A-Engrossed House Bill 4074

Ordered by the House February 11 Including House Amendments dated February 11

Introduced and printed pursuant to House Rule 12.00. Presession filed (at the request of House Interim Committee on Judiciary)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Requires person adjudicated or found responsible except for insanity by juvenile court for act that, if committed by adult, would constitute felony sex crime to report as sex offender if juvenile court or Psychiatric Security Review Board jurisdiction over person ended prior to August 12, 2015, if jurisdiction ended after August 12, 2015, and before the effective date of Act or if ordered by court after hearing.

Directs Oregon Youth Authority or county juvenile department to register certain youth offenders or young persons if youth offender or young person is authorized to report to authority or department.

Modifies court hearing process to determine if person must report as sex offender if [juvenile court or board jurisdiction over person ended] person was adjudicated on or after August 12, 2015, or if person was adjudicated prior to August 12, 2015, but juvenile court or board jurisdiction will end after effective date of Act. Provides that person may waive hearing. Modifies timing of records and materials submitted to court for consideration.

Creates notice and hearing procedures for persons who were still under jurisdiction of juvenile court or board on August 12, 2015, but [who are no longer under jurisdiction] for whom jurisdiction ended after August 12, 2015, and before effective date of Act, to determine whether person must continue to report as sex offender. Requires person to begin reporting no later than 120 days after effective date of Act.

Modifies law regarding inspection or copying of record of case or supplemental confidential file in juvenile court proceeding. Provides procedure for certain persons or entities not authorized to inspect or copy record or file to obtain court order allowing inspection or copying. Applies to juvenile court proceedings pending or commenced before, on or after September 30, 2016.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT
2	Relating to juveniles; creating new provisions; amending ORS 163A.010, 163A.025, 163A.030,
3	163A.130, 163A.135 and 419A.255; and declaring an emergency.
4	Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
5	SECTION 1. ORS 163A.025 is amended to read:
6	163A.025. (1) [Unless the juvenile court enters an order under ORS 163A.130 or 163A.135 relieving
7	a person of the obligation to report as a sex offender, subsections (2) to (4) of this section apply to a
8	person] A person found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under ORS 419C.005,
9	or found by the juvenile court to be responsible except for insanity under ORS 419C.411, for
10	having committed an act that, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony sex crime
11	shall report as a sex offender as described in subsections (2) to (4) of this section, unless the
12	juvenile court enters an order under ORS 163A.130 or 163A.135 relieving the person of the
13	obligation to report, if:
14	(a) [Who] The person has been ordered under ORS 163A.030 to report as a sex offender; [or]

15 (b) The person was adjudicated, and the jurisdiction of the juvenile court or the Psychi-

1 atric Security Review Board over the person ended, prior to August 12, 2015;

2 (c) The person was adjudicated prior to August 12, 2015, and the jurisdiction of the juve-

3 nile court or the Psychiatric Security Review Board over the person ended after August 12,

4 2015, and before the effective date of this 2016 Act; or

5 [(b)] (d) [Who] **The person** has been found in a juvenile adjudication in another United States 6 court to have committed an act while the person was under 18 years of age that would constitute 7 a felony sex crime if committed in this state by an adult.

8 (2) A person described in subsection (1)(a) or (d) of this section, or a person described in 9 subsection (1)(c) of this section who did not make an initial report prior to the effective date 10 of this 2016 Act, who resides in this state shall make an initial report, in person, to the Department 11 of State Police, a city police department or a county sheriff's office as follows:

(a) The person shall report no later than 10 days after the date of the [termination of juvenile
court jurisdiction over the person or, if the person is placed under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric
Security Review Board, no later than 10 days after the date the person is discharged from the jurisdiction of the board; or] court order requiring the person to report under ORS 163A.030;

(b) If the person is adjudicated for the act giving rise to the obligation to report in another
United States court and the person is found to have committed an act that if committed by an adult
in this state would constitute:

19 (A) A Class A or Class B felony sex crime:

(i) If the person is not a resident of this state at the time of the adjudication, the person shall
make the initial report to the Department of State Police in Marion County, Oregon, no later than
10 days after the date the person moves into this state; or

(ii) If the person is a resident of this state at the time of the adjudication, the person shall make the initial report to the Department of State Police in Marion County, Oregon, no later than 10 days after the date the person is discharged, released or placed on probation or any other form of supervised or conditional release by the other United States court or, if the person is confined in a correctional facility by the other United States court, no later than 10 days after the date the person is discharged or otherwise released from the facility.

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(B) A Class C felony sex crime:

(i) If the person is not a resident of this state at the time of the adjudication, the person shall
make the initial report to the Department of State Police in Marion County, Oregon, no later than
six months after the date the person moves into this state; or

(ii) If the person is a resident of this state at the time of the adjudication, the person shall make the initial report to the Department of State Police in Marion County, Oregon, no later than 10 days after the date the person is discharged, released or placed on probation or any other form of supervised or conditional release by the other United States court or, if the person is confined in a correctional facility by the other United States court, no later than 10 days after the date the person is discharged or otherwise released from the facility[.]; or

(c) For persons described in subsection (1)(c) of this section who did not make an initial
report prior to the effective date of this 2016 Act, the person shall report no later than 120
days after the effective date of this 2016 Act.

42 (3) After making the initial report described in subsection (2) of this section[,] or, for a person
43 described in subsection (1)(c) of this section who made an initial report prior to the effective
44 date of this 2016 Act or a person described in subsection (1)(b) of this section, beginning after
45 the effective date of this 2016 Act, the person shall report, in person, to the Department of State

Police, a city police department or a county sheriff's office, in the county of the person's last re-1 2 ported residence: (a) Within 10 days of a change of residence; 3 (b) Once each year within 10 days of the person's birth date, regardless of whether the person 4 changed residence; 5 (c) Within 10 days of the first day the person works at, carries on a vocation at or attends an 6 7 institution of higher education; and (d) Within 10 days of a change in work, vocation or attendance status at an institution of higher 8 9 education. (4) When a person described in subsection (1) of this section attends school or works in this 10 state, resides in another state and is not otherwise required to report as a sex offender under this 11 12 section or ORS 163A.010, 163A.015 or 163A.020, the person shall report, in person, to the Depart-13 ment of State Police, a city police department or a county sheriff's office, in the county in which the person attends school or works, no later than 10 days after: 14 15 (a) The first day of school attendance or the 14th day of employment in this state; and 16 (b) A change in school enrollment or employment. 17 (5) The agency to which a person reports under this section shall complete a sex offender registration form concerning the person when the person reports under this section. 18 (6) As part of the registration and reporting requirements of this section: 19 (a) The person required to report shall: 20 (A) Provide the information necessary to complete the sex offender registration form and sign 21 22the form as required; and 23(B) Submit to the requirements described in paragraph (b) of this subsection. (b) The Department of State Police, Oregon Youth Authority, county juvenile department, city 94 police department or county sheriff's office: 25(A) Shall photograph the person when the person initially reports under this section and each 2627time the person reports annually under this section; (B) May photograph the person or any identifying scars, marks or tattoos located on the person 28when the person reports under any of the circumstances described in this section; and 2930 (C) Shall fingerprint the person if the person's fingerprints are not included in the record file 31 of the Department of State Police. (7) The obligation to report under this section is terminated if the adjudication that gave rise 32to the obligation is reversed or vacated. 33 34 (8) Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (3) of this section: 35(a) The Oregon Youth Authority may [register] authorize a youth offender committed to its custody and supervision by order of the juvenile court, or a person placed in its physical custody 36 37 under ORS 137.124 or any other provision of law, to report to the authority regardless of the youth offender's or the person's last reported residence. 38 (b) A county juvenile department may [register] authorize a youth offender or young person, as 39 those terms are defined in ORS 419A.004, to report to the department, regardless of the county 40 of the youth offender's or the young person's last reported residence. 41 (c) In the event that a person reports to the authority or the department under this 42 subsection, the authority or the department shall register the person. 43 SECTION 2. ORS 163A.030 is amended to read: 44 163A.030. (1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, the juvenile court shall 45

hold a hearing on the issue of reporting as a sex offender by a person who has been found to be 1 within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under ORS 419C.005, or found by the juvenile court to 2 be responsible except for insanity under ORS 419C.411, for having committed an act that if com-3 mitted by an adult would constitute a felony sex crime if: 4 $\mathbf{5}$ (A) The person was adjudicated on or after August 12, 2015; or (B) The person was adjudicated before August 12, 2015, and was still under the jurisdic-6 tion of the juvenile court or the Psychiatric Security Review Board on the effective date of 7 this 2016 Act. 8 9 (b) Unless the court continues the hearing described in this section for good cause, the 10 hearing [described in paragraph (a) of this subsection] must be held [during the six-month period before]: 11 12(A) During the six-month period before the termination of juvenile court jurisdiction over the 13 person; or (B) [The person is discharged from the jurisdiction of] During the six-month period after the 14 15 court receives the notice described in subsection (2) of this section from the Psychiatric Security Review Board, if the person was placed under the jurisdiction of the board. 16 17(c) The court shall notify the person of the person's right to a hearing under this section upon finding the person within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under ORS 419C.005. 18 19 [(d)] (2)(a) The county or state agency responsible for supervising the person shall notify the person and the juvenile court when the agency determines that termination of jurisdiction [will] 20is likely to occur within six months. 2122[(e) A petition requesting a hearing may be filed under this section by the person within six months 23of the termination date if the date has been set by the court, or within six months of the projected termination date provided to the person by the supervising agency.] 24 25(b) If the Psychiatric Security Review Board discharges a person prior to the end of the board's jurisdiction over the person, the board shall notify the juvenile court within three 2627business days after the discharge date. (3) Upon receipt of the notice described in subsection (2) of this section, the court shall: 28(a) Appoint an attorney for the person as described in subsection (4) of this section; 2930 (b) Set an initial hearing date; and 31 (c) Notify the parties and the juvenile department or the Psychiatric Security Review Board, if the department or board is supervising or has jurisdiction over the person, of the 32hearing at least 60 days before the hearing date. 33 34 (4)(a) A person who is the subject of a hearing under this section has the right to be represented by a suitable attorney possessing skills and experience commensurate with the 35nature and complexity of the case, to consult with the attorney prior to the hearing and, if 36 37 financially eligible, to have a suitable attorney appointed at state expense. 38 (b) In order to comply with the right to counsel under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the court may: 39 40 (A) Continue the appointment of the attorney appointed under ORS 419C.200 at the time of disposition; 41

(B) Set a date prior to the hearing under this section in order to reappoint the attorney
 appointed under ORS 419C.200; or

44 (C) Appoint or reappoint an attorney at any time in response to a request by the person
45 who is the subject of a hearing under this section.

[(2)] (5)(a) The district attorney shall notify the victim prior to the hearing of the right to ap-1 2 pear and the right to be heard under ORS 419C.273. (b) If the person is under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board, the 3 board shall notify the following of the hearing: 4 $\mathbf{5}$ (A) The mental health agency providing services to the person, if any; (B) The person's board defense attorney; and 6 (C) The assistant attorney general representing the state at board hearings. 7 (6)(a) A person may waive the right to the hearing described in this section after con-8 9 sultation with the person's attorney. If the court finds that the person has knowingly waived the right to a hearing, the court shall enter an order requiring the person to report as a sex 10 offender under ORS 163A.025. 11 12 (b) If a person fails to appear at a hearing described in this section, the court may enter an order requiring the person to report as a sex offender under ORS 163A.025. 13 [(3)] (7) At the hearing described in subsection (1) of this section: 14 15 (a) The district attorney, the victim, the person and the juvenile [court counselor] department or a representative of the Oregon Youth Authority shall have an opportunity to be heard. 16 (b) The person who is the subject of the hearing has the burden of proving by clear and con-17 18 vincing evidence that the person is rehabilitated and does not pose a threat to the safety of the public. If the court finds that the person has not met the burden of proof, the court shall enter an 19 20 order requiring the person to report as a sex offender under ORS 163A.025. [(4)] (8) In determining whether the person has met the burden of proof, the juvenile court may 21 22consider but need not be limited to considering: 23(a) The extent and impact of any physical or emotional injury to the victim; (b) The nature of the act that subjected the person to the duty of reporting as a sex offender; 94 (c) Whether the person used or threatened to use force in committing the act; 25(d) Whether the act was premeditated; 26(e) Whether the person took advantage of a position of authority or trust in committing the act; 27(f) The age of any victim at the time of the act, the age difference between any victim and the 28person and the number of victims; 2930 (g) The vulnerability of the victim; 31 (h) Other acts committed by the person that would be crimes if committed by an adult and 32criminal activities engaged in by the person before and after the adjudication; (i) Statements, documents and recommendations by or on behalf of the victim or the parents of 33 34 the victim: 35(j) The person's willingness to accept personal responsibility for the act and personal account-36 ability for the consequences of the act; 37 (k) The person's ability and efforts to pay the victim's expenses for counseling and other 38 trauma-related expenses or other efforts to mitigate the effects of the act; (L) Whether the person has participated in and satisfactorily completed a sex offender treatment 39 program or any other intervention, and if so the juvenile court may also consider: 40 (A) The availability, duration and extent of the treatment activities; 41 (B) Reports and recommendations from the providers of the treatment; 42 (C) The person's compliance with court, board or supervision requirements regarding treatment; 43 and 44

45 (D) The quality and thoroughness of the treatment program;

[5]

1 (m) The person's academic and employment history;

2 (n) The person's use of drugs or alcohol before and after the adjudication;

3 (o) The person's history of public or private indecency;

4 (p) The person's compliance with and success in completing the terms of supervision;

5 (q) The results of psychological examinations of the person;

6 (r) The protection afforded the public by [the continued existence of the] records of sex offender

7 **registration**; and

8 (s) Any other relevant factors.

9 [(5)] (9) In a hearing under this section, the juvenile court may receive testimony, reports and 10 other evidence, without regard to whether the evidence is admissible under ORS 40.010 to 40.210 11 and 40.310 to 40.585, if the evidence is relevant evidence related to the determination and findings 12 required under this section. As used in this subsection, "relevant evidence" has the meaning given 13 that term in ORS 40.150.

14 [(6)(a)] (10)(a) In a hearing under this section, [the juvenile court shall review] the Oregon 15 Youth Authority or the juvenile department, if either agency is supervising the person, or 16 the Psychiatric Security Review Board, if the board has jurisdiction over the person, shall 17 file with the juvenile court the following records and materials in the possession of the 18 agency or board at least 45 days prior to the hearing unless good cause is shown:

(A) Evaluations and treatment records concerning the person conducted by a clinician or program operating under the standards of practice for the evaluation and treatment of juvenile sex offenders adopted by the Sex Offender Treatment Board under ORS 675.400, and recommendations contained therein regarding the need for the person to register in order to protect the public from future sex crimes; [and]

(B) All examination preparation material and examination records from polygraph examinations
 conducted by or for the treatment provider, juvenile department or Oregon Youth Authority[.]; and

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(C) The Psychiatric Security Review Board exhibit file.

(b) Any records and materials [to be reviewed by] filed with the court under this subsection shall be [released and disclosed to the court, district attorney, person's attorney and to the Oregon Youth Authority or juvenile department that is responsible for the supervision of the person,] made available to the parties, in accordance with ORS 419A.255, no less than [15] 30 days prior to any hearing held under this section unless good cause is shown.

[(7)] (11) When the juvenile court enters an order described in subsection [(3)(b)] (7)(b) of this section, the court shall ensure that the person completes a form that documents the person's obligation to report under ORS 163A.025. No later than three business days after the person completes the form required by this subsection, the court shall ensure that the form is sent to the Department of State Police.

37 [(8)(a) A person who is the subject of a hearing under this section has the right to be represented 38 by suitable legal counsel possessing skills and experience commensurate with the nature and complexity 39 of the case, to consult with counsel prior to the hearing and, if financially eligible, to have suitable 40 counsel appointed at state expense.]

41 [(b) In order to comply with the right to counsel under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the court 42 may:]

43 [(A) Continue the appointment of the attorney appointed under ORS 419C.200 at the time of dis-44 position;]

45 [(B) Set a date prior to the hearing under this section in order to reappoint the attorney appointed

1 under ORS 419C.200; or]

2 [(C) Appoint or reappoint an attorney at any time in response to a request by the person who is 3 the subject of a hearing under this section.]

4 [(9)] (12) Notwithstanding ORS 419C.005 (4)(c), (d) and (e), the juvenile court retains jurisdiction 5 over a person for purposes of this section.

6 (13) As used in this section, "parties" means the person, the state as represented by the 7 district attorney or the juvenile department, and the Oregon Youth Authority or other child 8 care agency, if the person is temporarily committed to the authority or agency.

9 <u>SECTION 3.</u> (1) A person found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under 10 ORS 419C.005, or found by the juvenile court to be responsible except for insanity under ORS 11 419C.411, for having committed an act that, if committed by an adult, would constitute a 12 felony sex crime, who was adjudicated before August 12, 2015, and was still under the juris-13 diction of the juvenile court on August 12, 2015, and who ceased to be under the jurisdiction 14 of the juvenile court before the effective date of this 2016 Act, is entitled to a hearing on the 15 issue of reporting as a sex offender as described in this section.

(2)(a) A county or state agency that was responsible for supervising or that had jurisdiction over a person described in subsection (1) of this section while the person was under juvenile court or Psychiatric Security Review Board jurisdiction shall, within 90 days of the effective date of this 2016 Act:

(A) Send written notice of the right to a hearing to the last-known address of the person and to the person's most recent attorney of record, if available. The notice shall inform the person that, in order to have a hearing, the person must file a written request for the hearing with the juvenile court. The notice must also inform the person that the person shall report as required under ORS 163A.025 beginning 120 days after the effective date of this 2016 Act.

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(B) Send written notice to the juvenile court identifying the person.

(b) Upon receiving the notice described in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the court
shall appoint an attorney for the person for the limited purpose of assisting the person to
decide whether to file, and to file, a request for a hearing under this section.

30 (3) Upon receiving a written request from a person for a hearing under this section, and 31 after confirming the person's eligibility for the hearing, the court shall:

32 33 (a) Appoint an attorney for the person in accordance with ORS 163A.030 (4);

(b) Set an initial hearing date within six months after receiving the request; and

(c) Notify the parties and the juvenile department or the Psychiatric Security Review
 Board, if the department or board supervised or had jurisdiction over the person, of the
 hearing date.

(4)(a) The district attorney shall notify the victim prior to a hearing under this section
 of the right to appear and the right to be heard under ORS 419C.273.

(b) If the person was under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board, the
 board shall notify the following of the hearing:

41 (A) The mental health agency providing services to the person, if any;

42 (B) The person's board defense attorney; and

43 (C) The assistant attorney general representing the state at board hearings.

44 (5) A person may waive the right to the hearing described in this section after consul-45 tation with the person's attorney. If the court finds that the person has knowingly waived

the right to a hearing, the court shall enter an order requiring the person to report as a sex 1 2 offender as required under ORS 163A.025 and shall send a certified copy of the order to the **Department of State Police.** 3 (6) At the hearing described in subsection (1) of this section: 4 (a) The district attorney, the victim, the person and the juvenile department or a repre-5 sentative of the Oregon Youth Authority shall have an opportunity to be heard. 6 (b) The person who is the subject of the hearing has the burden of proving by clear and 7 convincing evidence that the person is rehabilitated and does not pose a threat to the safety 8 9 of the public. If the court finds that the person has not met the burden of proof, the court shall enter an order requiring the person to report as a sex offender as required under ORS 10 163A.025. 11 12(7) In determining whether the person has met the burden of proof, the juvenile court 13 may consider but need not be limited to considering: (a) The extent and impact of any physical or emotional injury to the victim; 14 15 (b) The nature of the act that subjected the person to the duty of reporting as a sex offender: 16 17(c) Whether the person used or threatened to use force in committing the act; 18 (d) Whether the act was premeditated; (e) Whether the person took advantage of a position of authority or trust in committing 19 the act; 20(f) The age of any victim at the time of the act, the age difference between any victim 21 22and the person, and the number of victims; 23(g) The vulnerability of the victim; (h) Other acts committed by the person that would be crimes if committed by an adult 94 and criminal activities engaged in by the person before and after the adjudication; 25(i) Statements, documents and recommendations by or on behalf of the victim or the 2627parents of the victim; (j) The person's willingness to accept personal responsibility for the act and personal 28 accountability for the consequences of the act; 2930 (k) The person's ability and efforts to pay the victim's expenses for counseling and other 31 trauma-related expenses or other efforts to mitigate the effects of the act; (L) Whether the person has participated in and satisfactorily completed a sex offender 32treatment program or any other intervention and, if so, the juvenile court may also consider: 33 34 (A) The availability, duration and extent of the treatment activities; (B) Reports and recommendations from the providers of the treatment; 35(C) The person's compliance with court, board or supervision requirements regarding 36 37 treatment; and (D) The quality and thoroughness of the treatment program; 38 (m) The person's academic and employment history; 39 (n) The person's use of drugs or alcohol before and after the adjudication; 40 (o) The person's history of public or private indecency; 41 (p) The person's compliance with and success in completing the terms of supervision; 42 (q) The results of psychological examinations of the person; 43 (r) The protection afforded the public by records of sex offender registration; and 44 (s) Any other relevant factors. 45

1 (8) In a hearing under this section, the juvenile court may receive testimony, reports and 2 other evidence, without regard to whether the evidence is admissible under ORS 40.010 to 3 40.210 and 40.310 to 40.585, if the evidence is relevant evidence, as defined in ORS 40.150, re-4 lated to the determination and findings required under this section.

5 (9)(a) In a hearing under this section, the Oregon Youth Authority or the juvenile de-6 partment, if either agency supervised the person, or the Psychiatric Security Review Board, 7 if the board had jurisdiction over the person, shall file with the juvenile court the following 8 records and materials in the possession of the agency or board at least 45 days prior to the 9 hearing unless good cause is shown:

(A) Evaluations and treatment records concerning the person conducted or maintained
by a clinician or program operating under the standards of practice for the evaluation and
treatment of juvenile sex offenders adopted by the Sex Offender Treatment Board under ORS
675.400, and recommendations contained in the evaluations and treatment records regarding
the need for the person to register in order to protect the public from future sex crimes;

(B) All examination preparation material and examination records from polygraph ex aminations conducted by or for the treatment provider, juvenile department or Oregon
 Youth Authority; and

(C) The Psychiatric Security Review Board exhibit file.

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(b) Any records and materials filed with the court under this subsection shall be made
 available to the parties in accordance with ORS 419A.255 no less than 30 days prior to any
 hearing held under this section unless good cause is shown.

(10) When the juvenile court enters an order described in subsection (5) or (6)(b) of this section, the court shall ensure that the person completes a form that documents the person's obligation to report under ORS 163A.025. No later than three business days after the person completes the form required by this subsection, the court shall ensure that the form is sent to the Department of State Police.

(11) Notwithstanding ORS 419C.005 (4)(c), (d) and (e), the juvenile court retains jurisdic tion over a person for purposes of this section.

(12) If the court finds that the person has met the burden of proof as described in subsection (6)(b) of this section, the court shall enter an order that the person is not required to report as a sex offender and shall send a certified copy of the order to the Department of State Police.

(13) If the court has not received a written request for a hearing prior to July 1, 2018,
 the person may not request a hearing under this section.

(14) As used in this section, "parties" means the person, the state as represented by the
 district attorney or the juvenile department, and the Oregon Youth Authority or other child
 care agency, if the person was committed to the authority or agency.

SECTION 4. ORS 163A.010 is amended to read:

39 163A.010. (1) The agency to which a person reports under subsection (3) of this section shall
40 complete a sex offender registration form concerning the person when the person reports under
41 subsection (3) of this section.

42 (2) Subsection (3) of this section applies to a person who:

(a) Is discharged, paroled or released on any form of supervised or conditional release from a
jail, prison or other correctional facility or detention facility in this state at which the person was
confined as a result of:

[9]

1 (A) Conviction of a sex crime or a crime for which the person would have to register as a sex 2 offender under federal law; or

3 (B) Having been found guilty except for insanity of a sex crime;

4 (b) Is paroled to this state under ORS 144.610 after being convicted in another United States 5 court of a crime:

(A) That would constitute a sex crime if committed in this state; or

(B) For which the person would have to register as a sex offender in that court's jurisdiction,

8 or as required under federal law, regardless of whether the crime would constitute a sex crime in
9 this state; or

10 (c) Is discharged by the court under ORS 161.329 after having been found guilty except for in-11 sanity of a sex crime.

(3)(a) A person described in subsection (2) of this section shall report, in person, to the Depart ment of State Police, a city police department or a county sheriff's office, in the county to which the
 person was discharged, paroled or released or in which the person was otherwise placed:

(A) Within 10 days following discharge, release on parole, post-prison supervision or other
 supervised or conditional release;

17 (B) Within 10 days of a change of residence;

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(C) Once each year within 10 days of the person's birth date, regardless of whether the personchanged residence;

20 (D) Within 10 days of the first day the person works at, carries on a vocation at or attends an 21 institution of higher education; and

(E) Within 10 days of a change in work, vocation or attendance status at an institution of higher
 education.

(b) If a person required to report under this subsection has complied with the initial reporting requirement under paragraph (a)(A) of this subsection, the person shall subsequently report, in person, in the circumstances specified in paragraph (a) of this subsection, as applicable, to the Department of State Police, a city police department or a county sheriff's office, in the county of the person's last reported residence.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection, during the period of supervision or custody authorized by law, the Oregon Youth Authority may [*register*] **authorize** a youth offender committed to its supervision and custody by order of the juvenile court or a person placed in its physical custody under ORS 137.124 or any other provision of law **to report to the authority regardless of the youth offender's or the person's last reported residence**.

(d) In the event that a person reports to the authority under this subsection, the au thority shall register the person.

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[(d)] (e) The obligation to report under this subsection terminates if the conviction or adjudication that gave rise to the obligation is reversed or vacated or if the registrant is pardoned.

38 (4) As part of the registration and reporting requirements of this section:

39 (a) The person required to report shall:

40 (A) Provide the information necessary to complete the sex offender registration form and sign 41 the form as required; and

42 (B) Submit to the requirements described in paragraph (b) of this subsection.

43 (b) The Department of State Police, Oregon Youth Authority, city police department or county44 sheriff's office:

45 (A) Shall photograph the person when the person initially reports under this section and each

1 time the person reports annually under this section;

2 (B) May photograph the person or any identifying scars, marks or tattoos located on the person 3 when the person reports under any of the circumstances described in this section; and

4 (C) Shall fingerprint the person if the person's fingerprints are not included in the record file 5 of the Department of State Police.

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SECTION 5. ORS 163A.130 is amended to read:

7 163A.130. (1) A person required to report as a sex offender under ORS 163A.025 (1)(a), (b) or 8 (c), or required to report as a sex offender under the laws of another state as a result of an adju-9 dication in an Oregon juvenile court, may file a petition for an order relieving the person of the 10 obligation to report. The person must pay the filing fee established under ORS 21.135. If the person 11 resides:

(a) In this state and is required to report under ORS 163A.025 (2) or (3), the petition must be
 filed in the juvenile court in which the person was adjudicated for the act that requires reporting.

(b) In another state and is required to report under ORS 163A.025 (4), the petition must be filed
 in the juvenile court in the county in which the person attends school or works.

(c) In another state and is required to report under the laws of the other state, the petition must
be filed in the juvenile court in which the person was adjudicated for the act that requires reporting.
(2) If the act giving rise to the obligation to report would constitute:

(a) A Class A or Class B felony sex crime if committed by an adult, the petition may be filed
no sooner than two years after the termination of juvenile court jurisdiction over the person or, if
the person is placed under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board, no sooner than
two years after the person is discharged from the jurisdiction of the board.

(b) A Class C felony sex crime if committed by an adult, the petition may be filed no sooner than 30 days before the termination of juvenile court jurisdiction over the person or, if the person is placed under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board, no sooner than 30 days before the person is discharged from the jurisdiction of the board.

(3)(a) The juvenile court in which a petition under this section is filed may transfer the matter
to the juvenile court of the county that last supervised the person if the court determines that the
convenience of the parties, the victim and witnesses require the transfer.

(b) The juvenile court has exclusive original jurisdiction in any proceeding under this section.

(c) The person, the district attorney and the juvenile department are parties to a hearing on a
 petition filed under this section.

(4) The person filing the petition has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the person is rehabilitated and does not pose a threat to the safety of the public. In determining whether the person has met the burden of proof, the juvenile court may consider but need not be limited to considering:

37 (a) The extent and impact of any physical or emotional injury to the victim;

(b) The nature of the act that subjected the person to the obligation of reporting as a sexoffender;

40 (c) Whether the person used or threatened to use force in committing the act;

41 (d) Whether the act was premeditated;

42 (e) Whether the person took advantage of a position of authority or trust in committing the act;

(f) The age of any victim at the time of the act, the age difference between any victim and theperson and the number of victims;

45 (g) The vulnerability of the victim;

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(h) Other acts committed by the person that would be crimes if committed by an adult and 1 2 criminal activities engaged in by the person before and after the adjudication; (i) Statements, documents and recommendations by or on behalf of the victim or the parents of 3 the victim; 4 (j) The person's willingness to accept personal responsibility for the act and personal account-5 ability for the consequences of the act; 6 7 (k) The person's ability and efforts to pay the victim's expenses for counseling and other trauma-related expenses or other efforts to mitigate the effects of the act; 8 9 (L) Whether the person has participated in and satisfactorily completed a sex offender treatment program or any other intervention, and if so the juvenile court may also consider: 10 (A) The availability, duration and extent of the treatment activities; 11 12(B) Reports and recommendations from the providers of the treatment; 13 (C) The person's compliance with court, board or supervision requirements regarding treatment; and 14 15 (D) The quality and thoroughness of the treatment program; (m) The person's academic and employment history; 16 (n) The person's use of drugs or alcohol before and after the adjudication; 17 (o) The person's history of public or private indecency; 18 (p) The person's compliance with and success in completing the terms of supervision; 19 (q) The results of psychological examinations of the person; 20(r) The protection afforded the public by the continued existence of the records; and 21 (s) Any other relevant factors. 22(5) In a hearing under this section, the juvenile court may receive testimony, reports and other 23evidence without regard to whether the evidence is admissible under ORS 40.010 to 40.210 and 24 40.310 to 40.585 if the evidence is relevant to the determination and findings required under this 25section. As used in this subsection, "relevant evidence" has the meaning given that term in ORS 262740.150. (6) When a petition is filed under this section, the state has the right to have a psychosexual 28evaluation of the person conducted. The state shall file notice with the juvenile court of its intention 2930 to have the person evaluated. If the person objects to the evaluator chosen by the state, the juvenile 31 court for good cause shown may direct the state to select a different evaluator. (7) As soon as practicable after a petition has been filed under this section, the district attorney 32or juvenile department shall make a reasonable effort to notify the victim of the crime that the 33 34 person has filed a petition seeking relief under this section and, if the victim has requested, to in-35form the victim of the date, time and place of a hearing on the petition in advance of the hearing. (8)(a) When a petition filed under this section is filed: 36 37 (A) While the person is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court or the Psychiatric Security Review Board or less than three years after the date the jurisdiction is terminated, the court shall 38 hold a hearing no sooner than 60 days and no later than 120 days after the date of filing. 39 (B) Three years or more after the date the juvenile court or board jurisdiction is terminated, the 40 court shall hold a hearing no sooner than 90 days and no later than 150 days after the date of filing. 41 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, upon a showing of good cause, the court 42

43 may extend the period of time in which a hearing on the petition must be held.

(9)(a) When the person proves by clear and convincing evidence that the person is rehabilitated
and does not pose a threat to the safety of the public, the court shall grant the petition.

1 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, the court may not grant a petition filed 2 under this section before the date the juvenile court or board jurisdiction over the person is termi-3 nated.

4 (10) When a juvenile court enters an order relieving a person of the requirement to report under 5 ORS 163A.025, the person shall send a certified copy of the juvenile court order to the Department 6 of State Police.

7 (11) If a person commits an act that could be charged as a sex crime listed in ORS 137.707 and 8 the person is 15, 16 or 17 years of age at the time the act is committed, the state and the person 9 may stipulate that the person may not petition for relief under this section as part of an agreement 10 that the person be subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court rather than being prosecuted as 11 an adult under ORS 137.707.

(12) When a petition is filed under subsection (2)(b) of this section before the termination of juvenile court or board jurisdiction, if the person, or the parent or guardian of the person if the person is less than 18 years of age, requests counsel and is without sufficient financial means to employ suitable counsel to represent the person, for purposes of the petition described in this section, the court shall appoint suitable counsel to represent the person. Appointment of counsel under this subsection is subject to ORS 419C.200, 419C.203, 419C.206 and 419C.209.

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SECTION 6. ORS 163A.135 is amended to read:

19 163A.135. (1) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, a person required to report 20 under ORS 163A.025 [(1)(b)] (1)(d) may file a petition in the juvenile court for an order relieving the 21 person of the duty to report. The person must pay the filing fee established under ORS 21.135. If the 22 person resides:

(a) In this state and is required to report under ORS 163A.025 (2) or (3), the petition must be
 filed in the juvenile court of the county in which the person resides.

(b) In another state and is required to report under ORS 163A.025 (4), the petition must be filed in the juvenile court of the county in which the person attends school or works.

(2) If the act giving rise to the obligation to report would constitute:

(a) A Class A or Class B felony sex crime if committed in this state by an adult, the petition
may be filed no sooner than two years after the termination of the other United States court's jurisdiction over the person.

(b) A Class C felony sex crime if committed in this state by an adult, the petition may be filed
no sooner than 30 days before the termination of the other United States court's jurisdiction over
the person.

(3) The person filing the petition must submit with the petition all releases and waivers necessary to allow the district attorney for the county in which the petition is filed to obtain the following documents from the jurisdiction in which the person was adjudicated for the act for which
reporting is required:

- 38 (a) The juvenile court petition;
- 39 (b) The dispositional report to the court;
- 40 (c) The order of adjudication or jurisdiction;

41 (d) Any other relevant court documents;

42 (e) The police report relating to the act for which reporting is required;

43 (f) The order terminating jurisdiction for the act for which reporting is required; and

44 (g) The evaluation and treatment records or reports of the person that are related to the act for

45 which reporting is required.

1 (4) A person filing a petition under this section has the burden of proving by clear and con-2 vincing evidence that the person is rehabilitated and does not pose a threat to the safety of the 3 public.

4 (5) Unless the court finds good cause for a continuance, the court shall hold a hearing on the 5 petition no sooner than 90 days and no later than 150 days after the date the petition is filed.

6 (6) If a person who files a petition under this section is required to report as a sex offender for 7 having committed an act that if committed in this state could have subjected the person to prose-8 cution as an adult under ORS 137.707, the court may not grant the petition notwithstanding the fact 9 that the person has met the burden of proof established in subsection (4) of this section unless the 10 court determines that to do so is in the interest of public safety.

11 (7) This section does not apply to a person who is required to register as a sex offender for life 12 in the jurisdiction in which the offense occurred.

(8) In a hearing under this section, the court may receive testimony, reports and other evidence
without regard to whether the evidence is admissible under ORS 40.010 to 40.210 and 40.310 to
40.585 if the evidence is relevant to the determination and findings required under this section. As
used in this subsection, "relevant evidence" has the meaning given that term in ORS 40.150.

(9) If the court is satisfied by clear and convincing evidence that the person is rehabilitated and that the person does not pose a threat to the safety of the public, the court shall enter an order relieving the person of the duty to report. When the court enters an order under this subsection, the person shall send a certified copy of the court order to the Department of State Police.

21 SECTION 7. ORS 419A.255, as amended by section 11, chapter 417, Oregon Laws 2013, section 22 8, chapter 439, Oregon Laws 2013, section 3, chapter 71, Oregon Laws 2014, and section 2, chapter 23 293, Oregon Laws 2015, is amended to read:

419A.255. (1)(a) The clerk of the court shall maintain a record of each case and a supplemental confidential file for each case, except as otherwise provided in ORS 7.120.

(b) The record of the case shall be withheld from public inspection but is open to inspection bythe following:

28 (A) The judge of the juvenile court and those acting under the judge's direction;

- 29 (B) The child;
- 30 (C) The ward;
- 31 (D) The youth;
- 32 (E) The youth offender;

33 (F) The parent or guardian of the child, ward, youth or youth offender;

34 (G) The guardian ad litem for the parent;

35 (H) A person allowed to intervene in a proceeding involving the child, ward, youth or youth 36 offender;

(I) The court appointed special advocate, and a representative of a CASA Volunteer Program
as defined in ORS 458.580, when reasonably necessary for the appointment or supervision of court
appointed special advocates;

40 (J) The attorneys or prospective appellate attorneys for any of the persons listed in subpara-41 graphs (B) to (I) of this paragraph;

42 (K) The surrogate;

43 (L) Service providers in the case;

44 (M) The district attorney or assistant attorney general representing a party in the case;

45 (N) The juvenile department;

(O) The Department of Human Services; 1 2 (P) The Oregon Youth Authority; and (Q) Any other person or entity allowed by the court pursuant to section 9 of this 2016 Act. 3 (c) The following are entitled to copies of the record of the case: 4 (A) The judge of the juvenile court and those acting under the judge's direction; 5 (B) A party to the extent permitted under ORS 419B.875 (2) or 419C.285 (2); 6 (C) A guardian ad litem for a parent to the same extent the parent is permitted to copies under 7 ORS 419B.875 (2) or 419C.285 (2); 8 9 (D) Persons listed in paragraph (b)(J) to (P) of this subsection; and (E) Any other person or entity allowed by the court pursuant to section 9 of this 2016 Act. 10 (2)(a) Reports and other material relating to the child, ward, youth or youth offender's history 11 12 and prognosis in the record of the case or the supplemental confidential file are privileged and, ex-13 cept at the request of the child, ward, youth or youth offender, shall be withheld from public inspection except that inspection is permitted as set forth in subsection (1)(b) of this section and 14 15 paragraph (b) of this subsection. The offer or admission of reports and other material in the record 16 of the case or the supplemental confidential file as exhibits in a hearing or trial does not waive or otherwise change the privileged status of the reports and other material, except for purposes of the 17 hearing or trial in which the reports and other material are offered or admitted. Once offered as 18 an exhibit, reports and other material relating to the child, ward, youth or youth offender's history 19 and prognosis that were maintained in the supplemental confidential file become part of the record 20of the case but are subject to paragraph (e) of this subsection. 2122(b) A supplemental confidential file is open to inspection by the following: 23(A) The judge of the juvenile court and those acting under the judge's direction; (B) The parent or guardian of the child or ward in a dependency case; 94 (C) The guardian ad litem for the parent of a child or ward in a dependency case; 25(D) The parent or guardian of the youth or youth offender in a delinquency case if the youth 2627or youth offender consents to, or the court authorizes, inspection; (E) The guardian ad litem for the parent of a youth or youth offender in a delinquency case if 28the youth or youth offender consents to, or the court authorizes, inspection; 2930 (F) A person allowed to intervene in a proceeding involving the child, ward, youth or youth 31 offender: 32(G) The court appointed special advocate, and a representative of a CASA Volunteer Program as defined in ORS 458.580, when reasonably necessary for the appointment or supervision of court 33 34 appointed special advocates; 35(H) The surrogate; 36 (I) Service providers in the case; 37 (J) The attorneys or prospective appellate attorneys for: (i) The child; 38 (ii) The ward; 39 (iii) The youth; 40 (iv) The youth offender; 41 (v) The parent or guardian of the child, ward, youth or youth offender; 42 (vi) The guardian ad litem for the parent; 43 (vii) A person allowed to intervene in a proceeding involving the child or ward in a dependency 44

45 case; or

1	(wiii) The court encointed encoint educate and a representative of a CASA Valunteen Dragrom
$\frac{1}{2}$	(viii) The court appointed special advocate and a representative of a CASA Volunteer Program as defined in ORS 458.580;
3	(K) The district attorney or assistant attorney general representing a party in the case;
4	(L) The juvenile department;(M) The Department of Human Semicori
5	(M) The Department of Human Services;
6	(N) The Oregon Youth Authority; and
7	(O) Any other person or entity allowed by the court pursuant to section 9 of this 2016 Act.
8	(c) The supplemental confidential file in cases under ORS 419C.005 may be disclosed to the su-
9	perintendent of the school district in which the youth offender resides or the superintendent's
10	designee.
11	(d) The following are entitled to copies of material maintained in the supplemental confidential
12	file:
13	(A) The judge of the juvenile court and those acting under the judge's direction;
14	(B) Service providers in the case;
15	(C) School superintendents and their designees in cases under ORS 419C.005;
16	(D) Attorneys designated under subsection (2)(b)(J) of this section;
17	(E) The district attorney or assistant attorney general representing a party in the case;
18	(F) The juvenile department;
19	(G) The Department of Human Services;
20	(H) The Oregon Youth Authority;
21	(I) The court appointed special advocate, and a representative of a CASA Volunteer Program
22	as defined in ORS 458.580, when reasonably necessary for the appointment or supervision of court
23	appointed special advocates; and
24	(J) Any other person or entity allowed by the court pursuant to section 9 of this 2016 Act.
25	(e) A person that obtains copies of material in the supplemental confidential file pursuant to
26	paragraph (d) of this subsection is responsible for preserving the confidentiality of the material in
27	the supplemental confidential file. A service provider, school superintendent or superintendent's
28	designee who obtains copies of such material shall destroy the copies upon the conclusion of in-
29	volvement in the case.
30	(3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5) of this section, no information appearing in
31	the record of the case or in the supplemental confidential file may be disclosed to any person not
32	described in subsections (1)(b) and (2)(b) of this section, respectively, without the consent of the
33	court, except for purposes of evaluating the child, ward, youth or youth offender's eligibility for
34	special education as provided in ORS chapter 343, and no such information may be used in evidence
35	in any proceeding to establish criminal or civil liability against the child, ward, youth or youth
36	offender, whether such proceeding occurs after the child, ward, youth or youth offender has reached
37	18 years of age or otherwise, except for the following purposes:
38	(a) In connection with a presentence investigation after guilt has been admitted or established
39	in a criminal court.
40	(b) In connection with a proceeding in another juvenile court concerning the child, ward, youth
41	or youth offender or an appeal from the juvenile court.

(4)(a) When a person described in subsection (1)(b)(M), (N), (O) or (P) of this section inspects or
obtains copies of reports, materials or documents under this subsection or under subsection (1) or
(2) of this section, the person may not use or disclose the reports, materials or documents, except:

45 (A) As provided in this subsection or under subsection (1) or (2) of this section;

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1 (B) In the juvenile court proceeding for which the reports, materials or documents were sought 2 or disclosed;

3 (C) With the consent of the court; or

4 (D) As provided in ORS 419A.253.

(b) Nothing in this section prohibits the district attorney or assistant attorney general repre-5 senting a party in a juvenile court proceeding, the juvenile department, the Department of Human 6 Services, the Oregon Youth Authority or other parties in the proceeding or their attorneys from 7 disclosing to each other reports, materials or documents described in subsections (1) and (2) of this 8 9 section if the disclosure is reasonably necessary to perform official duties related to the involvement of the child, ward, youth or youth offender with the juvenile court or the juvenile department. A 10 person to whom reports, materials or documents are disclosed under this subsection is subject to 11 12 subsection (3) of this section.

(5)(a) Information contained in the supplemental confidential file that, in the professional judgment of the juvenile counselor, caseworker, school superintendent or superintendent's designee, teacher or detention worker to whom the information in the supplemental confidential file has been provided, indicates a clear and immediate danger to another person or to society shall be disclosed to the appropriate authority and the person who is in danger from the child, ward, youth or youth offender.

(b) A person that discloses information under paragraph (a) of this subsection has immunity from
any liability, civil or criminal, that might otherwise be incurred or imposed for making the disclosure.

(c) Nothing in this subsection affects the provisions of ORS 146.750, 146.760, 419B.035, 419B.040
and 419B.045. The disclosure of information under this subsection does not make the information
admissible in any court or administrative proceeding if it is not otherwise admissible.

(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to subsection (8) of this section, the
 following are not confidential and not exempt from disclosure:

27 (a) The name and date of birth of the youth or youth offender;

28 (b) The basis for the juvenile court's jurisdiction over the youth or youth offender;

(c) The date, time and place of any juvenile court proceeding in which the youth or youthoffender is involved;

(d) The act alleged in the petition that if committed by an adult would constitute a crime if ju risdiction is based on ORS 419C.005;

(e) That portion of the juvenile court order providing for the legal disposition of the youth or
 youth offender when jurisdiction is based on ORS 419C.005;

35 (f) The names and addresses of the youth or youth offender's parents or guardians; and

36 (g) The register described in ORS 7.020 when jurisdiction is based on ORS 419C.005.

(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to subsection (8) of this section, when a youth has been taken into custody under ORS 419C.080, the following information shall be disclosed unless, and only for so long as, there is a clear need to delay disclosure in the course of a specific investigation, including the need to protect the complaining party or the victim:

41 (a) The youth's name and age and whether the youth is employed or in school;

42 (b) The youth offense for which the youth was taken into custody;

43 (c) The name and age of the adult complaining party and the adult victim, unless the disclosure
 44 of such information is otherwise prohibited or restricted;

45 (d) The identity of the investigating and arresting agency; and

1 (e) The time and place that the youth was taken into custody and whether there was resistance, 2 pursuit or a weapon used in taking the youth into custody.

(8) Except as provided in ORS 419A.300 and unless otherwise directed by the court, only the
juvenile court, the county juvenile department and the Oregon Youth Authority may disclose the
information under subsections (6) and (7) of this section if the information is subject to disclosure.
The youth authority may disclose only information relating to youth offenders committed to the
youth authority by order of the juvenile court if the information is subject to disclosure under subsection (6) or (7) of this section.

9 (9) Nothing in this section limits access to any juvenile court records by an appellate court re-10 viewing a juvenile court order or judgment. Appellate court rules may establish procedures for ap-11 pellate court access to juvenile records.

(10) Nothing in this section prohibits the court from providing to the administrator as defined in ORS 25.010 the date of entry of a judgment terminating parental rights or the date of entry of a judgment terminating wardship following entry of a judgment of adoption together with the names and dates of birth of the parents and children subject to the judgment.

(11) In addition to any other provision in this section, the Judicial Department may permit county or statewide access to juvenile court records or information by county juvenile departments, the Department of Human Services, the Oregon Youth Authority, district attorney offices, the office of the Attorney General, the office of public defense services, prospective appellate attorneys or public defense providers subject to the following restrictions:

(a) A prospective appellate attorney or public defense provider granted access under this sub section must agree, pursuant to a written agreement with the Judicial Department, to access:

(A) Party information only for purposes of conflicts screening procedures; and

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(B) Other records or information about a client only as reasonably necessary for the representation of that client in any juvenile case in which the client is a party, subject to applicable state
and federal confidentiality laws.

(b) Any other person or entity granted access under this subsection must agree, pursuant to a
written agreement with the department, to access records or information only as authorized and
allowed by this section, subject to applicable state and federal confidentiality laws.

(c) The State Court Administrator shall prescribe standards and procedures to implement the
 provisions of this subsection.

(d) Any person or entity granted access to juvenile court records or information under this
 subsection must preserve the confidentiality of that information as required under this section.

(12) A petition filed under ORS 419B.851 alleging that a child who is a foreign national is within
the jurisdiction of the court, or a motion requesting an implementation plan other than return of a
ward to the ward's parent, is subject to disclosure to the consulate for the child or ward's country
as provided under ORS 419B.851 (3).

(13) Nothing in this section prohibits a guardian appointed under ORS 419B.365 or 419B.366 from
 disclosing or providing copies of letters of guardianship when so required to fulfill the duties of a
 guardian.

(14) The court shall cooperate in the sharing of information with a court in another state tofacilitate an interstate placement of a child or ward.

(15) Nothing in this section prohibits the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Chief Judge
of the Court of Appeals or a presiding judge from permitting access to juvenile court records, including the record of the case and the supplemental confidential file in a juvenile court proceeding,

or audio or video recordings of a juvenile court proceeding, by researchers or evaluators for the 1 purposes of developing statistics and performing analyses or audits on the effectiveness, cost and 2 other areas of public interest regarding juvenile court programs and activities in accordance with 3 child welfare and juvenile justice state plans and programs related to Title IV-B and IV-E of the 4 Social Security Act and to the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act (42 U.S.C. 5101 et seq). 5 The Chief Justice shall, by rule or order, establish standards and guidelines for the release of juve-6 nile court information for research and evaluation purposes to ensure confidentiality consistent with 7 state and federal law and to promote consistent statewide application of this subsection. Statistics 8 9 and analyses released by researchers and evaluators under this subsection may not contain any information that identifies any individual person involved in a juvenile court proceeding. 10

(16) Subject to subsection (11) of this section, the office of public defense services shall 11 12 be permitted access to juvenile court records for the purposes of performing the office's duties as set forth in ORS 151.219 to audit or investigate attorney appointment or represen-13 tation of a party in a juvenile court proceeding in order to ensure adequate representation 14 15 of parties in juvenile court proceedings consistent with the child welfare state plan related 16 to Title IV-E of the Social Security Act.

(17) Subject to subsection (11) of this section, the Oregon State Bar shall be permitted 1718 access to juvenile court records maintained in the record of the case for the purpose of 19 performing the bar's duties as set forth in ORS 9.005 to 9.757 to investigate attorney repre-20sentation of a party in a juvenile court proceeding and in order to ensure adequate representation of parties in juvenile court proceedings consistent with the child welfare state plan 2122related to Title IV-E of the Social Security Act.

23(18)(a) A child, ward, youth or youth offender, or the parent or guardian of a child, ward, youth or youth offender who is a party to the juvenile court proceeding, who is entitled to 24 inspect or copy the record of the case under subsection (1)(b) and (c) of this section main-25tains the right to inspect or copy the record of the case after jurisdiction of the court over 2627the child, ward, youth or youth offender terminates and after the child, ward, youth or youth offender has reached the age of majority. 28

(b) Notwithstanding ORS 419B.524, a parent of a child, ward, youth or youth offender 2930 whose parental rights have been terminated maintains the right that existed under sub-31 section (1)(b) and (c) of this section to inspect or copy the record of the case as the record of the case existed up until the time of entry of the judgment terminating the parent's par-32ental rights and may obtain a copy of the judgment terminating the parent's parental rights. 33 34 (19) When inspection or copying of the record of the case or of the supplemental confi-

dential file is allowed pursuant to this section, and unless otherwise required by law, the 35court that maintains the record of the case or the supplemental confidential file is not re-36 37 quired to redact the names of, or information about, siblings or other persons contained in 38 the record of the case or the supplemental confidential file.

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SECTION 8. Section 9 of this 2016 Act is added to and made a part of ORS chapter 419A. SECTION 9. (1) Any person or entity not included in ORS 419A.255 as a person or entity 40 entitled to inspection or copying of the record of the case or the supplemental confidential 41 file may file a motion with the court to inspect or copy the record of the case or the sup-42 plemental confidential file. The person or entity filing the motion shall file a sworn affidavit 43 or declaration under penalty of perjury that states all of the following: 44

(a) The reasons why the inspection or copying is sought; 45

1 (b) The relevancy, if any, of the inspection or copying to the juvenile court proceeding; 2 and

3 (c) How the inspection or copying will serve to balance the interests listed in subsection
4 (6) of this section.

(2)(a) No later than 14 days before the court considers the motion, the person or entity 5 filing the motion shall serve all parties and attorneys of record to the juvenile court pro-6 ceeding with a copy of the motion and affidavit or declaration. Except as provided in para-7 graph (b) of this subsection and regardless of whether the juvenile court proceeding was 8 9 commenced under ORS chapter 419B or 419C, service under this subsection must be consistent with the provisions of ORS 419B.851 and 419B.854. The person or entity filing the 10 motion shall also provide all parties and attorneys of record with written notice that the 11 12 party has until 14 days after the date of service to file a response or objection to the motion or such other time as specified by the court under paragraph (c) of this subsection. 13

(b) If the affidavit or declaration of the person or entity filing the motion states that the person or entity does not know the identity or address of a party or attorney of record, the court shall mail notice of the time to respond or object to the party or attorney of record at the party's or attorney of record's last known address and shall note in the register the date the notice was mailed. The notice must be mailed at least 14 days before the court considers the motion or such other time as specified by the court under paragraph (c) of this subsection.

(c) On its own motion or upon application of the person or entity filing the motion, and
 for good cause shown, the court may reduce or extend the time for service of the motion
 and affidavit or declaration.

(3) The court may summarily deny the motion if the requirements of subsections (1) and
(2) of this section have not been met.

(4) The court may set a hearing to consider the motion and shall send notice of the time
and place of the hearing to all parties.

(5) Upon determination by the court that the person or entity filing the motion has met
 the requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the court shall conduct an in
 camera review, taking into consideration any response or objections made by a party.

(6) Following the in camera review under subsection (5) of this section, in making the determination of whether to allow inspection or copying of the record of the case or the supplemental confidential file, in whole or in part, the court shall weigh the following interests:

(a) The privacy interests and particular vulnerabilities of the child, ward, youth or youth
 offender, or of family members, that may be affected by the inspection or copying of all or
 part of the record of the case or the supplemental confidential file;

38

(b) The interests of the other parties to, or victims in, the juvenile court proceeding;

39 (c) The interests of the person or entity filing the motion; and

40 (d) The interests of the public.

41 (7) In granting a motion made under this section, the court:

42 (a) Shall allow inspection or copying only as necessary to serve the legitimate need of the
 43 person or entity filing the motion, as determined by the court;

(b) May limit inspection or copying to particular parts of the record of the case or the
 supplemental confidential file;

1 (c) May specify the timing and procedure for allowing inspection or copying; and

2 (d) Shall make protective orders governing use of the materials that are inspected or 3 copied.

4 SECTION 10. Section 3 of this 2016 Act is repealed on July 1, 2018.

5 <u>SECTION 11.</u> (1) Section 9 of this 2016 Act and the amendments to ORS 419A.255 by 6 section 7 of this 2016 Act apply to juvenile court proceedings pending or commenced before, 7 on or after September 30, 2016.

8 (2) Sections 8 and 9 of this 2016 Act and the amendments to ORS 419A.255 by section 7
9 of this 2016 Act become operative September 30, 2016.

10 <u>SECTION 12.</u> This 2016 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 11 peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2016 Act takes effect 12 on its passage.

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