# House Bill 2269

Introduced and printed pursuant to House Rule 12.00. Presession filed (at the request of Governor Kate Brown for Department of Environmental Quality)

#### SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced**.

Modifies fee schedule for sources subject to federal operating permit program under Title V of federal Clean Air Act.

Adds grants and loans for replacements to permissible uses of moneys in Clean Diesel Engine Fund. Makes other modifications to provisions for grants and loans from fund for purpose of reducing emissions from diesel engines.

Authorizes State of Oregon to receive moneys pursuant to Volkswagen Environmental Mitigation Trust Agreement, deposit agreement moneys in Clean Diesel Engine Fund and use moneys to award grants for reducing emissions from diesel engines. Specifies allocation of grants from agreement moneys.

Removes requirement that certain rules adopted by Environmental Quality Commission may be applied to specific stationary source only if expressly incorporated as condition in permit.

Allows assessment of civil penalties for violations of certain motor vehicle emission standards by persons other than motor vehicle owners and their lessees.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT
<b>2</b>	Relating to air quality; creating new provisions; amending ORS 468.140, 468A.025, 468A.315,
3	468A.795, 468A.797, 468A.799, 468A.801 and 468A.803 and section 12, chapter 855, Oregon Laws
4	2007; and declaring an emergency.
5	Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
6	
7	TITLE V FEES
8	
9	SECTION 1. ORS 468A.315 is amended to read:
10	468A.315. (1) The fee schedule required under ORS 468.065 (2) for a source subject to the federal
11	operating permit program shall be based on a schedule established by rule by the Environmental
12	Quality Commission in accordance with this section. Except for the additional fee under subsection
13	[(2)(e)] (3)(c) of this section, this fee schedule shall be in lieu of any other fee for a permit issued
14	under ORS 468A.040, 468A.045 or 468A.155. The fee schedule shall cover all reasonable direct and
15	indirect costs of implementing the federal operating permit program and shall consist of:
16	(a) An emission fee of \$ per ton of each regulated pollutant emitted during the prior cal-
17	endar year as determined under subsection (2) of this section, subject to annual fee increases as set
18	forth in paragraph (d) of this subsection. [The following emission fees apply:]
19	[(A) \$27 per ton emitted during the 2006 calendar year.]
20	[(B) \$29 per ton emitted during the 2007 calendar year.]
21	[(C) \$31 per ton emitted during the 2008 calendar year and each calendar year thereafter.]
22	(b) Fees for the following specific elements of the federal operating permit program:
23	(A) Reviewing and acting upon applications for modifications to federal operating permits.
24	(B) Any activity related to permits required under ORS 468A.040 other than the federal operat-

1 ing permit program.

2 (C) Department of Environmental Quality activities for sources not subject to the federal oper-3 ating permit program.

4 (D) Department review of ambient monitoring networks installed by a source.

5 (E) Other distinct department activities created by a source or a group of sources if the com-6 mission finds that the activities are unique and specific and that additional rulemaking is necessary 7 and will impose costs upon the department that are not otherwise covered by federal operating 8 permit program fees.

9 (c) A base fee for a source subject to the federal operating permit program. [*This base fee shall be no*] **The base fee may not be** more than **\$\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the period of November 15, 2017, through November 14, 2018, and for each annual period thereafter.** [*the fees set forth in sub-paragraphs (A) to (D) of this paragraph, subject to increases as set forth in paragraph (d) of this subsection:*]

14 [(A) \$2,700 for the period of November 15, 2007, through November 14, 2008.]

15 [(B) \$2,900 for the period of November 15, 2008, through November 14, 2009.]

16 [(C) \$3,100 for the period of November 15, 2009, through November 14, 2010.]

[(D) \$4,100 for the period of November 15, 2010, through November 14, 2011, and for each annual
 period thereafter.]

(d) An annual increase in the fees set forth in paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection by the percentage, if any, by which the Consumer Price Index exceeds the Consumer Price Index as of the close of the 12-month period ending on August 31, 1989, if the commission determines by rule that the increased fees are necessary to cover all reasonable direct and indirect costs of implementing the federal operating permit program.

(2)(a) The fee on emissions of regulated pollutants required under this section [*shall*] **must** be based on the amount of each regulated pollutant emitted during the prior calendar year as documented by information provided by the source in accordance with criteria adopted by the commission or, if the source elects to pay the fee based on permitted emissions, the fee shall be based on the emission limit for the plant site of the major source.

(b) The fee required by subsection (1)(a) of this section does not apply to any emissions in excess of [4,000 tons per year of any regulated pollutant through calendar year 2010 and in excess of 7,000 tons per year of all regulated pollutants for each calendar year thereafter] 7,000 tons of all regulated pollutants per calendar year. The department may not revise a major source's plant site emission limit due solely to payment of the fee on the basis of documented emissions.

34 [(c)] (3)(a) The commission shall establish by rule criteria for the acceptability and verifiability 35 of information related to emissions as documented, including but not limited to the use of:

- 36 (A) Emission monitoring;
- 37 (B) Material balances;
- 38 (C) Emission factors;
- 39 (D) Fuel use;
- 40 (E) Production data; or
- 41 (F) Other calculations.

42 [(d)] (b) The department shall accept reasonably accurate information that complies with the 43 criteria established by the commission as documentation of emissions.

44 [(e)] (c) The rules adopted under this section [shall] **must** require an additional fee for failure 45 to pay, substantial underpayment of or late payment of emission fees.

## $\rm HB\ 2269$

1	[(3)] (4) The commission shall establish by rule the size fraction of total particulates subject to
2	emission fees as particulates under this section.
3	[(4)] (5) As used in this section:
4	(a) "Regulated pollutant" means particulates, volatile organic compounds, [oxides of nitrogen]
5	nitrogen oxides, and sulfur dioxide; and
6	(b) "Consumer Price Index" has the meaning given in 42 U.S.C. 7661a(b), as in effect on June
7	20, 2007.
8	SECTION 2. The amendments to ORS 468A.315 (1)(a) by section 1 of this 2017 Act first
9	apply to regulated pollutants emitted during the 2016 calendar year.
10	
11	DIESEL ENGINES
12	
13	SECTION 3. ORS 468A.795 is amended to read:
14	468A.795. As used in ORS 468A.795 to 468A.803 and sections 11 to 16, chapter 855, Oregon Laws
15	2007:
16	(1) "Combined weight" has the meaning given that term in ORS 825.005.
17	(2) "Cost-effectiveness threshold" means the cost, in dollars, per ton of diesel particulate matter
18	reduced, as established by rule of the Environmental Quality Commission.
19	(3) "Diesel engine" means a compression ignition engine designed primarily to propel a
20	motor vehicle on public highways in this state.
21	(4) "Environmental Mitigation Trust Agreement" means the Environmental Mitigation
22	Trust Agreement required by the Volkswagen "Clean Diesel" Marketing, Sales Practices and
23	Products Liability Litigation partial consent decree dated October 25, 2016.
24	(5) "Equivalent equipment" means a piece of equipment that performs the same function
25	and has the equivalent horsepower to a piece of equipment subject to a replacement.
26	(6) "Equivalent motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle that performs the same function
27	and is in the same weight class as a motor vehicle subject to a replacement.
28	[(3)] (7) "Heavy-duty truck" means a motor vehicle or combination of vehicles operated as a unit
29	that has a combined weight that is greater than 26,000 pounds.
30	[(4)] (8) "Incremental cost" means the cost of a qualifying repower or retrofit less a baseline
31	cost that would otherwise be incurred in the normal course of business.
32	[(5)] (9) "Medium-duty truck" means a motor vehicle or combination of vehicles operated as a
33	unit that has a combined weight that is greater than 14,000 pounds but less than or equal to 26,000
34	pounds.
35	[(6)] (10) "Motor vehicle" has the meaning given that term in ORS 825.005.
36	[(7)] (11) "Nonroad [Oregon] diesel engine" means [any Oregon diesel] a compression ignition
37	engine that was not designed primarily to propel a motor vehicle on public highways of this state.
38	[(8) "Oregon diesel engine" means an engine at least 50 percent of the use of which, as measured
39	by miles driven or hours operated, will occur in Oregon for the three years following the repowering
40	or retrofitting of the engine.]
41	[(9)] (12) "Oregon diesel truck engine" means a diesel engine in a truck at least 50 percent of
42	the use of which, as measured by miles driven or hours operated, has occurred in Oregon for the
43	two years preceding the scrapping of the engine.
44	[(10)] (13) "Public highway" has the meaning given that term in ORS 825.005.
45	(14)(a) "Replacement" means:

(A) To scrap a motor vehicle powered by a diesel engine and replace the motor vehicle 1 with an equivalent motor vehicle; or 2 (B) To scrap a piece of equipment powered by a nonroad diesel engine and replace the 3 equipment with equivalent equipment. 4 (b) "Replacement" does not mean ordinary maintenance, repair or replacement of a diesel 5 engine. 6 7 [(11)] (15) "Repower" means to scrap an old diesel engine and [replace] substitute it with a new engine, a used engine or a remanufactured engine, or with electric motors, drives or fuel cells, with 8 9 a minimum useful life of seven years. [(12)] (16) "Retrofit" means to equip a diesel engine with new emissions-reducing parts or tech-10 nology after the manufacture of the original engine. A retrofit must use the greatest degree of 11 12 emissions reduction available for the particular application of the equipment retrofitted that meets 13 the cost-effectiveness threshold. [(13)] (17) "Scrap" means to destroy and render inoperable. 14 15 [(14)] (18) "Truck" means a motor vehicle or combination of vehicles operated as a unit that has a combined weight that is greater than 14,000 pounds. 16 SECTION 4. ORS 468A.795, as amended by section 6a, chapter 855, Oregon Laws 2007, is 17 amended to read: 18 19 468A.795. As used in ORS 468A.795 to 468A.803: (1) "Combined weight" has the meaning given that term in ORS 825.005. 20(2) "Cost-effectiveness threshold" means the cost, in dollars, per ton of diesel particulate matter 21 22reduced, as established by rule of the Environmental Quality Commission. 23(3) "Diesel engine" means a compression ignition engine designed primarily to propel a motor vehicle on public highways in this state. 24 (4) "Environmental Mitigation Trust Agreement" means the Environmental Mitigation 25Trust Agreement required by the Volkswagen "Clean Diesel" Marketing, Sales Practices and 2627Products Liability Litigation partial consent decree dated October 25, 2016. (5) "Equivalent equipment" means a piece of equipment that performs the same function 28and has the equivalent horsepower to a piece of equipment subject to a replacement. 2930 (6) "Equivalent motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle that performs the same function 31 and is in the same weight class as a motor vehicle subject to a replacement. [(3)] (7) "Heavy-duty truck" means a motor vehicle or combination of vehicles operated as a unit 32that has a combined weight that is greater than 26,000 pounds. 33 34 [(4)] (8) "Incremental cost" means the cost of a qualifying repower or retrofit less a baseline 35cost that would otherwise be incurred in the normal course of business. [(5)] (9) "Medium-duty truck" means a motor vehicle or combination of vehicles operated as a 36 37 unit that has a combined weight that is greater than 14,000 pounds but less than or equal to 26,000 pounds. 38 [(6)] (10) "Motor vehicle" has the meaning given that term in ORS 825.005. 39 [(7)] (11) "Nonroad [Oregon] diesel engine" means [any Oregon diesel] a compression ignition 40 engine that was not designed primarily to propel a motor vehicle on public highways of this state. 41 [(8) "Oregon diesel engine" means an engine at least 50 percent of the use of which, as measured 42 by miles driven or hours operated, will occur in Oregon for the three years following the repowering 43 or retrofitting of the engine.] 44 [(9)] (12) "Oregon diesel truck engine" means a diesel engine in a truck at least 50 percent of 45

the use of which, as measured by miles driven or hours operated, has occurred in Oregon for the 1 2 two years preceding the scrapping of the engine. 3 [(10)] (13) "Public highway" has the meaning given that term in ORS 825.005. (14)(a) "Replacement" means: 4  $\mathbf{5}$ (A) To scrap a motor vehicle powered by a diesel engine and replace the motor vehicle with an equivalent motor vehicle; or 6 (B) To scrap a piece of equipment powered by a nonroad diesel engine and replace the 7 equipment with equivalent equipment. 8 9 (b) "Replacement" does not mean ordinary maintenance, repair or replacement of a diesel engine. 10 [(11)] (15) "Repower" means to scrap an old diesel engine and [replace] substitute it with a new 11 12 engine, a used engine or a remanufactured engine, or with electric motors, drives or fuel cells, with 13 a minimum useful life of seven years. [(12)] (16) "Retrofit" means to equip a diesel engine with new emissions-reducing parts or tech-14 15 nology after the manufacture of the original engine. A retrofit must use the greatest degree of 16 emissions reduction available for the particular application of the equipment retrofitted that meets the cost-effectiveness threshold. 17 18 [(13)] (17) "Scrap" means to destroy and render inoperable. 19 [(14)] (18) "Truck" means a motor vehicle or combination of vehicles operated as a unit that has a combined weight that is greater than 14,000 pounds. 20SECTION 5. ORS 468A.797 is amended to read: 2122468A.797. (1) The Environmental Quality Commission by rule shall establish standards related to the certified cost necessary to perform a qualifying replacement, repower or retrofit, including 23but not limited to rules establishing the certified cost for purposes of the tax credit established in 94 section 12, chapter 855, Oregon Laws 2007. 25(2) For the purposes of subsection (1) of this section, certified cost: 2627(a) May not exceed the incremental cost of labor and hardware that the Department of Environmental Quality finds necessary to perform a qualifying **replacement**, repower or retrofit; 28(b) Does not include the cost of any portion of a **replacement**, repower or retrofit undertaken 2930 to comply with any applicable local, state or federal pollution or emissions law or for ordinary 31 maintenance, repair or replacement of a diesel engine; and 32(c) May not exceed the cost-effectiveness threshold. SECTION 6. ORS 468A.797, as amended by section 7a, chapter 855, Oregon Laws 2007, is 33 34 amended to read: 35468A.797. (1) The Environmental Quality Commission by rule shall establish standards related to the certified cost necessary to perform a qualifying replacement, repower or retrofit. 36 37 (2) For the purposes of subsection (1) of this section, certified cost: 38 (a) May not exceed the incremental cost of labor and hardware that the Department of Environmental Quality finds necessary to perform a qualifying replacement, repower or retrofit; 39 (b) Does not include the cost of any portion of a **replacement**, repower or retrofit undertaken 40 to comply with any applicable local, state or federal pollution or emissions law or for ordinary 41 maintenance, repair or replacement of a diesel engine; and 42 (c) May not exceed the cost-effectiveness threshold. 43 SECTION 7. ORS 468A.799 is amended to read: 44

45 468A.799. (1) The Environmental Quality Commission by rule shall establish standards for [the

1 qualifying repower of a nonroad Oregon diesel engine or retrofit of an Oregon diesel engine,] quali-

2 fying replacements, repowers and retrofits, including but not limited to rules establishing re-

power or retrofit qualifications for purposes of the tax credit established in section 12, chapter 855,
Oregon Laws 2007.

5 (2) The standards adopted by the commission under this section must [*include*] **require, at a** 6 **minimum**:

[(a) A requirement for the reduction of diesel particulate matter emissions by at least 25 percent
 compared with the baseline emissions for the relevant engine year and application;]

(a) For the qualifying replacement of a motor vehicle powered by a diesel engine, that:

(A) The motor vehicle to be scrapped has at least three years of remaining useful life;
 and

(B) The engine model year of the equivalent motor vehicle is 2010 or newer.

9

12

(b) For the qualifying replacement of a piece of equipment powered by a nonroad diesel
 engine, that:

(A) The nonroad piece of equipment to be scrapped has at least three years of remaining
 useful life; and

(B) The equivalent equipment is powered by a nonroad diesel engine that meets or exceeds the United States Environmental Protection Agency Tier 4 standards for nonroad diesel exhaust emissions.

(c) For the qualifying repower of a nonroad diesel engine, that the repower will be ac complished using a higher tier engine than the engine to be scrapped, based on the United
 States Environmental Protection Agency tier standards for nonroad diesel exhaust emis sions.

(d) For the qualifying retrofit of a diesel engine, a resulting reduction of diesel
 particulate matter emissions by at least 85 percent when compared with the baseline emissions for the relevant engine year and application.

[(b)] (e) That a list of technologies approved as qualifying repowers or retrofits that have been
verified by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or the California Air Resources
Board[; and] is included in the standards.

[(c)] (3) [A requirement that] A qualifying replacement, repower or retrofit [does] may not include the replacement, repower or retrofit of a motor vehicle, piece of equipment or engine for which a grant, loan or tax credit under ORS 468A.803 or section 12, chapter 855, Oregon Laws 2007, has previously been awarded or allowed, unless the replacement, repower or retrofit will reduce emissions further than the replacement, repower or retrofit funded by the previous grant, loan or tax credit.

36 <u>SECTION 8.</u> ORS 468A.799, as amended by section 8a, chapter 855, Oregon Laws 2007, is 37 amended to read:

468A.799. (1) The Environmental Quality Commission by rule shall establish standards for [the
 qualifying repower of a nonroad Oregon diesel engine or retrofit of an Oregon diesel engine] qualify ing replacements, repowers and retrofits.

(2) The standards adopted by the commission under this section must [include] require, at a
 minimum:

43 [(a) A requirement for the reduction of diesel particulate matter emissions by at least 25 percent
 44 compared with the baseline emissions for the relevant engine year and application;]

45 (a) For the qualifying replacement of a motor vehicle powered by a diesel engine, that:

1 (A) The motor vehicle to be scrapped has at least three years of remaining useful life; 2 and

(B) The engine model year of the equivalent motor vehicle is 2010 or newer.

4 (b) For the qualifying replacement of a piece of equipment powered by a nonroad diesel 5 engine, that:

6 (A) The nonroad piece of equipment to be scrapped has at least three years of remaining 7 useful life; and

8 (B) The equivalent equipment is powered by a nonroad diesel engine that meets or ex-9 ceeds the United States Environmental Protection Agency Tier 4 standards for nonroad die-10 sel exhaust emissions.

(c) For the qualifying repower of a nonroad diesel engine, that the repower will be ac complished using a higher tier engine than the engine to be scrapped, based on the United
 States Environmental Protection Agency tier standards for nonroad diesel exhaust emis sions.

15 (d) For the qualifying retrofit of a diesel engine, a resulting reduction of diesel 16 particulate matter emissions by at least 85 percent when compared with the baseline emis-17 sions for the relevant engine year and application.

[(b)] (e) That a list of technologies approved as qualifying repowers or retrofits that have been
verified by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or the California Air Resources
Board[; and] is included in the standards.

[(c)] (3) [A requirement that] A qualifying replacement, repower or retrofit [does] may not include the replacement, repower or retrofit of a motor vehicle, piece of equipment or engine for which a grant or loan under ORS 468A.803 has previously been awarded or allowed, unless the replacement, repower or retrofit will reduce emissions further than the replacement, repower or retrofit funded by the previous grant or loan.

26 SECTION 9. ORS 468A.801 is amended to read:

3

468A.801. (1) The Clean Diesel Engine Fund is established in the State Treasury separate and distinct from the General Fund. Interest earned by the Clean Diesel Engine Fund shall be credited to the fund. The moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the Department of Environmental Quality to be used for the purposes described in ORS 468A.803.

31 (2) The Clean Diesel Engine Fund consists of:

32 (a) Funds appropriated by the Legislative Assembly;

(b) Grants provided by the federal government pursuant to the federal Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C.
 7401 et seq., or other federal laws; [and]

[(c) Any other revenues derived from gifts or grants given to the state for the purpose of providing
 financial assistance to owners or operators of diesel engines for the purpose of repowering, retrofitting
 or scrapping diesel engines to reduce diesel engine emissions.]

(c) Moneys paid to the State of Oregon pursuant to the Environmental Mitigation Trust
 Agreement; and

(d) Any other moneys received by the state for the purpose of providing financial and
 technical assistance to owners or operators of diesel engines for the purpose of reducing
 emissions from diesel engines.

43 SECTION 10. ORS 468A.803 is amended to read:

44 468A.803. (1) The Department of Environmental Quality shall use the moneys in the Clean Diesel
45 Engine Fund to award:

1 (a) Grants and loans to the owners and operators of motor vehicles powered by diesel 2 engines, and equipment powered by nonroad diesel engines, for up to 25 percent of the cer-

3 tified costs of qualifying replacements as described in ORS 468A.797 and 468A.799;

4 [(a)] (b) Grants and loans to the owners and operators of [Oregon] diesel engines for up to 100 5 percent of the certified costs of qualifying retrofits as described in ORS 468A.797 and 468A.799;

6 [(b)] (c) Grants and loans to the owners and operators of nonroad [Oregon] diesel engines for 7 up to 25 percent of the certified costs of qualifying repowers as described in ORS 468A.797 and 8 468A.799; and

9 [(c)] (d) Grants to the owners of Oregon diesel truck engines to scrap those engines.

10 [(2) Subject to and consistent with federal law, any moneys received from the federal government 11 that are deposited in the Clean Diesel Engine Fund under ORS 468A.801 (2)(b) must be used for ini-12 tiatives to reduce emissions from diesel engines. Subsections (1), (3) to (5) and (7) of this section and 13 ORS 468A.797 and 468A.799 do not apply to use of moneys in the Clean Diesel Engine Fund received 14 from the federal government.]

(2) The Environmental Quality Commission by rule may set grant or loan award rates at a percentage that is greater than a percentage allowed under subsection (1) of this section, provided that the grant or loan assistance will not exceed the cost-effectiveness threshold, if the higher percentage award rate would:

(a) Benefit sensitive populations or areas with elevated concentrations of diesel
 particulate matter; or

21

(b) Otherwise increase participation by those categories of owners or operators.

(3) In determining the amount of a grant or loan under this section, the department must reduce the incremental cost of a qualifying **replacement**, repower or retrofit by the value of any existing financial incentive that directly reduces the cost of the qualifying **replacement**, repower or retrofit, including tax credits, other grants or loans, or any other public financial assistance.

(4) The department may certify third parties to perform qualifying **replacements**, repowers and retrofits and may contract with third parties to perform such services for the certified costs of qualifying **replacements**, repowers and retrofits. The department may also contract with institutions of higher education or other public bodies as defined by ORS 174.109 to train and certify third parties to perform qualifying **replacements**, repowers and retrofits.

(5) The department may not award a grant or loan for a replacement, repower or retrofit under subsection (1) of this section unless the grant or loan applicant demonstrates to the department's satisfaction that the resulting equivalent motor vehicle, equivalent equipment, repowered nonroad diesel engine or retrofitted diesel engine will undergo at least 50 percent of its use in Oregon, as measured by miles driven or hours operated, for the three years following the replacement, repower or retrofit.

37 [(5)] (6) The department may not award a grant to scrap an Oregon diesel truck engine under 38 subsection (1)[(c)] of this section unless the engine was manufactured prior to 1994 and the engine is in operating condition at the time of the grant application or, if repairs are needed, the owner 39 demonstrates to the department's satisfaction that the engine can be repaired to an operating con-40 dition for less than its commercial scrap value. The Environmental Quality Commission shall adopt 41 rules for a maximum grant awarded under subsection (1)[(c)] of this section for an engine in a 42 heavy-duty truck and for an engine in a medium-duty truck. A grant awarded under subsection 43 (1)[(c)] of this section may not be combined with any other tax credits, grants or loans, or any other 44 public financial assistance, to scrap an Oregon diesel truck engine. 45

1 (7) Subject to and consistent with federal law, any moneys received from the federal 2 government that are deposited in the Clean Diesel Engine Fund under ORS 468A.801 (2)(b) 3 must be used for initiatives to reduce emissions from diesel engines. Subsections (1) to (6) 4 of this section and ORS 468A.797 and 468A.799 do not apply to use of moneys in the fund re-5 ceived from the federal government.

6 (8) Subject to and consistent with the terms of the Environmental Mitigation Trust 7 Agreement, any moneys received by the State of Oregon pursuant to the agreement that are 8 deposited in the Clean Diesel Engine Fund must be used by the department to award grants 9 for the purpose of reducing nitrogen oxides emissions from diesel engines. Subsections (1) 10 to (7) of this section and ORS 468A.797 and 468A.799 do not apply to use of moneys in the 11 fund received pursuant to the agreement. To the extent authorized by the agreement, the 12 department shall allocate moneys awarded pursuant to this subsection among:

(a) Owners and operators of school buses powered by diesel engines for 30 percent of
 certified replacement costs beginning with the oldest diesel powered school buses in the state
 and proceeding until at least 450 buses have been replaced; and

(b) Owners and operators of the following categories of motor vehicles powered by diesel
 engines, subject to the preferences for grant awards established under section 12 (1)(b) of
 this 2017 Act:

19 (A) Drayage trucks.

20 (B) Delivery trucks.

21 (C) Waste hauling trucks.

22 (D) Transit buses.

(9) The department may not award a grant under subsection (8) of this section to the
 owner or operator of a motor vehicle powered by a diesel engine unless the following criteria
 are met:

(a) Use of the motor vehicle has occurred in Oregon during the year preceding the date
 of the grant.

28 (b) The motor vehicle is authorized for use in this state.

(c) For the three years following the receipt of a grant award, at least 50 percent of the
motor vehicle use for which the owner or operator received the grant will occur in Oregon,
as measured by miles driven or hours operated.

(d) The grant will not exceed the cost-effectiveness threshold where, notwithstanding
 ORS 468A.795, the "cost-effectiveness threshold" for purposes of this paragraph means the
 cost in dollars per ton of diesel particulate and nitrogen oxides reduced, as established by
 rule of the commission.

(e) Any other criteria the department deems necessary to ensure that a grant award will
 result in reducing emissions from diesel engines in this state.

[(6)] (10) The department may use the moneys in the Clean Diesel Engine Fund to pay expenses
 of the department in administering the program described in [this section] ORS 468A.795 to
 468A.803.

[(7) The commission shall adopt rules to implement this section and ORS 468A.801, including but not limited to establishing preferences for grant and loan awards based upon percentage of engine use in Oregon, whether a grant or loan applicant will provide matching funds, whether scrapping, repowering or retrofitting an engine will benefit sensitive populations or areas with elevated concentrations of diesel particulate matter, or such other criteria as the commission may establish. The rules adopted

by the commission shall reserve a portion of the financial assistance available each year for applicants 1

2 that own or operate a small number of Oregon diesel engines or Oregon diesel truck engines and shall

provide for simplified access to financial assistance for those applicants.] 3

[(8) The department may perform activities necessary to ensure that recipients of grants and loans 4

from the Clean Diesel Engine Fund comply with applicable requirements. If the department determines 5 that a recipient has not complied with applicable requirements, it may order the recipient to refund all 6 grant or loan moneys and may impose penalties pursuant to ORS 468.140.] 7

SECTION 11. Section 12 of this 2017 Act is added to and made a part of ORS 468A.795 to 8 9 468A.803.

SECTION 12. (1) The Environmental Quality Commission shall adopt rules to implement 10 ORS 468A.801 and 468A.803, including but not limited to rules that establish preferences for 11 12 awarding:

(a) Grants and loans under ORS 468A.803 (1) based upon a percentage of diesel engine use 13 in Oregon, whether a grant or loan applicant will provide matching funds, whether scrapping, 14 15 replacement, repowering or retrofitting an engine will benefit sensitive populations or areas 16 with elevated concentrations of diesel particulate matter, or such other criteria as the commission may establish; and 17

18 (b) Grants under ORS 468A.803 (8)(b) based upon the estimated number of vehicles in 19 each category, estimated emission reduction benefits by category measured in tons per year 20relative to the costs of achieving those benefits, or such other criteria as the commission may establish. 21

22(2) Rules adopted by the commission under this section must reserve a portion of the 23financial assistance available each year for applicants that own or operate a small number of diesel engines or Oregon diesel truck engines and must provide for simplified access to 94 25financial assistance for those applicants.

(3) The Department of Environmental Quality may perform activities necessary to ensure 2627that recipients of grants and loans from the Clean Diesel Engine Fund comply with applicable requirements. If the department determines that a recipient has not complied with applicable 28requirements, the department may order the recipient to refund all grant or loan moneys 2930 and may impose penalties pursuant to ORS 468.140.

31

3233

**RULES FOR STATIONARY SOURCE EMISSIONS** 

34

SECTION 13. ORS 468A.025 is amended to read:

468A.025. (1) By rule the Environmental Quality Commission may establish areas of the state 35and prescribe the degree of air pollution or air contamination that may be permitted therein, as air 36 37 purity standards for such areas.

38

(2) In determining air purity standards, the commission shall consider the following factors:

(a) The quality or characteristics of air contaminants or the duration of their presence in the 39 atmosphere which may cause air pollution in the particular area of the state; 40

(b) Existing physical conditions and topography; 41

(c) Prevailing wind directions and velocities; 42

(d) Temperatures and temperature inversion periods, humidity, and other atmospheric conditions; 43

(e) Possible chemical reactions between air contaminants or between such air contaminants and 44

air gases, moisture or sunlight; 45

1 (f) The predominant character of development of the area of the state, such as residential, highly 2 developed industrial area, commercial or other characteristics;

3 (g) Availability of air-cleaning devices;

4 (h) Economic feasibility of air-cleaning devices;

5 (i) Effect on normal human health of particular air contaminants;

6 (j) Effect on efficiency of industrial operation resulting from use of air-cleaning devices;

7 (k) Extent of danger to property in the area reasonably to be expected from any particular air 8 contaminants;

9 (L) Interference with reasonable enjoyment of life by persons in the area which can reasonably 10 be expected to be affected by the air contaminants;

11 (m) The volume of air contaminants emitted from a particular class of air contamination source;

(n) The economic and industrial development of the state and continuance of public enjoymentof the state's natural resources; and

14

(o) Other factors which the commission may find applicable.

(3) The commission may establish air quality standards including emission standards for the entire state or an area of the state. The standards shall set forth the maximum amount of air pollution permissible in various categories of air contaminants and may differentiate between different areas of the state, different air contaminants and different air contamination sources or classes thereof.

(4) The commission shall specifically fulfill the intent of the policy under ORS 468A.010 (1)(a)
as it pertains to the highest and best practicable treatment and control of emissions from stationary
sources through the adoption of rules:

(a) To require specific permit conditions for the operation and maintenance of pollution control
 equipment to the extent the Department of Environmental Quality considers the permit conditions
 necessary to insure that pollution control equipment is operated and maintained at the highest
 reasonable efficiency and effectiveness level.

(b) To require typically achievable control technology for new, modified and existing sources of air contaminants or precursors to air contaminants for which ambient air quality standards are established, to the extent emission units at the source are not subject to other emission standards for a particular air contaminant and to the extent the department determines additional controls on such sources are necessary to carry out the policy under ORS 468A.010 (1)(a).

(c) To require controls necessary to achieve ambient air quality standards or prevent significant impairment of visibility in areas designated by the commission for any source that is a substantial cause of any exceedance or projected exceedance in the near future of national ambient air quality standards or visibility requirements.

36

(d) To require controls necessary to meet applicable federal requirements for any source.

(e) Applicable to a source category, contaminant or geographic area necessary to protect public
health or welfare for air contaminants not otherwise regulated by the commission or as necessary
to address the cumulative impact of sources on air quality.

40 [(5) Rules adopted by the commission under subsection (4) of this section shall be applied to a 41 specific stationary source only through express incorporation as a permit condition in the permit for 42 the source.]

[(6)] (5) Nothing in subsection (4) of this section or rules adopted under subsection (4) of this
section shall be construed to limit the authority of the commission to adopt rules, except rules addressing the highest and best practicable treatment and control.

[(7)] (6) As used in this section, "typically achievable control technology" means the emission 1 2 limit established on a case-by-case basis for a criterion contaminant from a particular emission unit in accordance with rules adopted under subsection (4) of this section. For an existing source, the 3 emission limit established shall be typical of the emission level achieved by emission units similar 4 in type and size. For a new or modified source, the emission limit established shall be typical of the  $\mathbf{5}$ emission level achieved by recently installed, well controlled new or modified emission units similar 6 in type and size. Typically achievable control technology determinations shall be based on informa-7 tion known to the department. In making the determination, the department shall take into consid-8 9 eration pollution prevention, impacts on other environmental media, energy impacts, capital and operating costs, cost effectiveness and the age and remaining economic life of existing emission 10 control equipment. The department may consider emission control technologies typically applied to 11 12 other types of emission units if such technologies can be readily applied to the emission unit. If an 13 emission limitation is not feasible, the department may require a design, equipment, work practice or operational standard or a combination thereof. 14

- 15
- 16
- 17 18

19

## PENALTIES FOR VIOLATING MOTOR VEHICLE EMISSIONS STANDARDS

SECTION 14. ORS 468.140 is amended to read:

468.140. (1) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who violates any of the following shall incur a civil penalty for each day of violation in the amount prescribed by the schedule adopted under ORS 468.130:

(a) The terms or conditions of any permit required or authorized by law and issued by the De partment of Environmental Quality or a regional air quality control authority.

(b) Any provision of ORS 164.785, 448.305, 454.010 to 454.040, 454.205 to 454.255, 454.505 to
454.535, 454.605 to 454.755 and 783.625 to 783.640 and ORS chapter 467 and ORS chapters 468, 468A
and 468B.

(c) Any rule or standard or order of the Environmental Quality Commission adopted or issued
pursuant to ORS 448.305, 454.010 to 454.040, 454.205 to 454.255, 454.505 to 454.535, 454.605 to 454.755
and 783.625 to 783.640 and ORS chapter 467 and ORS chapters 468, 468A and 468B.

(d) Any term or condition of a variance granted by the commission or department pursuant to
 ORS 467.060.

(e) Any rule or standard or order of a regional authority adopted or issued under authority of
 ORS 468A.135.

(f) The financial assurance requirement under ORS 468B.390 and 468B.485 or any rule related
 to the financial assurance requirement under ORS 468B.390.

37

(2) Each day of violation under subsection (1) of this section constitutes a separate offense.

(3)(a) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who intentionally or negligently causes or permits the discharge of oil or hazardous material into the waters of the state or intentionally or negligently fails to clean up a spill or release of oil or hazardous material into the waters of the state as required by ORS 466.645 shall incur a civil penalty not to exceed the amount of \$100,000 for each violation.

(b) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the following persons shall incur a civil
penalty not to exceed the amount of \$25,000 for each day of violation:

45 (A) Any person who violates the terms or conditions of a permit authorizing waste discharge

1 into the air or waters of the state.

2 (B) Any person who violates any law, rule, order or standard in ORS 448.305, 454.010 to 454.040,
3 454.205 to 454.255, 454.505 to 454.535, 454.605 to 454.755 and 783.625 to 783.640 and ORS chapters
4 468, 468A and 468B relating to air or water pollution.

5 (C) Any person who violates the provisions of a rule adopted or an order issued under ORS 6 459A.590.

7 (4) In addition to any other penalty provided by law, any person who violates the provisions of 8 ORS 468B.130 shall incur a civil penalty not to exceed the amount of \$1,000 for each day of vio-9 lation.

10 (5) [Subsection (1)(c) and (e) of this section does not apply to violations of motor vehicle emission 11 standards which] Notwithstanding subsection (1)(c) and (e) of this section, motor vehicle 12 owners and their lessees shall not incur a civil penalty for any violation of motor vehicle 13 emission standards that are not violations of standards for control of noise emissions.

(6) Notwithstanding the limits of ORS 468.130 (1) and in addition to any other penalty provided 14 15 by law, any person who intentionally or negligently causes or permits open field burning contrary to the provisions of ORS 468A.555 to 468A.620 and 468A.992, 476.380 and 478.960 shall be assessed 16 by the department a civil penalty of at least \$20 but not more than \$40 for each acre so burned. 17 Any amounts collected by the department pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited with the 18 State Treasurer to the credit of the General Fund and shall be available for general governmental 19 expense. As used in this subsection, "open field burning" does not include propane flaming of mint 20stubble. 21

## CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO TAX CREDIT APPLICABLE TO PAST TAX YEARS

SECTION 15. Section 12, chapter 855, Oregon Laws 2007, is amended to read:

Sec. 12. (1) A personal income or corporate income or excise taxpayer is allowed a credit against the taxes that are otherwise due under ORS chapter 316, 317 or 318 for the certified costs of a repower of a nonroad [Oregon] diesel engine or retrofit of [an Oregon] a diesel engine that occurs after [the effective date of this 2007 Act] September 27, 2007, if:

(a) The repower or retrofit has been identified as qualifying for the credit under rules adopted
by the Environmental Quality Commission under [section 8 of this 2007 Act] ORS 468A.799;

(b) [The engine will constitute an Oregon diesel engine] The repowered or retrofitted engine
will undergo at least 50 percent of its use in Oregon, as measured by miles driven or hours
operated, for the three years following the repower or retrofit; and

(c) The taxpayer has obtained a tax credit cost certification from the Department of Environ mental Quality under section 16 [of this 2007 Act], chapter 855, Oregon Laws 2007, for the cost
 of the repower or retrofit.

39 (2) The maximum amount of the tax credit allowed under this section is limited to:

22 23

24 25

26

40 (a) 25 percent of the certified cost of each qualifying repower; and

41 (b) 50 percent of the certified cost of each qualifying retrofit.

42 (3) The amount of the tax credit allowed to the taxpayer under this section in any one tax year
43 may not exceed the tax liability of the taxpayer for the tax year.

(4) Any tax credit that is allowed under this section, but limited by subsection (3) of this section,
and that is not used by the taxpayer in a particular tax year may be carried forward and offset

1 against the taxpayer's tax liability as prescribed in subsection (3) of this section for the next suc-2 ceeding tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the next succeeding tax year may be carried 3 forward and offset against the taxpayer's tax liability as prescribed in subsection (3) of this section 4 for the second succeeding tax year. Any credit remaining unused in the second succeeding tax year 5 may be carried forward and offset against the taxpayer's tax liability as prescribed in subsection (3) 6 of this section for the third succeeding tax year, but may not be carried forward for any tax year 7 thereafter.

8 (5) The credit allowed under this section is not in lieu of any depreciation or amortization de-9 duction for the engine to which the taxpayer otherwise may be entitled for purposes of ORS chapter 10 316, 317 or 318. The taxpayer's adjusted basis for determining gain or loss may not be decreased by 11 any tax credits allowed under this section.

(6)(a) The Department of Revenue may disallow the credit allowed under this section if the department finds that the credit was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation, or if the department learns that the engine that was the subject of the qualifying repower or retrofit was destroyed by arson committed by the taxpayer, or if the engine no longer meets the requirements for obtaining the tax credit.

(b) If the tax credit is disallowed pursuant to this subsection, notwithstanding ORS 314.410 or other law, all prior tax relief provided to the taxpayer shall be forfeited, the department shall proceed to collect those taxes not paid by the taxpayer as a result of the prior granting of the credit and the taxpayer shall be denied any further credit provided under this section.

(c) The department may perform activities necessary to ensure that recipients of the tax credit
 comply with applicable requirements.

(7)(a) A nonresident individual shall be allowed the credit computed in the same manner and
subject to the same limitations as the credit allowed a resident by this section. However, the credit
shall be prorated using the proportion provided in ORS 316.117.

(b) If a change in the taxable year of a taxpayer occurs as described in ORS 314.085, or if the
Department of Revenue terminates the taxpayer's taxable year under ORS 314.440, the credit allowed by this section shall be prorated or computed in a manner consistent with ORS 314.085.

(c) If a change in the status of a taxpayer from resident to nonresident or from nonresident to resident occurs, the credit allowed by this section shall be determined in a manner consistent with ORS 316.117.

(8) The taxpayer shall claim the credit on a form prescribed by the Department of Revenue
containing the information required by the Department of Revenue. The taxpayer shall maintain the
tax credit cost certification issued by the Department of Environmental Quality under section 16
[of this 2007 Act], chapter 855, Oregon Laws 2007, in the records of the taxpayer for the length
of time prescribed by the Department of Revenue and shall provide a copy of the cost certification
to the Department of Revenue if requested.

(9) A taxpayer may not claim a credit under this section and ORS 315.304 with respect to the
same diesel engine or group of diesel engines. A taxpayer may claim a credit under this section and
under ORS [469.185 to 469.225] 469B.130 to 469B.169 with respect to the same diesel engine or group
of diesel engines if the taxpayer and diesel engines otherwise meet the requirements to be allowed
a tax credit under ORS [469.185 to 469.225] 469B.130 to 469B.169.

#### CAPTIONS

44 45

43

1	SECTION 16. The unit captions used in this 2017 Act are provided only for the conven-
2	ience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or express any
3	legislative intent in the enactment of this 2017 Act.
4	
5	EMERGENCY CLAUSE
6	
7	SECTION 17. This 2017 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public
8	peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2017 Act takes effect
9	on its passage.
10	