79th OREGON LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY--2017 Regular Session

HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 3458

By COMMITTEE ON RULES

June 27

1 On page 1 of the printed bill, line 2, after the second semicolon delete the rest of the line and 2 delete line 3 and insert "and amending ORS 652.010, 652.020, 652.355, 652.990, 653.060, 653.256, 3 653.261, 653.265 and 659A.885.".

4 Delete lines 5 through 27 and delete pages 2 through 7 and insert:

5 "SECTION 1. ORS 652.020 is amended to read:

6 "652.020. (1) As used in this section:

"(a) 'Perishable product' means any product that may spoil, deteriorate or undergo other
material changes that render it unsuitable for the use for which it was produced. 'Perishable
product' includes agricultural crops, meat and fish.

"(b) 'Undue hardship period' means the period of time during which perishable product
 must be processed after harvesting, slaughter or catch.

"(c) 'Workweek' means a fixed period of time established by an employer that reflects a regularly recurring period of 168 hours or seven consecutive 24-hour periods. A workweek may begin on any day of the week and any hour of the day and need not coincide with a calendar week. The beginning of the workweek may be changed if the change is intended to be permanent and is not designed to evade overtime requirements.

"[(1)] (2)(a) [No person shall be] Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection and subsection (3) of this section, an employer may not require or permit an employee employed in any mill, factory or manufacturing establishment in this state to work more than:

"(A) 10 hours in any one day[, or in sawmills, planing mills, shingle mills and logging camps more than]; or

23 "(B) 55 hours in one workweek.

24 "(b) An employer may permit an employee described in paragraph (a) of this subsection 25 to work up to 60 hours in one workweek if the employee requests or consents in writing to 26 work more than 55 hours in the workweek.

"(c) An employer may permit an employee who has consented to work more than 55 hours in one workweek under paragraph (b) of this subsection to work up to 80 hours in one workweek during the period of time that the employer is eligible for an undue hardship period exemption under subsection (4) of this section.

31 "(d) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, an employer may not require 32 or permit an employee employed in a sawmill, planing mill, shingle mill or logging camp to 33 work more than:

34 "(A) Eight hours, exclusive of one hour, more or less, in one day; or [more than]

35 "(B) 48 hours in one workweek. [calendar week, except logging train crews, guards, boiler oper-

1 ators and persons engaged in the transportation to and from work, and employees when engaged in

2 making necessary repairs, or in the case of emergency where life and property are in imminent danger.

However, employees may work overtime not to exceed three hours in one day, conditioned that payment
be made for said overtime at the rate of time and one-half the regular wage.]

5 "(3)(a) An employee may work overtime up to three hours more than the applicable limit 6 for the maximum allowable hours of employment in one day as described in subsection (2) 7 of this section.

8 "(b) An employer shall compensate an employee who works overtime hours described in 9 paragraph (a) of this subsection at one and one-half times the employee's regular rate of pay 10 for each overtime hour or portion of an hour the employee works.

"(c) An employer shall calculate an employee's overtime compensation on a daily basis under paragraph (b) of this subsection and on a weekly basis under ORS 653.261 (1) and pay the greater of the two amounts if, during the same workweek, the employee works more than:

"(A) The applicable limit for the maximum allowable hours of employment in one day as
 described in subsection (2) of this section; and

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"(B) Forty hours in one workweek as described in ORS 653.261 (1).

"(d) An employer that makes an overtime payment to an employee pursuant to paragraph
(c) of this subsection satisfies the overtime compensation requirements under this subsection and ORS 653.261 (1).

"(4)(a) An employer is eligible for an undue hardship period exemption from the restrictions on work hours under subsection (2)(a) and (b) of this section if the employer, in the ordinary course of the employer's business, processes perishable products. The undue hardship period exemption shall be effective only during an undue hardship period. An employer may be eligible for more than one undue hardship period exemption in a calendar year. However, the combined total duration of the employer's undue hardship period exemptions may not exceed 120 days in a calendar year.

(b) To claim an undue hardship period exemption, an employer must provide notice of the undue hardship period to the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries and obtain written consent from each employee who the employer will request to work up to 80 hours in a workweek during the undue hardship period.

32 "(c)(A) The notice the employer sends to the commissioner under paragraph (b) of this 33 subsection must be in a form prescribed by the commissioner by rule and include a de-34 scription of the reasons for the undue hardship period, the start and expected end dates of 35 the undue hardship period and any other information required by the commissioner.

36 "(B) The employee's written consent shall be in a form prescribed by the commissioner 37 by rule and include a description of the employer's reasons for the undue hardship period, 38 the start and expected end dates of the undue hardship period, a statement that the em-39 ployee consents to working up to 80 hours in a workweek during the undue hardship period, 40 contact information for the Bureau of Labor and Industries and any other information re-41 quired by the commissioner.

42 "(d) An employee's consent under this subsection to work up to 80 hours in one 43 workweek during an undue hardship period is in addition to, and not in lieu of, the 44 employee's consent under subsection (2)(b) of this section to work more than 55 hours in one 45 workweek. 1 "(e) The commissioner shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection.

2 "(5) An employer may not:

"(a) Require any employee employed in a mill, factory or manufacturing establishment in this state to begin a work shift less than 10 hours after the end of the employee's previous work shift if the employee's previous work shift totaled eight or more hours, unless the employer requires the employee to work additional hours due to disruptions in business operations caused by a power outage, major equipment breakdown, severe weather or similar emergency outside the employer's control;

9 "[(2)] (b) [No employer shall] Require or permit any [person] employee to work in any place 10 [mentioned] described in this section for more hours than the hours provided for in this section 11 during any day of 24 hours[.];

12 "(c) [No employer shall permit or suffer] Permit an overseer, superintendent or other agent of 13 the employer to violate this section[.];

"(d) Coerce an employee into consenting under subsection (2)(b) of this section to work
 more than 55 hours in one workweek; or

"(e) Coerce an employee into consenting under subsection (2)(c) of this section to work
 up to 80 hours in one workweek.

18 "[(3)] (6) This section does not apply to:

"(a) An employee performing work as a member of a logging train crew, as a guard or
 as a boiler operator;

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"(b) An employee engaged in the transportation of workers to and from work;

"(c) [Persons employed] An employee engaged in the care of quarters or livestock, the conducting of mess halls, the superintendence and direction of work[,] or [to] the loading and removal of [the] finished forest product[.]; or

"(d) An employee when engaged in making necessary repairs or in the case of emergency
 where life or property is in imminent danger.

27"[(4)] (7) Subsections [(1) and] (2) to (5) of this section do not apply to employees who are represented by a labor organization for purposes of collective bargaining with their employer, provided 28 29 limits on the required hours of work and overtime payment have been agreed to between the em-30 ployer and labor organization, or if no agreement is reached, then, for the purposes of this subsection, such limits and payments shall not be deemed to be changed from the previous collective 3132bargaining agreement between the employer and labor organization unless the employees have been 33 locked out, are engaged in a strike or the employer has unilaterally implemented new terms and 34conditions of employment.

35 "(8)(a) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, an employee has a private cause 36 of action against an employer if the employer violates subsection (2) or (3) of this section 37 by requiring the employee to work more than:

38 "(A) Three hours more than the applicable limit for the maximum allowable hours of 39 employment in one day; or

40 "(B) The applicable limit for the maximum allowable hours of employment in one 41 workweek.

42 "(b) If the employee prevails in an action under this section, the court shall enter judg43 ment against the employer for:

44 "(A) Actual damages or \$3,000 per claim, whichever is greater;

45 "(B) Equitable relief; and

1 "(C) Liquidated damages in an amount equal to twice the employee's overtime wages 2 earned during the period not allowed under subsection (2) or (3) of this section.

"(c) In an action brought under this subsection, the court may award to the prevailing
plaintiff costs, disbursements and reasonable attorney fees. Any attorney fee agreement is
subject to approval by the court.

6 "(9)(a) Notwithstanding ORS 652.900, in addition to any other penalty provided by law, the 7 commissioner may assess the following civil penalties against an employer that the com-8 missioner determines has coerced an employee into consenting to work more than 55 hours 9 in one workweek:

"(A) \$2,000 per violation if the employer coerced an employee into consenting under
 subsection (2)(b) of this section to work up to 60 hours in one workweek; and

"(B) \$3,000 per violation if the employer coerced an employee into consenting under sub section (2)(c) of this section to work up to 80 hours in one workweek.

14 "(b) Each violation described in paragraph (a) of this subsection is a separate and distinct 15 offense. In the case of a continuing violation, each week's continuance is a separate and 16 distinct violation.

17 "(c) Civil penalties authorized by this subsection shall be imposed in the manner provided 18 in ORS 183.745. All sums collected as penalties under this subsection shall be applied and paid 19 over as provided in ORS 652.900.

20 "SEC

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"<u>SECTION 2.</u> ORS 652.355 is amended to read:

21 "652.355. (1) An employer may not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against an
22 employee because:

"(a) The employee has made a wage claim or discussed, inquired about or consulted an attorney
or agency about a wage claim[.];

25 "(b) The employee has caused to be instituted any proceedings under or related to ORS 652.310 26 to 652.414[.];

"(c) The employee has testified or is about to testify in any such proceedings[.];

28 "(d) The employee has inquired about the provisions of ORS 652.020 or has reported a 29 violation of or filed a complaint related to ORS 652.020;

"(e) The employee has declined to consent to work more than 55 hours in a workweek
 under ORS 652.020 or 653.265; or

"(f) The employee has declined to consent to work up to 80 hours in a workweek under
 ORS 652.020 or 653.265.

"(2) A violation of this section is an unlawful employment practice under ORS chapter 659A. A
person unlawfully discriminated against under this section may file a complaint under ORS 659A.820
with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries.

37 "SECTION 3. ORS 653.060 is amended to read:

38 "653.060. (1) An employer may not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against an
 39 employee because:

40 "(a) The employee has [made a complaint that the employee has not been paid wages in accordance
41 with] inquired about the provisions of ORS 653.010 to 653.261 or 653.265 or has reported a vio-

42 lation of or filed a complaint related to ORS 653.010 to 653.261 or 653.265.

43 "(b) The employee has caused to be instituted or is about to cause to be instituted any pro-

44 ceedings under or related to ORS 653.010 to 653.261 or 653.265.

45 "(c) The employee has testified or is about to testify in any such proceedings.

1 "(2) A violation of this section is an unlawful employment practice under ORS chapter 659A. A 2 person unlawfully discriminated against under this section may file a complaint under ORS 659A.820 3 with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries.

4 "SECTION 4. ORS 653.256 is amended to read:

5 "653.256. (1) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the Commissioner of the Bureau 6 of Labor and Industries may assess a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 against any person that 7 willfully violates ORS 653.025, 653.030, 653.045, 653.050, 653.060, 653.261, **653.265**, [or] 653.606, 8 653.611, 653.616, 653.621, 653.626, 653.631 [and] **or** 653.636 [and] **or** section 5, chapter 537, Oregon 9 Laws 2015, or any rule adopted thereunder.

"(2) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the commissioner may assess a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 against any person that intentionally violates ORS 653.077 or any rule adopted thereunder.

"(3) Civil penalties authorized by this section shall be imposed in the manner provided in ORS14 183.745.

"(4)(a) All sums collected as penalties under this section shall be first applied toward reimbursement of costs incurred in determining the violations, conducting hearings under this section and addressing and collecting the penalties.

"(b) The remainder, if any, of the sums collected as penalties under subsection (1) of this section shall be paid over by the commissioner to the Department of State Lands for the benefit of the Common School Fund of this state. The department shall issue a receipt for the money to the commissioner.

"(c) The remainder, if any, of the sums collected as penalties under subsection (2) of this section shall be paid over by the commissioner to the Department of Human Services for the benefit of the Breastfeeding Mother Friendly Employer Project. The department shall issue a receipt for the moneys to the commissioner.

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"SECTION 5. ORS 653.261 is amended to read:

27"653.261. (1)(a) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries may adopt rules prescribing such minimum conditions of employment, excluding minimum wages, in any occupation as 2829 may be necessary for the preservation of the health of employees. The rules may include, but are 30 not limited to, minimum meal periods and rest periods, and maximum hours of work, but not less than eight hours per day or 40 hours per [week] workweek; however, after 40 hours of work in one 3132[week] workweek overtime may be paid, but in no case at a rate higher than one and one-half times 33 the regular rate of pay of the employees when computed without benefit of commissions, overrides, 34spiffs and similar benefits.

35 "(b) As used in this subsection, 'workweek' means a fixed period of time established by 36 an employer that reflects a regularly recurring period of 168 hours or seven consecutive 37 24-hour periods. A workweek may begin on any day of the week and any hour of the day and 38 need not coincide with a calendar week. The beginning of the workweek may be changed if 39 the change is intended to be permanent and is not designed to evade overtime requirements.

40 "[(2) Nothing contained in ORS 653.010 to 653.261 shall be construed to confer authority upon the 41 commissioner to regulate the hours of employment of employees engaged in production, harvesting, 42 packing, curing, canning, freezing or drying any variety of agricultural crops, livestock, poultry or 43 fish.]

44 "[(3)] (2) Rules adopted by the commissioner pursuant to subsection (1) of this section do not 45 apply to individuals employed by this state or a political subdivision or quasi-municipal corporation 1 thereof if other provisions of law or collective bargaining agreements prescribe rules pertaining to 2 conditions of employment referred to in subsection (1) of this section, including meal periods, rest

3 periods, maximum hours of work and overtime.

4 "[(4)] (3) Rules adopted by the commissioner pursuant to subsection (1) of this section regarding 5 meal periods and rest periods do not apply to nurses who provide acute care in hospital settings if 6 provisions of collective bargaining agreements entered into by the nurses prescribe rules concerning 7 meal periods and rest periods.

8 "[(5)(a)] (4)(a) The commissioner shall adopt rules regarding meal periods for employees who 9 serve food or beverages, receive tips and report the tips to the employer.

"(b) In rules adopted by the commissioner under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the commissioner shall permit an employee to waive a meal period. However, an employer may not coerce an employee into waiving a meal period.

"(c) Notwithstanding ORS 653.256 (1), in addition to any other penalty provided by law, the commissioner may assess a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,000 against an employer that the commissioner finds has coerced an employee into waiving a meal period in violation of this subsection. Each violation is a separate and distinct offense. In the case of a continuing violation, each day's continuance is a separate and distinct violation.

"(d) Civil penalties authorized by this subsection shall be imposed in the manner provided in ORS 183.745. All sums collected as penalties under this subsection shall be applied and paid over as provided in ORS 653.256 (4).

21 "SECTION 6. ORS 653.265 is amended to read:

"653.265. [When employed in canneries or driers or packing plants, excluding canneries or driers or packing plants located on farms and primarily processing products produced on such farms, employees shall be paid time and a half for time over 10 hours per day and piece workers shall be paid one and a half the regular prices for all work done during the time they are employed over 10 hours per day.]

27 "(1) As used in this section:

"(a) 'Perishable product' means any product that may spoil, deteriorate or undergo other
 material changes that render it unsuitable for the use for which it was produced. 'Perishable
 product' includes agricultural crops, meat and fish.

"(b) 'Undue hardship period' means the period of time during which perishable product
 must be processed after harvesting, slaughter or catch.

"(c) 'Workweek' means a fixed period of time established by an employer that reflects a regularly recurring period of 168 hours or seven consecutive 24-hour periods. A workweek may begin on any day of the week and any hour of the day and need not coincide with a calendar week. The beginning of the workweek may be changed if the change is intended to be permanent and is not designed to evade overtime requirements.

38 "(2)(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) to (e) of this subsection, an employer may 39 not require or permit an employee employed in any cannery, drier or packing plant in this 40 state to work more than:

41 "(A) 10 hours in any one day; or

42 "(B) 55 hours in one workweek.

43 "(b) Paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply to an employee employed in a
44 cannery, drier or packing plant located on a farm and primarily processing products
45 produced on the farm.

1 "(c) An employer may permit an employee described in paragraph (a) of this subsection 2 to work up to 60 hours in one workweek if the employee requests or consents in writing to 3 work more than 55 hours in the workweek.

4 "(d) An employer may permit an employee described in paragraph (a) of this subsection 5 who has consented to work more than 55 hours in one workweek under paragraph (c) of this 6 subsection to work up to 80 hours in one workweek during the period of time that the em-7 ployer is eligible for an undue hardship period exemption under subsection (5) of this section.

8 "(e) An employer may permit an employee described in paragraph (a) of this subsection 9 to work more than 10 hours in any one day if the employer compensates the employee as 10 follows:

11 "(A) One and one-half times the employee's regular rate of pay for each hour the em-12 ployee works over 10 hours in any one day if the employee is an hourly employee; or

13 "(B) One and one-half times the regular price for all work done during the time the em-14 ployee is employed over 10 hours per day if the employee is a piece worker.

15 "(3) An employer shall calculate an employee's overtime on a daily basis under subsection 16 (2)(e) of this section and on a weekly basis under ORS 653.261 (1) and pay the greater of the 17 two amounts if, during the same workweek, the employee works more than:

"(a) 10 hours in one day as described in subsection (2)(e) of this section; and

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"(b) 40 hours in one workweek as described in ORS 653.261 (1).

"(4) An employer that makes an overtime payment to an employee pursuant to subsection (3) of this section satisfies the overtime compensation requirements under this section and ORS 653.261 (1).

23 "(5)(a) An employer is eligible for an undue hardship period exemption from the re-24 strictions on work hours under subsection (2)(a) and (c) of this section if the employer, in 25 the ordinary course of its business, processes perishable products. The undue hardship period 26 exemption shall be effective only during an undue hardship period. An employer may be eli-27 gible for more than one undue hardship period exemption in a calendar year. However, the 28 combined total duration of the employer's undue hardship period exemptions may not exceed 29 120 days in a calendar year.

30 "(b) To claim an undue hardship period exemption, an employer must provide notice of 31 the undue hardship period to the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries and 32 obtain written consent from each employee who the employer will request to work up to 80 33 hours in a workweek during the undue hardship period.

34 "(c)(A) The notice the employer sends to the commissioner under paragraph (b) of this 35 subsection must be in a form prescribed by the commissioner by rule and include a de-36 scription of the reasons for the undue hardship period, the start and expected end dates of 37 the undue hardship period and any other information required by the commissioner.

(B) The employee's written consent shall be in a form prescribed by the commissioner by rule and include a description of the employer's reasons for the undue hardship period, the start and expected end dates of the undue hardship period, a statement that the employee consents to working up to 80 hours in a workweek during the undue hardship period, contact information for the Bureau of Labor and Industries and any other information required by the commissioner.

44 "(d) An employee's consent under this subsection to work up to 80 hours in one 45 workweek during an undue hardship period is in addition to, and not in lieu of, the employee's consent under subsection (2)(c) of this section to work more than 55 hours in one
 workweek.

3 "(e) The commissioner shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subsection.

4 "(6) An employer may not coerce an employee into:

5 "(a) Consenting under subsection (2)(c) of this section to work more than 55 hours in one 6 workweek; or

7 "(b) Consenting under subsection (2)(d) of this section to work up to 80 hours in one
8 workweek.

9 "(7)(a) Notwithstanding ORS 653.256, as amended by section 4 of this 2017 Act, in addition 10 to any other penalty provided by law, the commissioner may assess the following civil pen-11 alties against an employer that the commissioner determines has coerced an employee into 12 consenting to work more than 55 hours in one workweek:

13 "(A) \$2,000 per violation if the employer coerced an employee into consenting under 14 subsection (2)(c) of this section to work up to 60 hours in one workweek; and

"(B) \$3,000 per violation if the employer coerced an employee into consenting under sub section (2)(d) of this section to work up to 80 hours in one workweek.

17 "(b) Each violation described in paragraph (a) of this subsection is a separate and distinct 18 offense. In the case of a continuing violation, each week's continuance is a separate and 19 distinct violation.

"(c) Civil penalties authorized by this subsection shall be imposed in the manner provided
in ORS 183.745. All sums collected as penalties under this subsection shall be applied and paid
over as provided in ORS 653.256.

23 "(8)(a) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, an employee has a private cause 24 of action against an employer if the employer violates subsection (2) of this section by re-25 quiring the employee to work more than the applicable limit for the maximum allowable 26 hours of employment in one workweek.

"(b) If the employee prevails in an action brought under this section, the court shall enter judgment against the employer for:

"(A) Actual damages or \$3,000 per claim, whichever is greater;

30 "(B) Equitable relief; and

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"(C) Liquidated damages in an amount equal to twice the employee's overtime wages
 earned during the period not allowed under subsection (2) of this section.

33 "(c) In an action brought under this section, the court may award to the prevailing 34 plaintiff costs, disbursements and reasonable attorney fees. Any attorney fee agreement is 35 subject to approval by the court.

36 "<u>SECTION 7.</u> (1) Any employee asserting a violation of ORS 652.020 or 653.265 may file a
 37 complaint with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries under ORS 659A.820
 38 or a civil action as provided in ORS 659A.885.

"(2) In addition to any other damages provided by law, the commissioner may assess a
 civil penalty against the employer in the amount of \$1,000.

41 "(3) The commissioner shall waive 50 percent of the amount of any civil penalty imposed 42 by order under this section if the commissioner determines that the employer paid the full 43 remedy due, not including any civil penalty, within 14 days after the order imposing the 44 remedy became final by operation of law or on appeal.

45 "(4) Civil penalties authorized by this section shall be imposed in the manner provided in

1 ORS 183.745.

"(5) An employer may not retaliate or in any way discriminate against an individual with respect to hire or tenure or any other term or condition of employment because the individual has inquired about the provisions of this section or ORS 652.020, 653.261 or 653.265 or has reported a violation to, or filed a complaint with, the Bureau of Labor and Industries.

6 "<u>SECTION 8.</u> ORS 659A.885, as amended by section 5, chapter 73, Oregon Laws 2016, is 7 amended to read:

"659A.885. (1) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful practice specified in sub-8 9 section (2) of this section may file a civil action in circuit court. In any action under this subsection, 10 the court may order injunctive relief and any other equitable relief that may be appropriate, in-11 cluding but not limited to reinstatement or the hiring of employees with or without back pay. A 12court may order back pay in an action under this subsection only for the two-year period imme-13diately preceding the filing of a complaint under ORS 659A.820 with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries, or if a complaint was not filed before the action was commenced, the two-14 15year period immediately preceding the filing of the action. In any action under this subsection, the 16 court may allow the prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal. Ex-17 cept as provided in subsection (3) of this section:

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"(a) The judge shall determine the facts in an action under this subsection; and

"(b) Upon any appeal of a judgment in an action under this subsection, the appellate court shall
 review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (3).

"(2) An action may be brought under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS
10.090, 10.092, 25.337, 25.424, 171.120, 408.230, 408.237 (2), 475B.233, 476.574, 652.020, 652.355, 653.060,
653.265, 653.601 to 653.661, 659.852, 659A.030, 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.063, 659A.069,
659A.082, 659A.088, 659A.103 to 659A.145, 659A.150 to 659A.186, 659A.194, 659A.199, 659A.203,
659A.218, 659A.228, 659A.230, 659A.233, 659A.236, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 659A.277, 659A.290,
659A.300, 659A.306, 659A.309, 659A.315, 659A.318, 659A.320, 659A.355, 659A.421, 653.547 or 653.549.

"(3) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 25.337, 25.424,
659.852, 659A.030, 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.069, 659A.082, 659A.103 to 659A.145, 659A.199,
659A.203, 659A.228, 659A.230, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 659A.290, 659A.318, 659A.421, 653.547 or 653.549:
"(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this sec-

tion, compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater, and punitive damages;

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"(b) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

"(c) Upon appeal of any judgment finding a violation, the appellate court shall review the judg ment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1); and

"(d) Any attorney fee agreement shall be subject to approval by the court.

36 "(4) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 652.355 or 37 653.060, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section, 38 compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater.

"(5) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 171.120,
476.574 or 659A.218, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1)
of this section, compensatory damages or \$250, whichever is greater.

"(6) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 10.090 or
10.092, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,
a civil penalty in the amount of \$720.

45 "(7) Any individual against whom any distinction, discrimination or restriction on account of

1 race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, national origin, marital status or age, if the individual 2 is 18 years of age or older, has been made by any place of public accommodation, as defined in ORS 3 659A.400, by any employee or person acting on behalf of the place or by any person aiding or 4 abetting the place or person in violation of ORS 659A.406 may bring an action against the operator 5 or manager of the place, the employee or person acting on behalf of the place or the aider or abettor 6 of the place or person. Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, in an action under this sub-7 section:

8 "(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this sec-9 tion, compensatory and punitive damages;

"(b) The operator or manager of the place of public accommodation, the employee or person acting on behalf of the place, and any aider or abettor shall be jointly and severally liable for all damages awarded in the action;

13 "(c) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

14 "(d) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to a prevailing plaintiff;

"(e) The court may award reasonable attorney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant who prevails only if the court determines that the plaintiff had no objectively reasonable basis for asserting a claim or no reasonable basis for appealing an adverse decision of a trial court; and

"(f) Upon any appeal of a judgment under this subsection, the appellate court shall review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1).

21"(8) When the commissioner or the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a 22person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the rights protected 23by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, or that a group of persons has been denied any of the rights protected by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, the commissioner 24 25or the Attorney General may file a civil action on behalf of the aggrieved persons in the same 26manner as a person or group of persons may file a civil action under this section. In a civil action 27filed under this subsection, the court may assess against the respondent, in addition to the relief authorized under subsections (1) and (3) of this section, a civil penalty: 28

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"(a) In an amount not exceeding \$50,000 for a first violation; and

"(b) In an amount not exceeding \$100,000 for any subsequent violation.

"(9) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or alleging discrimination under federal housing law, when the commissioner is pursuing the action on behalf of an aggrieved complainant, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees to the commissioner if the commissioner prevails in the action. The court may award reasonable attorney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant that prevails in the action if the court determines that the commissioner had no objectively reasonable basis for asserting the claim or for appealing an adverse decision of the trial court.

38 "(10) In an action under subsection (1) or (8) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 39 or 659A.421 or discrimination under federal housing law:

40 41 "(a) 'Aggrieved person' includes a person who believes that the person:

"(A) Has been injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice; or

42 "(B) Will be injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice that is about to 43 occur.

44 "(b) An aggrieved person in regard to issues to be determined in an action may intervene as of 45 right in the action. The Attorney General may intervene in the action if the Attorney General

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certifies that the case is of general public importance. The court may allow an intervenor prevailing
 party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal.

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"<u>SECTION 9.</u> ORS 652.010 is amended to read:

4 "652.010. (1) It is the public policy of this state that no person shall be hired, nor permitted to 5 work for wages, under any conditions or terms, for longer hours or days of service than is consistent 6 with the person's health and physical well-being and ability to promote the general welfare by the 7 person's increasing usefulness as a healthy and intelligent citizen.

8 "(2) It hereby is declared that the working of any person more than 10 hours in one day in any 9 mill, factory or manufacturing establishment or the working of any person more than eight hours, 10 exclusive of one hour, more or less, in one day, or more than 48 hours in one [calendar week] 11 workweek, as defined in ORS 652.020, in sawmills, planing mills, shingle mills and logging camps 12 is injurious to the physical health and well-being of such person, and tends to prevent the person 13 from acquiring that degree of intelligence that is necessary to make the person a useful and desir-14 able citizen of the state.

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"SECTION 10. ORS 652.990 is amended to read:

"652.990. (1) Violation of ORS 652.020 [(2)] (5)(b) or (c) is a Class A violation. Every day's violation is deemed a separate offense.

18 "(2) Any person, body corporate, general manager or employer who violates ORS 652.040 or 19 causes ORS 652.040 to be violated commits a Class C misdemeanor.

20 "(3) Violation of ORS 652.110 or 652.120 is a Class A violation.

21 "(4) Violation of ORS 652.130 by any employer is a Class C misdemeanor.

22 "(5) In addition to the civil damages recoverable under ORS 652.230, violation of ORS 652.210

23 to 652.230 is a Class A misdemeanor.

24 "(6) The violation of ORS 652.240 is a Class A misdemeanor.

25 "(7) Violation of ORS 652.355 is a Class C misdemeanor.

26 "(8) Violation of ORS 652.610 or 652.620 is a Class D violation.

"(9) Willful violation of ORS 652.635 or 652.640 by a producer or agent of the producer is a Class
A misdemeanor.

29 "(10) Violation of any of the provisions of ORS 652.710 or 652.720 by any employer is a Class 30 A violation.".

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