A-Engrossed Senate Bill 418

Ordered by the Senate April 29 Including Senate Amendments dated April 29

Sponsored by Senator KNOPP (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure

[Directs State Board of Education to adopt specified standards related to student education records.1

[Provides that parents have right to excuse student from statewide standardized summative assessment and that school districts must provide notice of that right to parents.]

[Provides that students must receive certain information related to statewide standardized summative assessments.]

Establishes statewide standards and funding mechanisms for accelerated college credit programs for high school students.

Declares emergency, effective July 1, 2015.

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to education; creating new provisions; amending ORS 337.150, 338.025, 338.115, 340.300,

340.305, 340.310, 340.320 and 340.330 and section 10, chapter 519, Oregon Laws 2011; and de-3 claring an emergency.

Whereas the benefits from increased access to college-level coursework by high school students 5 include improved high school graduation rates, improved attainment of college-ready skills, reduced 6 7 need for remedial courses in the first year at a post-secondary institution of education, improved expectations by students of post-secondary institutions of education, improved transitions between 8 high schools and post-secondary institutions of education, improved success rates of students at 9 post-secondary institutions of education, and reduced time spent and debt accrued for completion 10 of studies at post-secondary institutions of education; and 11

Whereas this state is committed to the goal that by 2025 at least 40 percent of adult Oregonians 1213 will have earned a bachelor's degree or higher degree, at least 40 percent of adult Oregonians will have earned an associate's degree or post-secondary credential as their highest level of educational 14 attainment, and the remaining 20 percent or less of all adult Oregonians will have earned a high 15school diploma, an extended or modified high school diploma or the equivalent of a high school di-16 ploma as their highest level of educational attainment; and 17

Whereas this state can more readily achieve the 40-40-20 goal by better aligning state funding, 18 standards and assessments, better supporting shared resources for high schools and post-secondary 19 20 institutions of education, better encouraging efficiencies and cost savings in high schools and postsecondary institutions of education, better reducing barriers to participation in post-secondary edu-21cation and better improving equitable access to college-level coursework for high school students; 2223and

24 Whereas this state must support further development of a collaborative culture among all sec-

1 ondary schools and post-secondary institutions in order to improve course alignment, student suc-2 cess and shared professional development; and

3 Whereas this state needs a consistent means by which to measure the impact that increased 4 access to college-level coursework by high school students will have toward achieving the 40-40-20 5 goal; and

6 Whereas improved access to college-level coursework by high school students will expose tra-7 ditionally underrepresented students to higher education and increase the likelihood that the stu-8 dents will continue to pursue college-level coursework in higher education; and

9 Whereas this state intends to enable students to access all forms of accelerated college credit 10 programs and must ensure that Oregon-oriented programs meet specified standards and provide 11 consistency to students; now, therefore,

12 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. As used in ORS 340.300 to 340.330:

(1) "Accelerated college credit programs" includes dual credit programs, two-plus-two
 programs, advanced placement programs, International Baccalaureate programs and any
 other programs meeting criteria specified by the State Board of Education by rule as enabl ing high school students to earn college credit.

(2) "Post-secondary institution of education" means a community college in this state or
 a public university listed in ORS 352.002.

20 SECTION 2. ORS 340.300 is amended to read:

21 340.300. [(1) As used in this section, "accelerated college credit programs" includes dual credit 22 programs, two-plus-two programs, advanced placement programs and International Baccalaureate pro-23 grams.]

24 [(2) Each school district shall:]

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[(a) Provide students in grades 9 through 12 with accelerated college credit programs including,
 but not limited to, accelerated college credit programs related to English, mathematics and science;
 or]

[(b) Ensure that students in grades 9 through 12 have online access to accelerated college credit programs including, but not limited to, accelerated college credit programs related to English, mathematics and science.]

(1) Each school district must provide an accelerated college credit program at each high
 school in the school district. The program must offer all students in grades 9 through 12 the
 opportunity to earn college credit while in high school.

34 (2)(a) An accelerated college credit program:

35 (A) Must include, at a minimum, the greater of:

36 (i) Three college-level courses; or

37 (ii) Nine quarter hours of college-level courses;

(B) Must include courses for which college credit is transferable to a post-secondary in stitution of education; and

40 (C) May include courses in mathematics, writing, speech, the sciences, arts, humanities,
41 social sciences and other courses that satisfy the requirement described in subparagraph (B)
42 of this paragraph.

(b) For the purpose of this subsection, a college credit is transferable if a post-secondary
 institution of education or an Oregon-based, generally accredited, not-for-profit private in stitution of higher education accepts the credit for application toward the requirements of

1 a post-secondary degree or the prerequisites for career and technical education.

2 (3)(a) Courses offered through an accelerated college credit program may be supported 3 by online resources. If a course is exclusively provided online, the course must provide sup-4 ports that are targeted to improving the success of students taking the course.

5 (b) When a post-secondary institution of education provides a course supported by online 6 resources as described in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the post-secondary institution of 7 education must make reasonable and timely efforts to enter into agreements to enable a 8 school district to offer to students in grades 9 through 12 the opportunity to take the course 9 if space is available in the course. Efforts must be made under this subsection to serve all 10 students regardless of the community college district that serves the students.

(4) A school district or a high school may enter into an agreement with a post-secondary institution of education to provide courses through an accelerated college credit program. If the school district or high school is unable to reach an agreement with the public university located closest to the high school or with the community college that serves the high school within 60 days of beginning negotiations for an agreement, the school district or high school may pursue an agreement with another public university or community college in this state, regardless of any established service areas.

(5) Except as provided by subsection (6) of this section, a student participating in an accelerated college credit program may not be required to pay any expenses, including charges for tuition, fees and instructional materials, imposed by a post-secondary institution of education.

(6) A student participating in an accelerated college credit program may be required to
 pay any of the following expenses that are:

(a) Imposed by an entity that is neither a school district nor a post-secondary institution
 of education, including examination costs.

(b) Incurred for courses that are in excess of the three college-level courses or nine quarter hours of college-level courses that a school district is required to provide under subsection (2) of this section. A school district may charge a minimal fee per course for college-level courses that are in excess of the requirement under subsection (2) of this section.

(7) Each school district that provides an accelerated college credit program shall collab orate with a post-secondary institution of education to ensure that:

(a) Courses offered through an accelerated college credit program meet the institution's
 standards for transferable credits;

(b) Students receive technical assistance in applying for admission and financial aid at a
 post-secondary institution of education; and

(c) Students receive instructional support and other nonmonetary support that are tar geted to improve the success of the students at a post-secondary institution of education.

<u>SECTION 3.</u> Notwithstanding ORS 340.300, a school district that did not provide an accelerated college credit program at each high school in the school district during the 2014-2015 school year is not required to first comply with the requirements of ORS 340.300 until the 2016-2017 school year.

43 **SECTION 4.** ORS 340.305 is amended to read:

44 340.305. [(1) As used in this section:]

45 [(a) "Accelerated learning entity" means an entity that:]

1 [(A) Assists school districts and high schools in providing accelerated learning options that lead 2 to college credit; or]

3 [(B) Provides standardized testing related to accelerated learning options that lead to college 4 credit.]

5 [(b) "Accelerated learning options" has the meaning given that term in rules adopted by the State 6 Board of Education.]

7 (1) As used in this section, "accelerated college credit program entity" means an entity
8 that:

9 (a) Assists school districts in providing accelerated college credit programs required un 10 der ORS 340.300; or

(b) Provides standardized testing, including examinations, related to accelerated college
 credit programs.

(2) For the purpose of assisting school districts [and high schools in increasing the availability
 of accelerated learning options] offering accelerated college credit programs, the Superintendent
 of Public Instruction shall make available the information described in subsections (3) and (4) of this
 section.

(3) To the extent that [accelerated learning entities] accelerated college credit program entities provide information to the Superintendent of Public Instruction about resources and the various means for offering or providing access to [accelerated learning options] accelerated college credit programs, the superintendent shall ensure that the information is published on the website of the Department of Education and is updated annually.

22(4) To the extent that [accelerated learning entities] accelerated college credit program entities provide information to the Superintendent of Public Instruction about [accelerated learning 23options] accelerated college credit programs made available by [high schools] school districts, the 24 superintendent shall ensure that each [high school] school district that offers or provides access to 25[accelerated learning options in three or fewer subjects] courses through accelerated college credit 2627programs is contacted annually and is provided with information about resources and the various means for offering or providing access to [accelerated learning options] accelerated college credit 2829programs.

30 <u>SECTION 5.</u> ORS 340.310, as amended by section 1, chapter 23, Oregon Laws 2014, is amended 31 to read:

32 340.310. [(1) The Higher Education Coordinating Commission shall develop statewide standards for 33 dual credit programs to be implemented by public high schools, community colleges and public uni-34 versities listed in ORS 352.002. The standards must establish the manner by which:]

(1) The Higher Education Coordinating Commission, in consultation with the State Board
 of Education, shall provide statewide standards for accelerated college credit programs that
 do not have nationally-established standards or state-established accelerated credit stan dards. The statewide standards must be implemented by school districts and post-secondary
 institutions of education and must establish the manner by which:

(a) A student in any grade from 9 through 12 may, upon completion of a course, earn course
credit both for high school and for [a community college or public university; and] general education
or career and technical education at a post-secondary institution of education.

43 (b) [Teachers of courses that are part of a dual credit program will work together to determine]

44 Faculty at post-secondary institutions of education will collaborate with teachers in school 45 districts to ensure the quality of the accelerated college credit program and [to ensure] the

1 alignment of the content, objectives and outcomes of individual courses.

(c) High school teachers of courses that are part of an accelerated college credit program must be approved as an instructor by a post-secondary institution of education based on nationally-established standards, state-established standards or a process established by the commission. A process established by the commission must be established in consultation with the State Board of Education and post-secondary institutions of education and must identify instructor requirements specific to entry-level courses that are part of an accelerated college credit program and that are offered as required by ORS 340.300 (2)(a).

9 (d) Payment for the first three courses, or the first nine quarter hours, that students 10 take through accelerated college credit programs is distributed by school districts to post-11 secondary institutions of education, including designating acceptable uses of moneys for ac-12 celerated college credit programs and establishing a minimum rate and a maximum rate for 13 payment to a post-secondary institution of education for an accelerated college credit pro-14 gram.

(2) Each [public high school, community college and public university] school district and postsecondary institution of education that provides [a dual credit program] an accelerated college credit program must implement the statewide standards [developed] adopted under subsection (1) of this section and must annually review the program to ensure compliance with the standards.

[(3) Each school district, community college and public university that provides a dual credit program shall submit an annual report to the Higher Education Coordinating Commission on the academic performance of students enrolled in a dual credit program. The Higher Education Coordinating Commission shall establish the required contents of the report, which must provide sufficient information to allow the commission to determine the quality of the dual credit program.]

(3)(a) Each school district and post-secondary institution of education that provides an
accelerated college credit program shall submit to the Higher Education Coordinating Commission a biennial report on the academic performance of students participating in the program and the participation level of underrepresented students in the program. A school
district must provide a separate report for each high school in the school district.

(b) The Higher Education Coordinating Commission shall establish the required contents
 of the report required by this subsection. The report must provide sufficient information to
 allow the commission to determine the quality of the program and to document progress
 toward meeting the mission described in ORS 351.009.

(c) For purposes of the report required by this subsection, the commission shall identify
 the characteristics of underrepresented students.

(4) Based on the reports submitted under subsection (3) of this section, the Higher Edu cation Coordinating Commission shall submit a biennial report to the Governor, the legisla tive committees on education and the State Board of Education.

39 <u>SECTION 5a.</u> (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the requirements
 40 of ORS 340.310, as amended by section 5 of this 2015 Act, first apply to the 2015-2016 school
 41 year.

42 (2) The requirements of ORS 340.310 (1)(c), as amended by section 5 of this 2015 Act, first
43 apply to the 2016-2017 school year.

44 **SECTION 6.** ORS 340.320 is amended to read:

45 340.320. [(1) As used in this section, "accelerated college credit programs" includes dual credit

programs, two-plus-two programs, advanced placement programs and International Baccalaureate pro-1 2 grams.]

[(2)] (1) The Department of Education shall administer a grant program that provides grants for 3 4 the purposes of:

(a) Providing education or training to teachers who will provide or are providing instruction in 5 accelerated college credit programs; 6

(b) Assisting students in paying for [books,] instructional materials and other costs[, other than 7 test fees,] related to accelerated college credit programs that are incurred by a student for 8 9 courses that are in excess of three college-level courses or nine quarter hours of college-level 10 courses; and

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(c) Providing classroom supplies for accelerated college credit programs.

12[(3)] (2) Any school district, [community college district or state institution of higher education in 13 this state] education service district or post-secondary institution of education may individually or jointly apply for a grant under this section. 14

15 [(4)] (3) If a grant is awarded for the purpose of providing education or training to teachers who will provide or are providing instruction in an accelerated college credit program: 16

17 (a) The amount of the grant may not exceed one-third of the total cost of the education or training; and 18

19 (b) The department may award the grant on the condition that the teacher, school district, 20 [community college district and state institution of higher education] education service district and post-secondary institution of education pay the balance of the cost of the education or training 2122in a proportion agreed to by the teacher, [districts] the district and the institution.

[(5)] (4) For the purposes described in subsection [(2)] (1) of this section, the department may:

(a) Accept contributions of funds and assistance from the United States Government and its 94 agencies or from any other source, public or private, and agree to conditions placed on the funds 25not inconsistent with the purposes of subsection [(2)] (1) of this section; and 26

27(b) Enter into agreements with school districts, [community college districts and state institutions of higher education] education service districts and post-secondary institutions of education 28related to the funding to provide education or training to teachers who will provide or are providing 2930 instruction in an accelerated college credit program.

31 [(6)] (5) All funds received by the department under this section shall be paid into the Supplemental Accelerated College Credit Account established under ORS 340.330 to be used for the pur-32poses described in subsection [(2)] (1) of this section. 33

34 SECTION 7. ORS 340.330 is amended to read:

35340.330. The Supplemental Accelerated College Credit Account is established in the State Treasury, separate and distinct from the General Fund. Interest earned by the Supplemental Ac-36 37 celerated College Credit Account shall be credited to the account. Moneys in the Supplemental 38 Accelerated College Credit Account are continuously appropriated to the Department of Education for the purposes described in ORS 340.320 [(2)] (1). 39

SECTION 8. Section 9 of this 2015 Act is added to and made a part of ORS 340.300 to 40 340.330. 41

SECTION 9. (1) The Oregon Education Investment Board shall identify model programs 42 and best practices for a school district to implement to encourage the students of the school 43 district to participate in an accelerated college credit program and enroll in a post-secondary 44 institution of education. The board may identify programs and practices tailored for students 45

1 with specific backgrounds or characteristics.

2 (2) Each school district shall annually inform the parents of its students in grades 9 3 through 12 of the availability and transferability of accelerated college credit program cred-4 its, including the student eligibility requirements and the financial and academic benefits of 5 earning college credit while in high school.

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SECTION 10. Section 9 of this 2015 Act is amended to read:

7 Sec. 9. (1) The [Oregon Education Investment Board] State Board of Education shall identify 8 model programs and best practices for a school district to implement to encourage the students of 9 the school district to participate in an accelerated college credit program and enroll in a post-10 secondary institution of education. The board may identify programs and practices tailored for stu-11 dents with specific backgrounds or characteristics.

(2) Each school district shall annually inform the parents of its students in grades 9 through 12 of the availability and transferability of accelerated college credit program credits, including the student eligibility requirements and the financial and academic benefits of earning college credit while in high school.

16 **SECTION 11.** Section 10, chapter 519, Oregon Laws 2011, as amended by section 1, chapter 37, 17 Oregon Laws 2012, section 5, chapter 286, Oregon Laws 2013, section 89, chapter 624, Oregon Laws 18 2013, section 9, chapter 660, Oregon Laws 2013, section 3, chapter 661, Oregon Laws 2013, section 19 5, chapter 739, Oregon Laws 2013, section 194, chapter 747, Oregon Laws 2013, and section 6, 20 chapter 778, Oregon Laws 2013, is amended to read:

Sec. 10. (1) Sections 1, 2, 3, 5 and 7, chapter 519, Oregon Laws 2011, are repealed on March 15,
 2016.

(2) The amendments to [section 2 of this 2013 Act] ORS 342.208 by section 4, chapter 286,
Oregon Laws 2013, [of this 2013 Act] become operative on March 15, 2016.

(3) The amendments to ORS 326.021 by section 88, chapter 624, Oregon Laws 2013, [of this 2013
 Act] become operative on March 15, 2016.

(4) The amendments to [sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of this 2013 Act] ORS 327.800, 327.810, 327.815
and 327.820 by sections 5, 6, 7 and 8, chapter 660, Oregon Laws 2013, [of this 2013 Act] become operative on March 15, 2016.

(5) The amendments to [section 1 of this 2013 Act] ORS 342.950 by section 2, chapter 661,
Oregon Laws 2013, [of this 2013 Act] become operative on March 15, 2016.

(6) The amendments to [section 1 of this 2013 Act] ORS 326.500 by section 4, chapter 739,
Oregon Laws 2013, [of this 2013 Act] become operative on March 15, 2016.

(7) The amendments to [section 7 of this 2013 Act] ORS 327.380 by section 8, chapter 739,
Oregon Laws 2013, [of this 2013 Act] become operative on March 15, 2016.

(8) The amendments to ORS 342.443 by section 5, chapter 778, Oregon Laws 2013, [of this 2013
 Act] become operative on March 15, 2016.

(9) The amendments to section 9 of this 2015 Act by section 10 of this 2015 Act become
 operative on March 15, 2016.

40 [(9)] (10) The amendments to [section 1 of this 2013 Act] ORS 326.500 by section 6, chapter 739,

41 Oregon Laws 2013, [of this 2013 Act] become operative on July 1, 2025.

42 SECTION 12. ORS 338.115 is amended to read:

338.115. (1) Statutes and rules that apply only to school district boards, school districts or other
public schools do not apply to public charter schools. However, the following laws do apply to public

45 charter schools:

(a) Federal law; 1 2 (b) ORS 30.260 to 30.300 (tort claims); (c) ORS 192.410 to 192.505 (public records law); 3 (d) ORS 192.610 to 192.690 (public meetings law); 4 (e) ORS chapters 279A, 279B and 279C (Public Contracting Code); 5 (f) ORS 297.405 to 297.555 and 297.990 (Municipal Audit Law); 6 (g) ORS 326.565, 326.575 and 326.580 (student records); 7 (h) ORS 181.534, 326.603, 326.607, 342.223 and 342.232 (criminal records checks); 8 9 (i) ORS 329.045 (academic content standards and instruction); (j) ORS 329.451 (high school diploma, modified diploma, extended diploma and alternative cer-10 tificate); 11 12 (k) The statewide assessment system developed by the Department of Education for mathematics, science and English under ORS 329.485 (2); 13 (L) ORS 337.150 (textbooks); 14 15 (m) ORS 339.119 (consideration for educational services); (n) ORS 339.141, 339.147 and 339.155 (tuition and fees); 16 (o) ORS 339.250 (9) (prohibition on infliction of corporal punishment); 17 18 (p) ORS 339.326 (notice concerning students subject to juvenile court petitions); (q) ORS 339.370, 339.372, 339.388 and 339.400 (reporting of abuse and sexual conduct and training 19 on prevention and identification of abuse and sexual conduct); 20(r) ORS chapter 657 (Employment Department Law); 2122(s) ORS 659.850, 659.855 and 659.860 (discrimination); (t) Any statute or rule that establishes requirements for instructional time provided by a school 23during each day or during a year; 24 (u) Statutes and rules that expressly apply to public charter schools; 25(v) Statutes and rules that apply to a special government body, as defined in ORS 174.117, or a 2627public body, as defined in ORS 174.109; (w) Health and safety statutes and rules; 28(x) Any statute or rule that is listed in the charter; 2930 (y) ORS 336.840 (use of personal electronic devices); [and] 31 (z) ORS 340.300 to 340.330 (accelerated college credit programs); and 32[(z)] (aa) This chapter. (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a charter may specify that statutes and rules 33 34 that apply only to school district boards, school districts and other public schools may apply to a 35 public charter school. (3) If a statute or rule applies to a public charter school, then the terms "school district" and 36 37 "public school" include public charter school as those terms are used in that statute or rule. (4) A public charter school may not violate the Establishment Clause of the First Amendment 38 to the United States Constitution or section 5, Article I of the Oregon Constitution, or be religion 39 based. 40 (5)(a) A public charter school shall maintain an active enrollment of at least 25 students. 41 (b) For a public charter school that provides educational services under a cooperative agree-42 ment described in ORS 338.080, the public charter school is in compliance with the requirements of 43 this subsection if the public charter school provides educational services under the cooperative 44 agreement to at least 25 students, without regard to the school districts in which the students are 45

1 residents.

2 (6) A public charter school may sue or be sued as a separate legal entity.

3 (7) The sponsor, members of the governing board of the sponsor acting in their official capacities 4 and employees of a sponsor acting in their official capacities are immune from civil liability with 5 respect to all activities related to a public charter school within the scope of their duties or em-6 ployment.

7 (8) A public charter school may enter into contracts and may lease facilities and services from 8 a school district, education service district, public university listed in ORS 352.002, other govern-9 mental unit or any person or legal entity.

10 (9) A public charter school may not levy taxes or issue bonds under which the public incurs li-11 ability.

(10) A public charter school may receive and accept gifts, grants and donations from any sourcefor expenditure to carry out the lawful functions of the school.

(11) The school district in which the public charter school is located shall offer a high school diploma, a modified diploma, an extended diploma or an alternative certificate to any public charter school student who meets the district's and state's standards for a high school diploma, a modified diploma, an extended diploma or an alternative certificate.

(12) A high school diploma, a modified diploma, an extended diploma or an alternative certificate issued by a public charter school grants to the holder the same rights and privileges as a high school diploma, a modified diploma, an extended diploma or an alternative certificate issued by a nonchartered public school.

(13) Prior to beginning operation, the public charter school shall show proof of insurance to thesponsor as specified in the charter.

(14) A public charter school may receive services from an education service district in the same
manner as a nonchartered public school in the school district in which the public charter school is
located.

SECTION 13. ORS 338.115, as amended by section 7, chapter 839, Oregon Laws 2007, section 12, chapter 50, Oregon Laws 2008, section 4, chapter 618, Oregon Laws 2009, section 3, chapter 53, Oregon Laws 2010, section 3, chapter 94, Oregon Laws 2011, section 118, chapter 637, Oregon Laws 2011, section 5, chapter 682, Oregon Laws 2011, section 10, chapter 92, Oregon Laws 2012, section 7, chapter 98, Oregon Laws 2013, section 14, chapter 265, Oregon Laws 2013, and section 9, chapter 267, Oregon Laws 2013, is amended to read:

33 338.115. (1) Statutes and rules that apply only to school district boards, school districts or other
 public schools do not apply to public charter schools. However, the following laws do apply to public
 charter schools:

36 (a) Federal law;

- 37 (b) ORS 30.260 to 30.300 (tort claims);
- 38 (c) ORS 192.410 to 192.505 (public records law);
- 39 (d) ORS 192.610 to 192.690 (public meetings law);
- 40 (e) ORS chapters 279A, 279B and 279C (Public Contracting Code);
- 41 (f) ORS 297.405 to 297.555 and 297.990 (Municipal Audit Law);
- 42 (g) ORS 326.565, 326.575 and 326.580 (student records);
- 43 (h) ORS 181.534, 326.603, 326.607, 342.223 and 342.232 (criminal records checks);

44 (i) ORS 329.045 (academic content standards and instruction);

45 (j) ORS 329.451 (high school diploma, modified diploma, extended diploma and alternative cer-

1	tificate);
2	(k) ORS 329.496 (physical education);
3	(L) The statewide assessment system developed by the Department of Education for mathemat-
4	ics, science and English under ORS 329.485 (2);
5	(m) ORS 337.150 (textbooks);
6	(n) ORS 339.119 (consideration for educational services);
7	(o) ORS 339.141, 339.147 and 339.155 (tuition and fees);
8	(p) ORS 339.250 (9) (prohibition on infliction of corporal punishment);
9	(q) ORS 339.326 (notice concerning students subject to juvenile court petitions);
10	(r) ORS 339.370, 339.372, 339.388 and 339.400 (reporting of abuse and sexual conduct and training
11	on prevention and identification of abuse and sexual conduct);
12	(s) ORS chapter 657 (Employment Department Law);
13	(t) ORS 659.850, 659.855 and 659.860 (discrimination);
14	(u) Any statute or rule that establishes requirements for instructional time provided by a school
15	during each day or during a year;
16	(v) Statutes and rules that expressly apply to public charter schools;
17	(w) Statutes and rules that apply to a special government body, as defined in ORS 174.117, or
18	a public body, as defined in ORS 174.109;
19	(x) Health and safety statutes and rules;
20	(y) Any statute or rule that is listed in the charter;
21	(z) ORS 336.840 (use of personal electronic devices); [and]
22	(aa) ORS 340.300 to 340.330 (accelerated college credit programs); and
23	[(aa)] (bb) This chapter.
24	(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a charter may specify that statutes and rules
25	that apply only to school district boards, school districts and other public schools may apply to a
26	public charter school.
27	(3) If a statute or rule applies to a public charter school, then the terms "school district" and
28	"public school" include public charter school as those terms are used in that statute or rule.
29	(4) A public charter school may not violate the Establishment Clause of the First Amendment
30	to the United States Constitution or section 5, Article I of the Oregon Constitution, or be religion
31	based.
32	(5)(a) A public charter school shall maintain an active enrollment of at least 25 students.
33	(b) For a public charter school that provides educational services under a cooperative agree-
34	ment described in ORS 338.080, the public charter school is in compliance with the requirements of
35	this subsection if the public charter school provides educational services under the cooperative
36	agreement to at least 25 students, without regard to the school districts in which the students are
37	residents.
38	(6) A public charter school may sue or be sued as a separate legal entity.
39	(7) The sponsor, members of the governing board of the sponsor acting in their official capacities
40	and employees of a sponsor acting in their official capacities are immune from civil liability with
41	
42	respect to all activities related to a public charter school within the scope of their duties or em-
1 9	ployment.
43 44	ployment. (8) A public charter school may enter into contracts and may lease facilities and services from
43 44 45	ployment.

1 (9) A public charter school may not levy taxes or issue bonds under which the public incurs li-2 ability.

3 (10) A public charter school may receive and accept gifts, grants and donations from any source
4 for expenditure to carry out the lawful functions of the school.

5 (11) The school district in which the public charter school is located shall offer a high school 6 diploma, a modified diploma, an extended diploma or an alternative certificate to any public charter 7 school student who meets the district's and state's standards for a high school diploma, a modified 8 diploma, an extended diploma or an alternative certificate.

9 (12) A high school diploma, a modified diploma, an extended diploma or an alternative certificate 10 issued by a public charter school grants to the holder the same rights and privileges as a high 11 school diploma, a modified diploma, an extended diploma or an alternative certificate issued by a 12 nonchartered public school.

(13) Prior to beginning operation, the public charter school shall show proof of insurance to the
 sponsor as specified in the charter.

15 (14) A public charter school may receive services from an education service district in the same 16 manner as a nonchartered public school in the school district in which the public charter school is 17 located.

18 **SECTION 14.** ORS 338.025 is amended to read:

338.025. (1) The State Board of Education may adopt any rules necessary for the implementation
 of this chapter. The rules shall follow the intent of this chapter.

(2) Upon application by a public charter school, the State Board of Education may grant a waiver of any provision of this chapter if the waiver promotes the development of programs by providers, enhances the equitable access by underserved families to the public education of their choice, extends the equitable access to public support by all students or permits high quality programs of unusual cost. The State Board of Education may not waive any appeal provision in this chapter or any provision under ORS 338.115 (1)(a) to [(y)] (z), 338.120, 338.125 (4), 338.135 (2)(b) or 339.122.

SECTION 15. ORS 338.025, as amended by section 8, chapter 839, Oregon Laws 2007, section 14, chapter 50, Oregon Laws 2008, section 5, chapter 53, Oregon Laws 2010, section 4, chapter 72, Oregon Laws 2010, section 5, chapter 94, Oregon Laws 2011, section 4, chapter 649, Oregon Laws 2011, section 27, chapter 718, Oregon Laws 2011, section 9, chapter 98, Oregon Laws 2013, and section 16, chapter 265, Oregon Laws 2013, is amended to read:

33 338.025. (1) The State Board of Education may adopt any rules necessary for the implementation
 34 of this chapter. The rules shall follow the intent of this chapter.

(2) Upon application by a public charter school, the State Board of Education may grant a waiver of any provision of this chapter if the waiver promotes the development of programs by providers, enhances the equitable access by underserved families to the public education of their choice, extends the equitable access to public support by all students or permits high quality programs of unusual cost. The State Board of Education may not waive any appeal provision in this chapter or any provision under ORS 338.115 (1)(a) to [(z)] (aa), 338.120, 338.125 (4), 338.135 (2)(b) or 339.122.

42 **SECTION 16.** ORS 337.150 is amended to read:

337.150. (1) Subject to ORS 339.155, each district school board shall provide [textbooks] instructional materials, prescribed or authorized by law, for free use by all resident public school
[pupils] students enrolled in kindergarten through grade 12.

(2) Subject to ORS 339.155, each public charter school, as defined in ORS 338.005, shall provide 1 2 [textbooks] instructional materials, prescribed or authorized by law, for free use by all [pupils] students enrolled in the public charter school. 3

(3) Instructional materials required for an accelerated college credit program, as defined 4 in section 1 of this 2015 Act, must be provided to students in the same manner that in-5 structional materials are provided to students under subsections (1) and (2) of this section, 6 except that the instructional materials do not need to be on a list adopted under ORS 337.050, 7 337.120 or 337.141 and do not need to meet any of the guidelines and criteria for the review 8 9 and selection of instructional materials that are established under ORS 337.035.

SECTION 17. Sections 18 and 19 of this 2015 Act are added to and made a part of ORS 10 340.300 to 340.330. 11

12SECTION 18. (1) In addition to any state moneys distributed to school districts and 13 post-secondary institutions of education, the Department of Education shall distribute moneys to school districts and post-secondary institutions of education for costs incurred for 14 15 accelerated college credit programs.

16 (2) Distributions under this section shall be as follows:

17

(a) For college-level courses provided as required under ORS 340.300:

18 (A) \$10 to a school district for each quarter hour of college credit earned by a student, for a maximum of nine quarter hours per student; and 19

20(B) \$10 to a post-secondary institution of education for each quarter hour of college credit earned by a student that is provided by the institution or a faculty member of the 21 22institution, for a maximum of nine quarter hours per student.

23(b) For college-level courses provided as required under ORS 340.300 that are career and technical education, as determined by the Department of Education based on rules adopted 94 by the State Board of Education, \$10 to a school district for each quarter hour of college 25credit earned by a student for a career and technical education course, for a maximum of 2627nine quarter hours per student. Amounts distributed as provided by this paragraph are in addition to amounts distributed as provided by paragraph (a)(A) of this subsection. 28

(c) For college-level courses provided as required under ORS 340.300 to underserved stu-2930 dents, as determined by the Department of Education based on rules adopted by the State 31 Board of Education in consultation with the Higher Education Coordinating Commission, \$10 to a school district for each quarter hour of college credit earned by an underserved student, 32for a maximum of nine quarter hours per student. Amounts distributed as provided by this 33 34 paragraph are in addition to amounts distributed as provided by paragraphs (a)(A) and (b) 35of this subsection.

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(d) For advanced placement programs, International Baccalaureate programs and accel-37 erated college credit programs, \$20 to a school district for each student enrolled in the pro-38 gram to be used for textbooks, instructional materials and supplies of the program.

(e) For advanced placement programs, International Baccalaureate programs and accel-39 erated college credit programs provided to underserved students, as determined by the De-40 partment of Education based on rules adopted by the State Board of Education in 41 consultation with the Higher Education Coordinating Commission, \$10 to a school district for 42 each high school credit earned by an underserved student, for a maximum of three high 43 school credits per student. Amounts distributed as provided by this paragraph are in addition 44 to amounts distributed as provided by paragraph (d) of this subsection. 45

1 (3) Distributions made as provided in subsection (2) of this section shall be made:

(a) For the first nine credits for dual credit courses or for the first three high school
credits for advanced placement program or International Baccalaureate program courses,
whichever occurs first; and

5 (b) From a school district to a public charter school based on the percentage that pay-6 ments are made under agreements entered into as provided in ORS 338.155.

(4) The State Board of Education shall establish by rule:

8 (a) The form and timelines by which a school district or institution of higher education
9 shall submit requests for distributions under this section; and

10

7

(b) The methods and timelines for making distributions under this section.

(5) If the total amount to be distributed as provided by this section exceeds the amount available for distribution, the Department of Education shall pay in full the amounts to be distributed as provided by subsection (2)(c) and (e) of this section and prorate the amounts available for distribution under subsection (2)(a), (b) and (d) of this section.

15 <u>SECTION 19.</u> The Accelerated College Credit Account is established in the State Treas-16 ury, separate and distinct from the General Fund. Interest earned by the Accelerated College 17 Credit Account shall be credited to the account. Moneys in the account are continuously 18 appropriated to the Department of Education for the purposes described in section 18 of this 19 2015 Act.

<u>SECTION 20.</u> In addition to and not in lieu of any other appropriation, there is appropriated to the Department of Education, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2015, out of the General Fund, the amount of \$15 million, which shall be deposited in the Accelerated College Credit Account established by section 19 of this 2015 Act.

<u>SECTION 21.</u> In addition to and not in lieu of any other appropriation, there is appropriated to the Department of Education, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2015, out of the General Fund, the amount of \$_____, which may be expended for the grant program described in ORS 340.320.

28 <u>SECTION 22.</u> This 2015 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 29 peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2015 Act takes effect 30 July 1, 2015.

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