# Department of Revenue Day 2: Audit selection and tax refund fraud

Joint Committee on Ways and Means Subcommittee on General Government

May 2, 2017



# Audit selection



# Background

- Pre-audit case selection.
- Focus on greatest areas of risk.
- Appear larger than we are.

#### **Complexity of audits Entity audits** Single issue **Complex** issue Credits Employee business expenses Schedule C business Subtractions Casualty loss S corporation Alimony Net operating loss **Partnership** Domestic C corporation **Business** Multistate C corporation Schedule C (Small business) International C corporation Schedule E (Rentals) Schedule F (Farm) Time to complete Up to two Up to three From three months months months to a year or more



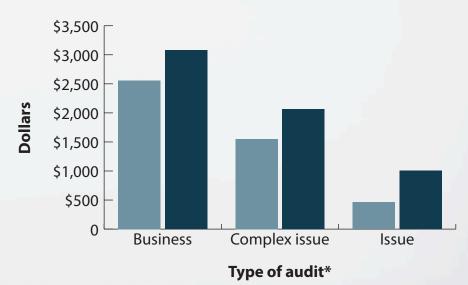
# Audit selection philosophy

- Voluntary compliance.
- Correcting adverse behavior.
- Fair and balanced.
- Centralized selection.
- Differences between programs.



## What's new

- All in one system.
- Data warehouse.
- Discovery system.
- Scoring.
- Inventory management.
- Paperless review.
- Metrics and reporting.



Legacy (July 1, 2013–Dec. 1, 2015)

GenTax (Dec. 1, 2015–Sept. 30, 2016)

\*"Issue" audits are those audits where there is generally only one issue with the return. "Complex issue" audits involve multiple issues on a return.



## Tax refund fraud



## Refund fraud

Tax fraud has grown in sophistication over the past 10 years.

- Then: Altered W-2s, enhanced deductions, fake taxpayers and W-2 information.
- Now: Stolen identities and W-2 information.

Criminals see refund fraud as cheap, easy, low-risk.

 Federal government, 41 states, and D.C. have a personal income tax.



## The refund dilemma

#### Push for electronic filing

Fast and efficient.

#### Conflicting goals

- Verifying accuracy.
- Issuing refunds promptly.

#### Delays

- Trade-off for fraud detection.
- More manual review.
- Slower for refunds even if they don't require manual review.
  - Took 22 days in 2016.
  - Took 8 days in 2015.
  - Took 5 days in 2014.
- Adjusting KPM #2 Days to Refund.



### Where does the data come from?

#### Data breaches

- IRS "Get Transcript"
- Office of Personnel Management
- Oregon Fish and Wildlife
- Yahoo
- Anthem BlueCross BlueShield
- Targeting tax preparers
  - Returns filed from their software with changed bank information.

#### Phishing

- Email requesting employee information (W-2s).
- 543 employers received through "suspicious filer" system.
- Not limited to businesses: Redmond School District.



## Refund fraud: 2010-2016

Filing season	Returns stopped	Dollars stopped	Returns paid	Dollars paid
2016	7,773	\$5,162,031	33	\$55,519
2015	3,984	\$6,725,812	198	\$147,168
2014	4,938	\$7,702,685	159	\$145,279
2013	1,798	\$5,554597	56	\$21,915
2012	2,037	\$4,659,601	15	\$171,642
2011	983	\$881,702	51	\$35,740
2010	424	\$425,291	76	\$46,630



## Fraud detection 2017

Fraud policy option package in 2013.

- Fraud module:
  - Analytics.
  - Dynamically score fraud returns based on risk factors.
  - Identity confirmation quiz.

More staff dedicated to review.

Using more matching capabilities.

- Held refunds until mid-February.
  - Employer W-2 and 1099 deadline of January 31.
  - Match data between tax returns and W-2 information.

Partnerships with IRS, states, industry.



# Questions?

If you have additional questions after today please contact:

Katie Lolley <a href="mailto:katie.m.lolley@oregon.gov">katie.m.lolley@oregon.gov</a> (503) 945-8440

Ken Ross ken.ross@oregon.gov (503) 945-8890

