe. The director may by regulation prescribe that a ‘week’ shall  
36 be ‘in,’ ‘within,’ or ‘during’ the calendar quarter that includes the greater part of such week.

37 **“SECTION 27. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the**  
38 **amendments to statutes by sections 1, 1a to 26 of this 2018 Act apply to transactions or ac-**  
39 **tivities occurring on or after January 1, 2018, in tax years beginning on or after January 1,**  
40 **2018.**

41 **“(2) The effective and applicable dates, and the exceptions, special rules and coordination**  
42 **with the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, relative to those dates, contained in the Dis-**  
43 **aster Tax Relief and Airport and Airway Extension Act of 2017 (P.L. 115-63), and An Act to**  
44 **Provide for Reconciliation Pursuant to Titles II and V of the Concurrent Resolution on the**  
45 **Budget for Fiscal Year 2018 (P.L. 115-97) and other federal law amending the Internal Re-**



1 venue Code and enacted before January 1, 2018, apply for Oregon personal income and cor-  
2 porate excise and income tax purposes, to the extent they can be made applicable, in the  
3 same manner as they are applied under the Internal Revenue Code and related federal law.

4 “(3)(a) If a deficiency is assessed against any taxpayer for a tax year beginning before  
5 January 1, 2018, and the deficiency or any portion thereof is attributable to any retroactive  
6 treatment under the amendments to ORS 178.300, 178.375, 305.230, 305.494, 305.690, 305.842,  
7 314.011, 314.306, 315.004, 316.012, 316.147, 316.157, 317.010 and 317.097 by sections 1, 1a and 13  
8 to 24 of this 2018 Act, then any interest or penalty assessed under ORS chapter 305, 314, 315,  
9 316, 317 or 318 with respect to the deficiency or portion thereof shall be canceled.

10 “(b) If a refund is due any taxpayer for a tax year beginning before January 1, 2018, and  
11 the refund or any portion thereof is due the taxpayer on account of any retroactive treat-  
12 ment under the amendments to ORS 178.300, 178.375, 305.230, 305.494, 305.690, 305.842, 314.011,  
13 314.306, 315.004, 316.012, 316.147, 316.157, 317.010 and 317.097 by sections 1, 1a and 13 to 24 of  
14 this 2018 Act, for a tax year beginning before January 1, 2018, then notwithstanding ORS  
15 305.270 or 314.415 or any other law, the refund or portion thereof shall be paid without in-  
16 terest.

17 “(c) Any changes required because of the amendments to ORS 178.300, 178.375, 305.230,  
18 305.494, 305.690, 305.842, 314.011, 314.306, 315.004, 316.012, 316.147, 316.157, 317.010 and 317.097  
19 by sections 1, 1a and 13 to 24 of this 2018 Act, for a tax year beginning before January 1, 2018,  
20 shall be made by filing an amended return within the time prescribed by law.

21 “(d) If a taxpayer fails to file an amended return under paragraph (c) of this subsection,  
22 the Department of Revenue shall make any changes under paragraph (c) of this subsection  
23 on the return to which the changes relate within the period specified for issuing a notice of  
24 deficiency or claiming a refund as otherwise provided by law with respect to that return, or  
25 within one year after a return for a tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2018, and be-  
26 fore January 1, 2019, is filed, whichever period expires later.

27 “SECTION 28. This 2018 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2018  
28 regular session of the Seventy-ninth Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.”

29  
30 /s/ E. Werner Reschke  
Representative

31  
32 /s/ Greg Smith  
Representative

33  
34 \_\_\_\_\_