Requested by SENATE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO A-ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2807

- In line 2 of the printed A-engrossed bill, before the period insert "; cre-
- 2 ating new provisions; amending ORS 30.269, 30.298, 30.650, 31.360, 31.705,
- 3 31.710, 31.715, 124.100, 137.103 and 260.532; and declaring an emergency".
- 4 After line 11, insert:

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- **"SECTION 3.** ORS 31.710 is amended to read:
- 6 "31.710. (1)(a) Except for claims subject to ORS 30.260 to 30.300 and ORS
- 7 chapter 656, in any civil action seeking damages arising out of bodily injury,
- 8 including emotional injury or distress, [death] or property damage of any one
- 9 person including claims for loss of care, comfort, companionship and society
- and loss of consortium, the amount awarded for noneconomic damages, as
- defined in ORS 31.705, shall not exceed [\$500,000] \$10 million.
 - "(b) Except for claims subject to ORS 30.260 to 30.300 and ORS chapter 656, in any civil action for the wrongful death of any one person including claims for loss of care, comfort, companionship and society and loss of consortium, the amount awarded for noneconomic damages, as defined in ORS 31.705, shall not exceed \$500,000.
- "(2) Beginning in 2018, and every year thereafter, the State Court
 Administrator shall determine the percentage increase or decrease in
 the cost of living for the previous calendar year, based on changes in
 the Portland-Salem, OR-WA Consumer Price Index for All Urban
 Consumers for All Items as published by the Bureau of Labor Statis-

tics of the United States Department of Labor. On or before July 1 of 1 the year in which the State Court Administrator makes the determi-2 nation required by this subsection, the State Court Administrator 3 shall adjust the limitation imposed under subsection (1)(a) of this 4 section by multiplying the limitation amount applicable to the year in 5 which the adjustment is made by the percentage amount determined 6 under this subsection. The State Court Administrator shall round the 7 adjusted limitation amount to the nearest \$100, but the unrounded 8 amount shall be used to calculate the adjustment to the limitation in 9 the following year. The adjusted limitation becomes effective on July 10 1 of the year in which the adjustment is made, and applies to all 11 causes of action arising on or after July 1 of that year and before July 12 1 of the following year. 13

"[(2) As used in this section:]

- "[(a) 'Economic damages' means objectively verifiable monetary losses in-15 cluding but not limited to reasonable charges necessarily incurred for medical, 16 hospital, nursing and rehabilitative services and other health care services, 17 burial and memorial expenses, loss of income and past and future impairment 18 of earning capacity, reasonable and necessary expenses incurred for substitute 19 domestic services, recurring loss to an estate, damage to reputation that is 20 economically verifiable, reasonable and necessarily incurred costs due to loss 21 of use of property and reasonable costs incurred for repair or for replacement 22 of damaged property, whichever is less.] 23
- "[(b) 'Noneconomic damages' means subjective, nonmonetary losses, including but not limited to pain, mental suffering, emotional distress, humiliation, injury to reputation, loss of care, comfort, companionship and society, loss of consortium, inconvenience and interference with normal and usual activities apart from gainful employment.]
- 29 "(3) This section does not apply to punitive damages.
- "(4) The jury shall not be advised of the [limitation] limitations set forth

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- "SECTION 4. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the amendments to ORS 31.710 by section 3 of this 2017 Act apply to all causes of action, whether arising before, on or after the effective date of this 2017 Act.
- "(2)(a) The amendments to ORS 31.710 by section 3 of this 2017 Act do not apply to any award of noneconomic damages for which a final judgment has been entered before the effective date of this 2017 Act.
- "(b) As used in this subsection, 'final judgment' means a judgment for which the time to appeal has expired without any party filing an appeal or that is not subject to further appeal or review.
- "SECTION 5. ORS 31.705 is amended to read:
- 13 "31.705. (1) A verdict shall set forth separately economic damages and 14 noneconomic damages[, if any, as defined in ORS 31.710].
 - "(2) As used in this section:
- "(a) 'Economic damages' means objectively verifiable monetary 16 losses including but not limited to reasonable charges necessarily in-17 curred for medical, hospital, nursing and rehabilitative services and 18 other health care services, burial and memorial expenses, loss of in-19 come and past and future impairment of earning capacity, reasonable 20 and necessary expenses incurred for substitute domestic services, re-21 curring loss to an estate, damage to reputation that is economically 22 verifiable, reasonable and necessarily incurred costs due to loss of use 23 of property and reasonable costs incurred for repair or for replacement 24 of damaged property, whichever is less. 25
 - "(b) 'Noneconomic damages' means subjective, nonmonetary losses, including but not limited to pain, mental suffering, emotional distress, humiliation, injury to reputation, loss of care, comfort, companionship and society, loss of consortium, inconvenience and interference with normal and usual activities apart from gainful employment.

"SECTION 6. ORS 30.269 is amended to read:

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- "30.269. (1) Punitive damages may not be awarded on any claim subject to ORS 30.260 to 30.300.
- "(2) Claims subject to ORS 30.260 to 30.300 are not subject to the [limi-tation] limitations imposed by ORS 31.710.
- 6 "(3) A court may not apply the limitations imposed on recovery under 7 ORS 30.271, 30.272 and 30.273 until after the entry of a verdict or a stipu-8 lation by the parties to the amount of the damages.
- "(4) The limitations imposed under ORS 30.271 (2) and 30.272 (2) on single claimants include damages claimed for loss of services or loss of support arising out of the same tort.
- "(5) If two or more claimants recover on a claim that arises out of a 12 single accident or occurrence, and the recovery is subject to a limitation 13 imposed by ORS 30.271 (3), 30.272 (3) or 30.273 (2)(b), any party to the action 14 in which the claim is made may apply to the court to apportion to each 15 claimant the proper share of the amount allowed by ORS 30.271 (3), 30.272 16 (3) or 30.273 (2)(b). The share apportioned to each claimant shall be in the 17 proportion that the ratio of the award or settlement made to the claimant 18 bears to the aggregate awards and settlements for all claims arising out of 19 the accident or occurrence. 20
 - "(6) Liability of any public body and one or more of its officers, employees or agents, or two or more officers, employees or agents of a public body, on claims arising out of a single accident or occurrence, may not exceed in the aggregate the amounts allowed by ORS 30.271, 30.272 and 30.273.
- "(7) ORS 30.271, 30.272 and 30.273 do not apply to a claim arising in connection with a nuclear incident covered by an insurance or indemnity agreement under 42 U.S.C. 2210.
- "(8) For the purposes of the limitations imposed by ORS 30.271, 30.272 and 30.273, events giving rise to a proclamation of a state of emergency under ORS 401.165, or a proclamation of a public health emergency under ORS

- 1 433.441, do not constitute a single accident or occurrence.
- **"SECTION 7.** ORS 30.298 is amended to read:
- 3 "30.298. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Department
- 4 of Human Services is liable, without regard to fault, for injury to the person
- of foster parents or damage to the property of foster parents caused by a
- 6 foster child if the foster child is residing in:
- 7 "(a) A foster home that is maintained by the foster parents and that has
- 8 been certified by the department under the provisions of ORS 418.625 to
- 9 418.645;
- 10 "(b) An approved home that is maintained by the foster parents and that
- 11 is receiving payment from the department under the provisions of ORS
- 12 418.027 or under the provisions of ORS 420.810 and 420.815; or
- 13 "(c) A developmental disability child foster home that has been certified
- by the department under the provisions of ORS 443.830 and 443.835.
- "(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Oregon Youth Au-
- thority is liable, without regard to fault, for injury to the person of foster
- 17 parents or damage to the property of foster parents caused by a youth
- 18 offender if the youth offender resides in a youth offender foster home that
- is maintained by the foster parents and that has been certified by the au-
- 20 thority under the provisions of ORS 420.888 to 420.892.
- 21 "(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the liability of the de-
- 22 partment and of the authority under this section is subject to the same re-
- 23 quirements and limitations provided in ORS 30.260 to 30.300, and a claim
- 24 under this section shall be treated as a claim for damages within the scope
- of ORS 30.260 to 30.300 for the purposes of ORS 278.120.
- 26 "(4) Notwithstanding ORS 30.260 to 30.300:
- 27 "(a) In no event shall the liability of the department or the authority
- 28 under this section exceed \$5,000 for any number of claims arising out of a
- 29 single occurrence;

"(b) The liability of the department and the authority under this section

- 1 is limited to economic damages, and in no event shall the department or the
- 2 authority be liable for noneconomic damages;
- 3 "(c) The department and the authority are liable under this section only
- 4 to the extent the loss is not covered by other insurance; and
- 5 "(d) No claim shall be allowed under this section unless written notice
- of the claim is delivered to the Oregon Department of Administrative Ser-
- 7 vices within 90 days after the alleged loss or injury.
- 8 "(5) The department and the authority are not liable under this section
- 9 for:
- "(a) Damage to or destruction of currency, securities or any other intan-
- 11 gible property;
- 12 "(b) The unexplained disappearance of any property; or
- "(c) Loss or damage that is due to wear and tear, inherent vice or gradual
- 14 deterioration.
- "(6) In no event does the liability of the department or the authority un-
- der this section for damage to property exceed the difference between the fair
- 17 market value of the property immediately before its damage or destruction
- and its fair market value immediately thereafter. The department and the
- 19 authority are not liable for the costs of any betterments to the property that
- 20 may be required by code, statute or other law as a condition of repair, re-
- 21 placement or reconstruction.
- 22 "(7) The liability imposed under this section is in addition to that imposed
- 23 for the intentional torts of a foster child or youth offender under ORS 30.297,
- but any amounts paid under this section shall reduce any recovery that may
- be made under ORS 30.297.
- 26 "(8) For the purposes of this section:
- "(a) 'Authority' means the Oregon Youth Authority.
- 28 "(b) 'Department' means the Department of Human Services.
- "(c) 'Economic damages' and 'noneconomic damages' have those meanings
- 30 given in ORS [31.710] **31.705**.

- "(d) 'Foster child' has that meaning given in ORS 30.297.
- "(e) Youth offender' has the meaning given in ORS 419A.004.
- **"SECTION 8.** ORS 30.650 is amended to read:
- 4 "30.650. Noneconomic damages, as defined in ORS [31.710] **31.705**, may not
- 5 be awarded to an inmate in an action against a public body unless the in-
- 6 mate has established that the inmate suffered economic damages, as defined
- 7 in ORS [31.710] **31.705**.
- 8 **"SECTION 9.** ORS 31.360 is amended to read:
- 9 "31.360. (1) For the purpose of establishing a claim for economic damages,
- as defined in ORS [31.710] **31.705**, in an action arising from an injury caused
- 11 by a dog:
- "(a) The plaintiff need not prove that the owner of the dog could foresee
- that the dog would cause the injury; and
- 14 "(b) The owner of the dog may not assert as a defense that the owner
- could not foresee that the dog would cause the injury.
- "(2) This section does not prevent the owner of a dog that caused an in-
- 17 jury from asserting that the dog was provoked, or from asserting any other
- defense that may be available to the owner.
- "(3) This section does not affect the requirements for an award of punitive
- 20 damages provided in ORS 31.730 (1).
 - **"SECTION 10.** ORS 31.715 is amended to read:
- 22 "31.715. (1) Except as provided in this section, a plaintiff may not recover
- 23 noneconomic damages, as defined in ORS [31.710] 31.705, in any action for
- 24 injury or death arising out of the operation of a motor vehicle if the plaintiff
- was in violation of ORS 806.010 or 813.010 at the time the act or omission
- 26 causing the death or injury occurred. A claim for noneconomic damages shall
- 27 not be considered by the jury if the jury determines that the limitation on
- 28 liability established by this section applies to the claim for noneconomic
- 29 damages.

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"(2) For the purpose of the limitation on liability established by this

- section, a person is conclusively presumed to have been in violation of ORS
- 2 806.010 or 813.010 if the person is convicted in a criminal proceeding of one
- 3 or both of those offenses. If the person has not been convicted of violating
- 4 ORS 806.010 or 813.010, the defendant in the civil action may establish in the
- 5 civil action, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the plaintiff was in
- 6 violation of ORS 806.010 or 813.010 at the time the act or omission causing
- 7 the death or injury occurred.
- 8 "(3) The court shall abate a civil action upon the motion of any defendant
- 9 in the civil action against whom a plaintiff has asserted a claim for none-
- 10 conomic damages if the defendant alleges that the claim of the plaintiff is
- subject to the limitation on liability established by this section and:
- "(a) A criminal proceeding for a violation of ORS 813.010 has been com-
- 13 menced against the plaintiff in the civil action at the time the motion is
- 14 made; or
- 15 "(b) The district attorney for the county in which the conduct occurred
- informs the court at the time the motion is made that criminal proceedings
- for a violation of ORS 813.010 will be commenced against the plaintiff in the
- 18 civil action.
- "(4) The court may order that only the claim that is subject to the limi-
- 20 tation on liability established by this section be abated under subsection (3)
- of this section. An abatement under subsection (3) of this section shall re-
- 22 main in effect until the conclusion of the criminal proceedings.
- 23 "(5) The limitation on liability established by this section does not apply
- 24 if:
- 25 "(a) The defendant in the civil action was also in violation of ORS 806.010
- or 813.010 at the time the act or omission causing the death or injury oc-
- 27 curred;
- 28 "(b) The death or injury resulted from acts or omissions of the defendant
- 29 that constituted an intentional tort;
- "(c) The defendant was engaged in conduct that would constitute a vio-

- lation of ORS 811.140 at the time the act or omission causing the death or
- 2 injury occurred; or
- "(d) The defendant was engaged in conduct that would constitute a felony at the time the act or omission causing the death or injury occurred.
- "(C) The limitation on liability established by this section based on
- 5 "(6) The limitation on liability established by this section based on a vi-
- 6 olation of ORS 806.010 does not apply if the plaintiff in the civil action was
- 7 insured under a motor vehicle liability insurance policy within 180 days be-
- 8 fore the act or omission occurred, and the plaintiff has not operated a motor
- 9 vehicle in violation of ORS 806.010 within the one-year period immediately
- preceding the date on which coverage under the motor vehicle liability in-
- 11 surance policy lapsed.
- "SECTION 11. ORS 124.100 is amended to read:
- 13 "124.100. (1) As used in ORS 124.100 to 124.140:
- "(a) 'Designee' means a person designated by the Department of Human
- 15 Services to conduct investigations under ORS 430.731 in a county with a
- population of 650,000 or more persons.
- "(b) 'Elderly person' means a person 65 years of age or older.
- 18 "(c) 'Financially incapable' has the meaning given that term in ORS 19 125.005.
- "(d) 'Incapacitated' has the meaning given that term in ORS 125.005.
- "(e) 'Person with a disability' means a person with a physical or mental impairment that:
- 23 "(A) Is likely to continue without substantial improvement for no fewer 24 than 12 months or to result in death; and
- "(B) Prevents performance of substantially all the ordinary duties of occupations in which an individual not having the physical or mental impairment is capable of engaging, having due regard to the training, experience and circumstances of the person with the physical or mental impairment.
- "(f) 'Type B area agency' means a type B area agency, as defined in ORS 410.040, that is designated to operate in a geographic area with a population

- of 650,000 or more persons.
- 2 "(g) 'Vulnerable person' means:
- 3 "(A) An elderly person;
- 4 "(B) A financially incapable person;
- 5 "(C) An incapacitated person; or
- 6 "(D) A person with a disability who is susceptible to force, threat, duress,
- 7 coercion, persuasion or physical or emotional injury because of the person's
- 8 physical or mental impairment.
- 9 "(2) A vulnerable person who suffers injury, damage or death by reason
- of physical abuse or financial abuse may bring an action against any person
- who has caused the physical or financial abuse or who has permitted another
- person to engage in physical or financial abuse. The court shall award the
- 13 following to a plaintiff who prevails in an action under this section:
- "(a) An amount equal to three times all economic damages, as defined in
- ORS [31.710] **31.705**, resulting from the physical or financial abuse, or \$500,
- 16 whichever amount is greater.
- 17 "(b) An amount equal to three times all noneconomic damages, as defined
- by ORS [31.710] **31.705**, resulting from the physical or financial abuse.
- "(c) Reasonable attorney fees incurred by the plaintiff.
- 20 "(d) Reasonable fees for the services of a conservator or guardian ad litem
- incurred by reason of the litigation of a claim brought under this section.
- 22 "(3) An action may be brought under this section only by:
- 23 "(a) A vulnerable person;
- "(b) A guardian, conservator or attorney-in-fact for a vulnerable person;
- 25 "(c) A personal representative for the estate of a decedent who was a
- vulnerable person at the time the cause of action arose; or
- 27 "(d) A trustee for a trust on behalf of the trustor or the spouse of the
- 28 trustor who is a vulnerable person.
- 29 "(4) An action may be brought under this section only for physical abuse
- described in ORS 124.105 or for financial abuse described in ORS 124.110.

- "(5) An action may be brought under this section against a person for permitting another person to engage in physical or financial abuse if the person knowingly acts or fails to act under circumstances in which a reasonable person should have known of the physical or financial abuse.
- 5 "(6) A person commencing an action under this section must serve a copy 6 of the complaint on the Attorney General within 30 days after the action is 7 commenced.
- 8 **"SECTION 12.** ORS 124.100, as amended by section 5, chapter 568, Oregon Laws 2015, is amended to read:
- "124.100. (1) As used in ORS 124.100 to 124.140:
- "(a) 'Elderly person' means a person 65 years of age or older.
- 12 "(b) 'Financially incapable' has the meaning given that term in ORS 125.005.
- "(c) 'Incapacitated' has the meaning given that term in ORS 125.005.
- 15 "(d) 'Person with a disability' means a person with a physical or mental 16 impairment that:
- "(A) Is likely to continue without substantial improvement for no fewer than 12 months or to result in death; and
- "(B) Prevents performance of substantially all the ordinary duties of occupations in which an individual not having the physical or mental impairment is capable of engaging, having due regard to the training, experience and circumstances of the person with the physical or mental impairment.
- 23 "(e) 'Vulnerable person' means:
- 24 "(A) An elderly person;
- 25 "(B) A financially incapable person;
- 26 "(C) An incapacitated person; or
- "(D) A person with a disability who is susceptible to force, threat, duress, coercion, persuasion or physical or emotional injury because of the person's physical or mental impairment.
- 30 "(2) A vulnerable person who suffers injury, damage or death by reason

- of physical abuse or financial abuse may bring an action against any person
- 2 who has caused the physical or financial abuse or who has permitted another
- 3 person to engage in physical or financial abuse. The court shall award the
- 4 following to a plaintiff who prevails in an action under this section:
- 5 "(a) An amount equal to three times all economic damages, as defined in
- 6 ORS [31.710] **31.705**, resulting from the physical or financial abuse, or \$500,
- 7 whichever amount is greater.
- 8 "(b) An amount equal to three times all noneconomic damages, as defined
- 9 by ORS [31.710] **31.705**, resulting from the physical or financial abuse.
- "(c) Reasonable attorney fees incurred by the plaintiff.
- "(d) Reasonable fees for the services of a conservator or guardian ad litem
- incurred by reason of the litigation of a claim brought under this section.
 - "(3) An action may be brought under this section only by:
- "(a) A vulnerable person;

- "(b) A guardian, conservator or attorney-in-fact for a vulnerable person;
- 16 "(c) A personal representative for the estate of a decedent who was a
- vulnerable person at the time the cause of action arose; or
- 18 "(d) A trustee for a trust on behalf of the trustor or the spouse of the
- 19 trustor who is a vulnerable person.
- "(4) An action may be brought under this section only for physical abuse
- described in ORS 124.105 or for financial abuse described in ORS 124.110.
- 22 "(5) An action may be brought under this section against a person for
- 23 permitting another person to engage in physical or financial abuse if the
- 24 person knowingly acts or fails to act under circumstances in which a rea-
- 25 sonable person should have known of the physical or financial abuse.
- 26 "(6) A person commencing an action under this section must serve a copy
- of the complaint on the Attorney General within 30 days after the action is
- 28 commenced.
- 29 **"SECTION 13.** ORS 137.103 is amended to read:
- 30 "137.103. As used in ORS 137.101 to 137.109:

- "(1) 'Criminal activities' means any offense with respect to which the defendant is convicted or any other criminal conduct admitted by the defendant.
- 4 "(2) 'Economic damages':
- "(a) Has the meaning given that term in ORS [31.710] **31.705**, except that 'economic damages' does not include future impairment of earning capacity; and
- 8 "(b) In cases involving criminal activities described in ORS 163.263, 9 163.264 or 163.266, includes the greater of:
- "(A) The value to the defendant of the victim's services as defined in ORS 163.261; or
- "(B) The value of the victim's services, as defined in ORS 163.261, computed using the minimum wage established under ORS 653.025 and the over-time provisions of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.).
- "(3) 'Restitution' means full, partial or nominal payment of economic damages to a victim. Restitution is independent of and may be awarded in addition to a compensatory fine awarded under ORS 137.101.
- 19 "(4) 'Victim' means:
- "(a) The person or decedent against whom the defendant committed the criminal offense, if the court determines that the person or decedent has suffered or did suffer economic damages as a result of the offense.
- "(b) Any person not described in paragraph (a) of this subsection whom the court determines has suffered economic damages as a result of the defendant's criminal activities.
- "(c) The Criminal Injuries Compensation Account, if it has expended moneys on behalf of a victim described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- 28 "(d) An insurance carrier, if it has expended moneys on behalf of a victim 29 described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- "(e) Upon the death of a victim described in paragraph (a) or (b) of this

- 1 subsection, the estate of the victim.
- 2 "(f) The estate, successor in interest, trust, trustee, successor trustee or
- 3 beneficiary of a trust against which the defendant committed the criminal
- 4 offense, if the court determines that the estate, successor in interest, trust,
- 5 trustee, successor trustee or beneficiary of a trust suffered economic damages
- 6 as a result of the offense.
- 7 "(5) 'Victim' does not include any coparticipant in the defendant's crimi-
- 8 nal activities.

"SECTION 14. ORS 260.532 is amended to read:

- "260.532. (1) No person shall cause to be written, printed, published,
- posted, communicated or circulated, any letter, circular, bill, placard, poster,
- 12 photograph or other publication, or cause any advertisement to be placed in
- a publication, or singly or with others pay for any advertisement, with
- 14 knowledge or with reckless disregard that the letter, circular, bill, placard,
- poster, photograph, publication or advertisement contains a false statement
- of material fact relating to any candidate, political committee or measure.
- "(2) As used in subsection (1) of this section, 'cause' does not include the
- broadcast of an advertisement by a radio or television station or cable tele-
- 19 vision company unless the advertisement is for:
- 20 "(a) The candidacy of the owner, licensee or operator of the station or
- 21 company; or
- 22 "(b) A ballot measure of which a chief petitioner is the owner, licensee
- 23 or operator of the station or company.
- "(3) A candidate who knows of and consents to a publication or adver-
- 25 tisement prohibited by this section with knowledge or with reckless disre-
- 26 gard that it contains a false statement of material fact, violates this section
- 27 regardless of whether the candidate has participated directly in the publica-
- 28 tion or advertisement.
- 29 "(4) There is a rebuttable presumption that a candidate knows of and
- 30 consents to any publication or advertisement prohibited by this section

- caused by a political committee over which the candidate exercises any direction and control.
- "(5) Any candidate or political committee aggrieved by a violation of this section shall have a right of action against the person alleged to have com-mitted the violation. The aggrieved party may file the action in the circuit court for any county in this state in which a defendant resides or can be found or, if the defendant is a nonresident of this state, in the circuit court for any county in which the publication occurred. To prevail in such an action, the plaintiff must show by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant violated subsection (1) of this section.
 - "(6) A plaintiff who prevails in an action provided by subsection (5) of this section may recover economic and noneconomic damages, as defined in ORS [31.710] 31.705, or \$2,500, whichever is greater. The court may award such additional equitable relief as it considers necessary or proper. The equitable relief may include, but is not limited to, a requirement that a retraction of the false statement be disseminated in the manner directed by the court. Proof of entitlement to economic and noneconomic damages must be by a preponderance of evidence. The court shall award the prevailing party reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal.
 - "(7) A political committee has standing to bring an action provided by subsection (5) of this section as plaintiff in its own name, if its purpose as evidenced by its preelection activities, solicitations and publications has been injured by the violation and if it has fully complied with the provisions of this chapter. In an action brought by a political committee as provided by subsection (5) of this section, the plaintiff may recover economic and noneconomic damages for all injury to the purpose of the committee as provided in subsection (6) of this section.
 - "(8) If a judgment is rendered in an action under this section against a defendant who has been nominated to public office or elected to a public office other than state Senator or state Representative, and it is established

- 1 by clear and convincing evidence that the false statement was deliberately
- 2 made or caused to be made by the defendant, the finder of fact shall deter-
- 3 mine whether the false statement reversed the outcome of the election. If the
- 4 finder of fact finds by clear and convincing evidence that the false statement
- 5 reversed the outcome of the election, the defendant shall be deprived of the
- 6 nomination or election and the nomination or office shall be declared vacant.
- 7 "(9) An action under this section must be filed not later than the 30th
- 8 day after the election relating to which a publication or advertisement in
- 9 violation of this section was made. Proceedings on a complaint filed under
- this section shall have precedence over all other business on the docket. The
- courts shall proceed in a manner which will ensure that:
- "(a) Final judgment on a complaint which relates to a primary election
 - or nominating election is rendered before the 30th day before the general
- 14 election; and
 - "(b) Final judgment on a complaint which relates to an election to an
- office is rendered before the term of that office begins.
 - "(10) The remedy provided by this section is the exclusive remedy for a
- 18 violation of this section.
 - "SECTION 15. This 2017 Act being necessary for the immediate
 - preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is
- declared to exist, and this 2017 Act takes effect on its passage.".

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