

## STATE BUILDING CODES DIVISION

### "Tiny House" Overview

Senate Committee on Business and Transportation March 13, 2017

# Overview

- Update on recent State actions
- Discuss licensing requirements
- What is a traditional RV
- Park Model/tiny house
- Guidance provided to local government

# Overview, con't.

- Licensing requirements are separate from code requirements
- Licensing requirements are statutory
- Code requirements are administrative
- All structures require licensed electricians and plumbers (including all RV's)

# Recent state action

- Closed investigation
- Reminded manufacturers of licensing requirements
- Defined what is a traditional RV
- Eliminated state approval for park models/temporary structures
- Provided temporary/permanent structure guidance to local government

# Traditional RV –

"Temporary, recreational, emergency or seasonal use"

- Registered by NHTSA
- No special highway permit
- Designed for daily set-up
- Built to ANSI A1192 RV Code
- Walls and roof aluminum, fiberglass, fiberglass composite, or rubber membrane
- No pitched roof or bay windows

## Dwellings (houses) –

"Includes permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation"

Temporary structures (transitional housing, etc.) -

"Temporary structures are allowed for 180 days, may be extended and must meet general safety requirements as necessary to ensure public health, safety and general welfare"

# Licensing requirements (general)

- 1. General or specialty contractor license (CCB)
  - a) Insurance, bond, Workers Compensation insurance
  - b) Dispute resolution/mediation for consumers
- 2. Journeyman electrician license (BCD)
- 3. Journeyman plumber license (BCD)
- 4. Local/state business license



















#### **Oregon Recreational Vehicle**

Department of Consumer and Business Services Building Codes Division

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The manufacturer, remanufacturer, converter, owner, or seller certifies that this recreational vehicle has been constructed, reconstructed, or converted in accordance with all applicable Oregon Statutes and Administrative Rules of the Building Codes Division; is in compliance with these Statutes and Rules at the time of sale, rent, lease, or exchange. This insignia remains the property of the Oregon Building Codes Division and may not be removed, altered, sold, offered for sale or exchanged.



#### **Oregon Prefabricated Structure** Department of Consumer Business Services Building Codes Division This insignia reamins the property of Building Codes Division **FILXION** M407-15-5516D E RIAL # SVWS0730039 208 R.L.L. 107 1500 D W.L. DATE 10/31/2016 OCC S2 PLUMBING NO 1026218 The manufacturer certifies that this structure is constructed in accordance with all applicable Oregon Statutes including plumbing mechanical electrical and structural installation in prefabricated struttrues, and plans approved by the **Building Codes Division**

# Key Differences Between ANSI A119.5 (Park Model RV Code) and the Residential Building Code (ORSC):

| Element                    | ORSC   | ANSI 119.5  |
|----------------------------|--|---|
| Publisher of Standard      | International Code Council   | Recreation Vehicle Industry Association (RVIA)  |
| Definition                 | Dwelling: Any building that contains one or two<br>dwelling units used, intended, or designed to be built,<br>used, rented, leased, let or hired out to be occupied, or<br>that are occupied for living purposes.<br>Dwelling Unit: A single unit providing complete<br>independent living facilities for one or more persons,<br>including <u>permanent</u> provisions for living, sleeping,<br>eating, cooking and sanitation. | <ul> <li>Park Model Recreational Vehicle: A single living unit that is primarily designed and completed on a single chassis, mounted on wheels, to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or seasonal use, is certified by the manufacturer as complying with all applicable requirements of ANSI A119.5 and:</li> <li>a. Has a gross trailer are not exceeding 400 square feet (37.15 square meters) in the setup mode or,</li> <li>b. If having a gross trailer area not exceeding 320 square feet (29.72 square meters) in the setup mode, has a width greater than 8.5 ft (2.59 meters) in the transport mode.</li> </ul> |
| Independent Plan<br>Review | Required   | None  |
| Independent<br>Inspections | A number of structural, mechanical, electrical, and plumbing inspections throughout the construction process.  | None  |

| Fire Resistive<br>Requirements       | ORSC   | ANSI 119.5   |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Interior Finish                      | R302.9 limits wall and ceiling finishes to a maximum flame spread index of 200 and a maximum smoke development of 450.   | 3-1.1 limits interior finishes to a maximum flame spread classification of 200, but the standard is silent on smoke development. |
| Exterior Wall<br>Protection          | R302.1 contains requirements for the fire-<br>resistance ratings of exterior walls, openings,<br>projections and penetrations based on minimum<br>fire separation distances.   | No Requirements  |
| Insulation Flame<br>Spread           | R302.10 requires insulation materials to have a maximum flame spread index of 25 and maximum smoke development index of 450 (with some exceptions).  | No Requirements  |
| Fire blocking in<br>Concealed Spaces | R302.11 has requirements for fireblocking at a number of locations in concealed spaces of combustible construction.  | No requirements  |
| Fire blocking Around<br>Penetrations | R302.11 requires fire blocking at openings around<br>vents, pipes, ducts, cables and wires at ceiling and<br>floor levels with an approved material to resist the<br>free passage of flame and products of combustion. | No requirements  |

| Smoke Detectors: | ORSC  | ANSI 119.5   |
|------------------|---|--|
| Power Source     | R314.4 – Requires smoke alarms to receive primary power from building wiring with battery backup. | 3-3.1 – Allows smoke alarms with<br>battery-only power source. There is an<br>exception that allows for (but does not<br>require) a park model to have a 120v<br>smoke alarm with battery backup if it<br>has lighting capable of being powered<br>only by a 120 volt or 120/240 volt<br>power supply. |
| Interconnection  | R314.5 – Requires all smoke alarms to be interconnected.  | No Requirements  |
| Sleeping Rooms   | R314.3 – Requires smoke alarm in each sleeping room and outside each separate sleeping area.      | Section 3-3.1 & 3-3.3 – Only requires<br>that there be at least one smoke alarm<br>and prohibits it from being within the<br>separate sleeping areas. If the park<br>model has a loft, section 5-10.3<br>requires an additional smoke installed<br>in a loft.  |

| Stairways:                    | ORSC  | ANSI 119.5   |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Width                         | R311.7.1 requires a clear width of 36 inches<br>at points above the handrail and below the<br>required headroom height. | 5-10.4.1.1 requires a clear width of not<br>less than 17 inches at or above the<br>handrail. |
| Risers                        | R311.7.4.1 limits riser height to a maximum of 8 inches.  | 5-10.4.1.2 allows for a maximum riser height of 12 inches.                                   |
| Tread                         | R311.7.4.2 requires a minimum tread depth<br>of 9 inches (min 10 inches without a<br>nosing).                           | 5-10.4.1.2 requires a minimum tread depth of 7 inches.                                       |
| Alternating Tread<br>Devices  | Not allowed as a means of egress component.   | 5-10.4.2.3 allows alternating tread devices for stairs.                                      |
| Ladder in lieu of<br>stairway | Not allowed as access to occupied spaces.   | 5-10.5.1 allows a ladder for loft access.  |

|                | ORSC  | ANSI 119.5  |
|----------------|---|---|
| Safety Glazing | R308 requires safety glazing in hazardous<br>locations (e.g. in doors, next to stairways, wet<br>locations, etc.).  | Does not require windows with<br>safety glazing; however, interior<br>glazing (such as mirrors) are<br>required to be tempered when they<br>are 431 in <sup>2</sup> or larger in area.<br>Shower and tub enclosures are<br>required to be safety glazing. |
| Exiting        | R310.1 requires a minimum of 5.7 ft <sup>2</sup> of opening area (5.0 ft <sup>2</sup> on grade floor) and a minimum opening width of 20 inches and minimum opening height of 24 inches. | 3-2.4 requires a minimum opening<br>such that a 24 inch wide by 17 inch<br>tall ellipse (area = $2.23$ ft <sup>2</sup> ) will fit in<br>the opening.  |

| Structural Design:        | ORSC   | ANSI 119.5   |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Exterior walls            | Table R602.3(5) requires exterior bearing wall<br>studs to be minimum 2" x 4" nominal;<br>although, with the insulation requirements are<br>typically 2" x 6". | 5-5.2.1 allows 2" x 3" nominal studs.  |
| Floors                    | Table R301.2(1) & ORSC R301.7  | 5-3  |
| Min. Live Load            | 40 lbs/sf (30 lbs/sf in bedrooms)  | 30 lbs/sf  |
| Max. Deflection           | L/360.   | L/240.   |
| Roof                      | Table R301.2(1) & ORSC R301.7  | 5-3  |
| Minimum Live<br>Snow Load | 25 lbs/sf snow load with possible increase or decrease based on location   | 30 lbs/sf live load with no requirement to meet site specific snow load.   |
| Max. Deflection           | L/180 rafter and L/240 for ceiling.  | L/180 - doesn't differentiate between roof and ceiling members.  |
| Foundation                | R403.1 requires exterior walls to be supported<br>by and anchored to a continuous<br>footing/foundation or engineered system.                                  | Section 5-8 requires each park model to<br>be provided with attachment points to<br>facilitate the installation of at least 6<br>ground anchors. |

|                                    | ORSC   | ANSI 119.5  |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Wind & Seismic<br>Loads            | R301.1 & R602 requires dwellings be designed to resist the site specific wind and seismic loads.   | Does not contain requirements to design for wind and seismic loads.   |
| Fastening of<br>Structural Members | Table R602.3(1) contains the fastening<br>requirements for structural members. In general<br>staples are not allowed to attach structural<br>members greater than 1 inch in thickness. | Table 5.1 allows staples for most<br>connections. The table does<br>specify wood screws for a few<br>connections. |

|                                    | ORSC   | ANSI 119.5               |
|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Minimum Insulation<br>Requirements | Table N1101.1(1)   | 2-7.1,5-4.3,5-6.5        |
| Ducts                              | R-8  | R-4                      |
| Floors                             | R-30   | R-5                      |
| Ceiling                            | R-38   | R-7                      |
| Windows, Doors,<br>Skylights       | Max. U-value for windows (0.35), doors (0.20), skylights (0.60).   | No requirements          |
| Exterior Wall Drainage<br>Plane    | R703.1.1 requires that the exterior wall<br>envelope be installed in a manner that<br>water that enters the assembly can drain to<br>the exterior. | No drainage requirements |

|  | ORSC   | ANSI 119.5  |
|--|--|---|
| Electrical:                                  | OESC   | OESC Article 552<br>552.4 General Requirements. A park trailer as<br>specified<br>in 552.2 is intended for seasonal use. It is not<br>intended as a<br>permanent dwelling unit or for commercial uses<br>such as<br>banks, clinics, offices, or similar.                                |
| Ground-Fault Circuit-<br>Interrupter         | List of locations in OESC 210.8(A) for dwelling units  | OESC 552.41(C) – Close to the same as a dwelling.<br>Required for receptacles serving kitchen<br>countertops; within 6 feet of any lavatory or sink; in<br>toilet, shower, and/or tub areas.<br>This section has a shorter list because many items<br>for dwellings are not applicable. |
| Arc-Fault Circuit-<br>Interrupter Protection | Required -210.12(A)  | Not Required  |
| Small Appliance Circuit                      | Requires a minimum of two 20 ampere circuits in<br>kitchen, panty, breakfast and/or dining room.<br>210.11(C)(1) | <ul> <li>Two Options:</li> <li>A. Two to five circuit option for 30 ampere rated panel – not required</li> <li>B. For more than 5 circuits – same requirement as a dwelling 552.46(B)(2) &amp; 210.11(C)(1)</li> </ul>  |

|  | ORSC  | ANSI 119.5  |
|--|---|---|
| Laundry Circuit  | Minimum of one dedicated 20 ampere circuit<br>required to supply a laundry receptacle outlet.<br>210.10(C)(2) | Not required, but if provided under option B,<br>552.46(3) information note 1 points to 210.10(C)(2)<br>– same as dwelling. |
| Bathroom Branch Circuits   | Minimum of one dedicated 20 ampere branch circuit to supply a bathroom receptacle outlet(s)                   | Not required  |
| Outdoor Receptacle   | Minimum of two - 210.52(E)(1)   | Minimum of one – 552.41(E)  |
| Panel Boards Location  | 240.24(D) – Prohibited in vicinity of easily ignitable material such as a clothes closet                      | 552.48(B) does not prohibit installation in vicinity of easily ignitable material.  |
| Panel Board Working<br>Space<br>Min Height<br>Min Depth<br>Min Width | 110.26<br>6-1/2 feet<br>36 inches<br>30 inches  | 552.45<br>None<br>30 inches<br>24 inches  |

|                            | ORSC  | ANSI 119.5  |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| Service Size               | Minimum 100 amp – 220.82(A)   | Maximum 50 amp – 552.43   |
| Cords                      | Permanently connected cords not allowed<br>to pass through walls and floors –<br>400.8(2) | Permanently connected cords may pass<br>through walls and floors when protected (from<br>damage) – 552.44 |
| Tamperproof<br>Receptacles | Required – 406.12   | Not required by article 552   |
| Grounding Electrode        | Required - 250.50   | Not required by article 552   |

| Mechanical:  | ORSC  | ANSI 119.5  |
|--|---|---|
| Gas piping test  | G2418.4.1 – requires minimum 10 psi test for 15 minutes.  | 2-14.17.1 – requires minimum 3 psi<br>test for at least 10 minutes.   |
| Ventilation of Fuel-<br>Burning Cooking<br>Appliances. | M1504.4 & Table M1507.3 – Requires range hood with minimum of 150 cfm intermittent.   | 2-6.4.4 – Allows a gravity vent 1 in. <sup>2</sup><br>per 2000 BTU/hr.  |
| Ducts  | M1160.1.1.1 - Prohibits the use of building cavities for air ducts.   | 2-7.5 - Allows return air ducts to be constructed of minimum 1 inch nominal wood.   |
| Bathroom Ventilation                                   | R303.3 & M1507 Requires bathrooms without<br>bathing or showering with either 1.5 sf of clear<br>opening for natural ventilation or minimum 50 cfm<br>bathroom fan. With bathing and showering<br>mechanical ventilation must be provided with<br>minimum 80 cfm for intermittent or 20 cfm<br>continuous bathroom fan. | 5-3.6.2 requires minimum of 1 sf of<br>openable area or with mechanical<br>ventilation capable of change the air<br>at least once every 12 minutes. |

|                                    | ORSC  | ANSI 119.5   |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Plumbing                           | OSPC  |  |
| Tub Anti-Scalding<br>Provision     | 414.5 requires that the maximum hot water<br>temperature for a bathtub or whirlpool be<br>limited to a maximum of 120 degrees by a<br>device that is in accordance with ASSE 1070<br>or SCA B125.3. | No Requirements  |
| Shower Anti-Scalding               | 419.0 requires shower and tub-showers to<br>have valves limiting the hot water<br>temperature to a maximum of 120 degrees.  | No Requirements  |
| Plastic Pipe<br>Clearance to Flues | Must install in compliance with installation standards of the material used.  | 4-4.3 allows plastic piping to be installed<br>within 2 inches of a double-walled flue<br>and within 6 inches of an open flame or<br>single-walled flue. This may violate the<br>installation instructions of some materials;<br>PEX for example requires a minimum<br>clearance of 12 inches. |

|   | ORSC  | ANSI 119.5   |
|---|---|--|
| Storage Type Water<br>Closet                        | Not allowed. Except for composting toilet in accordance with OAR 918-770-0080, OPSC 304.0 requires plumbing fixtures to connect to the drainage system of the building. | 4-5.2.1 allows storage type water closet                                     |
| Shower<br>Compartment                               | OPSC 411.6 requires a minimum of 1024 in <sup>2</sup> and capable of encompassing a 30 inch circle.   | No minimum size  |
| Water Supply to<br>Clothes Washer and<br>Dishwasher | Vacuum Breaker Not required   | 4-6.7.4 Vacuum Breaker Required – Note park model requirement more stringent |
| Waterless<br>Mechanical Traps                       | Not allowed   | Allowed by 4-7.6.1   |

## Temporary Structures – Local Building Official Considerations



## Temporary Structures – ORSC Section 107

| R107.1 | Authorizes the building official to issue a permit for temporary structures.   |
|--------|--|
| R107.2 | Temporary structures and uses shall conform to the structural strength, fire safety, means of egress, light, ventilation and sanitary requirements of this code <u>as necessary</u> to ensure the public health, safety and general welfare. |
| R107.4 | Authorizes the building official to terminate permit for temporary structure.  |

## Temporary Structures – Considerations

| Local<br>Community | Do local ordinances prohibit or allow temporary structures?  |
|--------------------|--|
| Urgency/<br>Need   | <ul> <li>Are temporary structures needed to house people who have been displaced by a disaster?</li> <li>Are they needed to shelter homeless population from extreme weather?</li> </ul> |
| Location           | Floodplain; geological hazard ; distance to other structures;  |
| Use                | Will it be use continuously or on an intermittent basis?   |

## As Necessary – Considerations

35

### to ensure the public health, safety and general welfare.

| R301     | Structural members are adequate for the required design load.   |
|----------|---|
| R314&315 | The structure has the required smoke and carbon monoxide alarms   |
| R306     | If bathroom facilities are not provided in the structure then bathroom facilities are provided elsewhere on the site. |
| R303.8   | Depending on location, time of year, duration of occupancy, provisions for heating are provided.                      |

## As Necessary – Considerations

to Ensure the Public health, safety and general welfare.

| R310 | Sleeping rooms have an emergency escape and rescue opening.             |
|------|---|
| R311 | Egress door and path.   |
| R311 | Habitable areas on a second floor or loft are provided with a stairway. |
| R308 | Glazing in hazardous locations meets the requirements of R308.          |

## As Necessary – Considerations

to Ensure the Public health, safety and general welfare.

| R303.1                             | Adequate ventilation is provided.  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| G2408.1                            | Fuel burning appliances installed according to listing and installation instructions.  |
| M1503.4<br>G2406<br>G2407<br>G2408 | Fuel burning appliances, including gas<br>stoves/ovens ,in compliance with location,<br>clearance to combustibles, combustion air and<br>venting requirements. |

## Appendix A: Overview of Pictures

### #1 Accessory Dwelling

- Full permit
- Plan review
- License contractor
- Local inspection

#2 Traditional Recreational Vehicle

#### #3 Park Model RV

- Built to RV code?
- No license contractor
- No local inspection

#### # 4 Tiny house

- Built to RV code
- No license contractor
- No local inspection

### #5 Park Model RV

- Built to RV code?
- No license contractor
- No local inspection

#### #6 Tiny house

- Built to RV code?
- No license contractor
- No local inspection

#### #7 Pre-Fab

- Full permit
- Plan review
- License contractor
- State and local inspection

#8 Accessory dwelling structure

- License contractor
- Electrical/plumbing permits
- Inspected by local government

# Appendix B:

#### ANSI A1192 - Traditional RV Definition

A Vehicle-type unit that is primarily designed as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or seasonal use; has its own motive power or is mounted on or towed by another vehicle; is regulated by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration as a vehicle or vehicle equipment; does not require a special highway us permit for operation on the highways; and can be easily transported and set-up on a daily basis by an individual.

#### ANSI A1195 – Park Model RV

A single living unit that is primarily designed and completed on a single chassis, mounted on wheels, to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or seasonal use, is certified by the manufacturer as complying with all applicable requirements of ANSI A119.5; and :

- a) Have a gross trailer area not exceeding 400 square feet in the set-up mode or;
- b) If having a gross trailer area note exceeding 320 square feet in the set-up mode, has a width greater than 8.5 feet in the transport mode.