## SENATE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL 511

By COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

March 1

On page 1 of the printed bill, delete lines 4 through 28 and delete pages 2 and 3 and insert: 1  $\mathbf{2}$ 

"SECTION 1. ORS 25.125 is amended to read:

3 "25.125. (1) The Department of Justice may return moneys to an obligor when the department determines that the obligor has paid more moneys than are due under a support obligation. How-4  $\mathbf{5}$ ever, when the obligor has an ongoing support obligation, the department may give the obligor credit for the excess amount paid and apply the credit to the future support obligation until the 6 7 credit is fully used. When the department applies a credit to offset a future support obligation, the department shall so notify the obligee. The notice must inform the obligee that, if the obligee re-8 9 quests, the department will conduct an administrative review to determine if the record keeping and 10 accounting related to the calculation of the credit balance is correct. The department shall conduct 11 the administrative review within 30 days after receiving the request.

12 "(2) An overpayment in favor of the state is created when the Department of Justice, under ORS 13 25.020, has transmitted moneys received from [an obligor to], or on behalf of, any person or entity, 14 including but not limited to an obligor, an obligee or a collection agency, a child support agency 15of another state or an agency of this state, and:

16 "(a) The amount transmitted is more than the support obligation requires and the Department 17 of Justice has returned the excess to the obligor under subsection (1) of this section;

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"(b) The Department of Justice has misapplied moneys received; or

19 "(c) The amount transmitted is attributable in whole or in part to a tax refund offset collection 20 all or part of which has been taken back by the Internal Revenue Service or the Department of 21Revenue.

22"(3)(a) [The obligee or the agency to whom] The person or entity to which the moneys were 23 transmitted owes the amount of the overpayment to the state. The Department of Justice shall:

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"(A) Attempt to recover the overpayment if it is cost-effective to do so;

25"(B) Notify the [obligee or the agency] person or entity to whom the overpayment was made 26that the [obligee or agency] person or entity owes money to the state and specify the amount of the 27overpayment to be returned to the department; and

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"(C) Give the [obligee] person or entity opportunity to object.

29 "(b) If the [obligee] person or entity does not file a timely written objection, the overpayment amount determined by the department [is final] becomes a liquidated debt and creates an account 30 31 receivable owed to the department, and the provisions of subsection (4) of this section apply. If 32the department does not resolve an objection to [an obligee's] the person's or entity's satisfaction, an administrative law judge assigned from the Office of Administrative Hearings shall hear the ob-33 34 jection. An order by the administrative law judge [is final] becomes a liquidated debt and creates 35an account receivable owed to the department. [An obligee] The person or entity may appeal

1 the decision of an administrative law judge to the circuit court for a hearing de novo.

2 "(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, if an agency of this or another state owes 3 the overpayment, the agency shall return the amount of the overpayment to the department without 4 notice and opportunity to object.

5 "(4)(a) The amount of the overpayment specified in subsection (3)(a) of this section is a liqui-6 dated debt [and a delinquent amount] owed to the state and an associated account receivable. The 7 Department of Justice may recover the debt by obtaining from the obligee a voluntary assignment 8 of a portion of future support payments to be applied to the [debt] account receivable or in any 9 other way permitted by law.

"(b) Accounts receivable are considered delinquent for purposes of this subsection and
 are subject to the provisions of ORS chapter 293 if:

12 "(A) The person or entity fails to make full payment within 90 days of liquidation; or

"(B) A period of 90 days elapses without a payment as required by a payment agreement
 between the department and the obligated person or entity.

"(5)(a) In addition to the [debt] account receivable created under subsection (2) of this section,
 a debt in favor of the state [is] and an associated account receivable are created when:

"(A) The Department of Justice receives [a check] payment for support amounts due from an
obligor, a withholder subject to an order to withhold under this chapter or another issuer on behalf
of an obligor;

"(B) The Department of Justice transmits the amount to [the obligee, a child support agency of another state or an agency of this state] **any other person or entity**; and

22 "(C) The [check] payment is dishonored or reversed.

"(b) When a debt is created under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the amount of money specified [on the check] in the payment is owed to the state [by all], and the [state] department may
collect the debt from one[,] of the following:

26 "(A) The obligor, regardless of who presented the check.

27 "(B) The withholder, if the withholder presented the check.

28 "(C) The other issuer, if another issuer presented the check.

29 "(D) The person or entity to which the amount was transmitted by the department.

30 "(c) The Department of Justice shall:

31 "(A) Attempt to recover the debt if it is cost-effective to do so;

32 "(B) Notify the obligor, withholder or other issuer who [presented the check] made the payment

that the [obligor, withholder or other issuer] **person or entity** owes the money to the state; and

"(C) Specify the amount of the debt to be paid to the department.

35 "(d) The amount of the debt specified in paragraph (c) of this subsection is a liquidated debt 36 [and a delinquent amount] owed to the state and an account receivable. The Department of Justice 37 may recover the debt and collect on the account receivable in any way permitted under law.

38 "(e) Accounts receivable are considered delinquent for purposes of this subsection and 39 are subject to the provisions of ORS chapter 293 when:

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"(A) The person or entity fails to make full payment within 90 days of liquidation; or

41 "(B) A period of 90 days elapses without a payment as required by a payment agreement
42 between the department and the obligated person or entity.

43 "(6)(a) When an action is pending to terminate, vacate or set aside a support order or to modify
44 a support order because of a change in physical custody of the child, the administrator may suspend
45 enforcement of the support order if:

1 "(A) Collection of support would result in a credit balance if the motion were granted; or

2 "(B) Collection of child support would impair the ability of the obligor with physical custody of 3 all of the parties' children to provide direct support to the children.

- 4 "(b) The obligee may object, within 14 days after the date of the notice of intent to suspend 5 enforcement of the support order, only on the grounds that:
- 6 "(A) The child is not in the physical custody of the obligor;
- 7 "(B) The child is in the physical custody of the obligor without the consent of the obligee; or
- 8 "(C) The basis for the suspension of enforcement is factually incorrect.
- 9 "(c) A party may appeal the administrator's decision to suspend or not to suspend enforcement 10 of the support order under ORS 183.484.
- "(d) As used in this subsection, 'credit balance' means that payments have been made in excess of all amounts owed by an obligor for ongoing and past due child support.
- 13 "(7) The Department of Justice shall adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section.".
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