

January 30, 2016

To: Senate Committee on Human Services and Early Childhood Senator Sara Gelser, Chair Senator Alan Olsen, Vice Chair Members of the Committee

Re: SB 1548 – Overturning Goal 14 for Planned Urban Growth Boundary (UGB) Expansion - **OPPOSE**

The League of Women Voters is a nonpartisan, grassroots political organization that encourages informed and active participation in government. The League supports our state land use planning program with local implementation. Land use planning is about where people live, work, play, shop and how they get there. We are also a member of the Housing Alliance and support mechanisms to assure we have housing for all Oregon citizens.

The League has participated in recent Land Conservation and Development Commission rulemaking to implement HB 2254 (2013) that provides for a more streamlined process for Urban Growth Boundary expansions while also focusing on providing for **complete communities** and recognizes the high cost of infrastructure in any UGB expansion. We supported Table 5 (attached) of that rule providing a list of choices for local governments to help provide a mix of housing opportunities for their citizens. We support allowing local jurisdictions to use **inclusionary zoning** as yet another tool to address this issue. As a part of that effort, we expect that there will be a set of tools to help the development community provide for that full mix of housing.

SB 1548 does not recognize that local jurisdictions are now required to have a 20-year land supply in their current urban growth boundaries. Sticking affordable housing on the edge of our communities is inappropriate because our low income citizens need access to other services, to public transportation and to their jobs, which are often located toward the center of these communities.

There is no provision in this bill to pay for the infrastructure needed for these currently unserved lands. The bill also negates local city charters where voter annexation is allowed. Although we commend the effort to require that any lands not be rezoned, the land refers to ALL housing and not just affordable housing. While we support such provisions related to industrial lands (especially where government has invested in infrastructure and planning to assure those lands are available for jobs), we have concerns about this provision since "housing" is a much broader use/definition and jurisdictions currently have already zoned housing within their current UGBs.

We ask that you consider our testimony and **OPPOSE SB 1548** as costly and not in the best interest of our communities statewide. Goal 14 works!

Sincerely,

Norman Turrill

President

Peggy Lynch

Natural Resources Coordinator

Attached: **Table 5**: OAR 660-038-0190(5) Table of measures to accommodate housing needs within the UGB:

Table	Table 5 : OAR 660-038-0190(5) Table of measures to accommodate housing needs within the UGB:			
Item	Current Zoning Code Provision	Adopted change (note: none of these changes may require approval of a conditional use permit)	High or Low Impact	
1	Does not allow accessory dwelling units	Allows accessory dwelling units: No off-street parking requirement Any type of structure Owner may live in either dwelling Allowed in any zoning district that allows detached single-family No Systems Development Charges for Water, Sewer, or Transportation	High	
2	No minimum density standards	Minimum density standard at least 70 percent of maximum density for all residential zoning districts. Exemptions for constrained lands as defined in OAR 660-38-0070 and for minor partitions.	High	
3	Single-family detached homes allowed in medium density zoning district (as defined by residential need path standards)	No more than 25 percent of residences in development application in medium density zoning district may be single-family detached homes, unless the detached home is on a lot less than or equal to 3,000 square feet. Minor partitions exempted.	High	

4	Off-street parking requirements of one space per multi-family dwelling or greater	Change parking requirements to maximum of no more than one space per multi-family dwelling and no more than .75 spaces per multi-family dwelling within ¼ mile of high frequency transit service (defined as transit service with weekday peak hour service headway of 20 minutes or less). Allow provision of on-street parking spaces to meet offstreet parking requirements. Allow reductions below one space per multi-family dwelling for developments that provide spaces for car-share	High
		vehicles or free transit passes to residents.	
Table	ا غ 5: OAR 660-038-0190(5) Table of نا	neasures to accommodate housing needs within the UG	iB:
Item	Current Zoning Code Provision	Adopted change (note: none of these changes may	High or
		require approval of a conditional use permit)	Low
5	No density benus for affordable	Establish density honus for affordable housing of at	Impact
3	No density bonus for affordable housing	Establish density bonus for affordable housing of at least 20 percent with no additional development	High
	Housing	review standards vs. development applications that	
		do not include a density bonus. The affordable	
		housing units shall constitute at least 20 percent of	
		the overall dwelling units in the development	
		application granted the density bonus. The	
		affordable housing units must be reserved as	
		affordable housing for a minimum of 50 years.	
		Affordable housing is defined at housing that is	
		reserved for households with a maximum household	
		income of 80 percent of a city's mean household	
		income. The percentage threshold for the household	
		affordable housing reservation may also be less than	
		80 percent of a city's mean household income.	
6	Current land use/zoning	Rezone from low density to medium or high density:	High
	designations	City UGB 10,000 to 25,000: at least 10 acres	
		City UGB 25,000 to 50,000: at least 25 acres	
	<u> </u>	City UGB > 50,000: at least 50 acres	,
7	Does not allow duplexes in	Permit duplexes on any lot in single-family	High
	single-family residential zoning	residential zoning districts with no additional	
	districts	development review standards vs. single-family	
0	Current multipatenest stander de	detached residences.	Hiah
8	Current public street standards	Reduction in public street right of way width	High
		standard by at least two feet.	

9	Does not allow residences in	Allow residences above the first floor and behind	High
	some commercial zoning	commercial uses on additional commercially-zoned	
	districts	lands, with no off-street parking requirement	
		greater than one space per residence, with	
		provisions for additional parking reductions for	
		shared commercial and residential uses and in areas	
		with approved parking management districts. UGB	
		population 10,000 to 25,000: at least 20 acres	
		UGB population 25,000 to 50,000: at least 50 acres	
7 11		UGB population > 50,000: at least 100 acres	
	<u> </u>	neasures to accommodate housing needs within the UG	
Item	Current Zoning Code Provision	Adopted change (note: none of these changes may	High or
		require approval of a conditional use permit)	Low
			Impact
10	Systems Development Charges	Adopt provisions that eliminate systems	High
	reductions or waivers	development charges for affordable housing units, or	
		reduce systems development charges for such units	
		by a minimum of 75 percent of the total systems	
		development charges assessed to similar units that	
		are not reserved for affordable housing. The	
		affordable housing units must be reserved as	
		affordable housing for a minimum of 50 years.	
		Affordable housing is defined at housing that is	
		reserved for households with a maximum household	
		income of 80 percent of a city's mean household	
		income. The percentage threshold for the household	
		affordable housing reservation may also be less than	
		80 percent of a city's mean household income.	
11	Does not authorize property tax	Authorizes property tax exemptions for low income	High
	exemptions for low income	housing development pursuant to ORS 307.515 to	J
	housing development pursuant	307.537 under both the criteria set forth in ORS	
	to ORS 307.515 to 307.537	307.517 and the criteria set forth in ORS 307.518, for	
		all zoning districts within the city that permit	
		multiple-family dwellings, with no additional	
		development review standards vs. equivalent	
		residential development that does not receive the	
		exemption.	
12	Does not authorize property tax	Authorizes property tax exemptions for non-profit	High
12	exemptions for non-profit	corporation low-income housing development	111511
	corporation low-income	pursuant to ORS 307.540 to 307.548, with no	
	1	additional development review standards vs.	
	housing development pursuant	equivalent residential development that does not	
	to ORS 307.540 to 307.548.	receive the exemption.	

13	Does not authorize property tax exemptions for multipleunit housing pursuant to ORS 307.600 to 307.637	Authorizes property tax exemptions for multiple unit housing pursuant to ORS 307.600 to 307.637, with no additional restrictions on location of such exemptions above those set in the statutes, and with required benefits pursuant to ORS 307.618 that are clear and objective and do not have the effect of discouraging the use of the property tax exemption by otherwise qualifying developments through the	High
		imposition of unreasonable cost or delay.	
14	Allows accessory dwelling units, but missing one or more of desired attributes	Allows accessory dwelling units: No off-street parking requirement Any type of structure Owner may live in either dwelling Any zoning district that allows detached units No Systems Dev. Charges for Water or Sewer	Low
Table	5: OAR 660-038-0190(5) Table of n	neasures to accommodate housing needs within the UG	B:
Item	Current Zoning Code Provision	Adopted change (note: none of these changes may require approval of a conditional use permit)	High or Low Impact
15	Does not allow accessory dwelling units	Allows accessory dwelling units, but with at least one of the attributes from measure #14 above not adopted.	Low
16	Off-street parking requirements greater than one space per multi-family dwelling	Change parking requirements to maximum of one space per multi-family dwelling.	Low
17	No minimum density standards	Minimum density standards at least 50 percent of maximum density for all residential zoning districts. Exemptions for constrained lands as defined in OAR 660-38-0070 and for minor partitions.	Low
18	Minimum density standard less than 70percent of maximum density	Raise minimum density standards to at least 70 percent of maximum density for all residential zoning districts. Exemptions for constrained lands as defined in OAR 660-038-0070 and for minor partitions.	Low
19	Current land use/zoning designations	Rezone from low density to medium or high density: City UGB 10,000 to 25,000: 5 to 10 acres City UGB 25,000 to 50,000: 10 to 25 acres City UGB > 50,000: 20 to 50 acres.	Low
20	Density bonus for affordable housing less than 25 percent or with additional development review restrictions vs. standard housing	Increase density bonus for affordable housing to at least 25 percent with no additional development review standards vs. standard housing	Low

21	Current land use/zoning designations	Reduce minimum lot size for single-family residential zoning districts by at least one-quarter of the current minimum: City UGB 10,000-25,000: at least 25 acres City UGB 25,000-50,000: at least 50 acres City UGB >50,000: at least 100 acres	Low
22	Does not allow residences in some commercial zoning districts	Allow residences above the first floor and behind commercial uses on additional commercially-zoned lands, with no off-street parking requirement greater than one space per residence. UGB population 10,000 to 25,000: 10 to 20 acres UGB population 25,000 to 50,000: 20 to 50 acres UGB population > 50,000: at least 40 to 100 acres	Low
23	Does not have a cottage housing code provision	Adopt a cottage housing code provision authorizing at least 12 du/ac.	Low
24	Does not allow duplexes in single-family residential zoning districts	Permit duplexes on corner lots in single-family residential zoning districts with no additional development review restrictions vs. single-family	Low
T-LL.	5. OAD (CO 020 0400/F) Table of m		
	1	neasures to accommodate housing needs within the UG	
Item	Current Zoning Code Provision	Adopted change (note: none of these changes may require approval of a conditional use permit)	High or Low Impact
		detached residence.	
25	Off-street parking requirements for detached single-family units, attached single-family units, duplexes, or triplexes greater than one space per unit.	Reduce parking requirements for detached singlefamily units, attached single-family units, duplexes, and triplexes to no greater than one space per unit.	Low

26	No sustained development	A death and delegated defended as a factorial	1
26	No systems development	Adopt provisions that defer payment of systems	Low
	charge deferrals	development charges for affordable housing units to	
		the date of occupancy of the unit. The affordable	
		housing units must be reserved as affordable	
		housing for a minimum of 50 years. Affordable	
		housing is defined at housing that is reserved for	
		households with a maximum household income of	
		80 percent of a city's mean household income. The	
		percentage threshold for the household affordable	
		housing reservation may also be less than 80 percent	
		of a city's mean household income.	
27	Does not authorize property tax	Authorizes property tax exemptions for single-unit	Low
	exemptions for single-unit	housing pursuant to ORS 307.651 to 307.687, with	
	housing in distressed areas	design standards pursuant to ORS 307.657(3) that	
	pursuant to ORS 307.651 to	are clear and objective and do not have the effect of	
	307.687	discouraging the use of the property tax exemption	
		by otherwise qualifying developments through the	
		imposition of unreasonable cost or delay.	
28	Does not authorize freeze in property tax assessment valuation for rehabilitated	Authorizes freeze in property tax assessment valuation for rehabilitated residential property pursuant to ORS 308.450 to 308.481. The boundaries	Low
	residential property pursuant to ORS 308.450 to 308.481	of the area that qualifies for the assessment freeze shall be between 10 percent and	
		20 percent of the city's total land area. The city shall promulgate standards and guidelines for review of	
		applications under the program pursuant to ORS	
		308.456(3) that are clear and objective and do not	
		have the effect of discouraging use of the program	
		by otherwise qualifying rehabilitations through the	
		imposition of unreasonable cost and delay.	
29	Single-family homes allowed in	New single-family homes not allowed in high density	Low
23	high density zoning district (as	zoning district	LOW
	defined by residential need	Zoming district	
	path standards)		
30	Does not allow attached-single	Permit attached single-family residences in a	Low
30	family residences in a single-	singlefamily residential district with a minimum lot	2000
	residences in a single	size of	
Table	<u>1</u> 5 : OAR 660-038-0190(5) Table of m	neasures to accommodate housing needs within the UG	B:
Item	Current Zoning Code Provision	Adopted change (note: none of these changes may	High or
		require approval of a conditional use permit)	Low
		. ,,	Impact
	family residential district with a	5,000 square feet or less.	•
	minimum lot size 5,000 square	*	
	feet or less		

31	No maximum lot size for	Maximum lot size for single-family detached	Low
	singlefamily detached dwellings	dwellings in zoning districts that permit attached and	
	in zoning districts that permit	multi-family housing of 5,000 square feet.	
	attached and multi-family	Minor partitions exempted.	
	housing		