House Joint Resolution 29

Sponsored by Representatives BUEHLER, DAVIS; Representative WHISNANT, Senator KNOPP

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.**

Proposes amendment to Oregon Constitution establishing Independent Redistricting Commission to adopt redistricting plans for state Senate, state House of Representatives and United States House of Representatives.

Refers proposed amendment to people for their approval or rejection at next regular general election.

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JOINT RESOLUTION

2 Whereas fair redistricting is essential to representative democracy; and

3 Whereas unfair redistricting degrades the right to vote; and

4 Whereas unfair redistricting produces political gridlock and extremist politics, reduces compe-5 tition for elective offices, limits accountability and destroys public confidence in the legitimacy of

6 elections, resulting in low voter registration and poor turnout at elections; and

7 Whereas existing law permits the political parties and their incumbents to redistrict the state 8 legislature and congressional districts; and

9 Whereas history has taught us clearly that the parties and their incumbents use the process to 10 gerrymander safe election districts for themselves and thereby maintain their status in the legisla-11 ture; and

12 Whereas existing law puts the power to redistrict in the hands of incumbent state legislators 13 who draw districts that fail to respect counties, cities and communities; and

14 Whereas the integrity of local units of representation is crucial to effective democracy; and

15 Whereas a court-appointed redistricting commission, without present ties to partisan politics and

16 the legislature and by virtue of judicial training and temperament, has greater reason to be objec-

tive and less inclination to be partian and thus is ideal to serve as a more impartial body to create fair election districts; now, therefore,

19 Be It Resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

20 **<u>PARAGRAPH 1.</u>** The Constitution of the State of Oregon is amended by repealing sections 6 21 and 7, Article IV, and by adopting the following new section 6 in lieu thereof:

22 SECTION 6. (1) The authority to adopt redistricting plans specifying the boundaries of 23 the districts for the Senate, the House of Representatives and the United States House of 24 Representatives is vested in the Independent Redistricting Commission.

(2) The Independent Redistricting Commission shall consist of three independent redis tricting commissioners. Commissioners shall be selected in the year following the federal
 decennial census in the following manner:

(a) On the second Monday in January of the year following the taking of the census, the
 office of the State Court Administrator shall provide the administrative office of the courts
 with the names of all former judges and justices of the Court of Appeals and the Supreme

1 Court who consent to serve on the commission if selected and who:

2 (A) Voluntarily resigned or retired from their judicial post for reasons other than chronic 3 physical or mental disability;

(B) Have served as a judge or justice in Oregon courts for five years or longer;

(C) Have not held a partisan public office or a political party office;

6 (D) Have not received compensation to influence those holding office in the legislative 7 bodies to be reapportioned; and

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(E) Have not changed party registration for a minimum period of 48 months.

9 (b) If fewer than 18 individuals qualify under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the State 10 Court Administrator shall randomly select circuit court judges who otherwise meet the 11 qualifying criteria listed in paragraph (a) of this subsection until 18 qualified individuals exist.

(c) The office of the State Court Administrator shall divide the pool of qualified judges
 and justices into separate pools by party registration. The office shall select at random from
 each party registration pool one independent redistricting commissioner and one alternate
 independent redistricting commissioner, as follows:

(A) One redistricting commissioner and one alternate commissioner shall be registered
 with the party receiving the most total votes in the previous statewide general election for
 the Legislative Assembly;

(B) One redistricting commissioner and one alternate commissioner shall be registered
with the party receiving the second-most total votes in the previous statewide general
election for the Legislative Assembly; and

(C) One redistricting commissioner and one alternate may not be registered with either
 of the two parties receiving the most and second-most total votes in the previous statewide
 general election for the Legislative Assembly.

(d) If a redistricting commissioner is unable to serve for any reason, the commissioner shall be replaced by the alternate redistricting commissioner registered to the same political party, and a new alternate commissioner shall be selected in the manner described in paragraph (c) of this subsection.

(3) Redistricting commissioners shall be compensated in the same manner as retired
 judges who serve as temporary judges.

(4)(a) Redistricting plans created by the commission shall be consistent with the re quirements of the United States Constitution.

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(b) Each senatorial district shall be composed of two adjacent representative districts.

(c) If the number of United States congressional districts is evenly divisible by the
 number of representative and senatorial districts, the representative or senatorial districts
 shall also be nested with the corresponding congressional districts.

(d) Each district shall elect no more than one member to each house of the Legislative
 Assembly.

(e) State legislative districts shall have populations that are as nearly equal as practicable and consistent with the other requirements of this section. Districts may not vary in
population by more than one percent.

42 (f) Congressional districts shall have populations that are as nearly equal as practicable 43 and consistent with federal constitutional and statutory standards.

(g) The redistricting plans created by the commission shall comply with the Voting
Rights Act (P.L. 89-110, 79 Stat. 437, 42 U.S.C. 1973 et seq.).

(h) The districts shall be drawn with no consideration of incumbent resident addresses. 1 2 (i) Districts shall be composed of whole units of census geography. (i) Redistricting plans shall favor competitive districts whenever possible while complying 3 with the other requirements of this section and the Voting Rights Act. 4 $\mathbf{5}$ (k) To the extent practicable districts shall: (A) Be geographically compact. 6 (B) Not cross any county boundary more than once. 7 (C) Not cross any city boundary more than once. 8 9 (D) Not cross any unit of representation boundary more than once. (E) Be composed of contiguous territory with reasonable access between population cen-10 ters of the district. Populous, contiguous territory may not be bypassed to reach populous 11 12 areas further away unless required to comply with the other provisions of this section. (F) Minimize the number of divided counties, cities and units of representation. 13 (5)(a) In each year in which the federal decennial census is taken, each county may es-14 15 tablish a county community commission, which shall include representation from each city in the county, to take public testimony in order to establish units of representation for the 16 county. Units of representation must be composed of individual communities of interest that 17 18 should be kept whole in redistricting. 19 (b) Each unit of representation: (A) Must be contiguous. 20 21(B) Must follow census geography. 22(C) May not be in more than one unit of representation. 23(D) May not be larger than five percent of the ideal size, in population, of a state representative district, as determined by dividing the total population of this state by the number 94 25of representative districts. (c) Units of representation shall be reviewed by each county community commission fol-2627lowing the release of the census data for this state and adjustments made as necessary to comply with this population requirement. 28(d) The county community commission may also designate preferred units of represen-29tation for inclusion in a district together. This designation will be considered as a nonbinding 30 31 recommendation by the Independent Redistricting Commission. (e) Within one month after the release of the census data for this state, each county 32community commission shall report its final units of representation to the Independent Re-33 34 districting Commission for use in the redistricting. (6) The timing of a redistricting plan created under this section shall be as follows: 3536 37 Month **Event** 38 of Census 39 Year 40 41 April Census is taken 42 **May - December County community commissions** 43 form, hold hearings and adopt 44 draft units of representation 45

1	January - March	Independent Redistricting
2		Commission selected and holds
3		organizing meeting(s)
4	April	Census data released by Census
5		Bureau
6	May	County community commissions
7		review and adopt final Units
8		of Representation
9	June	Initial hearings held by the
10		Independent Redistricting
11		Commission
12	July	Initial redistricting plans
13		drafted and released to public
14	July - August	Second round of hearings held to
15		consider draft plans
16	September	Independent Redistricting
17		Commission revises plans based
18		on second round feedback
19	October	(If significant changes were
20		made to draft plans) Third
21		round of hearings
22	November	Adoption of final plans
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(7) The Independent Redistricting Commission shall solicit public comment as follows:

(a) Before considering any state legislative or congressional plans, the commission shall
 hold public hearings in the cities of Portland, Salem, Eugene, Medford, Bend, Pendleton and
 any other cities that the Independent Redistricting Commission determines are necessary
 or appropriate.

(b) Not less than 15 days' notice shall be given for each hearing, and the purpose of these
 meetings shall be to receive testimony and public comment on how districts should be con figured.

(c) After draft plans have been released, public hearings shall be conducted by the Inde pendent Redistricting Commission in the cities listed in paragraph (a) of this subsection. Not
 less than 15 days' notice shall be given for each hearing.

(d) Following the adoption by the Independent Redistricting Commission of any significant changes to a plan that was circulated for public hearings, and before the final adoption
of any plan that includes these changes, the Independent Redistricting Commission shall
again hold public hearings in at least two of the cities listed in paragraph (a) of this subsection. Not less than 15 days' notice shall be given for each hearing.

(e) The draft redistricting plans shall be made available on a publicly accessible computer
and printer located in each county courthouse, along with software to allow the public to
review the plans and develop alternatives. Counties shall be reimbursed by the state for the
costs of the county community commission and the public access computer.

45 (8)(a) The office of the State Court Administrator, acting on behalf of and at the request

of the Independent Redistricting Commission, shall hire the staff necessary to permit the
 Independent Redistricting Commission to fulfill their responsibilities.

3 (b) The Secretary of State shall acquire and provide such data as is available and as is
4 required by the Independent Redistricting Commission.

5 (c) The Independent Redistricting Commission shall adopt a measure or measures of 6 competitiveness prior to any vote or discussion regarding any legislative or congressional 7 district plans or proposals. This measure or measures shall be the conclusive tests for com-8 pliance with the competitive districts requirement of this section.

9 (d) The Independent Redistricting Commission's records, data and plans shall be made 10 publicly available in hard copy and on the Internet in a timely manner.

(9)(a) The final reapportionment plans established by the Independent Redistricting
Commission shall be filed with the Secretary of State together with a written statement of
findings and reasons for adoption not fewer than 180 days before the next primary election.
The reapportionment plans shall take effect on the date they are filed with the Secretary of
State.

(b) The reapportionment plans are not be subject to repeal, amendment or referral by the
 Legislative Assembly.

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(c)(A) The reapportionment plans shall be subject to a referendum initiated by the people.

(B) If verified signatures for a referendum on the reapportionment plans are filed the
with the Secretary of State, the plans remain in effect until the vote on the referendum is
certified.

(C) If a referendum is successful in overturning a plan, the Independent Redistricting Commission shall develop a new redistricting plan, complying with the public participation requirements of this section to the extent possible in the time prior to the filing deadline for the next election for the districts in question.

(10)(a) The Supreme Court has exclusive court jurisdiction to review the reapportionment
 plans adopted by the Independent Redistricting Commission.

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(b) Any petition challenging the reapportionment plans must be filed within 30 days.

(c) The court shall render its decision within 60 days of the filing or the petition shall
 be considered denied.

(d) If the court finds a reapportionment plan to be in violation of this section, the Independent Redistricting Commission must prepare and adopt a new plan complying with the
provisions of this section, including public participation to the extent practicable. A final
revised reapportionment plan must be filed before the filing deadline for the next primary
or general election.

(11) The Independent Redistricting Commission shall remain in existence until final ap portionment plans become effective and all legal and referendum challenges have been re solved. At that time the responsibilities of the Independent Redistricting Commission shall
 end.

40 (12) As used in this section:

41 (a) "Significant change" means any change in the district assignment of:

42 (A) One percent or more of this state's total population; or

43 (B) Five percent or more of an individual district's population.

(b) "Units of representation" means the communities of interest to be considered by the
 Independent Redistricting Commission in the reapportionment of this state, as established

- 1 by the county community commissions.
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<u>PARAGRAPH 2.</u> The amendment proposed by this resolution shall be submitted to the
 people for their approval or rejection at the next regular general election held throughout
 this state.

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