A-Engrossed Senate Bill 128

Ordered by the Senate March 12 Including Senate Amendments dated March 12

Sponsored by Senators DEVLIN, WINTERS, Representative BARTON; Representatives DOHERTY, KRIEGER, SMITH, WILLIAMSON (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Includes base pay of certain telecommunicators as comparable factor to be considered by arbitrator in establishing pay for telecommunicators employed by Department of State Police.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to state police telecommunicators; creating new provisions; amending ORS 243.746; and declaring an emergency.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. ORS 243.746 is amended to read:

243.746. (1) In carrying out the arbitration procedures authorized in ORS 243.712 (2)(e), 243.726 (3)(c) and 243.742, the public employer and the exclusive representative may select their own arbitrator.

- (2) Where the parties have not selected their own arbitrator within five days after notification by the Employment Relations Board that arbitration is to be initiated, the board shall submit to the parties a list of seven qualified, disinterested, unbiased persons. A list of Oregon interest arbitrations and fact-findings for which each person has issued an award shall be included. Each party shall alternately strike three names from the list. The order of striking shall be determined by lot. The remaining individual shall be designated the "arbitrator":
- (a) When the parties have not designated the arbitrator and notified the board of their choice within five days after receipt of the list, the board shall appoint the arbitrator from the list. However, if one of the parties strikes the names as prescribed in this subsection and the other party fails to do so, the board shall appoint the arbitrator only from the names remaining on the list.
- (b) The concerns regarding the bias and qualifications of the person designated by lot or by appointment may be challenged by a petition filed directly with the board. A hearing shall be held by the board within 10 days of filing of the petition and the board shall issue a final and binding decision regarding the person's neutrality within 10 days of the hearing.
- (3) The arbitrator shall establish dates and places of hearings. Upon the request of either party or the arbitrator, the board shall issue subpoenas. Not less than 14 calendar days prior to the date of the hearing, each party shall submit to the other party a written last best offer package on all unresolved mandatory subjects, and neither party may change the last best offer package unless pursuant to stipulation of the parties or as otherwise provided in this subsection. The date set for

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26 27 the hearing may thereafter be changed only for compelling reasons or by mutual consent of the parties. If either party provides notice of a change in its position within 24 hours of the 14-day deadline, the other party will be allowed an additional 24 hours to modify its position. The arbitrator may administer oaths and shall afford all parties full opportunity to examine and cross-examine all witnesses and to present any evidence pertinent to the dispute.

- (4) Where there is no agreement between the parties, or where there is an agreement but the parties have begun negotiations or discussions looking to a new agreement or amendment of the existing agreement, unresolved mandatory subjects submitted to the arbitrator in the parties' last best offer packages shall be decided by the arbitrator. Arbitrators shall base their findings and opinions on these criteria giving first priority to paragraph (a) of this subsection and secondary priority to paragraphs (b) to (h) of this subsection as follows:
 - (a) The interest and welfare of the public.

- (b) The reasonable financial ability of the unit of government to meet the costs of the proposed contract giving due consideration and weight to the other services, provided by, and other priorities of, the unit of government as determined by the governing body. A reasonable operating reserve against future contingencies, which does not include funds in contemplation of settlement of the labor dispute, shall not be considered as available toward a settlement.
- (c) The ability of the unit of government to attract and retain qualified personnel at the wage and benefit levels provided.
- (d) The overall compensation presently received by the employees, including direct wage compensation, vacations, holidays and other paid excused time, pensions, insurance, benefits, and all other direct or indirect monetary benefits received.
- (e) Comparison of the overall compensation of other employees performing similar services with the same or other employees in comparable communities. As used in this paragraph, "comparable" is limited to communities of the same or nearest population range within Oregon. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, the following additional definitions of "comparable" apply in the situations described as follows:
- (A) For any city with a population of more than 325,000, "comparable" includes comparison to out-of-state cities of the same or similar size;
- (B) For counties with a population of more than 400,000, "comparable" includes comparison to out-of-state counties of the same or similar size;
- (C) Except as otherwise provided in [subparagraph (D)] subparagraphs (D) and (E) of this paragraph, for the State of Oregon, "comparable" includes comparison to other states; [and]
- (D) For the Department of State Police troopers, "comparable" includes the base pay for city police officers employed by the five most populous cities in this state[.]; and
- (E) For Department of State Police telecommunicators, as defined in ORS 181.610, "comparable" includes the base pay for telecommunicators employed by the five public safety answering points in this state, as defined in ORS 403.105, with the most employees.
 - (f) The CPI-All Cities Index, commonly known as the cost of living.
 - (g) The stipulations of the parties.
- (h) Such other factors, consistent with paragraphs (a) to (g) of this subsection as are traditionally taken into consideration in the determination of wages, hours, and other terms and conditions of employment. However, the arbitrator shall not use such other factors, if in the judgment of the arbitrator, the factors in paragraphs (a) to (g) of this subsection provide sufficient evidence for an award.

(5) Not more than 30 days after the conclusion of the hearings or such further additional periods
to which the parties may agree, the arbitrator shall select only one of the last best offer packages
submitted by the parties and shall promulgate written findings along with an opinion and order. The
opinion and order shall be served on the parties and the board. Service may be personal or by reg-
istered or certified mail. The findings, opinions and order shall be based on the criteria prescribed
in subsection (4) of this section.

(6) The cost of arbitration shall be borne equally by the parties involved in the dispute.

SECTION 2. The amendments to ORS 243.746 by section 1 of this 2015 Act apply to interest arbitration hearings commenced on or after the effective date of this 2015 Act.

SECTION 3. This 2015 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2015 Act takes effect on its passage.