

Oregon Department of Justice

Ellen F. Rosenblum, Attorney General

2017 Joint Committee on Ways & Means Public Safety Subcommittee Presentation – Phase 2 May 22 & 23, 2017



Department Priorities

- Quality legal services to state government
- Expanding legal representation for Department of Human Services caseworkers
- Preserving benefits for victims of crime
- Protecting Oregon consumers
- Protecting state resources



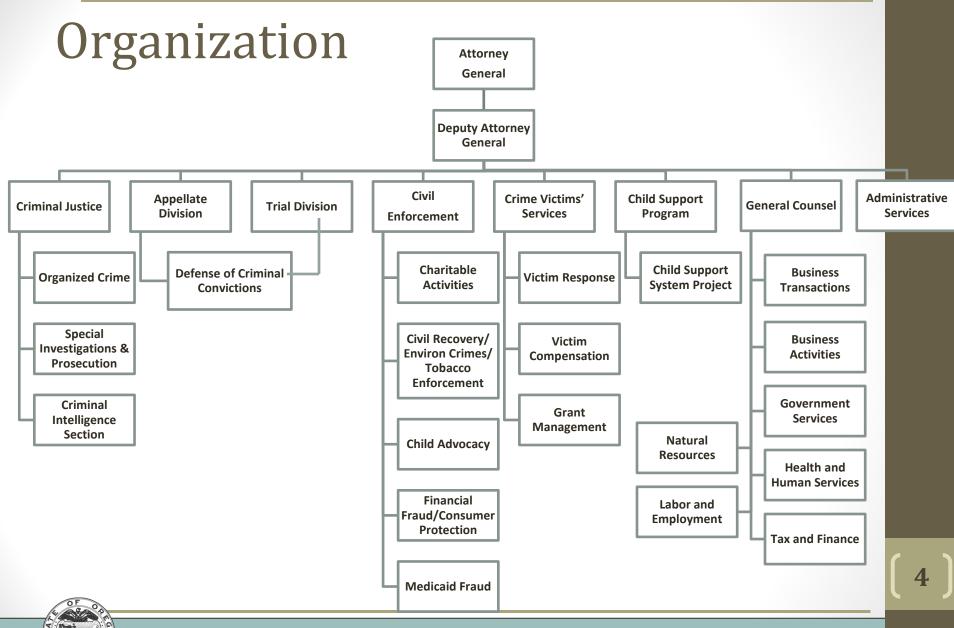
Mission & Values

To serve state government and to support safe and healthy communities throughout Oregon by providing essential justice services.

We are dedicated to:

- Providing ethical, independent and high quality legal services to state government;
- Safeguarding consumers from fraud and unfair business practices;
- Fighting crime and helping crime victims;
- Advocating for vulnerable children;
- Supporting families through the collection of child support;
- Enforcing environmental protections;
- Defending the civil rights of all Oregonians; and
- Pursuing justice and upholding the rule of law.





Presentation topics

- Attorney General billing rate
- Criminal Justice Division functions
- General Counsel Division contract reviews
- Division of Child Support collections
- Key Performance Measures
- Budget reduction options
- Policy Option Packages and technical adjustments
- Pending legislation



Billing Process and Rate Model Overview

- What is DOJ's statutory billing authority?
- What are DOJ's Legal Divisions?
- What is the Legal Fund?
- How does the billing process work?
- How does the Attorney General determine the Legal Services rate?
- What is the rate for 2017-19?



DOJ's statutory billing authority

- 180.160 Charges for services to public agencies; rules.
 - Provides that DOJ may charge agencies and other public bodies for rendering legal assistance.
- 180.170 Billing for services to public agencies.
 - Provides that DOJ shall estimate biennial expenses in advance and invoice agencies and other public bodies for their share of these expenses. Provides for adjusting future invoices for prior differences between actual and estimated expenses.
- The hourly billing rate is not set in statute. It is developed in conjunction with the development of the biennial budget.
 - The rate is not final until the end-of-session omnibus budget bill.



DOJ has seven "Legal Divisions"

- Legal Divisions:
 - Appellate (including Defense of Criminal Convictions)
 - Trial (including Defense of Criminal Convictions)
 - General Counsel
 - Administrative Services
 - Attorney General's Office
 - Civil Enforcement Legal
 - Criminal Justice Legal
- Non-Legal Divisions:
 - Child Support
 - Crime Victims' Services
 - Civil Enforcement Non-Legal
 - Criminal Justice Non-Legal

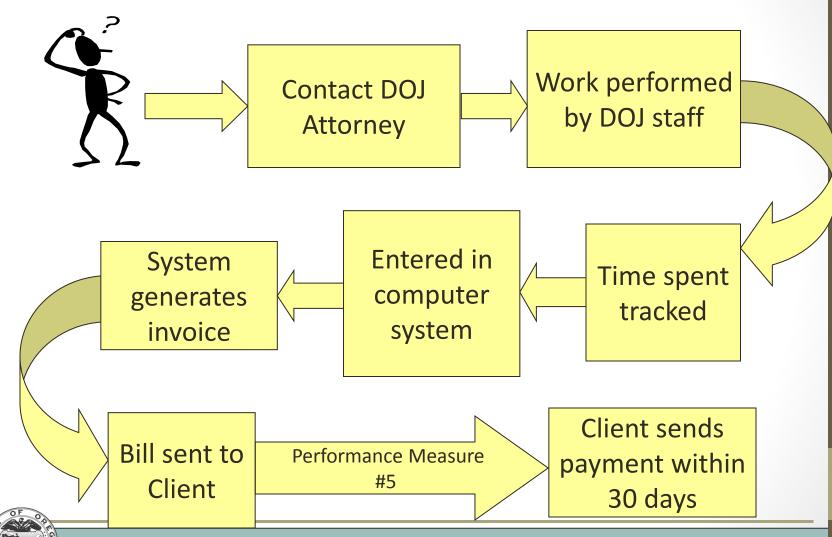


What is the Legal Fund?

The Legal Fund is an internal service fund which records the revenues and expenses for providing Legal Services to state government.

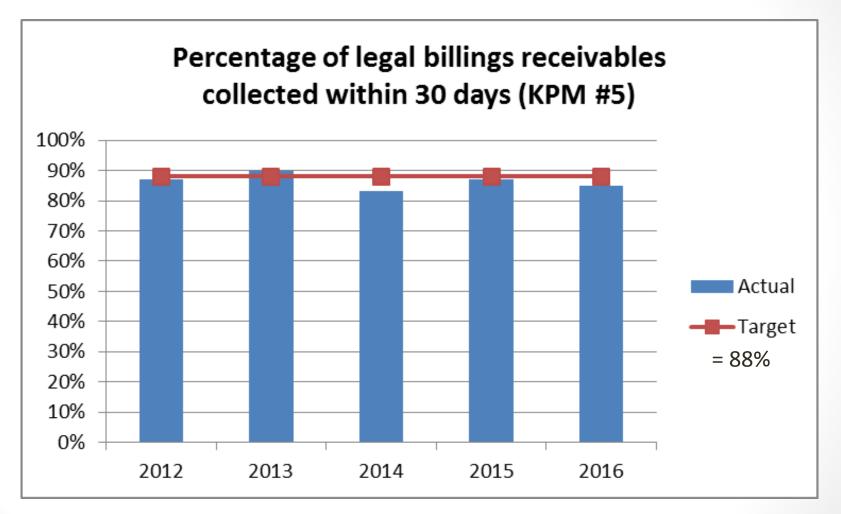


How does the billing process work?



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Billing process: receivables, KPM #5





Billing process: external clients

- State Officers and Agencies
- Governor's Office
- Judicial Department
- Legislature
- Boards and Commissions



Billing process: internal programs

- Defense of Criminal Convictions
- Consumer Protection Programs
- Organized Crime / District Attorney Assistance Program
- Any division that needs legal assistance from another division



Alternative Billing Model

Flat fee for the biennium based on the agency's share of total legal billings over the prior three biennia. Paid quarterly.

- Current 19 participants:
 - Counselors & Therapists
 - Psychologist Examiners Board
 - Board of Accountancy
 - Board of Licensed Social Workers
 - Secretary of State Audits Division
 - Government Ethics Commission
 - Oregon Youth Authority
 - Chiropractic Examiners Board
 - Health Licensing Office

- Naturopaths
- Board of Medical Imaging
- Board of Speech Pathology and Audiology
- Veterinary Medical Examining Board
- Board of Tax Practitioners
- Board of Pharmacy
- Physical Therapist Licensing Board
- Appraiser Certification & Licensure Board
- Occupational Therapy Licensing Board
- DHS/OHA Shared Services



Alternative Billing Model

• How it works:

- 1. DOJ calculates flat rate for each client agency based on each client agency's share of DOJ's total legal billings for the prior three biennia.
- 2. Client agency and DOJ mutually agree to flat rate billing;
 both sign an agreement.
- 3. DOJ invoices client agency quarterly at the flat rate.
- 4. DOJ maintains information on hours of legal services that client agency would have been billed under hourly billing model and provides that data to clients in their monthly statements.



How does the Attorney General determine the Legal Rate?



Calculation of Attorney General Rate

Rate =

Projected total cost of providing legal services

Projected number of billable hours



Variety of billers and rates

DOJ's 2015-17 billing rates differ by type of biller:

•	Biller type	Rate	FTE	Std. Hrs.
•	Attorneys	\$175/hr	201.90	3,200
•	Honors Attys	\$175/hr	9.00	2,950
•	Attys in Charge	\$175/hr	20.72	2,100
•	Assist Attys in Chg	\$175/hr	10.57	2,400
•	Administrator	\$175/hr	4.20	800
•	Investigators	\$116/hr	18.45	2,755
•	Paralegals	\$ 90/hr	52.31	2,620
•	Law Clerks	\$ 55/hr	45.46	1,297
•	Clerical	\$ 47/hr	7.00	1,702
•	ADR Coordinator	\$ 96/hr	1.00	556



Costs affecting the hourly billing rate

Direct Costs

Salaries and benefits for Legal Divisions

Services and supplies for Legal Divisions

Capital outlay for Legal Divisions

Central Service Costs

Administrative services related to Legal Divisions

External Fixed Costs

Costs assessed by State Government Service Charges attributable to the Legal Divisions



Costs affecting the hourly billing rate

Significant Factor Affecting Rate Calculation:

Average Salary

2015-17 2017-19

+%

Senior Assistant Attorney General

\$10,377

\$11,537

+11.2

Assistant Attorney General

\$7,167

\$7,988

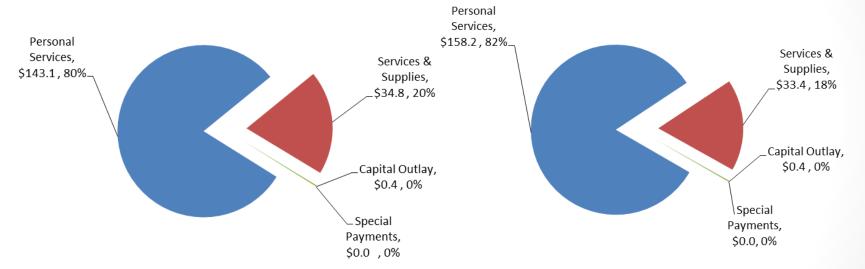
+11.5

Source: PICS Report PPDPLAGYCL



Costs affecting the hourly billing rate - update

2015-17 Legislatively Approved Budget Legal Expenditures by Category (\$ in Millions) 2017-19 Current Service Level Budget Legal Expenditures by Category (\$ in Millions)



Total Legal Expenses*

\$178,390,933

Total Legal Expenses*

\$192,074,939

*excludes Intra-agency charges



Calculating the billing rate needed to provide legal services

2015-17 Legislatively Adopted Budget (LAB)

Changes to 2015-17 LAB (e.g., short session and E-boards)

Changes to 2017-19 (base adjustments and essential packages such as inflation and phase-outs)

Assumptions related to compensation (COLAs, flexible benefits, PERS rates)

Policy packages and working capital adjustment

= 2017-19 expenditures

Divided by projected billable hours = 2017-19 billing rate



How Can Adding Lawyers Reduce the Hourly Rate for Legal Services?



Here's how...

Numerator in the basic formula is cost

Denominator is billable hours

Some policy packages generate more revenue than costs (ratio of billers to non-billers). For example:

- Policy Package 040 (Mandated Caseload)

If the denominator increases incrementally more than the numerator, the basic formula yields a lower rate



2017-19 Legal Services hourly rate summary

Agency Request Budget = \$198/hour

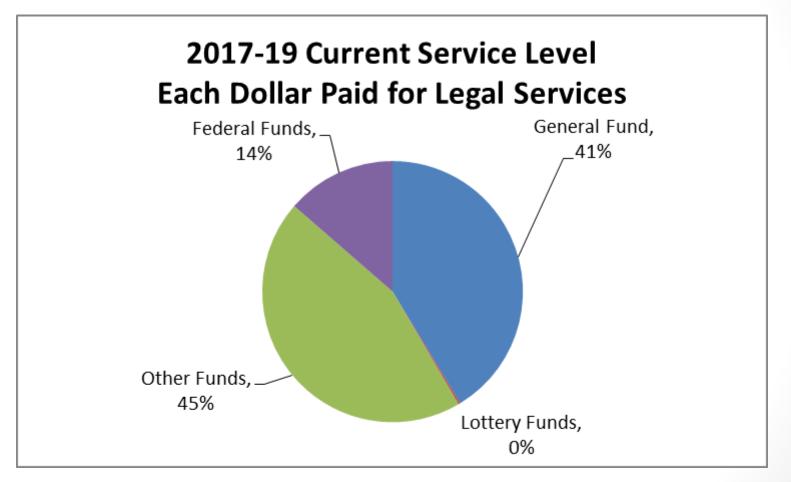
Changes in this rate affect other agency budgets because their Current Service Level legal services budgets are calculated based on the state agency "price list" distributed by DAS in March 2016.

The Price List rate was \$198/hour

The final 2017-19 rate is not yet determined



Agencies' legal services budgets are about 41% General Fund





Attorney General billing rate

• The AG billing rate is the dollar amount charged to DOJ's client agencies and internal accounts for one hour of legal work.

•	Biller Type	2015-17	2017-19 ARB
•	Assistant Attorneys General	\$175/hr	\$198/hr
•	Paralegals	90/hr	91/hr
•	Investigators	116/hr	125/hr
•	Law Clerks	55/hr	55/hr
•	Clerical	47/hr	49/hr

 The billing rate is calculated to generate revenue that will match the projected expenditures and working capital need.



Oregon State Bar info on rates

- The most recent published Oregon State Bar survey of its members was in May 2012. The survey included information on hourly billing rates.
- The average private practice billing rate in 2012 was \$242 per hour.
- In the 2011-13 biennium, DOJ's billing rate for attorney time was \$143 per hour.





Oregon Department of Justice

Ellen F. Rosenblum, Attorney General

Criminal Justice Division



Criminal Information Services Section

- Fusion Center
- High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)
 - Watch Center
 - Strategic Analysis of Drug Threats and Trends
 - Investigative Support and Training



Oregon Titan Fusion Center



Nation Network of Fusion Centers



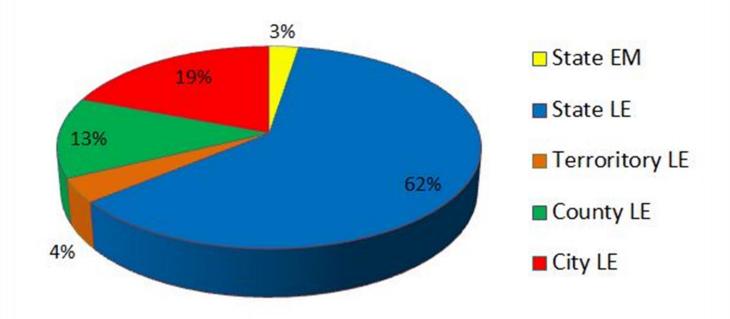


Nation Network of Fusion Centers

- Created in response to the 9/11 Commission Report
- Currently 78 designated Fusion Centers in the US
- Fusion Centers are unique in design, but the operation mission is the same nationally
- Primary mission is to aid in the identification, prevention, and disruption of terrorist and criminal threats



Fusion Center Locations





Fusion Center/JTTF

Fusion Center

- Information Analysis and Sharing
- All Crimes/Hazards

Joint Terrorism Task Force

- Investigation and Prosecution
- Terrorism Nexus



Staffing

Oregon Department of Justice

- 3 ODOJ FTE General Fund
- 2 ODOJ FTE Homeland Security Grant Fund

Fusion Center Partners

- Federal Law Enforcement
 - O DHS, FBI, TSA, BLM
- State and Local Law Enforcement
- Public and Private Entities



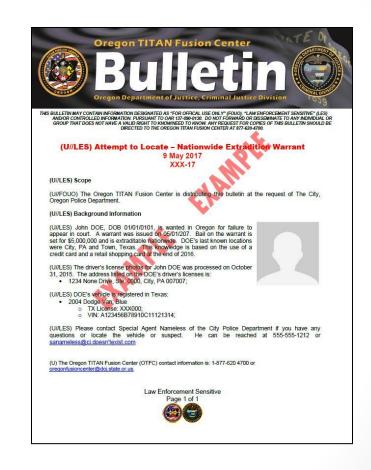
Programs

- Information Sharing
- Terrorism Liaison Officer Program
- Investigative Support Services
- Urban Area Security Initiative (UASI)
- Oregon Critical Infrastructure Program



Information Sharing

- Daily Alerts
 - Missing Persons/BOLOs/ATL
- Special Events
 - Officer Safety
 - Situational Awareness
- OHS/FBI
 - Field Analysis Reports
 - Industry Notifications
- Weekly Bulletins





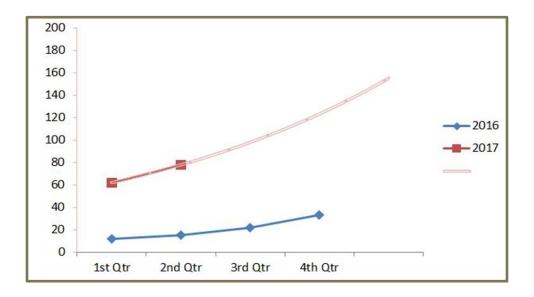
Information Sharing





Terrorist Screening Center

- Oregon Based Resource Requests
 - Prerequisite: Reasonable suspicion that a person is engaged in terrorism-related activity
 - Fusion Center staff receive requests and create an analytical product relating to suspect





Emergency Coordination Center

Homeland Security Information Network (HSIN)

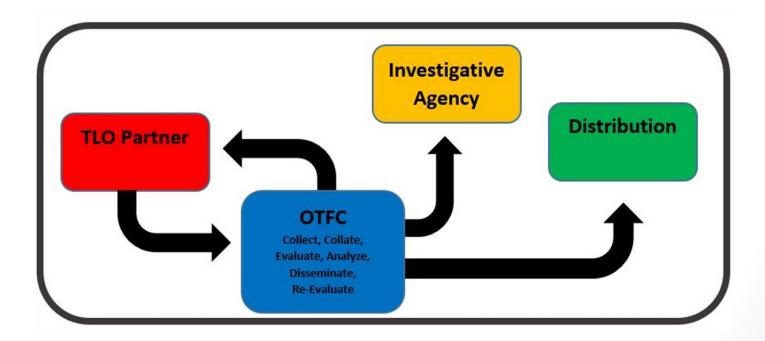
- Oregon Sit-Aware Room: OTFC staff opens a virtual coordination center for the receipt and distribution of event based information. Local law enforcement officials & TLOs update status as the event unfolds.
- National Sit-Aware Room: OTFC staff contributes and receives information from other cities and states that are experiencing the similar event(s) and shares that with Oregon partners via the Oregon room.

HSIN is a dual authentication database for the sharing of sensitive information nationally; administered by the US Department of Homeland Security.



Terrorism Liaison Officers (TLO)

To empower front-line law enforcement, public safety, emergency response, and private sector security personnel to lawfully gather and share information to identify emerging threats





Investigative Support Services

- Informational Charts
- Graphic Visualization
- Financial, Communications, and Evidence Analysis
- Specialized Analytical Training



Urban Area Security Initiative (UASI)

- UASI Area
 - Multnomah, Clackamas, Washington, Columbia, and Clark Counties
- Regional Disaster Preparedness Organization (RDPO)
 - Law Enforcement
 - Emergency Management
 - Private Sector
- Case Support
 - Human Trafficking
 - Financial Crimes





Critical Infrastructure Program

- Oregon State Infrastructure Protection Plan
- Threat Assessments
- Vulnerability Risk Assessments
- DHS Data Calls







High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)



Watch Center

- 4 ODOJ FTE HIDTA-Funded
- Deconfliction
 - Locations and Events
 - Subjects
- Short term, quick turn-around case support (research)
 - RissIntel Entries and Searches
 - Background Searches
 - Domestic Highway Enforcement Program Support



Strategic Analytical Services

- 1 ODOJ FTE HIDTA-Funded
- HIDTA Threat Assessments
 - Annual Threat Assessment
 - Drug trafficking trends and data
 - Drug pricing
- HIDTA Annual Report

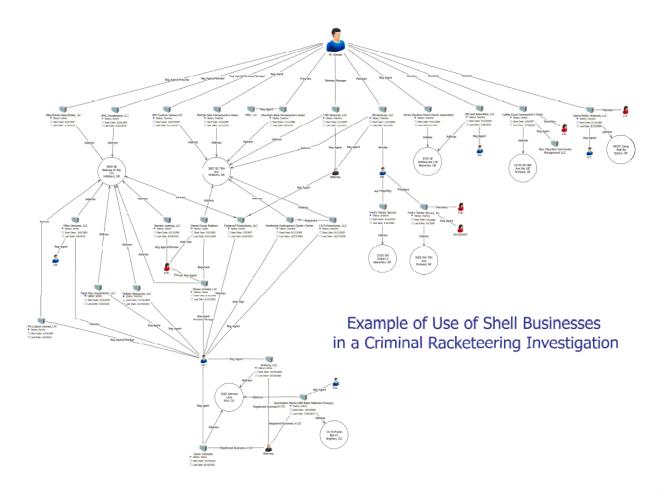


Tactical Analytical Services

- 5 ODOJ FTE HIDTA-Funded
 - 2 analysts co-located with DEA
- Investigative Support
 - HIDTA Counties
 - Drug trafficking
 - Money Laundering
- Training
- National Guard Counterdrug Program



Tactical Analytical Services







Oregon Department of Justice

Ellen F. Rosenblum, Attorney General

General Counsel Division Contract Review



- Two main functions:
 - Contract advice as part of ordinary General Counsel function (Optional)
 - Statutory Legal Sufficiency Review (Mandatory)
 - ORS 291.045 to 291.049
 - OAR Chapter 137, division 045



Mandatory Legal Sufficiency Review:

ORS 291.045 to 291.049

OAR Chapter 137, division 045



- Legal Sufficiency Review includes:
 - Essential elements of a legally binding contract;
 - Complies with federal and state law;
 - Does not violate Oregon constitutional limitations;
 - Statement of Work is sufficiently clear and definite;
 - Termination, rights and remedies.



- Legal Sufficiency Review does not include:
 - Consideration of facts or circumstances not apparent on the face of the contract;
 - Good business deal for the state;
 - Whether any particular remedy will be available to the state;
 - Stylistic or grammar review.
 - Although these are not part of mandatory Legal Sufficiency Review, we can offer advice on them at the client's request.



DOJ General Co	unsel Contract Review
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DOS GENERAL COMISE. CONTINUE NEVICIA	Contracts Received					Contracts Approved				
	Original Contracts		Contract Ame	Contract Amendments		Contracts	Contract Am	Contract Amendments		
	2015-17			2015-17		2015-17		2015-17		
	(through			(through		(through		(through		
	2013-15	3/8/17)	2013-15	3/8/17)	2013-15	3/8/17)	2013-15	3/8/17)		
Architect/Engineer/Related Services Total	157	98	125	109	143	78	113	78		
Bond Counsel Total	1		4		1		3			
Construction Total	81	47	48	66	70	37	40	52		
Cooperative Agreement Total	475	532	205	161	382	454	189	106		
Goods or Equipment (not IT) Total	78	37	36	13	58	18	29	6		
Grant (Not Research Development) Total	931	683	299	134	919	624	297	123		
Information Technology (not PSK) Total	121	113	105	92	87	68	79	70		
Intellectual Property (Not Tech Transfer) Total	6	4	4	1	3	1	4	1		
Investment Agreement Total	84	33	62	26	63	26	38	13		
Loan Agreement Total	188	129	41	13	177	124	38	13		
Personal Services (IT) Total	129	129	126	153	108	78	104	115		
Personal Services (not SAAG or IT) Total	1,415	1,373	1,187	903	1,274	1,203	1,106	779		
Personal Services (SAAG) Total	5	186	9	29	4	183	9	29		
Real Property Total	161	124	86	65	75	25	64	25		
Technology Transfer Total	1				1					
Trade Services Total	13	8	12	6	13	4	10	5		
Total	3,846	3,496	2,349	1,771	3,378	2,923	2,123	1,415		



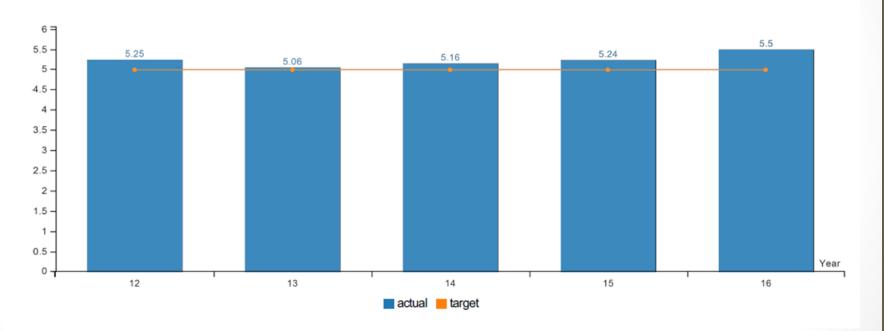
	Contracts Received Original Contracts Contract Amendments 2013-15 2015-17 2013-15 2015-17			Contracts Approved					
Original Co	ontracts	Contract Ame	Contract Amendments		Original Contracts		endments		
2013-15	2015-17 (through 5/10/17)	2013-15	2015-17 (through 5/10/17)	2013-15	2015-17 (through 5/10/17)	2013-15	2015-17 (through 5/10/17)		
3,846	3,867	2,349	1,985	3,378 <mark></mark>	3,258	2,123	1,577		



	Contracts Received					Contracts Approved			
							Contr	act	
	Original Contracts		Contract Amendments		Original (Original Contracts		Amendments	
	2013-15	2015-17 (through 3/8/17)	2013-15	2015-17 (through 3/8/17)	2013-15	2015-17 (through 3/8/17)	2013-15	2015-17 (through 3/8/17)	
Client Name									
Department of Human Services	713	860	527	422	690	813	497	384	
Department of Administrative Services	111	107	80	66	78	79	60	52	
Oregon Business Development Department	201	195	23	20	196	179	23	19	
Oregon Health Authority	493	332	406	327	472	268	384	290	
ODOT Department of Transportation/Central	231	167	143	170	203	131	125	127	
ODOT Public Transit Division	122	48	44		119	45	43		
ODOT/Highway Division	555	504	236	151	449	436	217	126	
Housing and Community Services Department	143	76	40	8	139	73	40	8	



KPM #4 Average working days from receipt of contracting document to first substantive response to agency.
Data Collection Period: Jul 01 - Jun 30







Oregon Department of Justice

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Division of Child Support

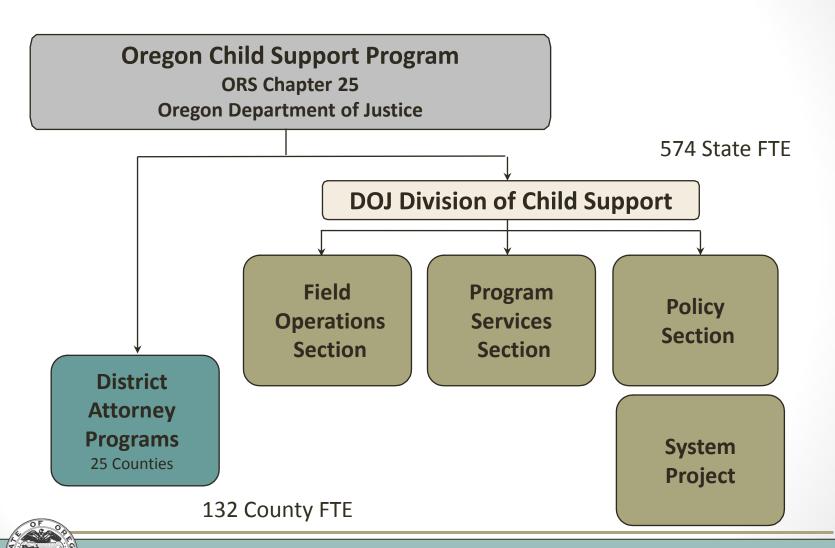


What we're about:

Supporting parents to support children.



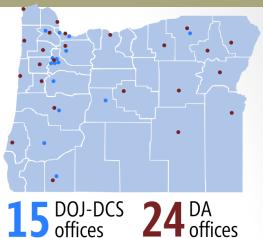
Oregon's Federal Title IV-D Program



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BY THE 4 E R

child support cases nationally in 4 children



Public programs in Oregon with the most child participants:

- 1. Public schools
- 2. Oregon Health Plan
- 3. Child Support Program

187,756 child support cases

176,000

children 21 and younger

146,000

children 18 and younger

15% of children in Oregon







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Presentation Overview

Liquidated and Delinquent Debt

- Assigned Support
- Receivables

Key Performance Measures

- 137-10
- 137-11
- 137-12
- 137-13

Policy Packages

- 231
- 241



Liquidated & Delinquent Debt

The Division of Child Support portion of DOJ's reported delinquent debt results from two primary categories:

Assigned child support Division receivables

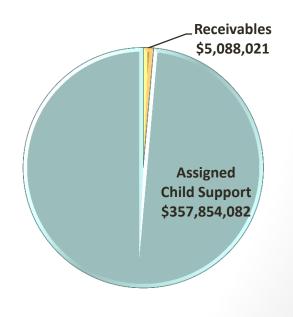
\$ 357,584,082 \$ 5,088,021

Assigned child support

 Child support temporarily assigned to the government when state services/public assistance is provided on behalf of a child

Receivables

 Funds due to DOJ when an individual receives a payment or credit for a payment inappropriately





Assigned child support

Child support *temporarily* assigned to the government when state services/public assistance is provided on behalf of a child

Assigned child support DOJ assigned portion

\$ 357,584,082 \$ 104,842,406 (29%)

Contributors

Temporarily assigned to government
 based on assistance status

- Last priority for support collection
- Legal actions to establish or modify support orders postpone collections
- Debtor often lacks ability to pay

Funding Types

- Other Funds due to DOJ
- Other/Federal Funds pass-through*
- Federal Funds pass-through

gh*

OF DOJ
\$104,842,406

Other Funds for other agencies

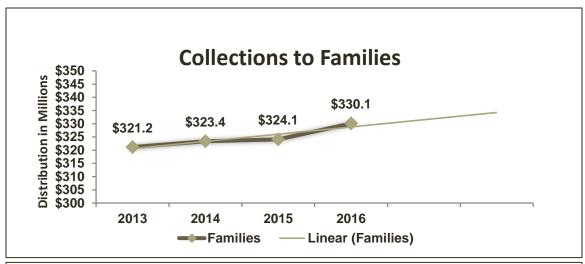
OF/FF Pass-Through* \$63,518,297

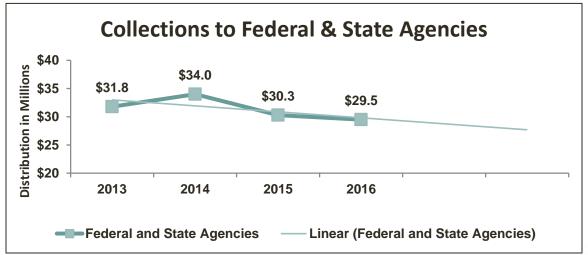
* This figure contains both state and federal Other Funds for other agencies

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FF Pass-Through \$189,493,379

Where Do Collections Go?







Assigned Support Prevention & Collection

Steps to reduce the creation of new debts and increase payments on those debts that are collectable

Preventing non-payment

- Processing timely legal actions to "right-size" orders
- Customer engagement
- Removing barriers
 - Access and visitation assistance
 - Parenting time calendars and mediation

Increasing collections

- Increasing payment methods
 - Credit/debit card and electronic check payments
 - Cash payments at kiosks throughout the state
- Developing criteria for debt compromise and write-off
- Ongoing improvements as part of the Child Support System (Origin) Project



Assigned child support summary

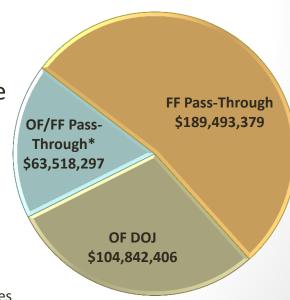
The DOJ share of assigned support may not actually be state money

DOJ assigned portion

\$ 104,842,406 (29%)

The truth behind the figures

- Amount assigned to the government changes as families move on/off assistance
- When families leave assistance accrued debt reassigns to the family
- Assigned caseload declining rapidly nationwide
- A portion of collections (> \$1.1 million/yr) is passed through
- Only the portion equal to actual assistance received may be retained, despite assignment of full amount



* This figure contains both state and federal Other Funds for other agencies

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Receivables

Funds due to DOJ when an individual receives a payment or credit for a payment inappropriately.

Division receivables

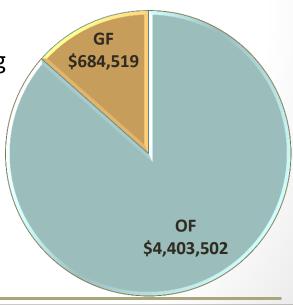
\$ 5,088,021

Contributors

- Unfunded collections
 - Federal two-day distribution timeline
 - Payments dishonored after disbursement
 - Reversed offsets due to fraud or joint filing
- Check fraud
- No existing write-off process
 - Many reported debts uncollectable

Funding Types

- General Funds
- Other Funds to DOJ





Receivables – Prevention & Collection

Steps to reduce the creation of new debts and increase payments on those debts that are collectable

Preventing new debts

- Holding federal and state offsets for 6 months
- "Positive Pay" process through Treasury and US Bank
- Fees for dishonored payments
- Future payments held if prior dishonored payment
- Partner with DOJ Criminal Justice Division for fraud investigation

Increasing collections

- Developed process and procedure
 - Commercial collection database
 - Automated collection letters
 - Department of Revenue after 90 days unpaid
 - Private collection after Department of Revenue
- Developing criteria for debt compromise and write-off
- Ongoing improvements in Child Support System (Origin) Project



Performance Measures

State child support programs must meet 5 federal performance measures

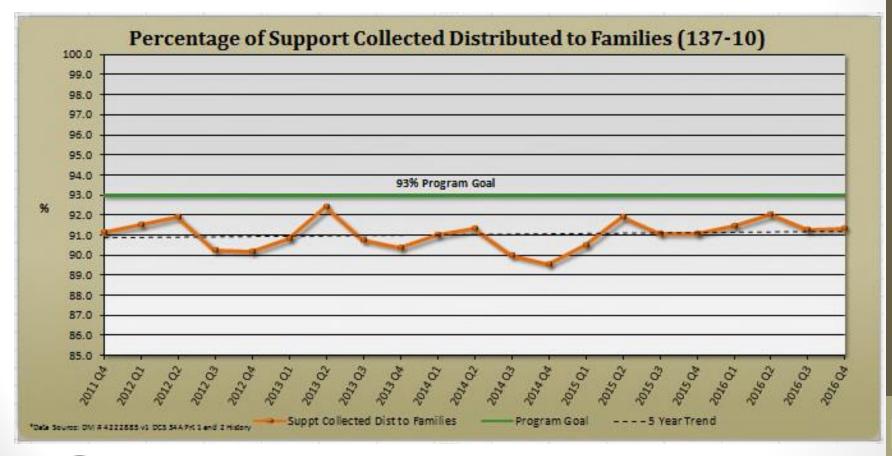
- 1. % of current support collected relative to total owed (KPM #11)
- 2. % of cases paying toward arrears (KPM #12)
- 3. % of cases with orders (KPM #13)
- 4. cost-effectiveness ratio
- 5. paternity establishment ratio

Oregon KPM only: % of collections distributed to families (KPM#10)

States compete for federal incentive funds based on data reliability and performance measures

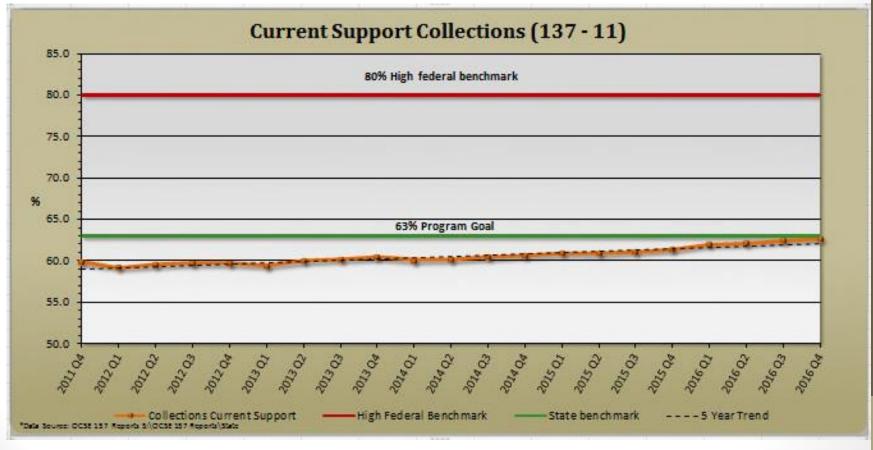


% of Collected Support Distributed to Families



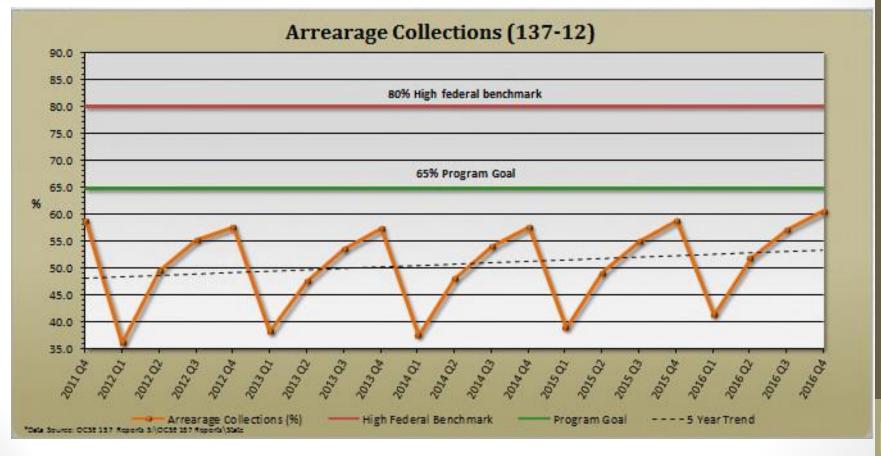


% of Current Child Support Collected Relative to Current Support Owed



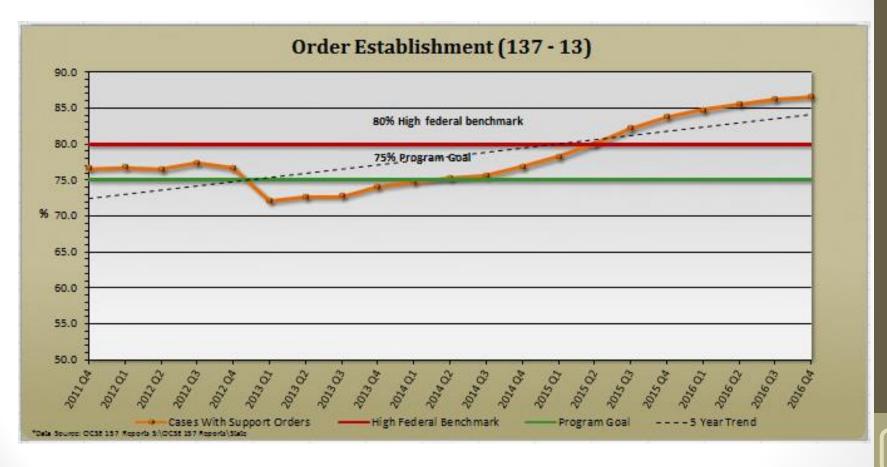


% of Cases Paying Towards Arrears Relative to Total Arrears Cases





% of Cases with Support Orders Relative to Total Cases





Policy Packages

	Agency Requested	Adjusted Request
	Budget	to LFO
Package 231		
Child Support Revenue	\$1.71 M GF	\$1.71 M GF
Reduction Restoration	\$3.34 M FF	\$3.34 M FF
Total	\$5.05 M	\$5.05 M
Package 241		
Child Support	\$2.90 M GF	\$3.24 M GF
System Project	\$15.30 M OF	\$16.89 M OF
	\$29.09 M FF	\$32.14 M FF
Total	\$47.29 M	\$52.27 M



231 – Declining Recoveries

Revenue Restoration Package

Ongoing loss of recoveries resulted in 070 - Revenue Reduction

DOJ Division of Child Support collects TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families) recoveries as revenue to help fund operations expenses

- State-assigned TANF recoveries continue to decline due to law changes
- TANF caseloads diminishing both nationally and in Oregon
- Increase in percentage of collections going to Oregon families

Reduction in Other Funds operating revenue results in related loss of matching federal funding.

• \$1.7 million reduction in recoveries + \$3.3 million related reduction in federal match = **total reduction of \$5 million**



231 – Consequence of Reduction

This request substitutes General Fund for the lost Other Funds revenues required for the state fund share of the operating budget.

\$1.7M GF enables \$3.3 M FF match = \$5.0 M in total funding Represents 26.84 FTE, 27 positions

DOJ Division of Child Support collects TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families) recoveries for use as revenue toward operations expenses

- Impacts to funding and performance also impact 24 District Attorney offices
- Risk of failing federal performance requirements, which results in penalties and reduced incentive funds both to the Child Support Program and a reduction in the state TANF grant
- Greatest impacts to Program performance would be realized 12-18 months following staffing reductions – loss of 26.84 FTE, 27 positions



241 – Information Technology

Child Support System Project

All states must maintain a child support automated system that meets federal certification requirements.

- Oregon's current system (CSEAS) is one of the oldest systems in the nation, using components and databases from the 1970s that are obsolete, difficult to use, and complex to maintain
- The Program is working with its federal oversight office on a multi-year, federally-prescribed process to replace its federally-certified system
- Policy Package 241 allows the Program to stay in compliance with federal requirements, compete for federal incentives, keep up with increasing caseload demands, and meet information security requirements



241 – Project Accountability

Ongoing Collaborative Partnerships

- Federal Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE)
- Principal Legislative Analyst, Legislative Fiscal Office
- Principal IT Analyst, Legislative Fiscal Office
- Chief Information Officer & IT Investment Oversight Coordinator,
 Office of the State Chief Information Officer

Contracted Review

- Quality Assurance: independent of other contractors, provides a full spectrum of quality management services
- Independent Verification & Validation: managed by DAS Office of the State Chief Information Officer



241 – Legislative Timeline

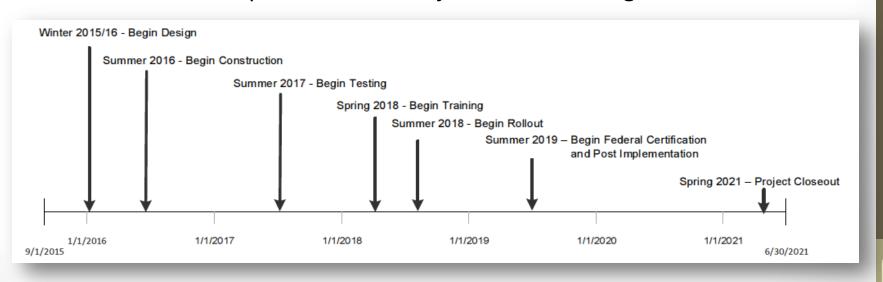
Feasibility Study Report – Nov 2011 to Oct 2012

Business Process Re-engineering – Dec 2012 to Dec 2013

Planning Approval – 2013 Legislative Session

Stage Gate 3 & Readiness Assessment Approval – 2016 Legislative Session

Continuation of Implementation Project – 2016 through 2019 Sessions





241 – Consequence of Not Funding

Project Costs Increase

- DAS procurement costs and AAG costs
- Personal services and S&S costs
- Facility costs (through Deloitte contract)
- Significant change order costs for contract extension

Risk Increases

- Project stall; completion date delayed at least to 2021-2023
- Reduced contractor support
- Loss of key state and contractor personnel
- Current system failure
- Reduction or elimination of federal funding and support, including potential recoupment
- Regulatory security findings and penalties



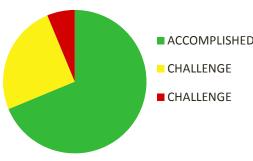
Key Performance Measures



Performance Measures

Agency Performance Measure Graph

2016 APPR



Data presented is from 2016 State Fiscal Year & Federal Fiscal Year

		Status	
	Status	Description	Performance Measures
	GREEN	Within 5% of	KPM #1 - Legal cases in which the state's position is upheld
	(Accomplished)	approved target	KPM #2 - Appropriate litigation resolved through settlement
			KPM #3 - Monies recovered for the state divided by the cost of recovery
			KPM #5 - Legal billings receivables collected within 30 days
			KPM #7 - Customers rating their satisfaction with the agency's customer service
			KPM #8 - Criminal Justice Division cases resolved successfully
			KPM #9 - Crime victims' compensation orders issued within 90 days of claim receipt
			KPM #10 - Support collected by the Child Support Program that is distributed to
			families
			KPM #11 - Current child support collected relative to total child support owed
D			KPM #13 - Child Support Program cases with support orders relative to total Program
			cases
			KPM #16 - Defense of Criminal Convictions (DCC) cases briefed within 210 days.
		Within 6% - 15%	KPM #4 - Working days from receipt of contracting document to first substantive
	(Challenge, but	* *	response to agency.
	making progress)	target	KPM #6 - Timely and complete charities' reports submitted relative to total charities registered
			KPM #12 - Child Support Program cases paying towards arrears relative to total
			Program cases with arrears due
			KPM #14 - Adult victims leaving domestic violence shelters with a safety plan after a
			stay of five days or more
	RED	Greater than 15%	KPM #15 - Sexual assault exams conducted by specially trained Sexual Assault Nurse
	(Challenge)	from approved	Examiners (SANE)
		target	
		target	



FY 2016 KPM Status

Measure	Target	2016	Status	Comments
KPM #1 - Legal cases in which the state's position is upheld	95%	96%	Green	
KPM #2 - Appropriate litigation resolved through settlement	60%	68%	Green	
KPM #3 - Monies recovered for the state divided by the cost of recovery	\$25.00	\$36.40	Green	
KPM #4 - Working days from receipt of contracting document to first substantive response to agency	5.00	5.50	Yellow	Results depend partly on complexity of documents and on client agency resources to produce contracting documents ready for DOJ to review.
KPM #5 - Legal billings receivables collected within 30 days	88%	85%	Green	



FY 2016 KPM Status (cont.)

Measure	Target	2016	Status	Comments
KPM #6 - Timely and complete charities' reports submitted relative to total charities registered	70%	65%	Yellow	Results have declined due to an increase in new, inexperienced charities and fewer DOJ staff to contact delinquent organizations.
KPM #7 - Customers rating their satisfaction with the agency's customer service - Overall (see chart for other measures)	95%	95%	Green	
KPM #8 - Criminal Justice Division cases resolved successfully	99%	99%	Green	
KPM #9 - Crime victims' compensation orders issued within 90 days of claim receipt	98%	95%	Green	
KPM #10 - Support collected by the Child Support Program that is distributed to families	93%	92%	Green	



FY 2016 KPM Status (cont.)

Measure	Target	2016	Status	Comments
KPM #11 - Current child support collected relative to total child support owed	62%	63%	Green	
KPM #12 - Child Support Program cases paying towards arrears relative to total Program cases with arrears due	65%	61%	Yellow	Although performance in this category is below the goal, it continues to improve by nearly 2% each year. When unemployment is high and wages decline, the number of past-due cases increase because the ordered support is no longer proportional to the party's income. A legal modification is necessary to adjust these cases, and once the economy improves, performance in this category steadily increases.
KPM #13 - Child Support Program cases with support orders relative to total Program cases	80%	87%	Green	

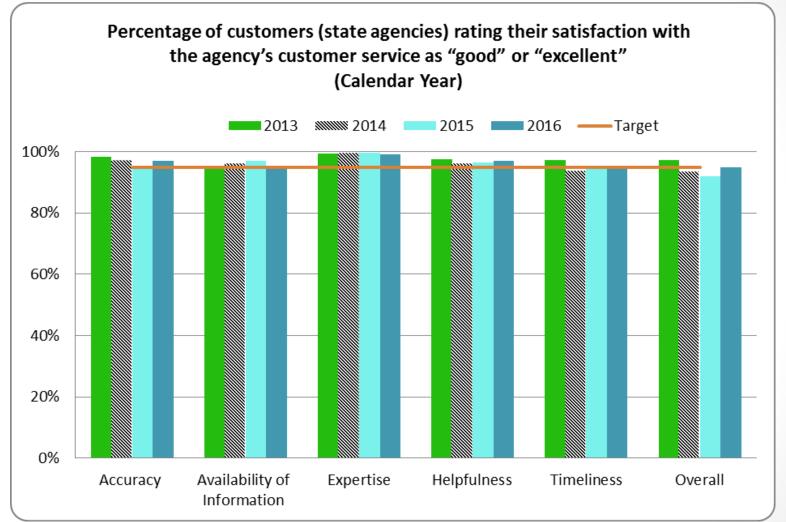


FY 2016 KPM Status (cont.)

Measure	Target	2016	Status	Comments
KPM #14 - Adult victims leaving domestic violence shelters with a safety plan after a stay of five days or more	100%	92%	Yellow	Results depend on community-based non- profits that receive foundational funding from DOJ grants and continually struggle to obtain adequate resources.
KPM #15 - Sexual assault exams conducted by specially trained Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE)	85%	69%	Red	CVSD is supporting the work of the Sexual Assault Task Force (SATF) which manages the training and certification of SANE nurses. We are also providing financial support to the SANE trainings. Since the KPM is dependent on activities outside the division's control, training and support of the SATF is the best way we can support the increase in trained SANEs conducting sexual assault exams.
KPM #16 - Defense of Criminal Convictions (DCC) cases briefed within 210 days.	95%	93%	Green	



Performance Measures





Budget Reduction Options



Reduction options from CSL have changed since mid-2016

- Reduction in mandated caseload saves \$4.6 million
 General Fund
- Reduction in AG rate to \$185/hr saves additional \$4.6 million General Fund across all agencies' budgets
- Governor's Budget proposed reduction of \$5.1 million
 General Fund in Crime Victims' Services
- Reduction of \$3.2 million General Fund for defense of Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement due to recent settlement
- Total General Fund savings would be 18% of DOJ's General Fund at Current Service Level



Additional reductions

- Permanent expenditure limitation reductions:
 - \$2.8 million Federal Funds in the Criminal Justice Division
 - \$0.8 million Other Funds in the Civil Enforcement Division
- Position eliminations and additional vacancy savings:
 - Reduction of 1 position in Criminal Justice Div., \$192,572 OF
 - Reduction of 1 position in Administration Div., \$0.00 OF
 - Reduction of 1 position in Civil Enforcement Div., \$0.00 GF
- Potential for additional vacancy savings as constrained budgets in DOJ's client agencies could lead to lower demand for legal services, reduced billings, and a need for DOJ to hold some positions vacant to maintain the Legal Fund's solvency and liquidity.



Policy Option Packages and technical adjustments



Budget Priorities for the 2017-19 Biennium

Requested changes to Current Service Level:

- Increase Child Welfare/DHS Representation
- Continue Child Support System Project (\$3.2M GF)
- Continue Fusion Center (\$0.9M GF)
- Add Criminal Justice Division grant-funded positions
- Increase Victims of Crime Act limitation
- Expand Medicaid Fraud Control Unit
- Add Public Law Conference limitation and 1 position
- Add 6 positions in General Counsel Division
- Add limitation for Information Services ongoing expenses
- Reclassify 3 positions, add 1 position in Budget section
- Add Accounting Tech 2 position in Financial Services

Budget Priorities for the 2017-19 Biennium

Requested changes to Current Service Level (continued):

- Backfill Other Funds revenue shortfall in Division of Child Support (\$1.7M GF)
- Reclassify 4 positions in Crime Victims' Services Division
- Fund legal work with statewide benefit (\$0.2M GF)
- Add funding for ballot title review (\$0.05M GF)
- Add 1 position in Criminal Justice for DUII prosecution (ODOT funded)
- Add Legal Tools Project ongoing support
- Add placeholder for jurisdictional work in several counties
- Combined with reduction options, the net effect is a 12% reduction from DOJ's General Fund at CSL (5% of this is General Fund savings in other agencies due to lower billing rate)

Requested technical adjustments

- Extend Legal Tools Project expenditure limitation to 2017-19 (\$1.2M OF limitation; revenue was generated in 2015-17, so no effect on 2017-19 billing rate)
- Add two new Tobacco Non-Participating Manufacturer positions (\$0.3M OF)
- Add missing Personal Services for paralegal position (\$0.2M OF)
- Update Child Support CSEAS Project funding amounts (\$0.3M GF, \$1.6M OF, \$3.1M FF)
- Eliminate internal auditor position; shift funding to professional services (\$0.2M OF)



Pending Legislation



Pending Legislation

 SB 243, and -1, -3, -4 		SB	243,	and	-1,	-3,	-4
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- SB 246
- SB 397, and -1
- SB 872-1 and -2
- SB 896
- HB 2170-1
- HB 2345-1
- HB 2355
- HB 2500
- HB 2813-4
- HB 2903-3
- HB 3428

Abuse reporting

Child-caring agency licensure

DHS client confidentiality

Dept. of Information Technology

Appellate court jurisdiction

Office of Oregon Ombudsmen

Juvenile dependency represent.

Profiling

DHS caseworker training

ISP collection of information

Child-caring agency regulation

Public employees in CCOs





Oregon Department of Justice

Ellen F. Rosenblum, Attorney General

Thank You!

