

**REVENUE IMPACT OF
PROPOSED LEGISLATION
78th Oregon Legislative Assembly
2016 Regular Session
Legislative Revenue Office**

**Bill Number: SB 1565 - B
Revenue Area: Property Tax
Economist: Kyle Easton
Date: 2/26/2016**

***Only Impacts on Original or Engrossed
Versions are Considered Official***

Measure Description:

Allows county or city, by ordinance or resolution, to provide property tax exemption or deferral for newly constructed or installed industrial improvements with cost of initial investment of at least \$1 million. Requires property tax exemption to be granted equal to 100 percent of qualified property's real market value for any three out of five consecutive property tax years. Allows city or county to specify in ordinance or resolution any number of years not greater than five for which the exemption shall be granted and the percentage of the real market value of the qualified property granted exemption for each year. Requires governing bodies, representing 75 percent or more of total combined rate of taxation on qualified property, to agree to ordinance or resolution in order for ordinance or resolution to take effect. Requires applicant and the governing body of the city or county to enter into agreement that includes specified employment requirements. Requires property to be located in an area located entirely outside of the urban growth boundary of a city with a population of 40,000 or more. Allows city or county to grant deferral of property taxes instead of exemption within same parameters of exemption. Authority of county or city to provide exemption and deferral sunsets on January 2, 2024. Takes effect on the 91st day following adjournment sine die.

Revenue Impact (in \$Millions):

Property tax exemption and/or deferral is permissive to local governments, and as such, no direct revenue impact exists.

Impact Explanation:

As an example of potential revenue loss, a qualifying project valued at \$4.1 million in real market value would translate into an average revenue loss of \$35K to general government districts and \$23K to education districts. As measure provides permissive authority to county and cities to provide exemption from property taxes, any impact upon revenue will depend upon adoption of exemption at local government level.

Creates, Extends, or Expands Tax Expenditure: Yes No

The policy purpose of this measure is to allow cities and counties the ability to provide temporary property tax relief to industrial property owners newly constructing or installing qualified industrial improvements in rural areas, thereby encouraging business investment in such property and contributing to overall economic development.