HB 2252-3 (LC 2216) 5/11/15 (TSB/ps)

## PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 2252

- On page 1 of the printed bill, line 2, after "ORS" delete the rest of the
- 2 line and line 3 and insert "646.607, 646.639, 646.641 and 697.005; and declaring
- 3 an emergency.".
- Delete lines 5 through 28 and delete pages 2 through 6 and insert:
- 5 "SECTION 1. (1) As used in this section:
- "(a) 'Consumer' means a natural person who purchases or acquires
- 7 property, services or credit for personal, family or household purposes.
- 8 "(b) 'Consumer transaction' means a transaction between a con-
- 9 sumer and a person that sells, leases or provides property, services or
- 10 credit to consumers.
- "(c) 'Credit' means a right that a creditor grants to a consumer to defer payment of a debt, to incur a debt and defer payment of the debt, or to purchase or acquire property or services and defer payment for
- 14 the property or services.
- 15 "(d) 'Creditor' means a person who in the ordinary course of busi-16 ness engages in consumer transactions.
- "(e) 'Debt' means an obligation or alleged obligation that arises out of a consumer transaction.
- "(f)(A) 'Debt buyer' means a person that engages in the business of purchasing delinquent or charged-off debt for the purpose of collecting the debt, whether the person collects the debt, employs or contracts with another person to collect the debt or retains an attor-

1 ney to bring an action to collect the debt.

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- "(B) 'Debt buyer' does not include a mortgage banker, as defined in ORS 86A.100, a licensee, as defined in ORS 725.010, or a financial institution, as defined in ORS 706.008.
- "(g) 'Debt collector' means a person that by direct or indirect action, conduct or practice collects or attempts to collect a debt owed, or alleged to be owed, to a creditor.
- 8 "(h) 'Debtor' means a consumer who owes or allegedly owes a debt.
  - "(i) 'Person' means a natural person, a corporation, a trust, a partnership, an incorporated or unincorporated association and any other legal entity except a body or officer that acts under the statutory authority of this state or the United States.
  - "(2)(a) A person may not engage in business as a debt buyer in this state without first obtaining a certificate of registration from the Department of Consumer and Business Services. The Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services by rule may specify a form that a debt buyer must use to apply for registration and a fee that the debt buyer must pay to obtain the certificate of registration. The amount of the fee apportioned to each applicant for registration may not exceed the applicant's share of the aggregated costs that the department incurs in operating the registry and issuing certificates of registration. The department shall require an applicant for a certificate of registration under this paragraph to submit:
    - "(A) The applicant's name, address, telephone number and other contact information;
- "(B) The name, address, telephone number and other contact information for the applicant's registered agent in this state or a statement that identifies the director as the applicant's registered agent for the purpose of receiving service of process if the applicant does not have a registered agent; and

- "(C) The names, addresses, telephone numbers and other contact 1 information for the applicant's directors, officers, partners or mem-2 bers, if the applicant is a corporation, limited liability company, part-3 nership, limited partnership or other business entity.
- "(b) Unless the director finds in writing that the applicant has ex-5 hibited a repeated pattern of violating this section or ORS 646.639 within the five years before the date of the application, the director shall issue a certificate of registration. If the director finds a repeated pattern of violations, the director may deny a certificate of registration under this subsection. The director may suspend, revoke or impose conditions on a certificate of registration under this subsection if the director finds that a registrant has exhibited a repeated pattern of violating this section or ORS 646.639 or rules the director adopts under this section or ORS 646.639.
  - "(c) In addition to requiring a debt buyer to obtain a certificate of registration under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the director by rule may require a debt buyer that operates in this state to obtain a certification from a national nonprofit trade association that the director identifies as maintaining industry-recognized standards for properly managing purchased debt, if the director by rule also accepts the body of standards that the national nonprofit trade association uses to certify debt buyers as standards for governing the operations of debt buyers in this state. In determining whether to accept the nonprofit trade association's body of standards, the director shall evaluate the body of standards that is in effect on the operative date specified in section 8 of this 2015 Act. The director by rule may accept changes that occur in the nonprofit trade association's standards after the operative date specified in section 8 of this 2015 Act if the new standards are more stringent in governing the operations of debt buyers in this state than were the previous standards.

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- "(3)(a) A debt buyer, an assignee of a debt buyer or a debt collector that acts as the debt buyer's agent, while collecting or attempting to collect a debt, shall send to the debtor's last known address within five days after an initial communication with the debtor, or at the debtor's request:
- 6 "(A) A notice that states:

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- 7 "(i) The amount of the debt;
- 8 "(ii) The date of last payment, if applicable, or the charge-off date;
- 9 "(iii) The charge-off amount, if the debt is an open-end credit ac-10 count;
  - "(iv) The name and address of the person to whom the debtor owes the debt as of the date of the notice;
  - "(v) The name and address of the original creditor in a form that reasonably enables the debtor to identify the original creditor; and
    - "(vi) That the debt buyer, assignee or debt collector will:
  - "(I) Assume that the debt is valid unless the debt or disputes the validity of all or a portion of the debt or amount of the debt within 30 days after receiving the notice; and
  - "(II) Obtain in writing a verification of the debt or a copy of a judgment against the debtor and mail the verification or the copy of the judgment to the debtor if the debtor disputes the validity of all or a portion of the debt or amount of the debt within 30 days after receiving the notice.
  - "(B) A notice that reads substantially as follows, if a consumer reporting agency may include information about the debt in a consumer report under 15 U.S.C. 1681c, as in effect on the operative date specified in section 8 of this 2015 Act:

The law limits the amount of time during which you can be sued to collect a debt. Because of the age of your debt,

1				(name of the owner of the debt) will not sue you								
2	to	collect	this	debt,	but	if	you	do	not	pay	the	debt
3				. (name	of th	e o	wner	of th	e deb	t) may	repo	rt or
4	con	tinue to	report	the deb	ot to a	cre	dit rep	portir	ng age	ncy as	an u	npaid
5	deb	ot.										
6	"											

"(C) A notice that reads substantially as follows, if a consumer reporting agency may not include information about the debt in a consumer report under 15 U.S.C. 1681c, as in effect on the operative date specified in section 8 of this 2015 Act:

The law limits the amount of time during which you can be sued 12 collect debt. Because of the age your 13 \_\_\_\_\_ (name of the owner of the debt) will not sue you 14 to collect this debt and may not report or continue to report the debt 15 to a credit reporting agency. 16

"(b) For purposes of paragraph (a) of this subsection, an initial communication with a debtor does not include:

- "(A) Serving a debtor with process or delivering a complaint or pleading that begins an action against the debtor; or
- "(B) Sending or delivering a notice or other communication to the debtor that does not specifically relate to collecting a debt from the debtor, including a notice or other communication that state or federal law requires the debt buyer, assignee or debt collector to send or deliver under the Internal Revenue Code or under Title V of the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, 15 U.S.C. 6801 et seq. or regulations promulgated under the Internal Revenue Code or the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act.
  - "(4) A debt buyer, an assignee of a debt buyer or a debt collector

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- that acts as the debt buyer's agent, while collecting or attempting to collect a debt, may not:
- "(a) Continue to collect or attempt to collect a debt or a disputed 3 portion of a debt from a debtor who disputed the validity of all or a 4 portion of the debt or the amount of the debt within 30 days after re-5 ceiving a notice under subsection (3) of this section, if the debt buyer, 6 assignee or debt collector has not mailed to the debtor a written ver-7 ification of the debt or a copy of a judgment against the debtor, except 8 9 that a debt buyer, assignee or debt collector may continue to communicate with a debtor or to collect or attempt to collect a debt within 10 the 30-day period: 11
  - "(A) Unless or until the debtor disputes the validity of all or a portion of the debt or the amount of the debt;
  - "(B) If the debt buyer's, assignee's or debt collector's communication, collection or attempt to collect the debt does not interfere with the debtor's ability to learn about the debtor's rights under this section or the debtor's right to dispute the validity of all or a portion of the debt or the amount of the debt; and
  - "(C) If the debt buyer, assignee or debt collector communicates with the debtor or collects or attempts to collect the debt without otherwise violating a provision of this section.
  - "(b) Sell, assign or otherwise transfer a debt to another person if the debtor disputed the validity of all or a portion of the debt or the amount of the debt within 30 days after receiving a notice under subsection (3) of this section and if the debt buyer, assignee or debt collector has not mailed to the debtor a written verification of the debt or a copy of a judgment against the debtor.
  - "(c) Collect or attempt to collect a debt from an open-end credit account that was charged off on or after the operative date specified in section 8 of this 2015 Act if the debtor has requested in writing and

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- the debt buyer, assignee or debt collector has not provided:
- "(A) A copy of the contract between the debtor and the original creditor or other written evidence that the debtor owes the debt to the original creditor, including a charge-off statement or a periodic billing statement that the original creditor sent to the debtor before the debtor's default;
- "(B) The total amount of interest the debt accrued after the date of the charge-off;
  - "(C) The total amount of any fees, including attorney fees, that the debt accrued after the date of the charge-off; and
  - "(D) A statement that lists the complete chain of title for the debt, from the original creditor to the present owner, including the names of each owner and the dates during which each owner owned the debt.
  - "(5) A debtor's failure to dispute the validity of all or a portion of a debt or the amount of a debt under this section is not an admission of the debtor's liability for the debt.
  - "(6) To the extent that this section requires or permits a debt buyer to take an action or permits a debtor to communicate with a debt buyer, an assignee of a debt buyer or a debt collector that acts as the debt buyer's agent may take the action or receive the communication from the debtor.
  - "(7) Violation of this section by a debt buyer, an assignee of a debt buyer or a debt collector that acts as a debt buyer's agent is an unlawful practice under ORS 646.607 that is subject to an investigative demand under ORS 646.618 and enforcement under ORS 646.632 and is an unlawful collection practice under ORS 646.639 that is subject to an action under ORS 646.641.
  - **"SECTION 2.** ORS 646.607 is amended to read:
- 29 "646.607. A person engages in an unlawful practice if in the course of the person's business, vocation or occupation the person:

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- "(1) Employs any unconscionable tactic in connection with selling, rent-
- 2 ing or disposing of real estate, goods or services, or collecting or enforcing
- 3 an obligation;
- 4 "(2) Fails to deliver all or any portion of real estate, goods or services
- 5 as promised, and at a customer's request, fails to refund money that the
- 6 customer gave to the person to purchase the undelivered real estate, goods
- 7 or services and that the person does not retain pursuant to any right, claim
- 8 or defense the person may assert in good faith. This subsection does not
- 9 create a warranty obligation and does not apply to a dispute over the quality
- of real estate, goods or services delivered to a customer;
- "(3) Violates ORS 401.965 (2);
- "(4) Violates a provision of ORS 646A.725 to 646A.750;
- 13 "(5) Violates ORS 646A.530;
- "(6) Employs a collection practice that is unlawful under ORS 646.639;
- "(7) Is a beneficiary that violates ORS 86.726 (1)(a) or (2), 86.729 (4) or
- 16 86.732 (1) or (2); or
- 17 "(8) Violates ORS 646A.093.
- "(9) Violates section 1 of this 2015 Act.
- **"SECTION 3.** ORS 646.639 is amended to read:
- 20 "646.639. (1) As used in [subsection (2) of] this section:
- "(a) 'Commercial creditor' means a person who in the ordinary course of business engages in consumer transactions.
- "[(a)] (b) 'Consumer' means a natural person who purchases or acquires
  property, services or credit for personal, family or household purposes.
- 25 "[(b)] (c) 'Consumer transaction' means a transaction between a consumer
- 26 and a person [who] that sells, leases or provides property, services or credit
- 27 to consumers.
- 28 "[(c) 'Commercial creditor' means a person who in the ordinary course of 29 business engages in consumer transactions.]
- "(d) 'Credit' means [the right granted by] a right that a creditor grants

- to a consumer to defer payment of a debt, to incur a debt and defer [its]
- 2 payment of the debt, or to purchase or acquire property or services and
- 3 defer payment [therefor] for the property or services.
- "(e) 'Debt' means [any] an obligation or alleged obligation [arising] that

  arises out of a consumer transaction.
- "[(f) 'Debtor' means a consumer who owes or allegedly owes an obligation arising out of a consumer transaction.]
- "[(g)] (f) 'Debt collector' means [any person who by any direct or indirect action, conduct or practice, enforces or attempts to enforce an obligation that is owed or due to any commercial creditor, or alleged to be owed or due to any commercial creditor, or alleged to be owed or due to any commercial creditor, by a consumer as a result of a consumer transaction.] a person that by direct or indirect action, conduct or practice collects or attempts to collect a debt owed, or alleged to be owed, to a commercial creditor.
  - "(g) 'Debtor' means a consumer who owes or allegedly owes a debt.
- "(h) 'Person' means an individual, corporation, trust, partnership, incorporated or unincorporated association or any other legal entity.
- "[(2) It shall be an unlawful collection practice for a debt collector, while collecting or attempting to collect a debt to do any of the following:]
- "(2) A debt collector may not, while collecting or attempting to collect a debt:
  - "(a) Use or threaten [the] **to** use [of] force or violence to cause physical harm to a debtor or to the debtor's family or property.
    - "(b) Threaten arrest or criminal prosecution.
- "(c) [Threaten the seizure, attachment or sale of] Threaten to seize, attach or sell a debtor's property [when such action can only be taken pursuant to] if doing so requires a court order [without disclosing] and the debt collector does not disclose that seizing, attaching or selling the debtor's property requires prior court proceedings [are required].
  - "(d) Use profane, obscene or abusive language in communicating with a

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debtor or **any member of** the debtor's family.

- "(e) Communicate with [the] a debtor or any member of the debtor's family repeatedly or continuously or at times known to be inconvenient to [that person] the debtor or any member of the debtor's family and with intent to harass or annoy the debtor or any member of the debtor's family.
- 6 "(f) Communicate or threaten to communicate with a debtor's employer 7 concerning the nature or existence of the debt.
  - "(g) [Communicate without the debtor's permission or threaten to communicate with the] Communicate or threaten to communicate with a debtor at the debtor's place of employment without the debtor's permission if the place of employment is other than the debtor's residence, except that the debt collector may:
  - "(A) Write to [the] a debtor at the debtor's place of employment if [no] a home address is **not** reasonably available and if the envelope does not reveal that the communication is from a debt collector other than [a provider of] **the person that provided** the goods, services or credit from which the debt arose.
  - "(B) Telephone a debtor's place of employment without informing any other person of the nature of the call or identifying the caller as a debt collector but only if the debt collector in good faith has made an unsuccessful attempt to telephone the debtor at the debtor's residence during the day or during the evening between the hours of 6 p.m. and 9 p.m. The debt collector may not contact the debtor at the debtor's place of employment more frequently than once each business week and may not telephone the debtor at the debtor's place of employment if the debtor notifies the debt collector not to telephone at the debtor's place of employment or if the debt collector knows or has reason to know that the debtor's employer prohibits the debtor from receiving such communication. For the purposes of this subparagraph, any language in any agreement, contract or instrument [creating] that creates or is evidence of the debt [which] and that purports

- to authorize telephone calls at the debtor's place of employment [shall not be considered as giving] does not give permission to the debt collector to call the debtor at the debtor's place of employment.
- "(h) Communicate with [the] a debtor in writing without clearly identi-fying the name of the debt collector, the name of the person, if any, for whom the debt collector is attempting to collect the debt and the debt collector's business address, on all initial communications. In subsequent communi-cations involving multiple accounts, the debt collector may eliminate the name of the person, if any, for whom the debt collector is attempting to collect the debt[,] and may substitute the term 'various' [may be substituted in its place in place of the person's name.
  - "(i) Communicate **directly** with [the] **a** debtor [orally] **in an oral conversation** without disclosing to the debtor, within 30 seconds **after beginning the communication**, the name of the individual [making the contact] who is initiating the communication and the true purpose [thereof] of the communication.
  - "(j) [Cause] Conceal the true purpose of a communication so as to cause any expense to [the] a debtor in the form of long distance telephone calls, telegram fees or other charges [incurred by] the debtor might incur in using a medium of communication[, by concealing the true purpose of the debt collector's communication].
  - "(k) Attempt to or threaten to enforce a right or remedy [with knowledge or] that the debt collector knows or has reason to know [that the right or remedy] does not exist, or threaten to take any action [which] that the debt collector does not take in the regular course of business [does not take].
  - "(L) Use [any] **a** form of communication [which] **that** simulates legal or judicial process or [which gives the appearance of being] **that appears to be** authorized, issued or approved by a governmental agency, governmental official or an [attorney at law when it is not in fact so approved or

- authorized] attorney-at-law if a governmental agency, governmental
   official or attorney-at-law has not in fact authorized or approved the
   communication.
- "(m) Represent that an existing debt may be increased by the addition of attorney fees, investigation fees or any other fees or charges [when such] if the fees or charges may not legally be added to the existing debt.
- "(n) Collect or attempt to collect [any] interest or [any other] charges or fees [in excess of] that exceed the actual debt, unless [they are expressly authorized by the agreement creating the debt or expressly allowed by law] the agreement, contract or instrument that creates the debt expressly authorizes, or a law expressly allows, the interest or other charges or fees.
  - "(o) Threaten to assign or sell [the] a debtor's account [with an attending misrepresentation or implication] and misrepresenting or implying that the debtor would lose any defense to the debt or would be subjected to harsh, vindictive or abusive collection tactics.
  - "(p) Use the seal or letterhead of a public official or a public agency, as those terms are defined in ORS 171.725.
  - "(q) Bring an action to collect a debt if no reasonable basis exists under law for the debt collector to claim to have brought the action within an applicable statute of limitations.
  - "(r) Engage in an act or practice prohibited by this subsection when communicating with a person that the debt collector believes is or might be a debtor.
  - "(s) Purchase delinquent or charged-off debt for the purpose of collecting the debt without first registering with the Department of Consumer and Business Services under section 1 of this 2015 Act.
- "(3) [It shall be an unlawful collection practice for] A debt collector, by use of any direct or indirect action, conduct or practice, [to] may not enforce or attempt to enforce an obligation [made] that is void and

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- unenforceable [by the provisions of] **under** ORS 759.720 (3) to (5).
- "(4) A debt collector's violation of subsection (2) or (3) of this sec-
- 3 tion is an unlawful debt collection practice that is subject to an action
- 4 under ORS 646.641.

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- **"SECTION 4.** ORS 646.641 is amended to read:
- 6 "646.641. (1) As used in this section, 'appropriate court' means the 7 circuit court of a county:
- 8 "(a) In which one or more of the defendants in an action under this 9 section reside;
  - "(b) In which one or more of the defendants in an action under this section maintain a principal place of business;
  - "(c) In which a plaintiff in an action under this section alleges that one or more of the defendants in the action used or employed an unlawful collection practice.
  - "[(1)] (2) [Any] A person that is injured as a result of another person's willful use or employment [by another person] of an unlawful collection practice may bring an action in an appropriate court to enjoin the practice or to recover actual damages or \$200, whichever is greater. The court or the jury may award punitive damages, and the court may provide such equitable relief as [it] the court deems necessary or proper.
- "[(2) In any action brought by a person under this section, the court may award reasonable attorney fees to the prevailing party.]
- "[(3) Actions brought under this section shall be commenced within one year from the date of the injury.]
  - "(3) The court may award reasonable attorney fees and costs at trial and on appeal to the prevailing party in an action under this section.
  - "(4) A person that brings an action under this section must bring the action within one year after the date of the injury.
- 29 "(5) A defendant in an action under this section is not liable if the 30 defendant shows by a preponderance of the evidence that the defend-

- ant did not intend to engage in an unlawful debt collection practice,
- 2 the violation was not material and that the defendant's actions re-
- 3 sulted from bona fide scrivener's error despite the defendant's main-
- 4 tenance of procedures reasonably adapted to avoid the error.
- **"SECTION 5.** ORS 697.005 is amended to read:
- 6 "697.005. As used in ORS 697.005 to 697.095:
- 7 "(1)(a) 'Collection agency' means:
- 8 "(A) A person that directly or indirectly [engaged] engages in soliciting
- 9 a claim for collection, or collecting or attempting to collect a claim that is
- owed, due or asserted to be owed or due to another person or to a public
- body at the time the person solicits, collects or attempts to collect the claim;
- "(B) A person that directly or indirectly furnishes, attempts to furnish,
- 13 sells or offers to sell forms represented to be a collection system even if the
- 14 forms direct the debtor to make payment to the creditor and even if the
- 15 **creditor may or does use the** forms [may be or are actually used by the
- 16 *creditor*] in the creditor's own name;
- "(C) A person that, in attempting to collect or in collecting the person's
- own claim, uses a fictitious name or any name other than the person's own
- 19 name that conveys an impression [indicates] to the debtor that a third
- 20 person is collecting or attempting to collect the claim;
- "(D) A person [in the business of engaging] that engages in the [solic-
- 22 itation of business of soliciting the right to repossess or in repossessing
- collateral security due or asserted to be due to another person; or
- "(E) A person that, in [the collection of] collecting claims from another
- 25 person:
- 26 "(i) Uses any name other than the name regularly used in the conduct
- of the business out of which the claim arose; and
- 28 "(ii) Engages in any action or conduct that tends to convey the im-
- 29 pression that a third party has been employed or engaged to collect the
- 30 claim.

- "(b) 'Collection agency' does not include:
- "(A) An individual [engaged] who engages in soliciting claims for col-
- 3 lection, or [collecting or attempting] who collects or attempts to collect
- 4 claims on behalf of a registrant under ORS 697.005 to 697.095, if the indi-
- 5 vidual is an employee of the registrant.
- 6 "(B) An individual [collecting or attempting] who collects or attempts
- 7 to collect claims for not more than three employers, if the individual carries
- 8 on all collection efforts in the name of the employer and the individual is
- 9 an employee of the employer.
- 10 "(C) A person that prepares or mails monthly or periodic statements of
- accounts due on behalf of another person if all payments are made to the
- other person and the person that prepares the statements of accounts does
- 13 not make other collection efforts.
- "(D) An attorney-at-law [rendering] who renders services in [the per-
- 15 formance of **performing** the duties of an attorney-at-law.
- "(E) A licensed certified public accountant or public accountant [render-
- ing services in the performance of] performing the duties of a licensed cer-
- 18 tified public accountant or public accountant.
- "(F) A bank, mutual savings bank, consumer finance company, trust
- 20 company, savings and loan association, credit union or debt consolidation
- 21 agency.
- 22 "(G) A principal real estate broker that is licensed under ORS 696.020,
- 23 [as] with respect to any collection or billing activity that involves a real
- estate closing escrow, as defined in ORS 696.505.
- 25 "(H) An escrow agent licensed under ORS 696.511, with respect to the
- 26 escrow agent's:
- "(i) Collection or billing activities [involved in] that are related to
- 28 closing an escrow, as defined in ORS 696.505, or related to a collection
- escrow, as defined in ORS 696.505; or
- "(ii) Service as a trustee of a trust deed in accordance with ORS 86.713.

- "(I) An individual **who is** regularly employed as a credit person or in a similar capacity by one person, firm or corporation that is not a collection agency [as defined in this section].
- 4 "(J) A public officer or a person [acting] **that acts** under order of a court.
- 5 "(K) A person [acting] **that acts** as a property manager in collecting or 6 billing for rent, fees, deposits or other sums due landlords of managed units.
- "(L) A person that [is providing] **provides** billing services. A person [is providing] **provides** billing services for the purposes of this subparagraph if the person engages, directly or indirectly, in the business or pursuit of [collection of] **collecting** claims for another person, whether in the other person's name or any other name, by any means that:
- "(i) [Is] **Uses** an accounting procedure, preparation of mail billing or any other means intended to accelerate cash flow to the other person's bank account or to any separate trust account; and
- 15 "(ii) Does not include any personal contact or contact by telephone with 16 the person from whom the claim is sought to be collected.
- "(M) A person that [is providing] **provides** factoring services. A person [is providing] **provides** factoring services for the purposes of this subparagraph if the person engages, directly or indirectly, in the business or pursuit of:
- "(i) Lending or advancing money to commercial clients on the security
  of merchandise or accounts receivable and then enforcing collection actions
  or procedures [on such accounts] for the loans or advances; or
- "(ii) Soliciting or collecting on accounts that have been purchased from commercial clients under an agreement, whether or not the agreement:
  - "(I) Allows recourse against the commercial client;
- "(II) Requires the commercial client to provide any form of guarantee of payment of the purchased account; or
- 29 "(III) Requires the commercial client to establish or maintain a reserve 30 account in any form.

- "(N) An individual employed by [another] a person that operates as a collection agency [if the person does not operate as a collection agency independent of that employment], unless the individual operates an independent collection agency while employed by the person that operates as a collection agency.
- 6 "(O) A mortgage banker as defined in ORS 86A.100.
- "(P) A public utility, as defined in ORS 757.005, a telecommunications utility, as defined in ORS 759.005, a people's utility district, as defined in ORS 261.010, [and] **or** a cooperative corporation engaged in furnishing electric or communication service to consumers.
  - "(Q) A public body or an individual [collecting or attempting] that collects or attempts to collect claims owed, due or asserted to be owed or due to a public body, if the individual is an employee of the public body.
  - "(R) A person that receives an assignment of debt in any form without an obligation to pay the assignor any of the proceeds resulting from a collection of all or a portion of the debt.
  - "(S) A person that engages in the business of purchasing delinquent or charged-off debt for the purpose of collecting the debt.
- "[(S)] (T) A person for whom the Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services determines by order or by rule that [the protection of] protecting the public health, safety and welfare does not require registration with the Department of Consumer and Business Services as a collection agency.
- "(2) 'Collection system' means a scheme intended or calculated to be used to collect claims sent, prepared or delivered by:
- "(a) A person [who] **that** in collecting or attempting to collect the person's own claim uses a fictitious name or any name other than the person's own that indicates to the debtor that a third person is collecting or attempting to collect the claim; or
  - "(b) A person that is directly or indirectly engaged in soliciting claims

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- for collection, or collecting or attempting to collect claims owed or due or asserted to be owed or due another person.
- "(3) 'Claim' means an obligation [for the payment of] to pay money or [thing of value arising] value if the obligation arises out of an agreement or contract, express or implied.
- "(4) 'Client' or 'customer' means a person [authorizing or employing] that

  authorizes or employs a collection agency to collect a claim.
- 8 "(5) 'Debtor' means a person [owing] that owes, or is alleged to owe, a claim.
- "[(6) 'Debts incurred outside this state' means an action or proceeding that:]
- "[(a) Arises out of a promise, made anywhere to the plaintiff or a third party for the plaintiff's benefit, by the defendant to perform services outside of this state or to pay for services to be performed outside of this state by the plaintiff;]
  - "[(b) Arises out of services actually performed for the plaintiff by the defendant outside of this state or services actually performed for the defendant by the plaintiff outside of this state, if the performance outside of this state was authorized or ratified by the defendant;]
- "[(c) Arises out of a promise, made anywhere to the plaintiff or a third party for the plaintiff's benefit, by the defendant to deliver or receive outside of this state or to send from outside of this state goods, documents of title or other things of value;]
- "[(d) Relates to goods, documents of title or other things of value sent from outside of this state by the defendant to the plaintiff or a third person on the plaintiff's order or direction;]
- "[(e) Relates to goods, documents of title or other things of value actually received outside of this state by the plaintiff from the defendant or by the defendant from the plaintiff, without regard to where delivery to carrier occurred; or]

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- "[(f) Where jurisdiction at the time the debt was incurred was outside of this state.]
- "[(7)] (6)(a) 'Out-of-state collection agency' means a collection agency lo-
- 4 cated outside of this state [whose] the activities of which, within this
- 5 state, are limited to collecting [debts incurred outside of this state from
- 6 debtors] a debt that a debtor located in this state incurs outside this
- 7 state.
- 8 "(b) As used in this subsection, 'collecting [debts] a debt' means collect-
- 9 ing a debt on behalf of clients located outside this state by means of
- interstate communications, including telephone, mail or facsimile trans-
- mission, from the collection [agency] agency's location in another state [on
- behalf of clients located outside of this state].
- "[(8)] (7) 'Person' means an individual, firm, partnership, trust, joint
- venture, association, limited liability company or corporation.
- "[(9)] (8) 'Public body' has the meaning given that term in ORS
- 16 **174.109.** [means:]
- "[(a) The state and any branch, department, agency, board or commission
- 18 of the state;]
- "[(b) A city, county, district or other political subdivision or municipal or
- 20 public corporation or an instrumentality thereof; and]
- "[(c) An intergovernmental agency, department, council, joint board of con-
- 22 trol created under ORS 190.125 or other like entity that is created under ORS
- 23 190.003 to 190.130 and that does not act under the direction and control of any
- 24 single member government.]
- "[(10)] (9) ['Registered' or] 'Registrant' means a person that is registered
- under ORS 697.005 to 697.095 or **that is** registered or licensed as a collection
- 27 agency under the laws of another state.
- "[(11)] (10) 'Statement of account' means a report [setting] that sets forth
- 29 amounts billed, invoices, credits allowed or aged balance due.
- "SECTION 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, ORS

- 646.639, 646.641 and 646.643 shall not be considered to have been added to or made a part of ORS 646.605 to 646.652 for the purpose of statutory compilation or for the application of definitions, penalties or administrative provisions applicable to statute sections in that series.
- "SECTION 7. Section 1 of this 2015 Act and the amendments to ORS 646.607, 646.639, 646.641 and 697.005 by sections 2 to 5 of this 2015 Act apply to legal actions that begin on or after the operative date specified in section 8 of this 2015 Act.
  - "SECTION 8. (1) Section 1 of this 2015 Act and the amendments to ORS 646.607, 646.639, 646.641 and 697.005 by sections 2 to 5 of this 2015 Act become operative January 1, 2016.
  - "(2) The Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services may adopt rules and take any other action before the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to enable the director, on and after the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section, to exercise all of the duties, functions and powers conferred on the director by section 1 of this 2015 Act and the amendments to ORS 646.607, 646.639, 646.641 and 697.005 by sections 2 to 5 of this 2015 Act.
  - "SECTION 9. This 2015 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2015 Act takes effect on its passage."

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