## House Bill 2094

Introduced and printed pursuant to House Rule 12.00. Presession filed (at the request of House Interim Committee on Rural Communities, Land Use and Water)

## **SUMMARY**

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Requires counties and metropolitan service districts that propose land for designation as urban reserve or rural reserve in written agreement to in fact designate land if specified factors are decided in affirmative.

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

- 2 Relating to land reserves; amending ORS 195.141 and 195.145.
- 3 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
- 4 **SECTION 1.** ORS 195.141 is amended to read:
  - 195.141. (1) A county and a metropolitan service district established under ORS chapter 268 may enter into [an intergovernmental] a written agreement pursuant to ORS 190.003 to 190.130, 195.025 or 197.652 to 197.658 to designate rural reserves pursuant to this section and urban reserves pursuant to ORS 195.145 (1)(b).
  - (2) Land designated as a rural reserve:
    - (a) Must be outside an urban growth boundary.
  - (b) May not be designated as an urban reserve during the urban reserve planning period described in ORS 195.145 (4).
  - (c) May not be included within an urban growth boundary during the period of time described in paragraph (b) of this subsection.
  - (3) When designating a rural reserve under this section to provide long-term protection to the agricultural industry, a county and a metropolitan service district shall base the designation on consideration of factors including, but not limited to, whether land proposed for designation as a rural reserve:
  - (a) Is situated in an area that is otherwise potentially subject to urbanization during the period described in subsection (2)(b) of this section, as indicated by proximity to the urban growth boundary and to properties with fair market values that significantly exceed agricultural values;
    - (b) Is capable of sustaining long-term agricultural operations;
- 23 (c) Has suitable soils and available water where needed to sustain long-term agricultural oper-24 ations; and
  - (d) Is suitable to sustain long-term agricultural operations, taking into account:
  - (A) The existence of a large block of agricultural or other resource land with a concentration or cluster of farms;
    - (B) The adjacent land use pattern, including its location in relation to adjacent nonfarm uses and the existence of buffers between agricultural operations and nonfarm uses;
      - (C) The agricultural land use pattern, including parcelization, tenure and ownership patterns;

**NOTE:** Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

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and

- (D) The sufficiency of agricultural infrastructure in the area.
- (4) If land is proposed for designation as a rural reserve in a written agreement as provided in this section, the land must be designated if the factors identified in subsection (3)(a) to (d) of this section are decided in the affirmative.
- [(4)] (5) The Land Conservation and Development Commission shall, after consultation with the State Department of Agriculture, adopt by goal or by rule a process and criteria for designating rural reserves pursuant to this section.

SECTION 2. ORS 195.145 is amended to read:

195.145. (1) To ensure that the supply of land available for urbanization is maintained:

- (a) Local governments may cooperatively designate lands outside urban growth boundaries as urban reserves subject to ORS 197.610 to 197.625 and 197.626.
- (b) Alternatively, a metropolitan service district established under ORS chapter 268 and a county may enter into a written agreement pursuant to ORS 190.003 to 190.130, 195.025 or 197.652 to 197.658 to designate urban reserves. A process and criteria developed pursuant to this paragraph are an alternative to a process or criteria adopted pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- (2)(a) The Land Conservation and Development Commission may require a local government to designate an urban reserve pursuant to subsection (1)(a) of this section during its periodic review in accordance with the conditions for periodic review under ORS 197.628.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, the commission may require a local government to designate an urban reserve pursuant to subsection (1)(a) of this section outside of its periodic review if:
- (A) The local government is located inside a Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area or a Metropolitan Statistical Area as designated by the Federal Census Bureau upon November 4, 1993; and
- (B) The local government has been required to designate an urban reserve by rule prior to November 4, 1993.
  - (3) In carrying out subsections (1) and (2) of this section:
- (a) Within an urban reserve, neither the commission nor any local government shall prohibit the siting on a legal parcel of a single family dwelling that would otherwise have been allowed under law existing prior to designation as an urban reserve.
- (b) The commission shall provide to local governments a list of options, rather than prescribing a single planning technique, to ensure the efficient transition from rural to urban use in urban reserves.
- (4) Urban reserves designated by a metropolitan service district and a county pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section must be planned to accommodate population and employment growth for at least 20 years, and not more than 30 years, after the 20-year period for which the district has demonstrated a buildable land supply in the most recent inventory, determination and analysis performed under ORS 197.296.
- (5) A district and a county shall base the designation of urban reserves under subsection (1)(b) of this section upon consideration of factors including, but not limited to, whether land proposed for designation as urban reserves, alone or in conjunction with land inside the urban growth boundary:
- (a) Can be developed at urban densities in a way that makes efficient use of existing and future public infrastructure investments;
  - (b) Includes sufficient development capacity to support a healthy urban economy;
  - (c) Can be served by public schools and other urban-level public facilities and services efficiently

- and cost-effectively by appropriate and financially capable service providers;
  - (d) Can be designed to be walkable and served by a well-connected system of streets by appropriate service providers;
    - (e) Can be designed to preserve and enhance natural ecological systems; and
    - (f) Includes sufficient land suitable for a range of housing types.
  - (6) If land is proposed for designation as an urban reserve in a written agreement as provided in subsection (1)(b) of this section, the land must be designated if the factors identified in subsection (5)(a) to (f) of this section are decided in the affirmative.
  - [(6)] (7) A county may take an exception under ORS 197.732 to a statewide land use planning goal to allow the establishment of a transportation facility in an area designated as urban reserve under subsection (1)(b) of this section.
  - [(7)] (8) The commission shall adopt by goal or by rule a process and criteria for designating urban reserves pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section.

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