A-Engrossed Senate Bill 463

Ordered by the Senate April 24 Including Senate Amendments dated April 24

Sponsored by Senator PROZANSKI (at the request of Wayne Allen, Eugene Municipal Court Judge) (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Permits [persons who have] person who has certain physical condition, or person in same household, to use window tinting that is darker than otherwise allowed if person shows police officer prescription or letter on letterhead from physician or optometrist.

ficer prescription or letter on letterhead from physician or optometrist.

Allows court to dismiss citation issued for offense of operating vehicle with illegal window tinting, or to reduce fine that court would otherwise have imposed for offense, if defendant establishes that at time of offense defendant, or person in same household, had physical condition that requires lower light transmittance.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to vehicle windows; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 815.221 and 815.222.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

- **SECTION 1.** ORS 815.221 is amended to read:
- 815.221. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person may apply tinting material to the windows of a motor vehicle in compliance with this section.
 - (2) Tinting material may be applied to the side and rear windows of a motor vehicle if:
 - (a) The tinting material has a light transmittance of 50 percent or more;
 - (b) The tinting material has a light reflectance of 13 percent or less; and
 - (c) The total light transmittance through the window with the tinting material applied is 35 percent or more.
 - (3) Tinting material that has a lower light transmittance or produces a lower total light transmittance than permitted in subsection (2)(a) and (c) of this section may be applied to the top six inches of a windshield. Tinting material may not be applied to any other portion of the windshield.
 - (4) Tinting material that has a lower light transmittance or produces a lower total light transmittance than permitted in subsection (2)(a) and (c) of this section may be applied to all windows of a multipurpose passenger vehicle that are behind the driver. This subsection applies only to vehicles that are equipped with rearview mirrors on each side of the vehicle. The windows as tinted shall meet the requirements for AS-3 glazing material established by federal regulation. For purposes of this subsection, a "multipurpose passenger vehicle" is a motor vehicle with motive power that is designed to carry 10 or fewer persons and is constructed either on a truck chassis or with special features for occasional off-road operation.
 - (5) Tinting material that has a lower light transmittance or produces a lower total light transmittance than permitted in subsection (2)(a) and (c) of this section may be applied to the side

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- 1 and rear windows of a vehicle registered in the name of a person, or the person's legal guardian,
- 2 if the person has [an affidavit] any of the following documents signed by a validly licensed phy-
- 3 sician or optometrist stating that the person or another person in the person's household has a
- 4 physical condition requiring window tinting that produces a lower light transmittance than allowed
- 5 by this section[.]:

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- (a) An affidavit.
- (b) A prescription.
- (c) A letter on the practitioner's letterhead.
- (6) The [affidavit] document required by [this] subsection (5) of this section shall be kept in the vehicle and shall be shown to a police officer who inquires about the tint.
- 11 [(6)] (7) There are no light transmittance requirements for glazing materials applied to AS-3 type 12 windows.
 - [(7)] (8) The following types of tinting material are not permitted:
- 14 (a) Mirror finish products.
 - (b) Red, gold, yellow, amber or black material.
 - (c) Tinting material that is in liquid preapplication form and is brushed or sprayed on.
- [(8)] (9) Each person who installs window tinting material in compliance with this section shall give the person who requested the installation a certificate stating:
 - (a) The name and address of the person who installed the tint;
 - (b) The light transmittance of the tinting material;
 - (c) The light reflectance of the tinting material; and
- 22 (d) That the total light transmittance through each window with the tinting material applied is 23 not less than 35 percent.
 - [(9)] (10) The certificate issued under subsection [(8)] (9) of this section shall be kept in the motor vehicle and shall be shown to a police officer who inquires about the tint.
 - [(10)] (11) Prohibitions and penalties related to the standards established under this section are provided under ORS 815.222.

SECTION 2. ORS 815.222 is amended to read:

- 815.222. (1) A person commits the offense of illegal window tinting if the person applies window tinting material that does not comply with ORS 815.221 or applies window tinting material to a window of a motor vehicle that is not authorized by ORS 815.221 to be equipped with window tinting material.
- (2) A person commits the offense of operating a vehicle with illegal window tinting if the person operates a vehicle registered or required to be registered in Oregon that is equipped with window tinting material that is not in compliance with or authorized by ORS 815.221.
 - (3) Each offense described in this section is a Class B traffic violation.
- (4) A court may dismiss a citation issued for violation of subsection (2) of this section, or reduce the fine that the court would otherwise have imposed for the offense, if the defendant establishes to the satisfaction of the court that after the citation for the offense was issued the windows of the vehicle were modified to comply with the requirements of ORS 815.221. In determining whether the windows of the vehicle were modified to comply with the requirements of ORS 815.221, the court may consider:
- (a) A receipt from a business for removing nonconforming window tinting or installation of conforming window tinting;
- 45 (b) A written statement by a law enforcement officer indicating that the window tinting was

modified to comply with the requirements of ORS 815.221; and

- (c) Any other evidence produced by the defendant to show modification or removal of the non-conforming window tinting.
- (5) A court may dismiss a citation issued for violation of subsection (2) of this section, or reduce the fine that the court would otherwise have imposed for the offense, if the defendant establishes to the satisfaction of the court that at the time the citation for the offense was issued the person or another person in the person's household had a physical condition requiring window tinting that produces a lower light transmittance than allowed by ORS 815.221. In determining whether the person or another person in the person's household had a physical condition that requires window tinting that produces a lower light transmittance, the court may consider any of the following documents signed by a validly licensed physician or optometrist stating that the person has a physical condition requiring window tinting that produces a lower light transmittance than allowed by ORS 815.221:
 - (a) An affidavit.

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- (b) A prescription.
 - (c) A letter on the practitioner's letterhead.

SECTION 3. The amendments to ORS 815.221 and 815.222 by sections 1 and 2 of this 2015 Act apply to offenses committed on or after the effective date of this 2015 Act.