HOUSE BILL 4105

Sponsored by Representatives MALSTROM, SALINAS, Senator STEINER HAYWARD; Representatives ALONSO LEON, DOHERTY, EVANS, GREENLICK, HOLVEY, KENY-GUYER, LIVELY, NOSSE, POWER, RAYFIELD, SMITH WARNER (Preession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Establishes penalty to be imposed by Department of Consumer and Business Services on employers that offer health insurance coverage to employees but that have employees working at least 30 hours per week who receive health care coverage through medical assistance program. Appropriates penalties collected by department to Oregon Health Authority for specified purposes.

Establishes remedy for employee who is retaliated against by employer for applying for or receiving medical assistance.

Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to health care for low-income workers; creating new provisions; amending ORS 657.660, 657.665 and 659A.885; and prescribing an effective date.

Whereas working Oregonians should have affordable, comprehensive health insurance coverage; and

Whereas most working Oregonians obtain their health insurance coverage through their employment, but some working Oregonians receive coverage of their health care costs through the medical assistance program; and

Whereas employers who fail to provide affordable coverage to low-wage workers who are covered by medical assistance shift the cost of health care coverage from the employer to the taxpayer; and

Whereas workers who face low wages, work part-time or both are too often eligible for taxpayer-funded medical assistance instead of affordable, employer-based coverage; and

Whereas persons who are covered by health insurance have better health outcomes than those who lack coverage; and

Whereas persons without health insurance coverage are more likely to be in poor health, more likely to miss needed medications and treatment and more likely to have chronic conditions that are not properly managed; and

Whereas persons without health insurance coverage are at risk of financial ruin because medical debt is the second most common cause of personal bankruptcy in the United States; and

Whereas taxpayers, through state and local governments, fund county clinics, community clinics and other safety net providers that provide care to those working people whose employers fail to provide affordable health insurance coverage to their employees as well as to other uninsured persons; and

Whereas controlling health care costs can be more readily achieved if a greater share of working people and their families have employer-sponsored health insurance so that cost shifting is minimized; and

NOTE: Matter in boldfaced type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted.

New sections are in boldfaced type.

LC 201
Whereas the social and economic burden created by the lack of health insurance coverage for some workers and the coverage of other workers through the medical assistance program creates a burden on other employers, the state, affected workers and the families of affected workers who suffer ill health and risk financial ruin; now, therefore,

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. The purpose of sections 1 to 5 and 7 of this 2018 Act is to:

(1) Ensure that employers pay a fair share penalty for health care coverage provided to their employees through the medical assistance program.

(2) Encourage employers to provide affordable health insurance coverage to low-wage employees who would otherwise be enrolled in the medical assistance program.

(3) Protect employees who receive medical assistance from retaliation by their employers for seeking or obtaining medical assistance.

(4) Pay a share of the costs of medical assistance provided to working adults who lack affordable employer-sponsored health insurance, improve reimbursement to the health care providers who care for these workers and support the safety net providers that care for the remaining uninsured workers.

SECTION 2. As used in sections 1 to 5 of this 2018 Act:

(1)(a) “Covered employee” means an individual who meets all of the following conditions:

(A) The individual is 18 to 64 years of age.
(B) The individual is employed for an average of at least 30 hours per week by an employer that offers health insurance coverage to its employees.
(C) The individual is enrolled in medical assistance on the basis of the individual’s income and not by reason of a disability or being over 65 years of age.

(b) “Covered employee” includes a leased employee or other individual under the direction and control of the employer.

(2)(a) “Employer” means an employing unit as defined in ORS 657.020 that employed an average of at least 50 full-time employees on business days during the preceding calendar year.

(b) “Employer” includes all of the members of a controlled group of corporations. As used in this paragraph, “controlled group of corporations” means a controlled group of corporations as defined in section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that “more than 50 percent” shall be substituted for “at least 80 percent” each place it appears in section 1563(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the determination shall be made without regard to sections 1563(a)(4) and 1563(e)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(c) “Employer” does not include a public employer as defined in ORS 243.650.

(3) “Medical assistance” has the meaning given that term in ORS 414.025.

(4) “Safety net provider” means any provider of comprehensive primary care or acute hospital inpatient services that provides these services to a significant number of medical assistance and medically indigent patients in relation to the total number of patients served by the provider.

SECTION 3. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 4 of this 2018 Act, every employer shall pay to the Department of Consumer and Business Services an employer responsibility penalty for each covered employee, as determined under subsection (3) of this section.

(2) Each year the department shall determine the average cost of a full year of employee-only coverage under a group health benefit plan that has an actuarial value of 70
(3) For each employer, the department shall:
   (a) Multiply the amount determined under subsection (2) of this section by the number
   of the employer's covered employees;
   (b) Multiply the product calculated in paragraph (a) of this subsection by 0.9; and
   (c) Impose an employer responsibility penalty on the employer that is equal to the product
   calculated in paragraph (b) of this subsection.

(4) All moneys collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Employer Re-
   sponsibility for Medical Assistance Trust Fund created in section 5 of this 2018 Act.

SECTION 4. (1) The Department of Consumer and Business Services has all powers and
   duties necessary to administer the collection and enforcement of employer responsibility
   penalties required to be remitted by employers under this section and section 3 of this 2018
   Act, including but not limited to the power to:
   (a) Adopt rules to administer and enforce sections 1 to 5 and 6 of this 2018 Act;
   (b) Subpoena documents and subpoena witnesses to testify under oath; and
   (c) Institute or prosecute actions for the enforcement of sections 1 to 5 and 6 of this 2018
   Act.

   (2) An employer shall pay to the department, for deposit into the Employer Responsibility
   for Medical Assistance Trust Fund, any employer responsibility penalties imposed on the
   employer pursuant to section 3 of this 2018 Act.

   (3) The department shall annually send to each employer subject to an employer respon-
   sibility penalty under section 3 of this 2018 Act a notice of any employer responsibility pen-
   alty imposed and the date on which payment is due. The amount of the penalty shall become
   conclusive and binding upon the employer unless, within 20 days after the mailing of the
   notice to the last-known address of the employer as shown on the records of the department,
   or in the absence of mailing, within 20 days after the delivery of the notice, the employer
   files a request for hearing. Hearings shall be conducted in accordance with ORS chapter 183.

   (4) Interest shall be assessed on employer responsibility penalties not paid on or before
   payment is due at 10 percent per annum. Interest shall begin to accrue the day after the date
   the payment is due and shall be deposited into the Employer Responsibility for Medical As-
   sistance Trust Fund.

   (5) If an employer responsibility penalty payment is more than 60 days overdue, a penalty
   equal to the interest charged as described in subsection (4) of this section shall be assessed
   and due for each month, or part thereof, that the employer responsibility penalty payment
   is not received.

   (6) All penalties shall be paid to and collected by the department at such times and in
   such manner as the department may prescribe and upon collection shall be deposited in the
   Employer Responsibility for Medical Assistance Trust Fund.

   (7) An employer shall provide information to all newly hired and existing employees re-
   garding the availability of medical assistance for low-income employees and regarding the
   employees' rights under section 7 of this 2018 Act. The department, in consultation with the
   Oregon Health Authority, shall develop a simple, uniform notice containing the information.

SECTION 5. (1) The Employer Responsibility for Medical Assistance Trust Fund is cre-
   ated in the State Treasury, separate and distinct from the General Fund, and consists of
   moneys collected under sections 3 and 4 of this 2018 Act. Interest earned by the Employer
Responsibility for Medical Assistance Trust Fund shall be credited to the fund.

(2) Moneys in the fund are appropriated to the Oregon Health Authority to be used for the following purposes:

(a) To pay a portion of the cost of medical assistance provided to covered employees.
(b) To increase the reimbursement paid by the authority to health care providers that:
   (A) Contract with the authority to provide services to medical assistance recipients; and
   (B) Are located in health profession shortage areas or medically underserved areas as
designated by the Office of Rural Health.
(c) To make supplemental medical assistance payments to health care providers if 30 percent or more of a provider's patients are medical assistance recipients or uninsured.
(d) To reimburse safety net providers for the cost of providing care, without expectation of compensation, to Oregonians who do not have health insurance.
(e) To provide funding for medical residency programs in this state.

(3) All costs to implement and administer sections 1 to 5 and 6 of this 2018 Act shall be paid from moneys deposited in the fund, including any necessary costs incurred by the authority, the Department of Consumer and Business Services or any other state government agency.

SECTION 6. (1) The Oregon Health Authority, the Employment Department, the Department of Consumer and Business Services and the Department of Revenue shall enter into interagency agreements and take any steps necessary, including by requesting from a federal agency a waiver of federal requirements, to share the data required to carry out the provisions of sections 1 to 5 of this 2018 Act.

(2) The authority shall provide to the Department of Consumer and Business Services a list of employers with one or more employees who receive medical assistance in order to permit the department to determine and collect the employer responsibility penalty imposed pursuant to section 3 of this 2018 Act.

(3) Any and all shared data identifying recipients of medical assistance may not be further disclosed for purposes other than the administration of sections 1 to 5 of this 2018 Act and are subject to the confidentiality requirements in ORS 413.171 and 657.665.

(4) As used in this section, “medical assistance” has the meaning given that term in ORS 414.025.

SECTION 7. (1) As used in this section:

(a) “Employer” has the meaning given that term in section 2 of this 2018 Act.
(b) “Health insurance exchange” has the meaning given that term in ORS 741.300.
(c) “Medical assistance” has the meaning given that term in ORS 414.025.
(d) “Premium tax credits” means tax credits provided under section 36B of the Internal Revenue Code to a person who is enrolled in a qualified health plan through a health insurance exchange.

(2) It is an unlawful employment practice under ORS chapter 659A for an employer to refuse to hire, discharge, demote, suspend, retaliate or otherwise discriminate against an employee who applies for or receives medical assistance or premium tax credits.

(3) An employee who alleges a violation of subsection (2) of this section may bring a civil action under ORS 659A.885 or may file a complaint with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries in the manner provided by ORS 659A.820.

SECTION 8. ORS 657.660 is amended to read:
657.660. (1) Every employing unit shall keep true and accurate records of all persons employed by it and such records of hours worked, wages paid and other statistics as prescribed by the Director of the Employment Department for the administration of this chapter and section 6 of this 2018 Act.

(2) Such records shall be open to inspection by the director or an authorized representative of the director at any reasonable time. No person shall refuse to allow the director or authorized representative to inspect the payroll or other records or documents relative to the enforcement of this chapter and section 6 of this 2018 Act.

(3) The director may require from any employing unit such reports on the wages, hours, employment, unemployment and related matters concerning its employees as the director deems necessary to the effective administration of this chapter and section 6 of this 2018 Act.

(4) Every employing unit shall fully, correctly and promptly furnish the director all information required by the director to carry out the purposes and provisions of this chapter and section 6 of this 2018 Act.

SECTION 9. ORS 657.665 is amended to read:

657.665. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) to (5) of this section, all information in the records of the Employment Department pertaining to the administration of the unemployment insurance, employment service and workforce and labor market information programs:

(a) Is confidential and for the exclusive use and information of the Director of the Employment Department in administering the unemployment insurance, employment service and workforce and labor market information programs in Oregon.

(b) May not be used in any court action or in any proceeding pending in the court unless the director or the state is a party to the action or proceeding or unless the proceeding concerns the establishment, enforcement or modification of a support obligation and support services are being provided by the Division of Child Support or the district attorney pursuant to ORS 25.080.

(c) Is exempt from disclosure under ORS 192.311 to 192.478.

(2) The Employment Department shall disclose information:

(a) To any claimant or legal representative, at a hearing before an administrative law judge, to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of an unemployment insurance claim.

(b) Upon request to the United States Secretary of Labor. The Employment Department shall disclose the information in a form and containing the information that the United States Secretary of Labor may require. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose.

(c) Pursuant to section 303(a)(7) of the Social Security Act, upon request to any agency of the United States charged with the administration of public works or assistance through public employment. Under this paragraph, the Employment Department shall disclose the name, address, ordinary occupation and employment status of each recipient of unemployment insurance benefits and a statement of the recipient’s right to further benefits under this chapter. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose.

(d) Pursuant to section 303(c)(1) of the Social Security Act, to the Railroad Retirement Board. Under this paragraph, the Employment Department shall disclose unemployment insurance records. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. The costs of disclosing information under this paragraph shall be paid by the board.

(e) Pursuant to section 303(d) of the Social Security Act, upon request to officers and employees of the United States Department of Agriculture and to officers or employees of any state Supple-
(f) Pursuant to section 303(e)(1) and (2)(A)(ii) of the Social Security Act, to state or local child support enforcement agencies enforcing child support obligations under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act for the purposes of establishing child support obligations, locating individuals owing child support obligations and collecting child support obligations from those individuals. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. The costs of disclosing information under this paragraph shall be paid by the United States Department of Agriculture.

(g) Pursuant to sections 303(f) and 1137 of the Social Security Act, to agencies participating in the income and eligibility verification system for the purpose of verifying an individual’s eligibility for benefits, or the amount of benefits, under unemployment insurance, temporary assistance for needy families, Medicaid, the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, Supplemental Security Income, child support enforcement or Social Security programs. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. The costs of disclosing information under this paragraph shall be paid by the requesting agency.

(h) Pursuant to section 303(h) of the Social Security Act and section 3304(a)(16)(B) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, to the United States Department of Health and Human Services National Directory of New Hires. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. The costs of disclosing information under this paragraph shall be paid by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.

(i) Pursuant to section 303(i) of the Social Security Act, to officers and employees of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and to representatives of a public housing agency for the purpose of determining an individual’s eligibility for benefits, or the amount of benefits, under a housing assistance program of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. The costs of disclosing information under this paragraph shall be paid by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development or the public housing agency.

(j) Pursuant to regulations of the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services issued under section 3304(a)(16)(A) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, and except as required by section 303 of the Social Security Act, to the state, a political subdivision or a federally recognized Indian tribe that has signed an agreement with the Department of Human Services to administer Part A of Title IV of the Social Security Act for the purpose of determining an individual’s eligibility for assistance, or the amount of assistance, under a program funded under Part A of Title IV of the Social Security Act. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose.

(k) Upon request, to the United States Attorney’s Office. Under this paragraph, the Employment Department may disclose an individual’s employment and wage information in response to a federal grand jury subpoena or for the purpose of collecting civil and criminal judgments, including restitution and special assessment fees. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. The costs of disclosing information under this paragraph shall be paid by the United States Attorney’s Office.

(3) The Employment Department may disclose information secured from employing units:

(a) To state agencies, federal agencies, local government agencies, public universities listed in
ORS 352.002 and the Oregon Health and Science University established under ORS 353.020, to the extent necessary to properly carry out governmental planning, performance measurement, program analysis, socioeconomic analysis or policy analysis functions performed under applicable law. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be disclosed by the agencies or universities in any manner that would identify individuals, claimants, employees or employing units. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the agency or university requesting the information.

(b) As part of a geographic information system. Points on a map may be used to represent economic data, including the location, employment size class and industrial classification of businesses in Oregon. Information presented as part of a geographic information system may not give specific details regarding a business’s address, actual employment or proprietary information. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the party requesting the information.

(c) In accordance with ORS 657.673.

(4) The Employment Department may:

(a) Disclose information to public employees in the performance of their duties under state or federal laws relating to the payment of unemployment insurance benefits, the provision of employment services and the provision of workforce and labor market information.

(b) At the discretion of the Director of the Employment Department and subject to an interagency agreement, disclose information to public officials in the performance of their official duties administering or enforcing laws within their authority and to the agents or contractors of public officials. The public official shall agree to assume responsibility for misuse of the information by the official’s agent or contractor.

(c) Disclose information pursuant to an informed consent, received from an employer or claimant, to disclose the information.

(d) Disclose information to partners under the federal Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act for the purpose of administering state workforce programs under the Act. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. The costs of disclosing information under this paragraph shall be paid by the requesting partner.

(e) Disclose the names and addresses of employing units to the Bureau of Labor and Industries for the purpose of disseminating information to employing units. The names and addresses disclosed are confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the bureau.

(f) Disclose information to the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries for the purpose of performing duties under ORS 279C.800 to 279C.870, 658.005 to 658.245 or 658.405 to 658.503 or ORS chapter 652, 653 or 659A. The information disclosed may include the names and addresses of employers and employees and payroll data of employers and employees. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the bureau.

(g) Disclose information required under ORS 657.660 (3) and (4) to the Public Employees Retirement System for the purpose of determining the eligibility of members of the retirement system for disability under ORS chapters 238 and 238A. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. The costs of disclosing information under this paragraph shall
be paid by the Public Employees Retirement System.

(h) Disclose to the Oregon Business Development Commission and the Oregon Business Development Department information required by the commission and the department in performing their duties under ORS 285A.050 and 285B.630 to verify changes in employment levels following direct employer participation in department programs or indirect participation through municipalities under ORS 285B.410 to 285B.482. The information disclosed to the commission and the department may include an employer’s employment level, total subject wages payroll and whole hours worked. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. The commission and the department may not disclose the information in any manner that would identify an employing unit or employee except to the extent necessary to carry out the commission’s and the department’s duties under ORS 285A.050 and 285B.630. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the commission or the Oregon Business Development Department.

(i) Disclose information to the Department of Revenue for the purpose of performing its duties under ORS 293.250 or under the revenue and tax laws of this state. The information disclosed may include the names and addresses of employers and employees and payroll data of employers and employees. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be disclosed by the Department of Revenue in any manner that would identify an employing unit or employee except to the extent necessary to carry out the department’s duties under ORS 293.250 or in auditing or reviewing any report or return required or permitted to be filed under the revenue and tax laws administered by the department. The Department of Revenue may not disclose any information received to any private collection agency or for any other purpose. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the Department of Revenue.

(j) Disclose information to the Department of Consumer and Business Services for the purpose of performing its duties under ORS chapters 654 and 656 and sections 1 to 5 and 6 of this 2018 Act. The information disclosed may include the name, address, number of employees and industrial classification code of an employer and payroll data of employers and employees. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be disclosed by the Department of Consumer and Business Services in any manner that would identify an employing unit or employee except to the extent necessary to carry out the department’s duties under ORS chapters 654 and 656 and sections 1 to 5 and 6 of this 2018 Act, including administrative hearings and court proceedings in which the Department of Consumer and Business Services is a party. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the Department of Consumer and Business Services.

(k) Disclose information to the Construction Contractors Board for the purpose of performing its duties under ORS chapter 701. The information disclosed to the board may include the names and addresses of employers and status of their compliance with this chapter. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the board.

(L) Disclose information to the State Fire Marshal to assist the State Fire Marshal in carrying out duties under ORS 453.307 to 453.414. The information disclosed may include the name, address, telephone number and industrial classification code of an employer. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be disclosed by the State Fire Marshal in any manner that would identify an employing unit except to the extent necessary to carry out duties under ORS 453.307 to 453.414.
If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the office of the State Fire Marshal.

(m) Disclose information to the Higher Education Coordinating Commission for the purpose of performing the commission's duties under ORS chapter 348 and Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965. The information disclosed may include the names and addresses of employers and employees and payroll data of employers and employees. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be disclosed by the commission in any manner that would identify an employing unit or employee except to the extent necessary to carry out the commission's duties under ORS chapter 348 or Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the commission.

(n) Disclose information to the Department of Transportation to assist the Department of Transportation in carrying out the duties of the Department of Transportation relating to collection of delinquent and liquidated debts, including taxes, under ORS 184.610 to 184.665, 184.670 to 184.733 and 805.263, ORS chapter 319 and the Oregon Vehicle Code. The information disclosed may include the names and addresses of employers and employees and payroll data of employers and employees. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be disclosed by the Department of Transportation in any manner that would identify an employing unit or employee except to the extent necessary to carry out the Department of Transportation's duties relating to collection of delinquent and liquidated debts or in auditing or reviewing any report or return required or permitted to be filed under the revenue and tax laws administered by the Department of Transportation. The Department of Transportation may not disclose any information received to any private collection agency or for any other purpose. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the Department of Transportation.

(o) Disclose information to the Department of Human Services and the Oregon Health Authority to assist the Department of Human Services and the Oregon Health Authority in the collection of debts that the Department of Human Services and the Oregon Health Authority are authorized by law to collect. The information disclosed may include the names, addresses and payroll data of employers and employees. The information disclosed is confidential and may not be disclosed by the Department of Human Services or the Oregon Health Authority in a manner that would identify an employing unit or employee except to the extent necessary for the collection of debts as described in this paragraph. The Department of Human Services and the Oregon Health Authority may not disclose information received under this paragraph to a private collection agency or use the information for a purpose other than the collection of debts as described in this paragraph. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the Department of Human Services or the Oregon Health Authority.

(p) Disclose to the Alcohol and Drug Policy Commission information required by the commission in evaluating and measuring the performance of alcohol and drug prevention and treatment programs under ORS 430.242 or the impact of the programs on employment. The information disclosed to the commission may include total subject wages payroll and whole hours worked. The information disclosed under this paragraph is confidential and may not be used for any other purpose. The commission may not disclose the information in any manner that would identify an employing unit...
or employee except to the extent necessary to carry out the commission’s duties under ORS 430.242.

If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the commission.

(q) Disclose to any person establishment level information secured pursuant to this chapter from federal, state and local government agencies, public universities listed in ORS 352.002 or the Oregon Health and Science University established under ORS 353.020. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the person requesting the information.

(r) Disclose to any person the industrial classification code assigned to an employing unit. If the information disclosed under this paragraph is not prepared for the use of the Employment Department, the costs of disclosing the information shall be paid by the person requesting the information.

(5) The Employment Department may make public all decisions of the Employment Appeals Board.

(6) Any officer appointed by or any employee of the Director of the Employment Department who discloses confidential information, except with the authority of the director, pursuant to rules or as otherwise required by law, may be disqualified from holding any appointment or employment with the Employment Department.

(7) Any person or any officer or employee of an entity to whom information is disclosed by the Employment Department under this section who divulges or uses the information for any purpose other than that specified in the provision of law or agreement authorizing the use or disclosure may be disqualified from performing any service under contract or disqualified from holding any appointment or employment with the state agency that engaged or employed that person, officer or employee. The Employment Department may immediately cancel or modify any information sharing agreement with an entity when a person or an officer or employee of that entity discloses confidential information, other than as specified in law or agreement.

SECTION 10. ORS 659A.885, as amended by section 9, chapter 197, Oregon Laws 2017, and section 13, chapter 691, Oregon Laws 2017, is amended to read:

659A.885. (1) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful practice specified in subsection (2) of this section may file a civil action in circuit court. In any action under this subsection, the court may order injunctive relief and any other equitable relief that may be appropriate, including but not limited to reinstatement or the hiring of employees with or without back pay. A court may order back pay in an action under this subsection only for the two-year period immediately preceding the filing of a complaint under ORS 659A.820 with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, or if a complaint was not filed before the action was commenced, the two-year period immediately preceding the filing of the action. In any action under this subsection, the court may allow the prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal. Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section:

(a) The judge shall determine the facts in an action under this subsection; and

(b) Upon any appeal of a judgment in an action under this subsection, the appellate court shall review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (3).

(2) An action may be brought under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of:

(b) ORS 653.470, except an action may not be brought for a claim relating to ORS 653.450.


(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, compensatory damages or $200, whichever is greater, and punitive damages;

(b) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

(c) Upon appeal of any judgment finding a violation, the appellate court shall review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1); and

(d) Any attorney fee agreement shall be subject to approval by the court.

(4) Notwithstanding ORS 31.730, in an action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 652.220, the court may award punitive damages if:

(a) It is proved by clear and convincing evidence that an employer has engaged in fraud, acted with malice or acted with willful and wanton misconduct; or

(b) An employer was previously adjudicated in a proceeding under this section or under ORS 659A.850 for a violation of ORS 652.220.

(5) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 653.060, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, compensatory damages or $200, whichever is greater.

(6) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 171.120, 476.574 or 659A.218, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, compensatory damages or $250, whichever is greater.

(7) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 10.090 or 10.092, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, a civil penalty in the amount of $720.

(8) Any individual against whom any distinction, discrimination or restriction on account of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, national origin, marital status or age, if the individual is 18 years of age or older, has been made by any place of public accommodation, as defined in ORS 659A.400, by any employee or person acting on behalf of the place or by any person aiding or abetting the place or person in violation of ORS 659A.406 may bring an action against the operator or manager of the place, the employee or person acting on behalf of the place or the aider or abettor of the place or person. Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, in an action under this subsection:

(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, compensatory and punitive damages;

(b) The operator or manager of the place of public accommodation, the employee or person acting on behalf of the place, and any aider or abettor shall be jointly and severally liable for all damages awarded in the action;

(c) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

(d) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to a prevailing plaintiff;

(e) The court may award reasonable attorney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant who prevails only if the court determines that the plaintiff had no objectively reasonable
basis for asserting a claim or no reasonable basis for appealing an adverse decision of a trial court; and

(f) Upon any appeal of a judgment under this subsection, the appellate court shall review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1).

(9) When the commissioner or the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the rights protected by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, or that a group of persons has been denied any of the rights protected by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, the commissioner or the Attorney General may file a civil action on behalf of the aggrieved persons in the same manner as a person or group of persons may file a civil action under this section. In a civil action filed under this subsection, the court may assess against the respondent, in addition to the relief authorized under subsections (1) and (3) of this section, a civil penalty:

(a) In an amount not exceeding $50,000 for a first violation; and

(b) In an amount not exceeding $100,000 for any subsequent violation.

(10) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or alleging discrimination under federal housing law, when the commissioner is pursuing the action on behalf of an aggrieved complainant, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees to the commissioner if the commissioner prevails in the action. The court may award reasonable attorney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant that prevails in the action if the court determines that the commissioner had no objectively reasonable basis for asserting the claim or for appealing an adverse decision of the trial court.

(11) In an action under subsection (1) or (9) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or discrimination under federal housing law:

(a) “Aggrieved person” includes a person who believes that the person:

(A) Has been injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice; or

(B) Will be injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice that is about to occur.

(b) An aggrieved person in regard to issues to be determined in an action may intervene as of right in the action. The Attorney General may intervene in the action if the Attorney General certifies that the case is of general public importance. The court may allow an intervenor prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal.

SECTION 11. ORS 659A.885, as amended by sections 9 and 10, chapter 197, Oregon Laws 2017, and section 13, chapter 691, Oregon Laws 2017, is amended to read:

659A.885. (1) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful practice specified in subsection (2) of this section may file a civil action in circuit court. In any action under this subsection, the court may order injunctive relief and any other equitable relief that may be appropriate, including but not limited to reinstatement or the hiring of employees with or without back pay. A court may order back pay in an action under this subsection only for the two-year period immediately preceding the filing of a complaint under ORS 659A.820 with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, or if a complaint was not filed before the action was commenced, the two-year period immediately preceding the filing of the action. In any action under this subsection, the court may allow the prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal. Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section:

(a) The judge shall determine the facts in an action under this subsection; and

(b) Upon any appeal of a judgment in an action under this subsection, the appellate court shall
review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (3).

(2) An action may be brought under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of:


(b) ORS 653.470, except an action may not be brought for a claim relating to ORS 653.450.


(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, compensatory damages or $200, whichever is greater, and punitive damages;

(b) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

(c) Upon appeal of any judgment finding a violation, the appellate court shall review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1); and

(d) Any attorney fee agreement shall be subject to approval by the court.

(4) Notwithstanding ORS 31.730, in an action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 652.220, the court may award punitive damages if:

(a) It is proved by clear and convincing evidence that an employer has engaged in fraud, acted with malice or acted with willful and wanton misconduct; or

(b) An employer was previously adjudicated in a proceeding under this section or under ORS 659A.850 for a violation of ORS 652.220.

(5) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 653.060, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, compensatory damages or $200, whichever is greater.

(6) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 171.120, 476.574 or 659A.218, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, compensatory damages or $250, whichever is greater.

(7) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 10.090 or 10.092, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, a civil penalty in the amount of $720.

(8) Any individual against whom any distinction, discrimination or restriction on account of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, national origin, marital status or age, if the individual is 18 years of age or older, has been made by any place of public accommodation, as defined in ORS 659A.400, by any employee or person acting on behalf of the place or by any person aiding or abetting the place or person in violation of ORS 659A.406 may bring an action against the operator or manager of the place, the employee or person acting on behalf of the place or the aider or abettor of the place or person. Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, in an action under this subsection:

(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, compensatory and punitive damages;

(b) The operator or manager of the place of public accommodation, the employee or person
acting on behalf of the place, and any aider or abettor shall be jointly and severally liable for all
damages awarded in the action;

(c) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

(d) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to a prevailing plaintiff;

(e) The court may award reasonable attorney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a de-
fendant who prevails only if the court determines that the plaintiff had no objectively reasonable
basis for asserting a claim or no reasonable basis for appealing an adverse decision of a trial court;
and

(f) Upon any appeal of a judgment under this subsection, the appellate court shall review the
judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1).

(9) When the commissioner or the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a
person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the rights protected
by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, or that a group of persons has been denied
any of the rights protected by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, the commissioner
or the Attorney General may file a civil action on behalf of the aggrieved persons in the same
manner as a person or group of persons may file a civil action under this section. In a civil action
filed under this subsection, the court may assess against the respondent, in addition to the relief
authorized under subsections (1) and (3) of this section, a civil penalty:

(a) In an amount not exceeding $50,000 for a first violation; and

(b) In an amount not exceeding $100,000 for any subsequent violation.

(10) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 or
659A.421 or alleging discrimination under federal housing law, when the commissioner is pursuing
the action on behalf of an aggrieved complainant, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees to
the commissioner if the commissioner prevails in the action. The court may award reasonable at-
torney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant that prevails in the action if the court
determines that the commissioner had no objectively reasonable basis for asserting the claim or for
appealing an adverse decision of the trial court.

(11) In an action under subsection (1) or (9) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145
or 659A.421 or discrimination under federal housing law:

(a) “Aggrieved person” includes a person who believes that the person:

(A) Has been injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice; or

(B) Will be injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice that is about to

occur.

(b) An aggrieved person in regard to issues to be determined in an action may intervene as of
right in the action. The Attorney General may intervene in the action if the Attorney General cer-
tifies that the case is of general public importance. The court may allow an intervenor prevailing
party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal.

SECTION 12. Sections 1 to 7 of this 2018 Act and the amendments to ORS 657.660, 657.665
and 659A.885 by sections 8 to 11 of this 2018 Act become operative on January 1, 2020.

SECTION 13. (1) The Department of Consumer and Business Services, the Employment
Department, the Oregon Health Authority and the Department of Revenue may take any
action prior to the operative date specified in section 12 of this 2018 Act that is necessary
to carry out sections 1 to 6 of this 2018 Act and the amendments to ORS 657.660 and 657.665
by sections 8 and 9 of this 2018 Act on and after the operative date specified in section 12
of this 2018 Act.
(2) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries may take any action prior to the operative date specified in section 12 of this 2018 Act that is necessary to carry out section 7 of this 2018 Act and the amendments to ORS 659A.885 by sections 10 and 11 of this 2018 Act on and after the operative date specified in section 12 of this 2018 Act.

SECTION 14. This 2018 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2018 regular session of the Seventy-ninth Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.