

Enrolled
Senate Bill 641

Sponsored by Senator SHIELDS, Representative WILLIAMSON, Senator KNOPP, Representative HUFFMAN (at the request of ACLU)

CHAPTER

AN ACT

Relating to privacy; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 133.633 and 133.653.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. (1) As used in this section:

(a)(A) “Forensic imaging” means using an electronic device to download or transfer raw data from a portable electronic device onto another medium of digital storage.

(B) “Forensic imaging” does not include photographing or transcribing information observable from the portable electronic device by normal unaided human senses.

(b) “Location information service” means a global positioning service or other mapping, locational or directional information service.

(c) “Portable electronic device” means any device designed to be easily moved from one location to another and that contains electronic data or that enables access to, or use of, an electronic communication service as defined in 18 U.S.C. 2510, remote computing service as defined in 18 U.S.C. 2711 or location information service.

(d) “Raw data” means data collected from a source that has not been subsequently altered or manipulated after collection.

(2) A law enforcement agency may not use forensic imaging to obtain information contained in a portable electronic device except:

(a) Pursuant to a search warrant issued under ORS 133.525 to 133.703; or

(b) As authorized by lawful consent.

(3) Information obtained in violation of this section:

(a) Is not admissible in and may not be disclosed in a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, arbitration proceeding or other adjudicatory proceeding, against either the owner of the portable electronic device or a person with a reasonable expectation of privacy in the contents of the device; and

(b) May not be used to establish reasonable suspicion or probable cause to believe that an offense has been committed.

(4) A portable electronic device that has been forensically imaged pursuant to subsection (2) of this section may be returned as described in ORS 133.633 and 133.643.

(5) Subsection (2) of this section does not apply to:

(a) A correctional facility, youth correction facility or state hospital, as those terms are defined in ORS 162.135, when the facility or state hospital obtains information from a portable electronic device in an otherwise lawful manner.

(b) A parole and probation officer, juvenile community supervision officer as defined in ORS 420.905, community corrections agency or agency that supervises youth or youth offenders, when the officer or agency obtains information from a portable electronic device in an otherwise lawful manner.

SECTION 2. ORS 133.633 is amended to read:

133.633. (1) Within 90 days after actual notice of any seizure, or at such later date as the court in its discretion may allow:

(a) An individual from whose person, property or premises things have been seized may move the appropriate court to return things seized to the person or premises from which they were seized.

(b) Any other person asserting a claim to rightful possession of the things seized may move the appropriate court to restore the things seized to the movant.

(2) The appropriate court to consider such motion is:

(a) The court having ultimate trial jurisdiction over any crime charged in connection with the seizure;

(b) If no crime is charged in connection with the seizure, the court to which the warrant was returned; or

(c) If the seizure was not made under a warrant and no crime is charged in connection with the seizure, any court having authority to issue search warrants in the county in which the seizure was made.

(3) The movant shall serve a copy of the motion upon the district attorney or the city attorney, whichever is appropriate, of the jurisdiction in which the property is in custody.

(4) No filing, appearance or hearing fees may be charged for filing or hearing a motion under this section.

(5)(a) The things seized that are the subject of a motion for return under this section may include raw data obtained from the forensic imaging of a portable electronic device or of a computer.

(b) As used in this subsection, “forensic imaging,” “portable electronic device” and “raw data” have the meanings given those terms in section 1 of this 2015 Act.

SECTION 3. ORS 133.653 is amended to read:

133.653. (1) In granting a motion for return or restoration of things seized, the court shall postpone execution of the order until such time as the things in question need no longer remain available for evidentiary use.

(2) An order granting a motion for return or restoration of things seized shall be reviewable on appeal in regular course. An order denying such a motion or entered under ORS 133.663 shall be reviewable on appeal upon certification by the court having custody of the things in question that they are no longer needed for evidentiary purposes.

(3)(a) An order granting a motion for return of raw data obtained from the forensic imaging of a portable electronic device or of a computer shall include a provision that a law enforcement agency may not retain a copy of the raw data to be returned.

(b) As used in this subsection, “forensic imaging,” “portable electronic device” and “raw data” have the meanings given those terms in section 1 of this 2015 Act.

Passed by Senate April 22, 2015

Repassed by Senate June 18, 2015

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Lori L. Brocker, Secretary of Senate

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Peter Courtney, President of Senate

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Tina Kotek, Speaker of House

Received by Governor:

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Approved:

.....M,....., 2015

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Kate Brown, Governor

Filed in Office of Secretary of State:

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Jeanne P. Atkins, Secretary of State