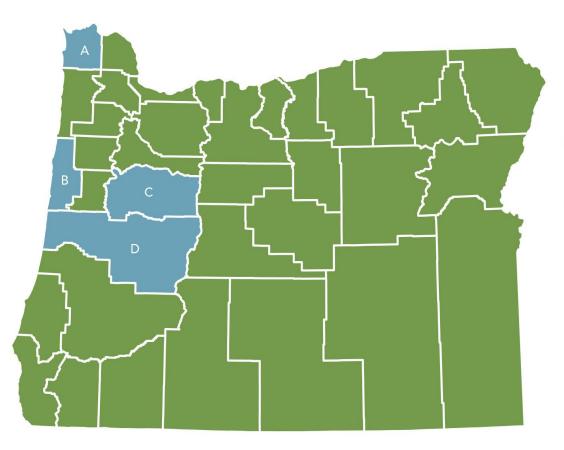


# Greenhouse Gas and Energy Intensity/Trade Exposure (EITE) Information for the Oregon Pulp and Paper Sector

#### Northwest Pulp & Paper Association

- 63 year-old regional trade association
- Represent 13 member companies and 16 mills in Oregon, Washington and Idaho
- Represent 3 companies and a total of 5 mills in Oregon
- Member mills produce over 8 millions tons of paper products each year
- Member mills provide approximately 10,000 predominantly union-backed, family wage jobs, paying an average of more than \$75,000/ year, plus benefits
- Oregon mills provide approximately 2000 of those jobs
- Member mills are located in economically stressed, rural communities and help sustain local economies by supporting 3 – 5 additional jobs for each mill job

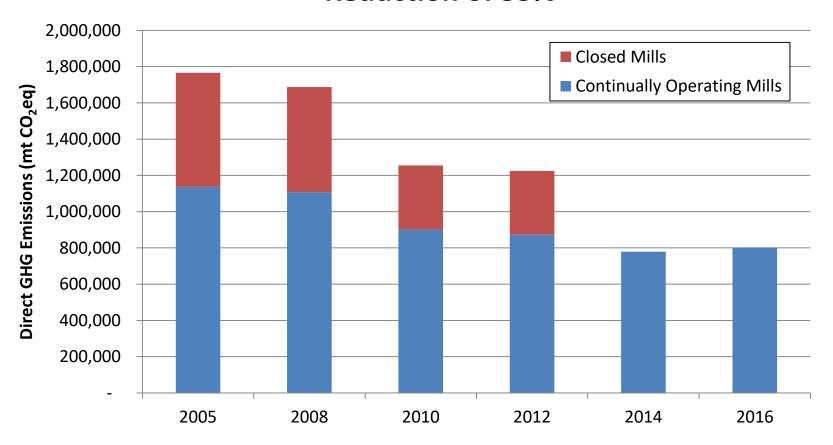
#### Oregon pulp and paper mills are located in rural, forested parts of the state



- A. CLATSOP COUNTY
  Georgia Pacific employs 800
  people in Wauna. It is the
  largest employer in Clatsop
  County.
- B. LINCOLN COUNTY
  Georgia Pacific is the largest
  employer in Lincoln County.
  The GP mill at Toledo
  employs 350 people.
- C. LINN COUNTY
  Georgia Pacific's mill in
  Halsey pays more than \$33
  million annually in wages and
  benefits.
  - Cascade Pacific is one of the largest taxpayers in the county.
- D. LANE COUNTY International Paper is among the largest taxpayers in Lane County.



# Direct GHG Emission Reductions for the Oregon Pulp and Paper Industry Reduction of 55%

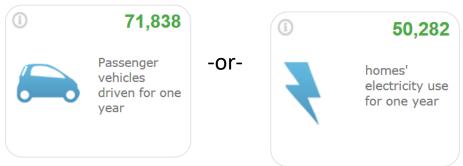


From: American Forest & Paper Association (AF&PA) Environmental, Health, and Safety (EHS) survey data and National Council for Air and Stream Improvement (NCASI) survey data

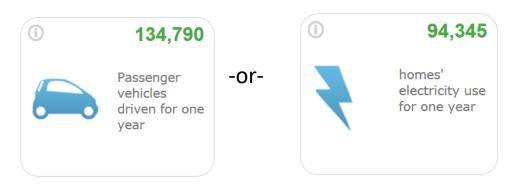


#### Direct GHG Emission Reductions for the Oregon Pulp and Paper Industry

- Approximately a million metric tons of reductions since 2005
- Reductions from continually operating mills equivalent to:



Reductions from closed mills equivalent to:





## Biomass, Combined Heat and Power and Hydropower

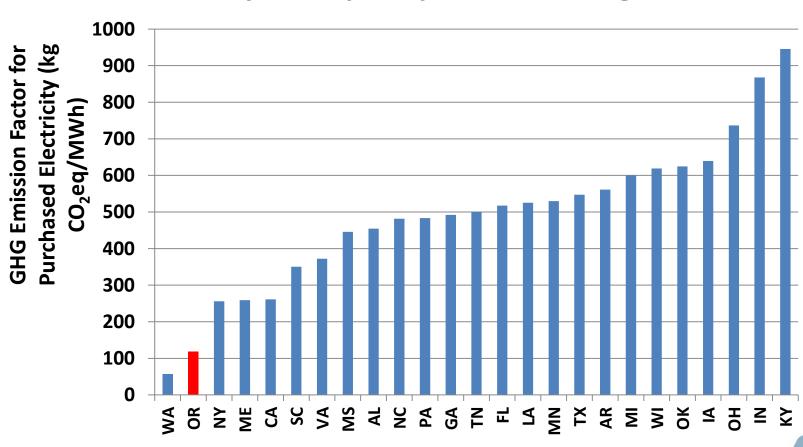
- Pulp and paper mills in Oregon utilize predominantly carbon-neutral, biomass-based CHP to efficiently generate electricity.
- 63% of onsite fuels used by the Oregon pulp and paper industry for energy generation are biomass based.
- Oregon's pulp and paper mills are served by consumer-owned utilities and utilize predominantly zero-carbon emitting hydropower.

## Energy Intensive, Trade Exposed (EITE) Production Leakage Summary

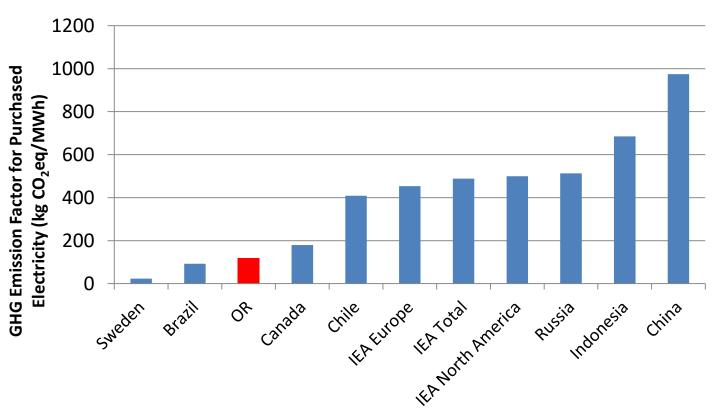
- Oregon is one of few locations in the world with significant forest resources AND access to low GHG emitting electricity
- Example: moving just 5% of the OR's P&P production would increase annual GHG emissions from purchased electricity by:
  - -8,000 mt CO<sub>2ea</sub> (Canadian average)
  - -116,000 mt CO<sub>2eq</sub> (Chinese average)

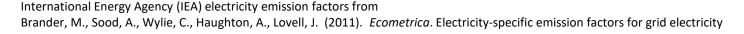


### **GHG Emission Factors for Purchased Electricity – Pulp/Paper Producing States**



# GHG Emission Factors for Purchased Electricity - Select Pulp and Paper Producing Countries with Export Potential







#### Pacific Northwest Pulp and Paper Mill Closures; 1993 – present

- 1993 Alaska Pulp Corporation, Sitka, AK
- 1995 Pope & Talbot's Puget Mill Co. in Port Gamble, WA
- 1997 Ketchikan Pulp Company, Ketchikan, AK
- 1997 Rayonier in Port Angeles, WA
- 1999 International Paper, Reedsport, OR
- 2000 Abitibi in Steilacoom, WA
- 2002 Ponderosa Fibers in Wallula, WA
- 2003 Weyerhaeuser Pulp mill, North Bend, OR
- 2007 Georgia-Pacific in Bellingham, WA
- 2008 Boise Cascade/Boise Inc.'s pulp and paper mill, St. Helens, OR
- 2009 International Paper in Albany, OR
- 2011 Abitibi in Ponderay, WA
- 2011 Blue Heron in Oregon City, OR
- 2012 Kimberly Clarke in Everett, WA
- 2014 Harbor Paper/Gray's Harbor Paper in Hoquiam, WA
- 2015 SP Fiber Technologies in Newberg, OR
- 2016 Nippon Paper Industries in Port Angeles, WA (purchased by McKinley Paper Co. and was slated to re-open late 2018 or early 2019)
- 2017 West Linn Paper Co. in West Linn, OR
- 2017 Georgia-Pacific pulp mill in Camas, WA 3Q 2018
- In Sept. 2017, Graphic Packaging closed its paperboard mill in Santa Barbara, CA. The last chemical pulp mill in the State of California closed in 2008. Since 2002, 16 mills have closed in California and current pulp and paper production is 44% of what it was in 2002.

