

OREGON | Office of the State

Chief Information Officer



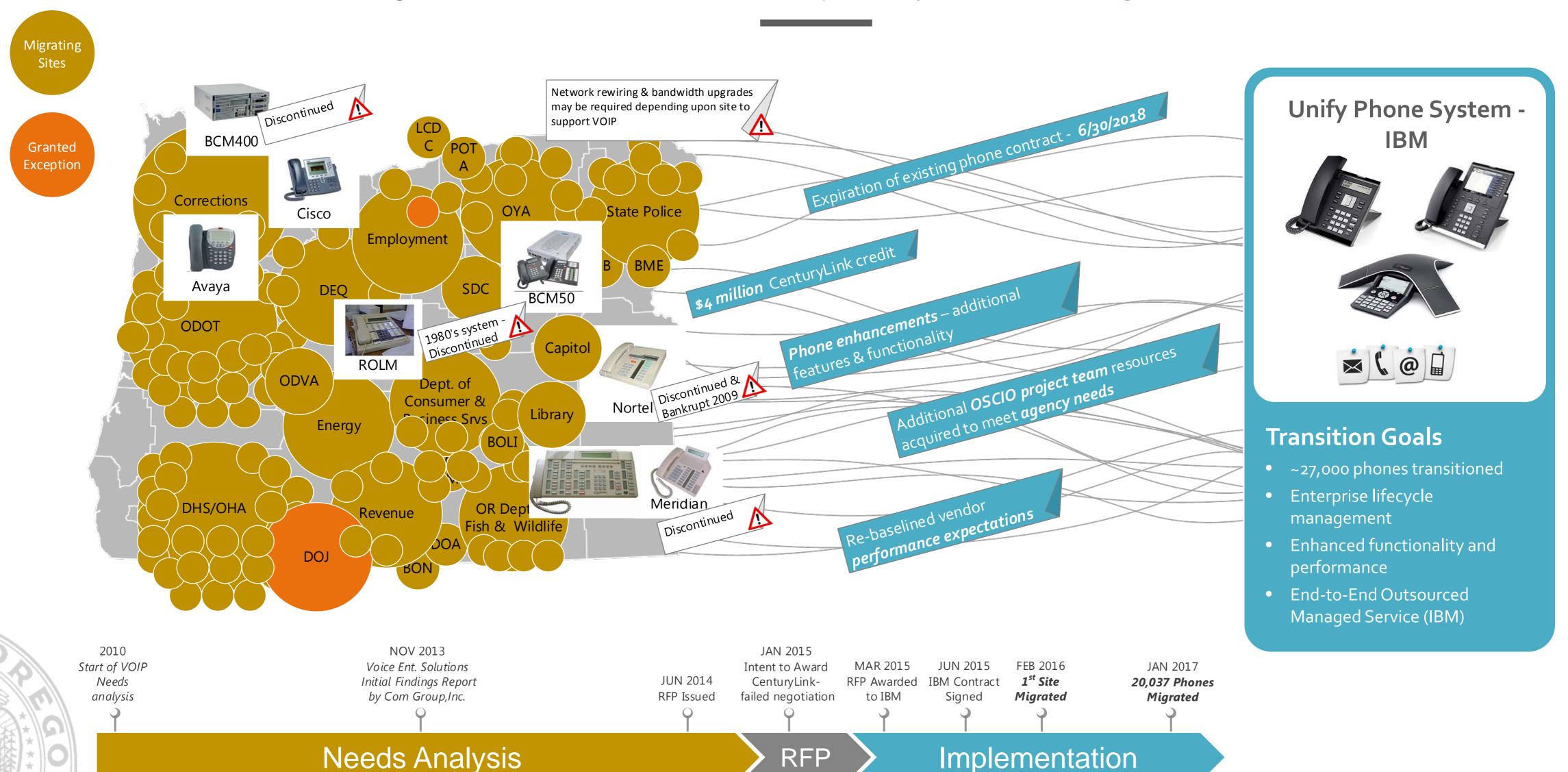
25 April 2017





Phone Transition (MUSIC)

transitioning from *decentralized* and *outdated* phone systems to an *integrated VOIP* solution

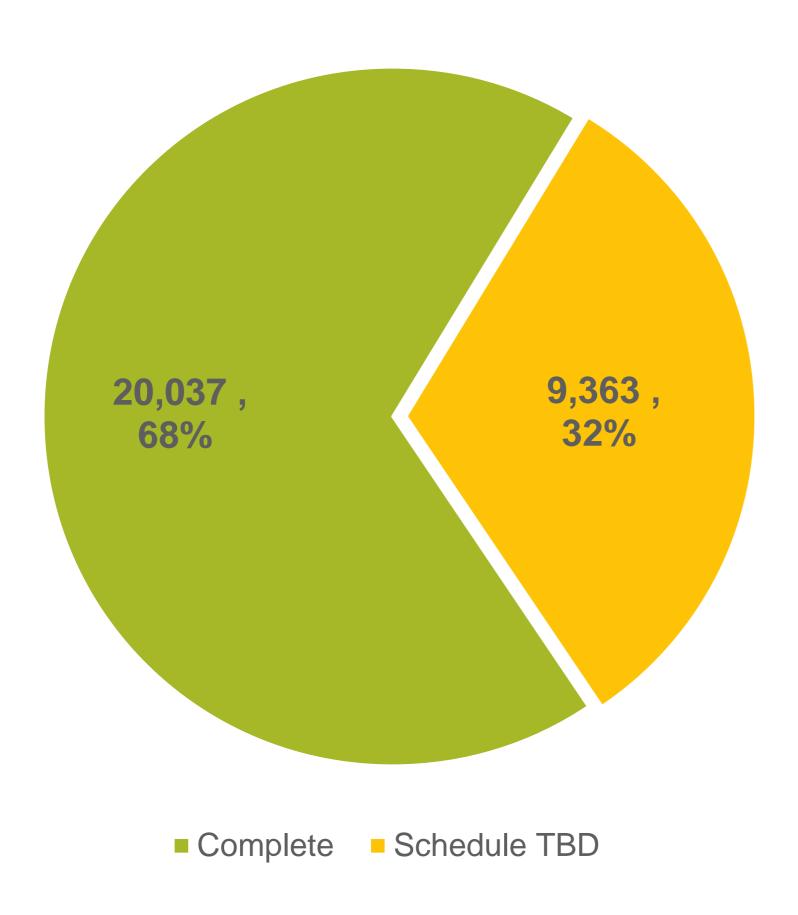




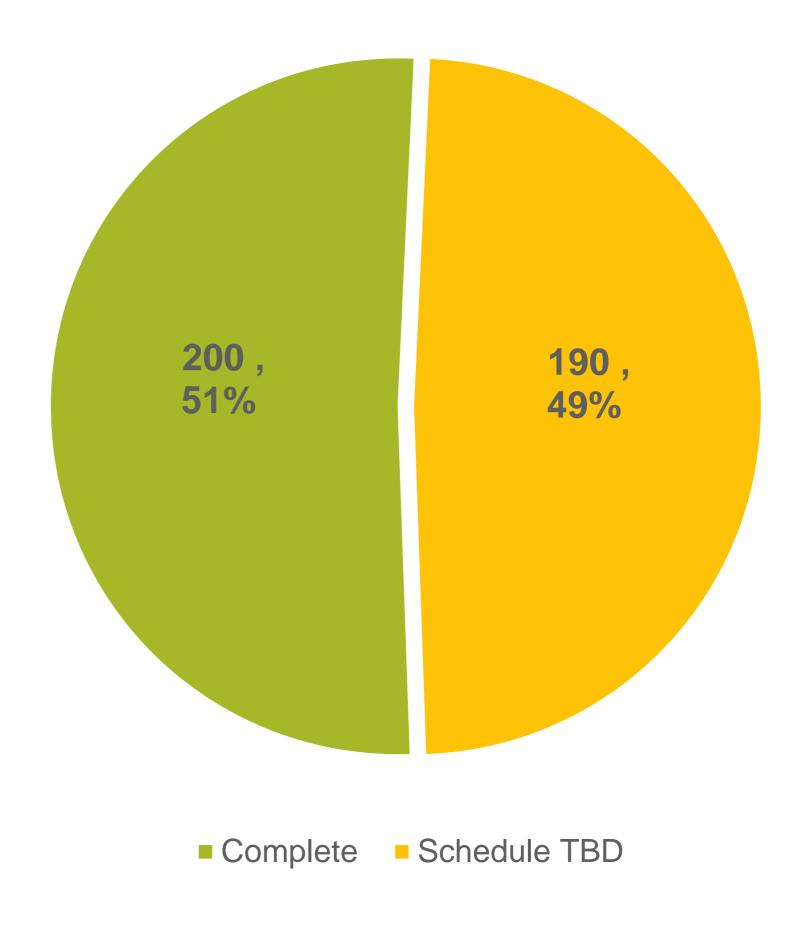
Current Status of Project MUSIC

migration status by *subscribers* and *agency locations*

Subscribers Migrated



Agency Locations Migrated





Areas for Continuous Improvement

execution, project management and training

Technical Architecture

Incident Management

Training & Support Model

Project & Process Management

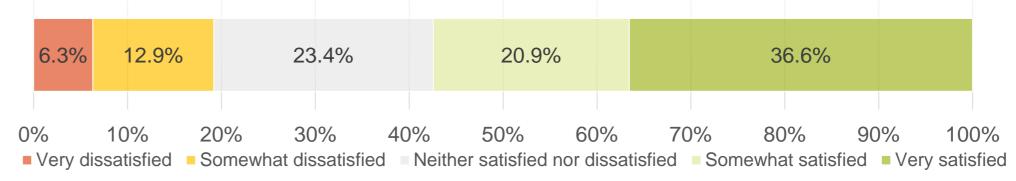
Migration Process

Overall, how satisfied were you with the migration process?



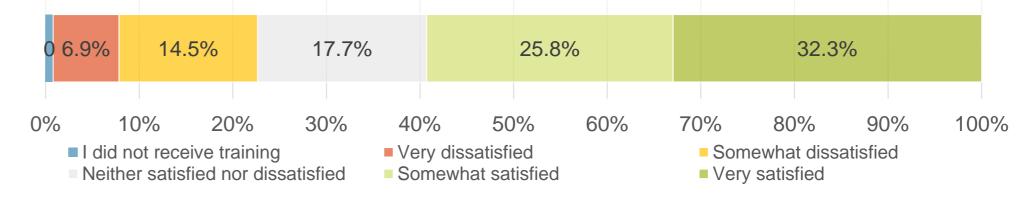
Project Responsiveness

Overall, how satisfied are you with the level of responsiveness from project MUSIC during the rollout?



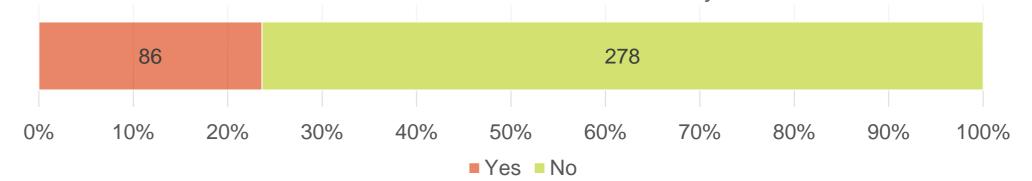
Training

Overall, how satisfied are you with the training you received?



Installation

Did you have installation issues?







State of Oregon - Project MUSIC



Department of Administrative Services

Project Summary

"Work Stop" Action List

Technical Architecture & Failover

- Architecture review and Executive Presentation completed
- Review technical outages as part of architecture review
- Review closed tickets for potential stability issue
- Defined failover test plan, success criteria and Failover Test (April 23)

❖ Project & Process Management

- Project Management Plan:
 - Project processes for implementation and for steady state.
 - Site Implementation Planning
 - Problem/Issue/Risk Management & Change Management
 - Project Management Plan / Communications Plan & RACI
 - Post Migration processes

Incident Management

- Ticket management & Ticket Analysis
- o Root Cause Analysis (RCA)
- AATC Support (onsite follow-up)

Work Stoppage Compliance

o 30 day stabilization – No P1 for 30 days.





State of Oregon - Project MUSIC



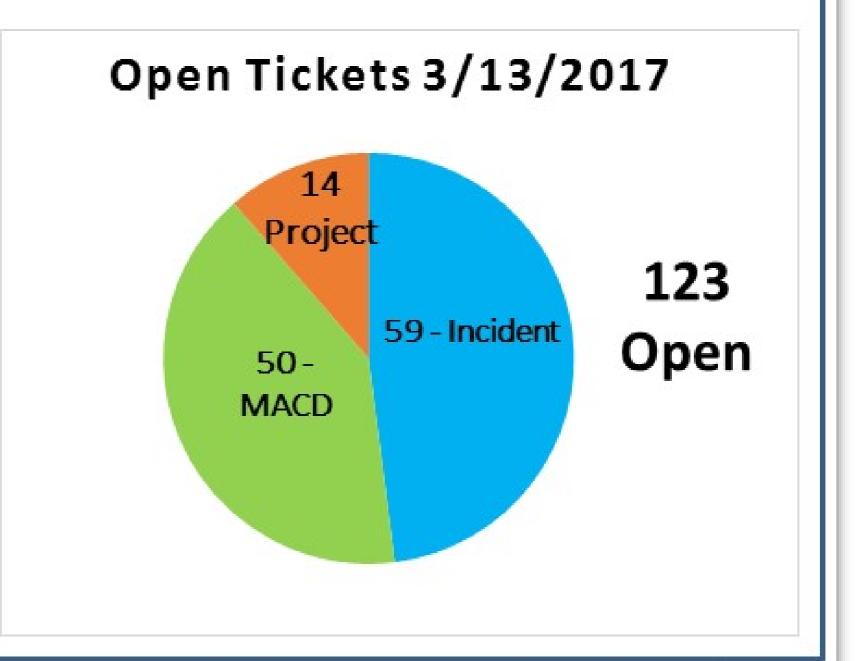
Department of Administrative Services

Issue / Ticket Management

Ticket Management

- Sustained Improvement since Q4 16' QBR
- o Peak of 411 open tickets 12/1/16
- Focus on P3 Tickets
- AATC Knowledge
- Lessons Learn









State of Oregon - Project MUSIC

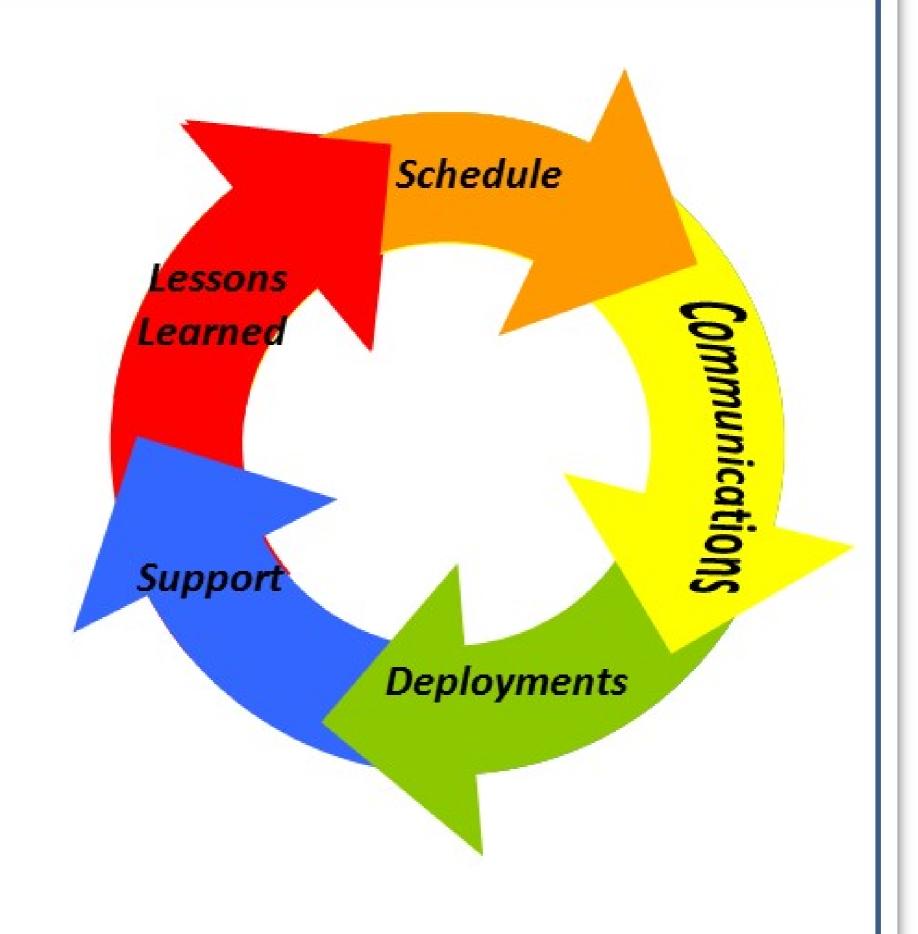


Department of Administrative Services

Migration Schedule

❖ Future Migration Schedule

- Approximately 9,500 users
- Implementation schedule extended to accommodate remaining sites
- PMO to work with sites to prioritize sites and develop schedule
- Proposed schedule to include a rolling 3 month outlook of sites
- Built in stabilization period for control and Ticket Management
- Incorporate Lessons Learned,
 Process Improvements
- Enhanced Governance







ETS Sustainability Initiative

SDC networks; agency field office servers, networks & wireless; security; and WAN backbone

2015-17 Expenditures (\$18.7 million)*



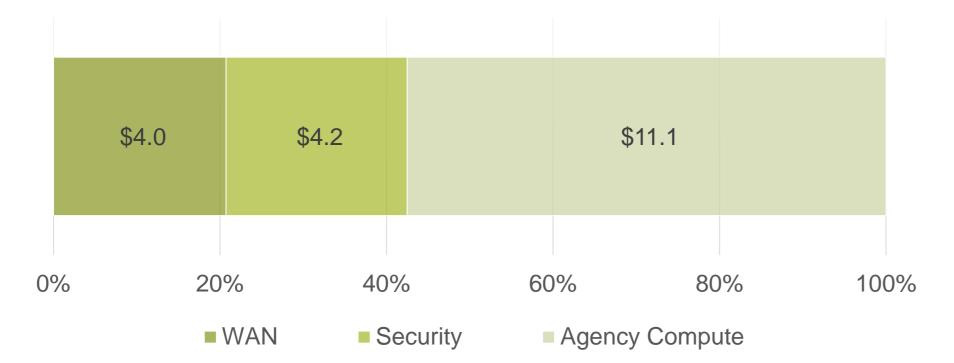
\$4.0 million. state wide area (WAN) network and wireless



\$4.2 million. security upgrades and enhancements



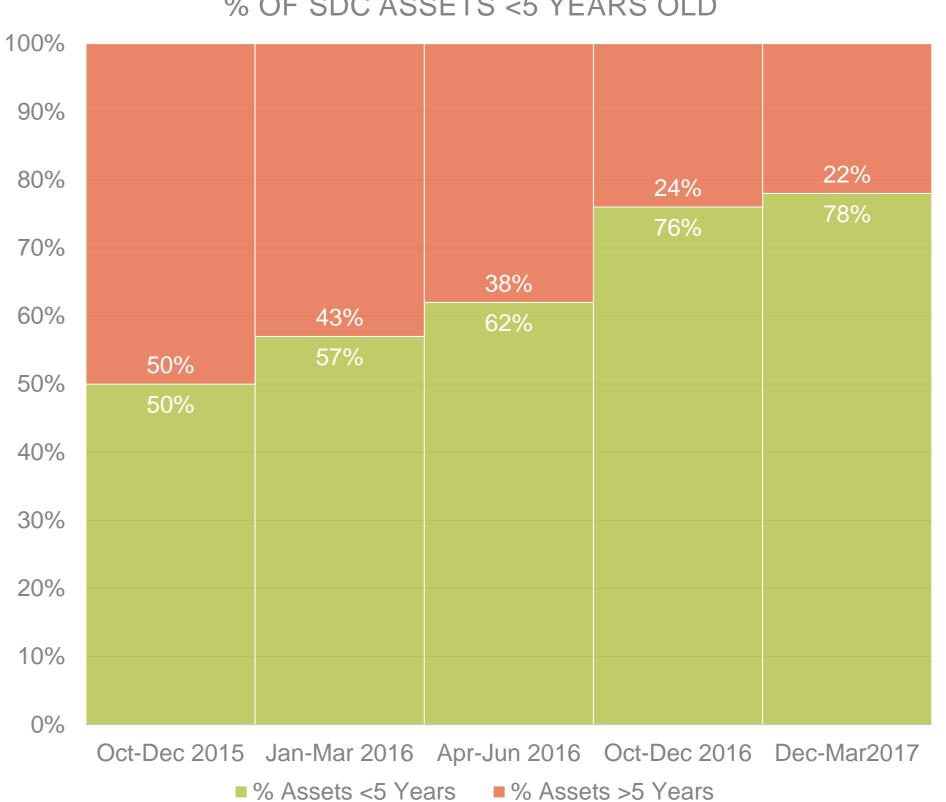
\$11.1 million. agency servers and field office networks



*estimates based on REFBS February 2017 Expenditure Projections

Sustainability Metrics

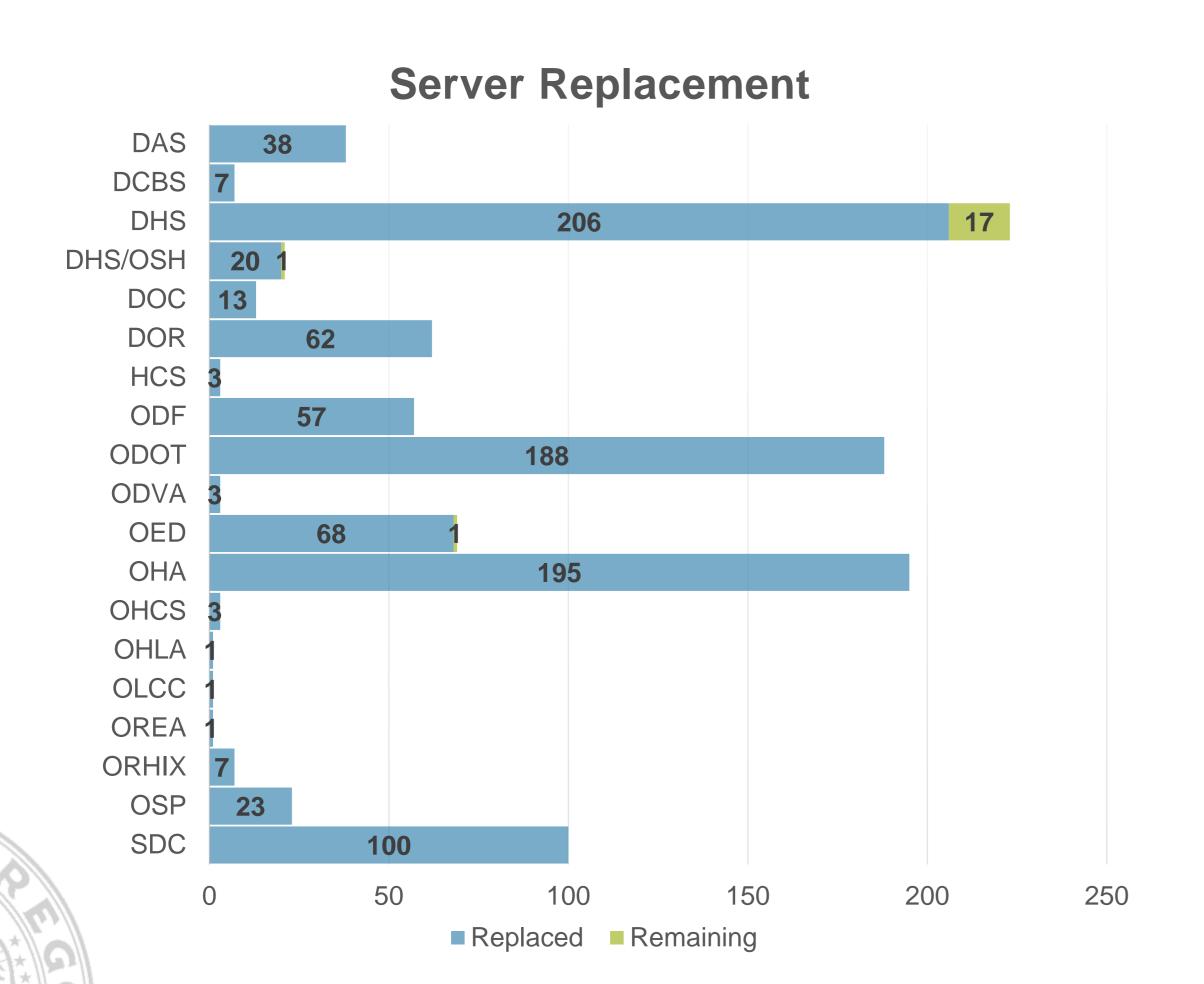
% OF SDC ASSETS <5 YEARS OLD





ETS Sustainability Initiative

SDC networks; agency field office servers, networks & wireless; security; and WAN backbone



Security Enhancements



F5. Next Generation Firewall - modernizes environment, reduces network complexity, and quantity of equipment to be maintained by 80%.



QRadar. Security information and event management (SIEM) - identifies security issues that affect state agencies through gathering, analyzing and presenting information.



Viper. Upgraded Network Encryption (IPSEC) – maintains site-to-site encryption for securely accessing the state network from remote sites - 16 agencies and 230 sites.



ETS Sustainability Initiative

looking ahead to 2017-19

2017-19 Expenditure Limitation (\$18.3 million)



\$4.2 million. *encumbered* to support WAN leases



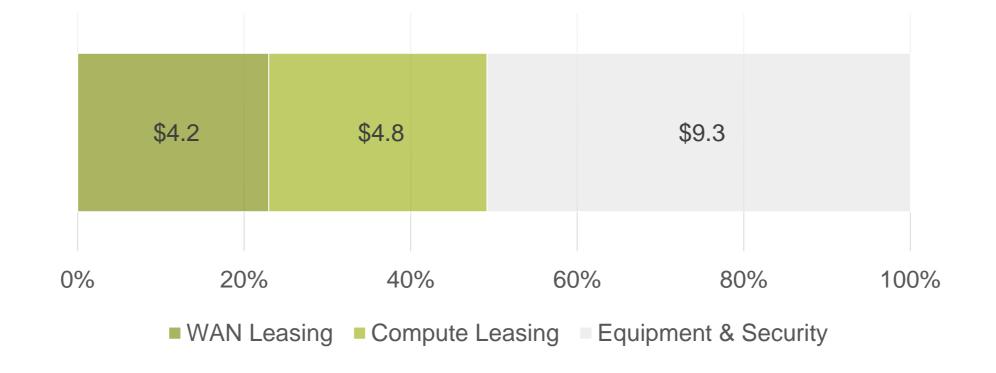
\$4.8 million. *encumbered* to support compute leases



\$9.3 million. further replacement of aging equipment

Sustainability Funds. anticipated reductions

- ETS *eliminated \$9.1 million* in services and supplies (S&S) as part of the Governor's Budget
- Sustainability funds represent just over 20% of the remaining S&S budget.
- Further reductions would put service delivery for agencies at risk and degrade capacity for completion of sustainability initiative







SDC Rate Development

recent studies, budget notes, analyses and benchmarking



Budget Note

SB 5502 (2015)



Gartner

Data Center Services Rate Comparison

NOVEMBER 2016

FEBRUARY 2013

The Hackett Group

Administrative Baseline Information Technology Benchmark

"Given the uncertainty involving which services Enterprise Technology Services will offer in the future . . . [the] SCIO shall recommend a new funding formula for ETS . . ."

JANUARY 2016

Public Financial
Management. Benchmarking
Analysis





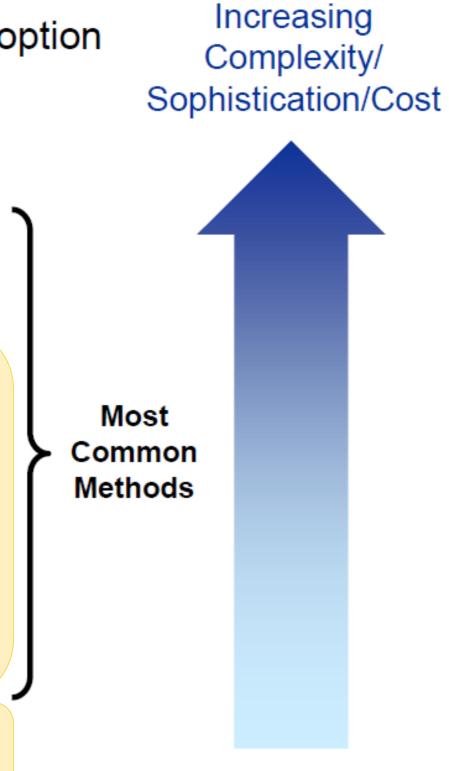
Chargeback Point of View Typical Chargeback Approaches

There are six primary methods of cost recovery.

A combination of LLA, DC, MRU and TRF are most common

Chargeback methods are developed for each service offering or service option

	<u>'</u>
NFR	Negotiated Flat Rate, based on projected service usage; Also referred to as fixed fee
TFR	Tiered Flat Rate, based on service accessibility or level of utilization, expressed in bands of pricing
MRU	Measured Resource Usage, based on measured consumption of IT resources
DC	Direct Cost, based on dedicated resource ownership; Also referred to as time and materials
LLA	Low-Level Allocation of specific IT service costs, based on simple user metrics (for example, users, PCs, logins)
HLA	High-Level Allocation of overall IT costs, based on user size (for example, employees, revenues)







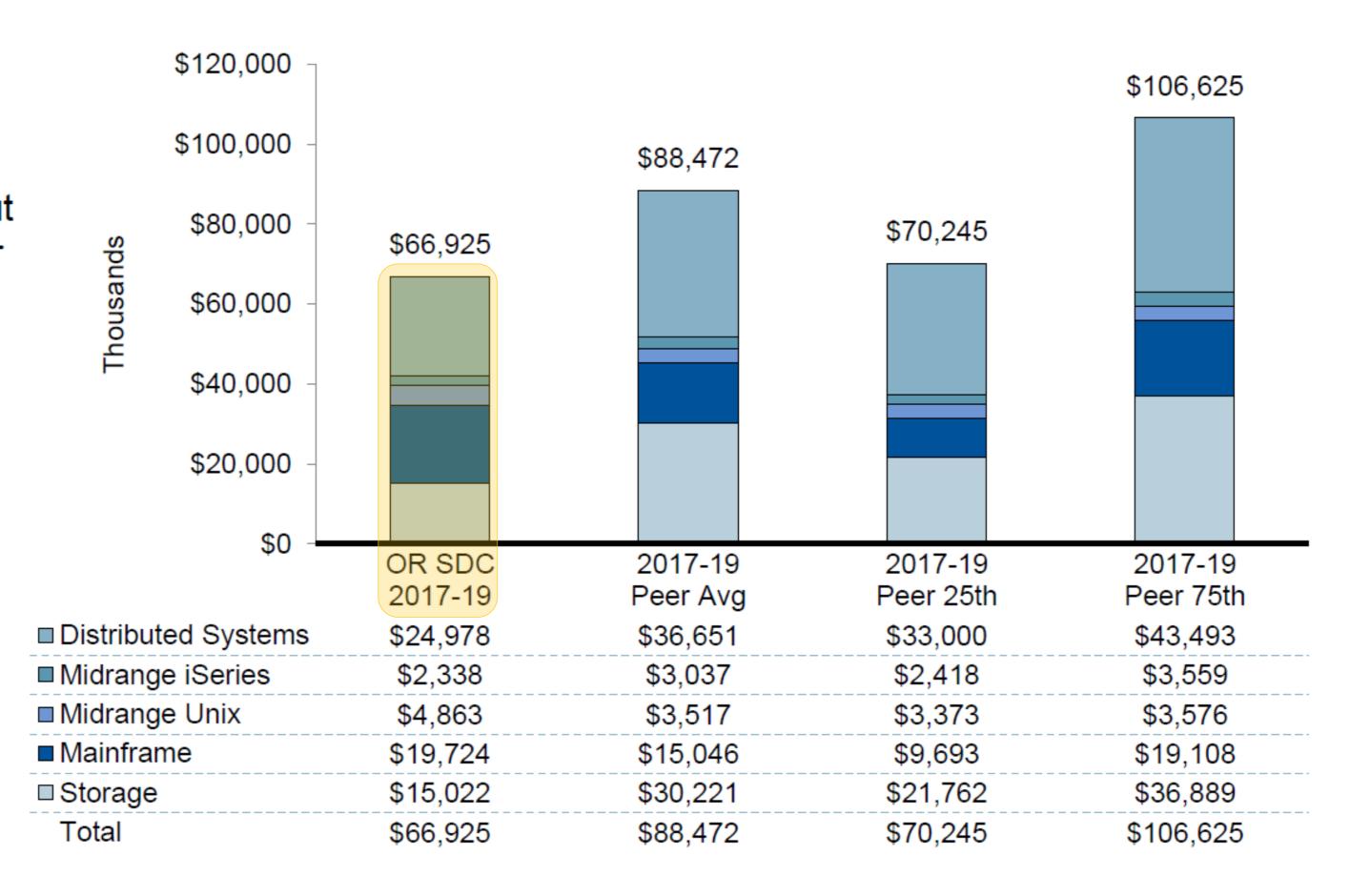




Executive Summary Total Revenue – 2017-19 Biennium (2017-19 Rate times 2017-19 Billed Units)

Total revenue for the 2017-19 biennium for the benchmarked data center services is about 24% less than the peer group average for comparable services. As in 2015-17, there are some significant variances among the services.

- Distributed Systems is 32% less.
- iSeries is 23% less.
- Unix is 38% greater.
- Mainframe is 31% greater.
- Storage is 50% less.



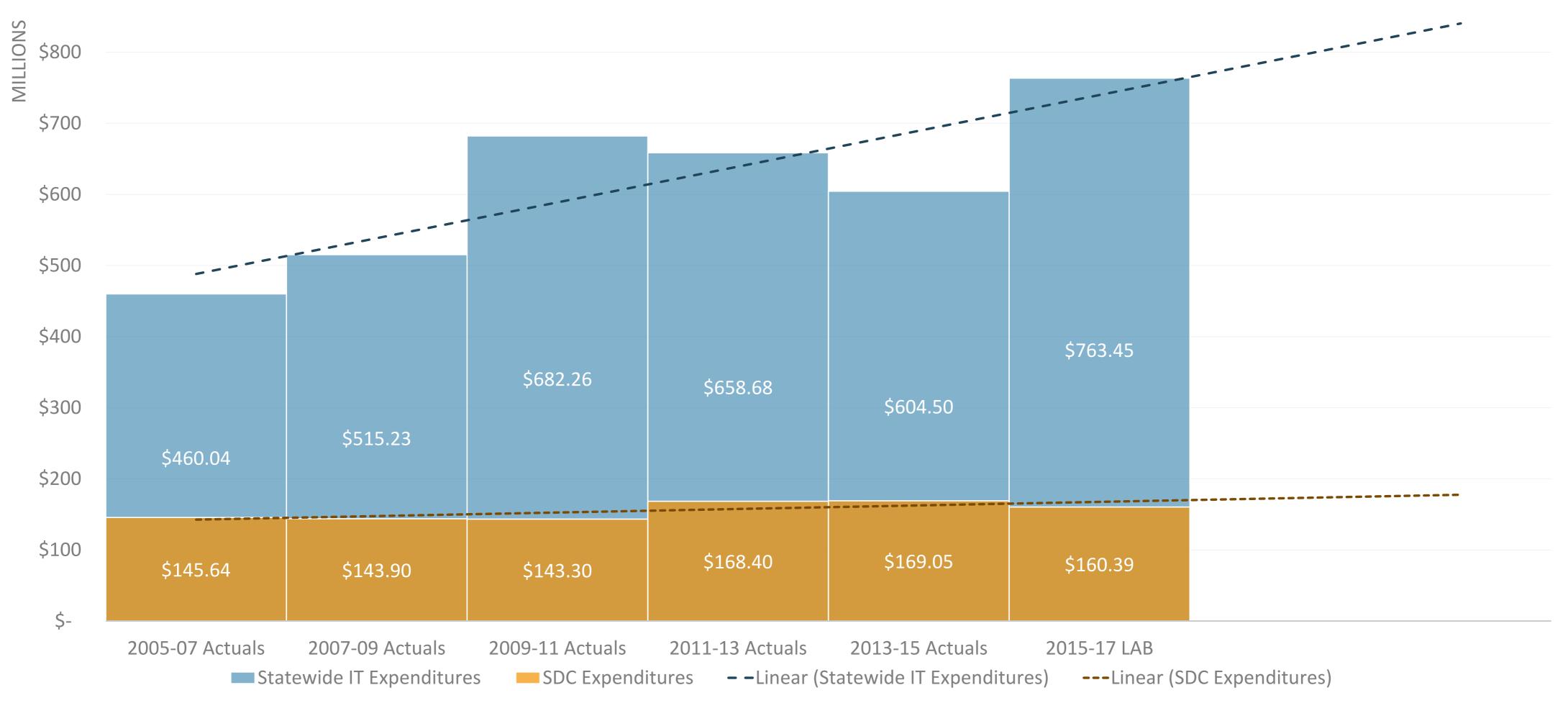






Non-Personnel Statewide IT Spending*

comparing non-personnel statewide IT spending (services and supplies) and SDC expenditures

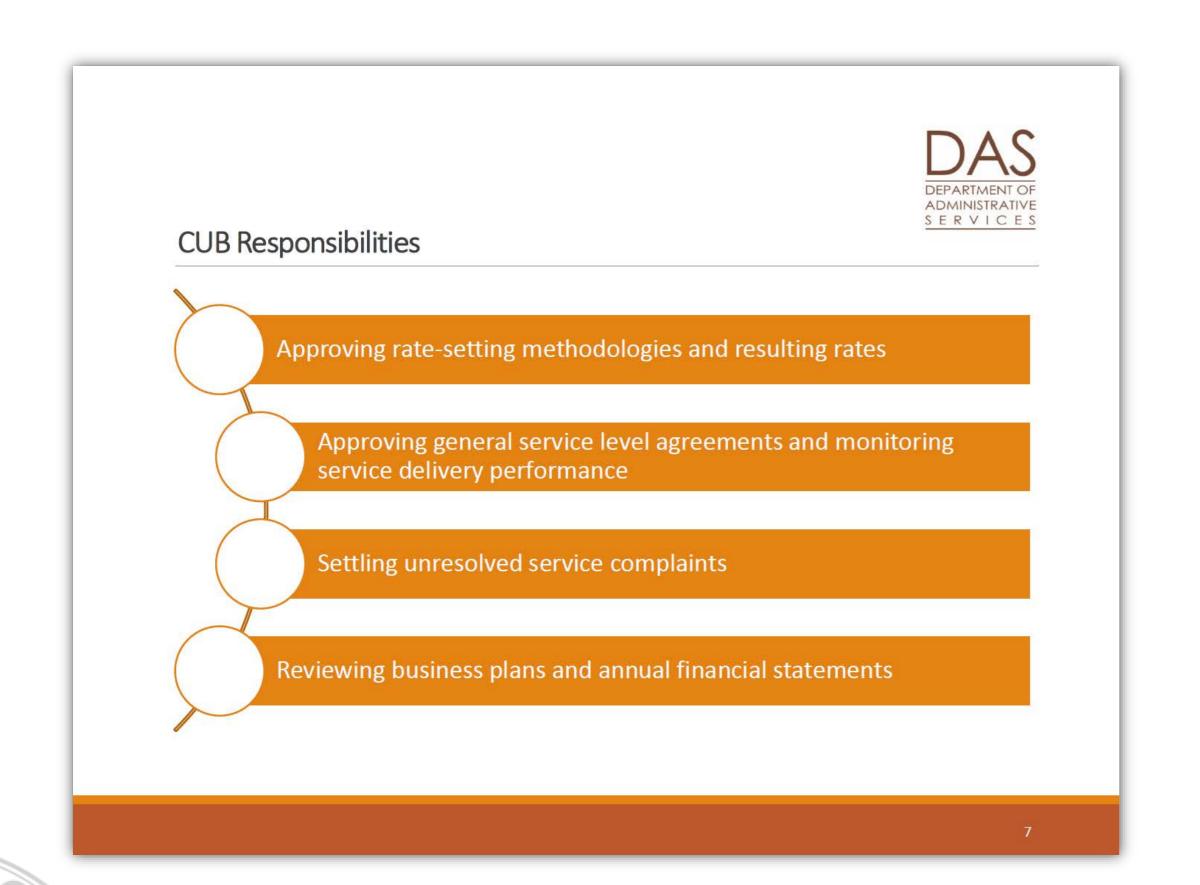


^{*} Limited to services and supplies – account numbers: 4200, 4250, 4315, 4250, 4315, 4715, 5550, 5600 and pricelist estimates for SDC expenses included in 4225.



ETS Customer Utility Board (CUB)

"exists to provide DAS' customers with a meaningful voice in the cost, type, quality, and quantity of utility services delivered"



CUB Leaders' Perspectives

Kurtis Danka, ETS CUB Chair and Chief Information Officer, ODOT





Chargeback Point of View General Chargeback Characteristics

 The optimum chargeback approach for a service is one that balances customer needs and service provider needs in your organization.

Customers look for the following elements in cost recovery approaches:

Simplicity

"Make what I'm paying for clear and simple to understand."

Fairness

"I'll pay my share, but I'm not paying for anyone else."

Predictability

"I'll pay what I need to, but don't increase the charge and put my budget at risk."

Controllability

"I may need to cut my budget, with some of the cut coming from IT."

Service Providers look for the following elements in cost recovery approaches:

Low Administrative Burden

"We need to easily track it and bill for it."







Cost Allocation

ETS rates blend fixed and variable costs and



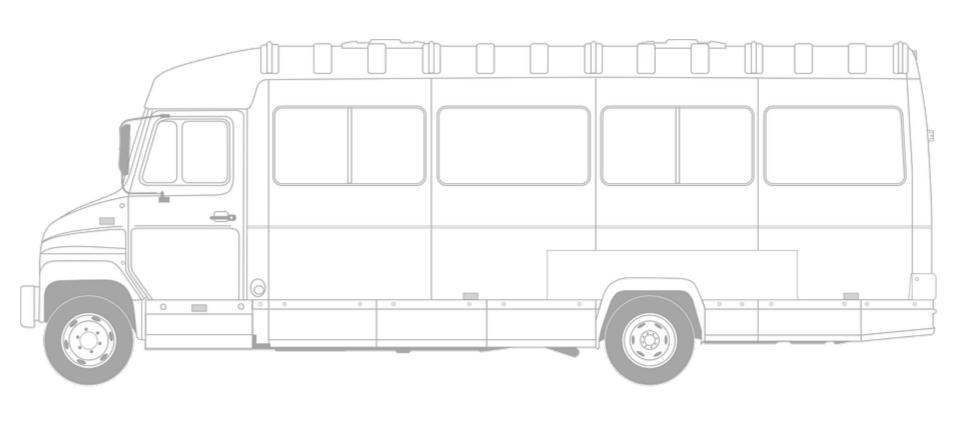
fixed costs. e.g., the state data center facility, network core, utilities and long-term contractual agreements (includes both "overhead" and "indirect" costs)

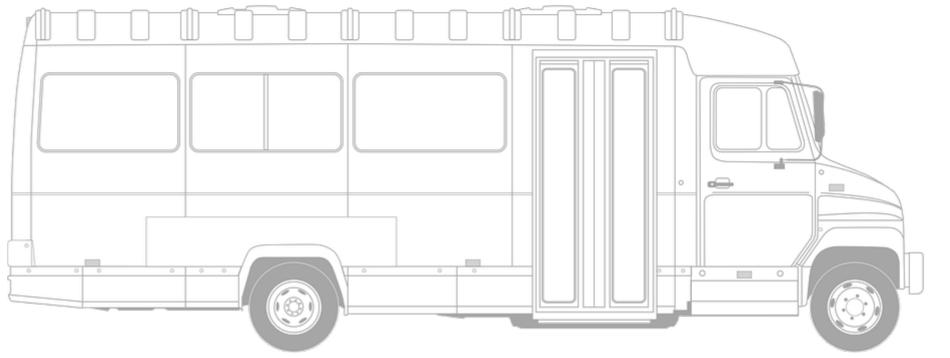


variable costs. costs associated with increased utilization of specific ETS services (includes both "direct" and "indirect" costs)



pass though. costs incurred on behalf of an agency on a dollar-fordollar basis (e.g., SQL licensing)













+ = Blended ETS Rates



2015-17 Rate-Setting

the ETS CUB proposed a new rate and assessment methodology

CUB Leadership Perspective.

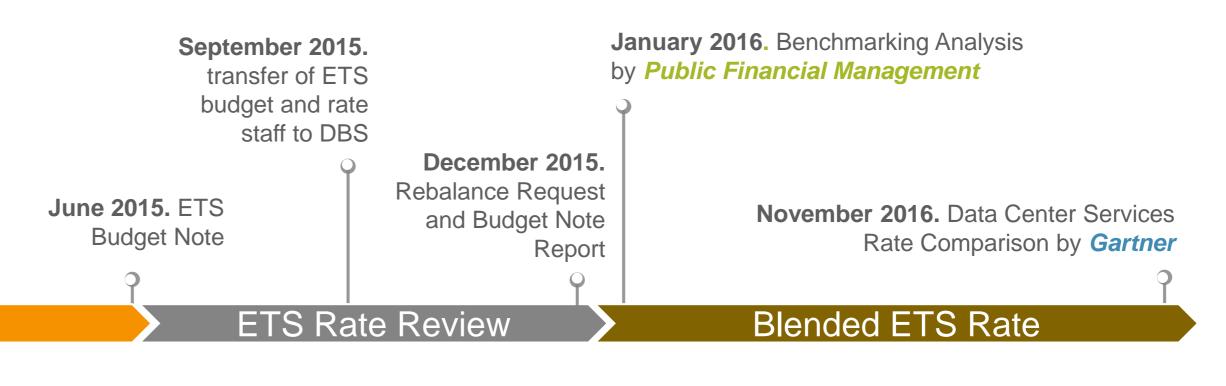
- Rate-setting. fulfilling the intent of the ETS CUB Charter
- Assessments. emphasis on use of assessments to increase predictability and reduce rate volatility
- Engagement. extensive engagement with agency stakeholders negatively impacted by changes
- IT Cost Transparency. visibility and increased control over spend





ETS Budget Note. SB 5502 (2015)

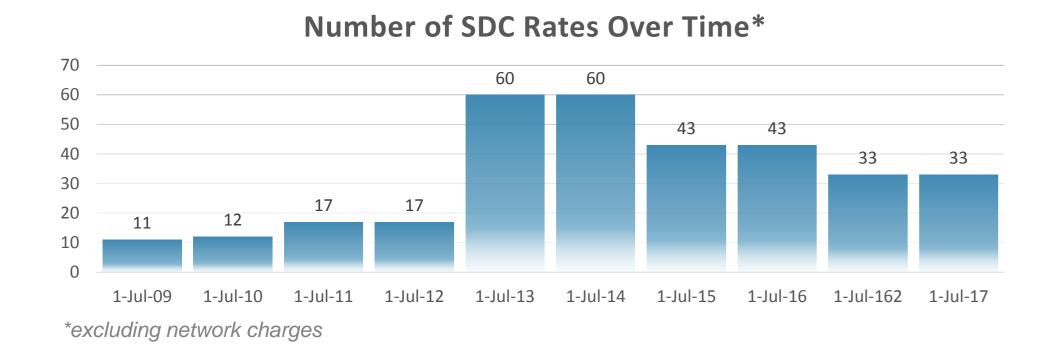
"Given the uncertainty involving which services Enterprise Technology Services will offer in the future due to the ongoing IT Common Service Delivery review currently underway and concerns over management of ETS which has led to numerous outside reviews and audits, the Subcommittee agreed to only partially fund the Enterprise Technology Services budget requests for 2015-17. The State Chief Information Officer (SCIO), through the Department of Administrative Services (DAS), shall return during the 2016 legislative session to the appropriate subcommittee of the Joint Ways and Means Committee with recommendations on changes to ETS information technology services provided, which services it will no longer offer and state agencies will then be responsible, the budgetary impact of these decisions on state agencies, as well as DAS, changes in ETS operations implemented or considered as a result of outside reviews and audits completed by the time of the report, and timelines for additional changes to ETS services or operations being contemplated and how those could affect budgets, In addition, SCIO shall recommend a new funding formula for ETS that refocuses charges to state agencies on fees for service and deemphasizes the use of assessments which fund all positions regardless of reductions in services delivered, show how reductions in services purchased by state agencies would be reflected in reductions in operating expenses, and include price list adjustments needed for implementation of a new revenue formula at the start of second year of the biennium."

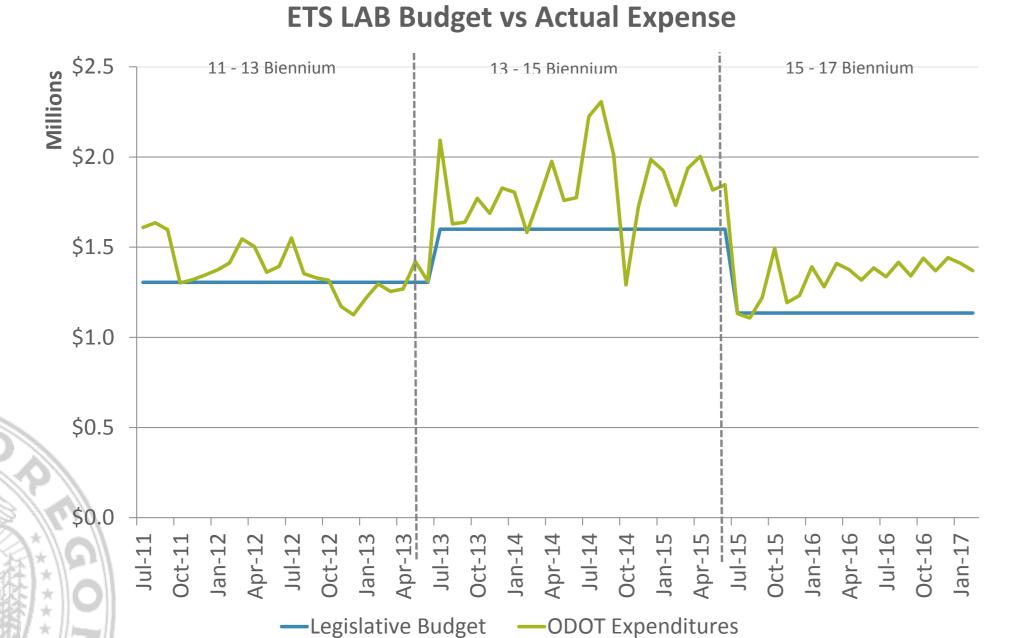


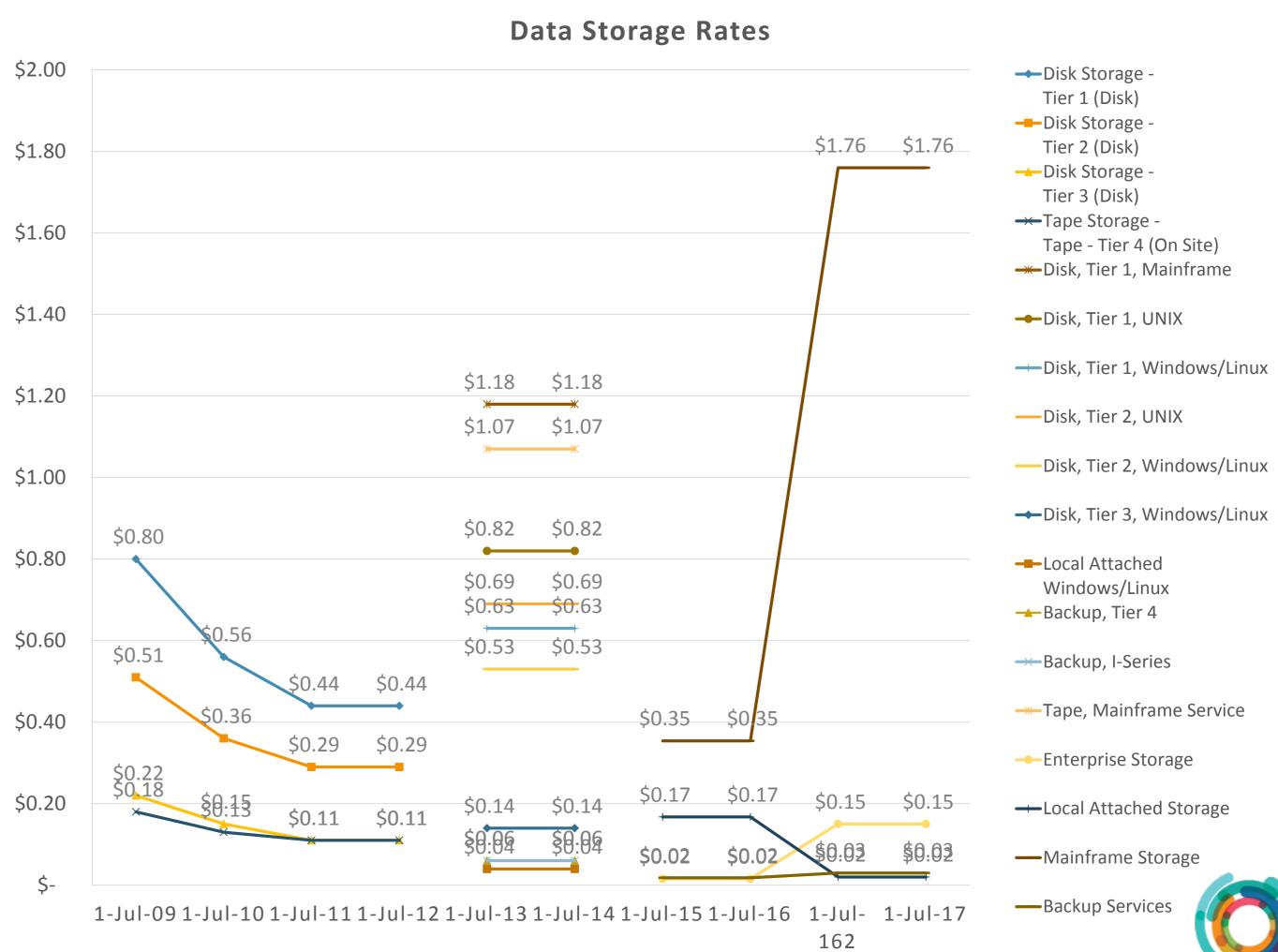


SDC Rates

inconsistent *methodologies*, changing *incentives* and *rate volatility*







SDC Mainframe Rates

the impact of *mainframe rate volatility* on ODOT

