SB 132-3 (LC 437) 4/17/17 (JLM/ps)

Requested by SENATE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL 132

1 On page 1 of the printed bill, line 2, delete "161.360,".

2 Delete lines 5 through 22 and delete pages 2 through 8 and insert:

³ **"SECTION 1.** ORS 161.365 is amended to read:

"161.365. (1) When the court has reason to doubt the defendant's fitness 4 to proceed by reason of incapacity as described in ORS 161.360, the court $\mathbf{5}$ may call any witness to its assistance in reaching its decision and shall order 6 that a community mental health program director or the director's designee 7 consult with the defendant to determine whether services and supervision 8 necessary to safely restore the defendant's fitness to proceed are available 9 in the community. After the consultation, the program director or the 10 director's designee shall provide to the court a copy of the findings resulting 11 from the consultation. If the court determines the assistance of a psychiatrist 12 or psychologist would be helpful, the court [may] shall: 13

"(a) Order that a psychiatric or psychological examination of the defend ant be conducted by a certified evaluator, as defined in ORS 161.309, in a
 community practice [and a report of the examination be prepared]; or

"(b) Order the defendant to be committed for the purpose of an examination for a period not exceeding 30 days to a state mental hospital or other facility designated by the Oregon Health Authority if the defendant is at least 18 years of age, or to a secure intensive community inpatient facility designated by the authority if the defendant is under 18 years of age. "(2)(a) If the court orders a defendant who is at least 18 years of age to be committed for the purpose of an examination under subsection (1) of this section, during the period of commitment the superintendent of the state mental hospital may:

"(A) Keep the defendant at the state mental hospital for a period
of observation and have the defendant examined at the state mental
hospital; or

8 "(B) Allow the defendant to remain at the facility in which the de9 fendant is housed during the period of commitment and:

"(i) Have the defendant transported to the state mental hospital for
 an examination without admitting the defendant to the state mental
 hospital; or

"(ii) Have the defendant examined at the facility in which the defendant is housed, if the authority responsible for the facility agrees and a psychiatrist designated by the superintendent determines that examination at the facility in which the defendant is housed is medically appropriate for the defendant.

"(b) As used in this subsection, 'facility' includes but is not limited
to a hospital, a correctional facility or a state or local institution.

"[(2)] (3) After examining the defendant under subsection (1) of this section, the certified evaluator shall prepare a [*The*] report [*of an examination described in this section must include*] that includes, but is not necessarily limited to, the following:

²⁴ "(a) A description of the nature of the examination;

²⁵ "(b) A statement of the mental condition of the defendant;

"(c) If the defendant suffers from a mental disease or defect, an opinion
as to whether the defendant is incapacitated within the description set out
in ORS 161.360; and

29 "(d) If the defendant is incapacitated within the description set out in 30 ORS 161.360, a recommendation of treatment and services necessary to re1 store capacity.

² "[(3)] (4) Except when the defendant and the court both request to the ³ contrary, the report may not contain any findings or conclusions as to ⁴ whether the defendant as a result of mental disease or defect was subject to ⁵ the provisions of ORS 161.295 or 161.300 at the time of the criminal act ⁶ charged.

"[(4)] (5) If the examination by the [*psychiatrist or psychologist*] certified evaluator cannot be conducted by reason of the unwillingness of the defendant to participate in the examination, the report shall so state and shall include, if possible, an opinion as to whether the unwillingness of the defendant was the result of mental disease or defect affecting capacity to proceed.

"[(5)] (6) The report shall be filed in triplicate with the clerk of the court,
 who shall cause copies to be delivered to the [*district*] prosecuting attorney
 and to counsel for defendant.

"[(6)(a)] (7)(a) When upon motion of the court or a financially eligible defendant, the court has ordered a psychiatric or psychological examination of the defendant, a county or justice court shall order the county to pay, and a circuit court shall order the public defense services executive director to pay from funds available for the purpose:

"(A) A reasonable fee if the examination of the defendant is conducted
by a [*psychiatrist or psychologist*] certified evaluator in [*private*] community practice; and

"(B) All costs including transportation of the defendant if the examination is conducted by a [*psychiatrist or psychologist*] certified evaluator in the employ of the Oregon Health Authority, [*or*] a community mental health program established under ORS 430.610 to 430.670 or a secure intensive community inpatient facility if the defendant is under 18 years of age.

30 "(b) When an examination is ordered at the request or with the

acquiescence of a defendant who is determined not to be financially eligible,
the examination shall be performed at the defendant's expense. When an examination is ordered at the request of the prosecution, the county shall pay
for the expense of the examination.

5 "[(7)] (8) The Oregon Health Authority shall establish by rule standards
6 for the consultation described in subsection (1) of this section.

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"SECTION 2. ORS 161.370 is amended to read:

"161.370. (1) When the defendant's fitness to proceed is drawn in question, 8 9 the issue shall be determined by the court. If neither the prosecuting attorney nor counsel for the defendant contests the finding of [the] a report filed 10 under ORS 161.365, the court may make the determination on the basis of the 11 report. If the finding is contested, the court shall hold a hearing on the is-12 sue. If the report is received in evidence in the hearing, the party who con-13 tests the finding has the right to summon and to cross-examine any 14 [psychiatrist or psychologist] certified evaluator who submitted the report 15 and to offer evidence upon the issue. Other evidence regarding the 16 defendant's fitness to proceed may be introduced by either party. 17

"(2)(a) If the court determines that the defendant lacks fitness to proceed,
the criminal proceeding against the defendant shall be suspended and:

"(a)] (A) If, based on the evidence before the court and the consul-20tation described in ORS 161.365 (1) concerning services and supervision 21available in the community, the court finds that the defendant is danger-22ous to self or others as a result of mental disease or defect, or that[, based 23on the findings resulting from the consultation described in ORS 161.365 (1),] 24the services and supervision necessary to restore the defendant's fitness to 25proceed are not available in the community, the court shall commit the de-26fendant to the custody of the superintendent of [a] the state mental hospital 27or director of a facility, designated by the Oregon Health Authority, if the 28defendant is at least 18 years of age, or to the custody of the director of a 29 secure intensive community inpatient facility designated by the authority if 30

1 the defendant is under 18 years of age; or

"[(b)] (B) If the court does not make a finding described in [paragraph (a) of this subsection] subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, or if the court determines that care other than commitment for incapacity to [stand trial] proceed would better serve the defendant and the community, the court shall release the defendant on supervision for as long as the unfitness endures.

"(b) If the court commits a defendant who is serving a sentence in
a Department of Corrections facility to the custody of the superintendent of a state mental hospital under paragraph (a) of this subsection,
the superintendent may:

11 "(A) Admit the defendant to the state mental hospital; or

"(B) Treat the defendant at a Department of Corrections facility, if the authority responsible for the facility agrees and a psychiatrist designated by the superintendent determines that treatment in the Department of Corrections facility is medically appropriate for the defendant and is necessary to protect the safety and welfare of the defendant or others.

"(3) When a defendant is released on supervision under subsection 18 [(2)(b)] (2)(a)(B) of this section, the court may place conditions that the 19 court deems appropriate on the release, including the requirement that the 20defendant regularly report to [the authority or a community mental health 21program for examination to determine if the defendant has gained or regained 22capacity to stand trial.] a community mental health provider for exam-23ination to determine if the defendant has gained or regained fitness 24to proceed. The court may further order, as a condition of release, that 25the defendant cooperate with and accept treatment necessary to gain 26or regain fitness to proceed. 27

"(4)(a) When the court, on its own motion or upon the application of the superintendent of the hospital or director of the facility in which the defendant is committed, a person examining the defendant as a condition of

release on supervision, or either party, determines, after a hearing, if a 1 hearing is requested, that the defendant has gained or regained fitness to $\mathbf{2}$ proceed, the criminal proceeding shall be resumed. If, however, the court is 3 of the view that so much time has elapsed since the commitment or release 4 of the defendant on supervision that it would be unjust to resume the crim- $\mathbf{5}$ inal proceeding, the court on motion of either party may dismiss the charge 6 and may order the defendant to be discharged or cause a proceeding to be 7 commenced forthwith under ORS 426.070 to 426.170, 426.701 or 427.235 to 8 427.290. 9

"(b) If the criminal proceeding resumes under paragraph (a) of this subsection and the defendant is in custody and charged with murder, the court may order that the defendant be further committed to the custody of the superintendent of the state mental hospital or the director of a facility designated by the Oregon Health Authority during the criminal proceeding, for a period of up to one year, in order to maintain the defendant's fitness to proceed if the court finds that:

"(A) The defendant has a history of losing fitness to proceed upon
discharge from commitment to a state mental hospital or other facility; and

"(B) The defendant is likely to lose fitness to proceed during the
 criminal proceeding without continuing care from the state mental
 hospital or other facility.

"(c) If the court orders further commitment to the custody of the
 superintendent of a state mental hospital under paragraph (b) of this
 subsection, the superintendent may:

²⁶ "(A) Admit the defendant to the state mental hospital; or

"(B) Treat the defendant at a correctional facility, if the authority responsible for the facility agrees and a psychiatrist designated by the superintendent determines that treatment in the correctional facility is medically appropriate for the defendant and is necessary to protect 1 the safety and welfare of the defendant or others.

"(d) If the court orders further commitment under paragraph (b) of this subsection, the superintendent or director shall submit an initial status report to the court concerning the defendant's fitness to proceed within 180 days of the commitment order, and shall submit an updated status report to the court within 180 days of the date of the initial status report.

8 "(e) A defendant further committed under paragraph (b) of this 9 subsection shall be discharged from commitment at the end of the one 10 year commitment period or the conclusion of the criminal proceeding, 11 whichever occurs first.

"(5) The superintendent of [a] **the** state **mental** hospital or director of a facility to which the defendant is committed shall cause the defendant to be evaluated within 60 days from the defendant's delivery into the superintendent's or director's custody, for the purpose of determining whether there is a substantial probability that, in the foreseeable future, the defendant will have the capacity to [*stand trial*] **proceed**. In addition, the superintendent or director shall:

"(a) Immediately notify the committing court if the defendant, at any time, gains or regains the capacity to [*stand trial*] **proceed** or will never have the capacity to [*stand trial*] **proceed**.

"(b) Within 90 days of the defendant's delivery into the superintendent's
or director's custody, notify the committing court that:

²⁴ "(A) The defendant has the present capacity to [stand trial] proceed;

"(B) There is no substantial probability that, in the foreseeable future, the
defendant will gain or regain the capacity to [*stand trial*] **proceed**; or

"(C) There is a substantial probability that, in the foreseeable future, the defendant will gain or regain the capacity to [*stand trial*] **proceed**. If the probability exists, the superintendent or director shall give the court an estimate of the time in which the defendant, with appropriate treatment, is 1 expected to gain or regain capacity.

"(c) Notify the court if court-ordered involuntary medication is
necessary for the defendant to gain or regain the capacity to proceed
and, if appropriate, submit a report to the court under section 4 of this
2017 Act.

"(6)(a) If the superintendent or director determines that there is a sub-6 stantial probability that, in the foreseeable future, the defendant will gain 7 or regain the capacity to [stand trial] proceed, unless the court otherwise 8 orders, the defendant shall remain in the superintendent's or director's cus-9 tody where the defendant shall receive treatment designed for the purpose 10 of enabling the defendant to gain or regain capacity. In keeping with the 11 notice requirement under subsection (5)(b) of this section, the superintendent 12or director shall, for the duration of the defendant's period of commitment, 13 submit a progress report to the committing court, concerning the defendant's 14 capacity or incapacity, at least once every 180 days as measured from the 15date of the defendant's delivery into the superintendent's or director's cus-16 tody. 17

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, if the superinten-18 dent or director determines that a defendant committed under this section 19 is no longer dangerous to self or others as a result of mental disease or de-20fect, or that the services and supervision necessary to restore the defendant's 21fitness to proceed are available in the community, the superintendent or di-22rector shall file notice of that determination with the court. Upon receipt 23of the notice, the court shall order the person released on supervision as 24described in subsection (3) of this section. 25

"(7)(a) A defendant [who remains] committed under [subsection] subsections (2) or (6) of this section shall be discharged within a period of time that is reasonable for making a determination concerning whether or not, and when, the defendant may gain or regain capacity. However, regardless of the number of charges with which the defendant is accused, in no event

shall the defendant be committed for longer than whichever of the following,
measured from the defendant's initial custody date, is shorter:

3 "(A) Three years; or

"(B) A period of time equal to the total maximum sentence the court
could have imposed if the defendant had been convicted of the crime or
crimes charged.

"(b) For purposes of calculating the maximum period of commitment described in paragraph (a) of this subsection:

9 "(A) The initial custody date is the date on which the defendant is first 10 committed under this section on any charge alleged in the accusatory in-11 strument; [and]

"(B) The period of commitment includes any time when a defendant
is being treated at another facility under subsection (2)(b) of this section;

¹⁵ "[(B)] (C) The defendant shall be given credit [against each charge alleged ¹⁶ in the accusatory instrument] for each day the defendant is committed under ¹⁷ this section, whether the days are consecutive or are interrupted by a period ¹⁸ of time during which the defendant has gained or regained fitness to proceed ¹⁹ or during which the defendant is being treated at another facility un-²⁰ der subsection (2)(b) of this section; and

"(D) The period of commitment does not include the time in which
the defendant is further committed for the purpose of maintaining
fitness to proceed as described in subsection (4)(b) of this section.

"(8) The superintendent or director shall notify the committing court of the defendant's impending discharge 30 days before the date on which the superintendent or director is required to discharge the defendant under subsection (7) of this section.

"(9) When the committing court receives a notice from the superintendent or director under subsection (5) or (8) of this section concerning the defendant's progress or lack thereof, the committing court shall determine, after a hearing, if a hearing is requested, whether the defendant presently
has the capacity to [stand trial] proceed.

"(10) If at any time the court determines that the defendant lacks the 3 capacity to [stand trial] proceed, the court shall further determine whether 4 there is a substantial probability that the defendant, in the foreseeable fu- $\mathbf{5}$ ture, will gain or regain the capacity to [stand trial] proceed and whether 6 the defendant is entitled to discharge under subsection (7) of this section. If 7 the court determines that there is no substantial probability that the de-8 9 fendant, in the foreseeable future, will gain or regain the capacity to [stand trial **proceed** or that the defendant is entitled to discharge under subsection 10 (7) of this section, the court shall dismiss, without prejudice, all charges 11 against the defendant and: 12

13 "(a) Order that the defendant be discharged; or

"(b) Initiate commitment proceedings under ORS 426.070, 426.701 or
 427.235 to 427.290.

"(11) All notices and reports required under this section shall be filed
with the clerk of the court and delivered to both the [*district*] prosecuting
attorney and the counsel for the defendant.

"(12) If the defendant gains or regains fitness to proceed, the term of any sentence received by the defendant for conviction of the crime charged shall be reduced by the amount of time the defendant was committed under this section to [the custody of] a state mental hospital[, or to the custody of a secure intensive community inpatient] or any other facility[, designated by the Oregon Health Authority].

²⁵ "(13) Notwithstanding the suspension of the criminal proceeding under ²⁶ subsection (2) of this section, the fact that the defendant is unfit to proceed ²⁷ does not preclude any objection through counsel and without the personal ²⁸ participation of the defendant on the grounds that the indictment is insuffi-²⁹ cient, that the statute of limitations has run[,] **or** that double jeopardy ³⁰ principles apply, or upon any other ground at the discretion of the court

1 [which] that the court deems susceptible of fair determination prior to trial.

<u>"SECTION 3.</u> Section 4 of this 2017 Act is added to and made a part
of ORS 161.290 to 161.370.

"SECTION 4. (1) If, at any point while the defendant is in the cus-4 tody under ORS 161.370 of the superintendent of the state mental 5 hospital, the superintendent determines that medication is the re-6 commended treatment in order to allow the defendant to gain or re-7 gain fitness to proceed, the defendant is refusing to take the 8 recommended medication and the defendant cannot be involuntarily 9 medicated without a court order, the superintendent shall submit a 10 report of the determination to the court. 11

"(2) The report described in subsection (1) of this section shall in clude:

"(a) Information regarding the benefits and side effects of each re commended medication;

"(b) Information concerning the defendant's refusal to take the re commended medication; and

"(c) The likelihood that the medication will allow the defendant to
gain or regain fitness to proceed.

20 "(3)(a) Based upon the report described in subsection (1) of this 21 section, the prosecuting attorney may request in writing that the 22 court authorize the involuntary administration of medication to the 23 defendant. The prosecuting attorney shall provide a copy of the re-24 quest to the defendant.

25 "(b) Upon receiving a request described in paragraph (a) of this 26 subsection, the court shall hold a hearing if either the prosecuting 27 attorney or the defendant requests a hearing. At the hearing, the 28 court shall determine whether to issue an order authorizing the in-29 voluntary administration of medication to the defendant.

30 "(c) In order to enter an order authorizing the involuntary admin-

1 istration of medication to the defendant, the court must find that:

"(A) Involuntary medication of the defendant is not otherwise authorized by law;

4 "(B) There are important state interests at stake in the prosecution
5 of the defendant;

6 "(C) The recommended medication will significantly further the 7 important state interests because:

8 "(i) It is substantially likely that the medication will render the
9 defendant fit to proceed; and

"(ii) It is substantially unlikely that the medication will cause side
 effects that will impair the fairness of the criminal proceeding;

12 "(D) Involuntary administration of medication is necessary to fur-13 ther the important state interests because there are no alternative, 14 less intrusive treatments that would produce the same result as the 15 medication; and

"(E) Administration of the medication is medically appropriate be cause it is in the defendant's best medical interest in light of the
 defendant's medical condition.

"(d) A court order authorizing the involuntary administration of
 medication to a defendant under this section must specify:

"(A) The specific medication or type of medications permitted to
 be administered to the defendant;

23 "(B) The maximum dosage that may be administered; and

"(C) The duration of time that the state mental hospital may involuntarily medicate the defendant before reporting back to the court on the defendant's mental condition and progress towards gaining or regaining fitness to proceed. The duration of time shall not exceed the maximum period of the defendant's commitment to the state mental hospital, or 180 calendar days, whichever is shorter.".

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