B-Engrossed House Bill 2356

Ordered by the Senate May 21 Including House Amendments dated April 23 and Senate Amendments dated May 21

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SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Creates crime of invasion of personal privacy in the first degree. Punishes by maximum of five years' imprisonment, \$125,000 fine, or both. Modifies crime of invasion of personal privacy and [renames] by renaming crime invasion of personal privacy in the second degree. Provides that court may designate invasion of personal privacy in the first degree as sex crime if circumstances of offense require defendant to register as sex offender. Adds crimes of invasion of personal privacy in the first and second degrees to criminal

code.

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT
2	Relating to invasion of personal privacy; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 131.125,
3	135.873, 161.005, 163.700, 163.702, 181.803, 181.805 and 443.004.
4	Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
5	SECTION 1. ORS 163.700 is amended to read:
6	163.700. (1) Except as provided in ORS 163.702, a person commits the crime of invasion of per-
7	sonal privacy in the second degree if:
8	[(a)(A) The person knowingly makes or records a photograph, motion picture, videotape or other
9	visual recording of another person in a state of nudity without the consent of the person being recorded;
10	and]
11	[(B) At the time the visual recording is made or recorded the person being recorded is in a place
12	and circumstances where the person has a reasonable expectation of personal privacy; or]
13	[(b)(A) For the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of the person, the person is in
14	a location to observe another person in a state of nudity without the consent of the other person; and]
15	[(B) The other person is in a place and circumstances where the person has a reasonable expecta-
16	tion of personal privacy.]
17	(a) For the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of the person, the person
18	is in a location to observe another person in a state of nudity without the consent of the
19	other person; and
20	(b) The other person is in a place and circumstances where the person has a reasonable
21	expectation of personal privacy.
22	(2) As used in this section and section 2 of this 2015 Act:
23	(a) "Makes or records a photograph, motion picture, videotape or other visual recording" in-
24	cludes, but is not limited to, making or recording or employing, authorizing, permitting, compelling

or inducing another person to make or record a photograph, motion picture, videotape or other 1 2 visual recording. (b) "Nudity" means any part of the uncovered or less than opaquely covered: 3 (A) Genitals; 4 (B) Pubic area; or 5 (C) Female breast below a point immediately above the top of the areola. 6 7 (c) "Places and circumstances where the person has a reasonable expectation of personal privacy" includes, but is not limited to, a bathroom, dressing room, locker room that includes an en-8 9 closed area for dressing or showering, tanning booth and any area where a person undresses in an 10 enclosed space that is not open to public view. (d) "Public view" means that an area can be readily seen and that a person within the area can 11 12 be distinguished by normal unaided vision when viewed from a public place as defined in ORS 161.015. 13 (3) Invasion of personal privacy in the second degree is a Class A misdemeanor. 14 15 SECTION 2. (1) Except as provided in ORS 163.702, a person commits the crime of invasion of personal privacy in the first degree if: 16 (a)(A) The person knowingly makes or records a photograph, motion picture, videotape 1718 or other visual recording of another person in a state of nudity without the consent of the other person; and 19 20(B) At the time the visual recording is made or recorded the person being recorded is in a place and circumstances where the person has a reasonable expectation of personal pri-2122vacy; or 23(b) The person violates ORS 163.700 and, at the time of the offense, has a prior conviction for: 94 25(A) Invasion of personal privacy in any degree, public indecency, private indecency or a sex crime as defined in ORS 181.805; or 2627(B) the statutory counterpart of an offense described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph in another jurisdiction. 28(2)(a) Invasion of personal privacy in the first degree is a Class C felony. 2930 (b) The Oregon Criminal Justice Commission shall classify invasion of personal privacy 31 in the first degree as crime category 6 of the sentencing guidelines grid of the commission. (3) The court may designate invasion of personal privacy in the first degree as a sex 32crime under ORS 181.805 if the court finds that the circumstances of the offense require the 33 34 defendant to register and report as a sex offender for the safety of the community. SECTION 3. ORS 181.805 is amended to read: 35181.805. As used in ORS 181.800 to 181.845: 36 (1) "Another United States court" means a federal court, a military court, the tribal court of a 37 federally recognized Indian tribe or a court of: 38 (a) A state other than Oregon; 39 (b) The District of Columbia; 40 (c) The Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; 41 (d) Guam; 42 (e) American Samoa; 43 (f) The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands; or 44 (g) The United States Virgin Islands. 45

(2) "Attends" means is enrolled on a full-time or part-time basis. 1 2 (3)(a) "Correctional facility" means any place used for the confinement of persons: (A) Charged with or convicted of a crime or otherwise confined under a court order. 3 (B) Found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court for having committed an act that 4 if committed by an adult would constitute a crime. 5 (b) "Correctional facility" applies to a state hospital or a secure intensive community inpatient 6 facility only as to persons detained therein charged with or convicted of a crime, or detained therein 7 after being found guilty except for insanity under ORS 161.290 to 161.370 or responsible except for 8 9 insanity under ORS 419C.411. (4) "Institution of higher education" means a public or private educational institution that pro-10 vides a program of post-secondary education. 11 12 (5) "Sex crime" means: 13 (a) Rape in any degree; (b) Sodomy in any degree; 14 (c) Unlawful sexual penetration in any degree; 15 (d) Sexual abuse in any degree; 16 (e) Incest with a child victim; 17 (f) Using a child in a display of sexually explicit conduct; 18 (g) Encouraging child sexual abuse in any degree; 19 (h) Transporting child pornography into the state; 20(i) Paying for viewing a child's sexually explicit conduct; 21 (j) Compelling prostitution; 22(k) Promoting prostitution; 23(L) Kidnapping in the first degree if the victim was under 18 years of age; 94 (m) Contributing to the sexual delinguency of a minor; 25(n) Sexual misconduct if the offender is at least 18 years of age; 26(o) Possession of materials depicting sexually explicit conduct of a child in the first degree; 27(p) Kidnapping in the second degree if the victim was under 18 years of age, except by a parent 28or by a person found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court; 2930 (q) Online sexual corruption of a child in any degree if the offender reasonably believed the 31 child to be more than five years younger than the offender; 32(r) Luring a minor, if: (A) The offender reasonably believed the child to be more than five years younger than the 33 34 offender or under 16 years of age; and 35(B) The court designates in the judgment that the offense is a sex crime; (s) Sexual assault of an animal; 36 37 (t) Public indecency or private indecency, if the person has a prior conviction for a crime listed in this subsection; 38 (u) Trafficking in persons as described in ORS 163.266 (1)(b) or (c); 39 (v) Purchasing sex with a minor if the court designates the offense as a sex crime pursuant to 40 ORS 163.413 (3)(d), or the offense is the defendant's second or subsequent conviction under ORS 41 163.413 (3)(b)(B); 42 (w) Invasion of personal privacy in the first degree, if the court designates the offense 43 as a sex crime pursuant to section 2 (3) of this 2015 Act; 44

45 [(w)] (x) Any attempt to commit any of the crimes listed in paragraphs (a) to [(s), (u) or (v)] (w)

1 of this subsection;

2 [(x)] (y) Burglary, when committed with intent to commit any of the offenses listed in paragraphs

3 (a) to [(v)] (w) of this subsection; or

4 [(y)] (z) Criminal conspiracy if the offender agrees with one or more persons to engage in or 5 cause the performance of an offense listed in paragraphs (a) to [(t)] (w) of this subsection.

6 (6) "Sex offender" means a person who:

7 (a) Has been convicted of a sex crime;

- 8 (b) Has been found guilty except for insanity of a sex crime;
- 9 (c) Has been convicted in another United States court of a crime:

10 (A) That would constitute a sex crime if committed in this state; or

11 (B) For which the person would have to register as a sex offender in that court's jurisdiction,

or as required under federal law, regardless of whether the crime would constitute a sex crime in this state; or

14 (d) Is described in ORS 181.809 (1).

15 (7) "Works" or "carries on a vocation" means full-time or part-time employment for more than 16 14 days within one calendar year whether financially compensated, volunteered or for the purpose 17 of neuronautral or educational barefit

17 of governmental or educational benefit.

18 **SECTION 4.** ORS 181.803 is amended to read:

19 181.803. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

(1) A person required to report as a sex offender under ORS 181.806, 181.807 or 181.808 is classified as a level three sex offender under ORS 181.800 (3) unless:

(a) Following a risk assessment conducted under ORS 181.801, the person is classified as a level
two sex offender under ORS 181.800 (2) or as a level one sex offender under ORS 181.800 (1); or

(b) After filing a petition under ORS 181.821 (2), the person is reclassified as a level two sex
offender under ORS 181.800 (2) by the State Board of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision or the
Psychiatric Security Review Board.

27 (2) A person who is a sexually violent dangerous offender under ORS 137.765:

28 (a) Must be classified as a level three sex offender under ORS 181.800 (3); and

(b) Is not eligible for relief from the obligation to report as a sex offender or reclassification as
 a level two sex offender under ORS 181.800 (2), pursuant to a petition filed under ORS 181.821.

(3) A person who has been convicted or found guilty except for insanity of one of the following
 offenses is not eligible for relief from the obligation to report as a sex offender pursuant to a peti tion filed under ORS 181.821 (1):

34 (a) Rape in the first degree;

35 (b) Sodomy in the first degree;

36 (c) Unlawful sexual penetration in the first degree;

(d) Kidnapping in the first degree as described in ORS 163.235 (1)(e) or when the victim is under
18 years of age; or

(e) Burglary in the first degree when committed with the intent to commit any of the offenses
listed in ORS 181.805 (5)(a) to [(t)] (w).

41 SECTION 5. ORS 131.125 is amended to read:

42 131.125. (1) A prosecution for aggravated murder, murder, attempted murder or aggravated 43 murder, conspiracy or solicitation to commit aggravated murder or murder or any degree of 44 manslaughter may be commenced at any time after the commission of the attempt, conspiracy or 45 solicitation to commit aggravated murder or murder, or the death of the person killed.

1	(2) A prosecution for any of the following felonies may be commenced within six years after the
2	commission of the crime or, if the victim at the time of the crime was under 18 years of age, anytime
3	before the victim attains 30 years of age or within 12 years after the offense is reported to a law
4	enforcement agency or the Department of Human Services, whichever occurs first:
5	(a) Strangulation under ORS 163.187 (4).
6	(b) Criminal mistreatment in the first degree under ORS 163.205.
7	(c) Rape in the third degree under ORS 163.355.
8	(d) Rape in the second degree under ORS 163.365.
9	(e) Rape in the first degree under ORS 163.375.
10	(f) Sodomy in the third degree under ORS 163.385.
11	(g) Sodomy in the second degree under ORS 163.395.
12	(h) Sodomy in the first degree under ORS 163.405.
13	(i) Unlawful sexual penetration in the second degree under ORS 163.408.
14	(j) Unlawful sexual penetration in the first degree under ORS 163.411.
15	(k) Sexual abuse in the second degree under ORS 163.425.
16	(L) Sexual abuse in the first degree under ORS 163.427.
17	(m) Using a child in a display of sexual conduct under ORS 163.670.
18	(n) Encouraging child sexual abuse in the first degree under ORS 163.684.
19	(o) Incest under ORS 163.525.
20	(p) Promoting prostitution under ORS 167.012.
21	(q) Compelling prostitution under ORS 167.017.
22	(r) Luring a minor under ORS 167.057.
23	(3) A prosecution for any of the following misdemeanors may be commenced within four years
24	after the commission of the crime or, if the victim at the time of the crime was under 18 years of
25	age, anytime before the victim attains 22 years of age or within four years after the offense is re-
26	ported to a law enforcement agency or the Department of Human Services, whichever occurs first:
27	(a) Strangulation under ORS 163.187 (3).
28	(b) Sexual abuse in the third degree under ORS 163.415.
29	(c) Exhibiting an obscene performance to a minor under ORS 167.075.
30	(d) Displaying obscene materials to minors under ORS 167.080.
31	(4) In the case of crimes described in subsection (2)(m) of this section, the victim is the child
32	engaged in sexual conduct. In the case of the crime described in subsection (2)(o) of this section,
33	the victim is the party to the incest other than the party being prosecuted. In the case of crimes
34	described in subsection (2)(p) and (q) of this section, the victim is the child whose acts of
35	prostitution are promoted or compelled.
36	(5) A prosecution for arson in any degree may be commenced within six years after the com-
37	mission of the crime.
38	(6) A prosecution for any of the following felonies may be commenced within six years after the
39	commission of the crime if the victim at the time of the crime was 65 years of age or older:
40	(a) Theft in the first degree under ORS 164.055.
41	(b) Aggravated theft in the first degree under ORS 164.057.
42	(c) Theft by extortion under ORS 164.075.
43	(d) Robbery in the third degree under ORS 164.395.
44	(e) Robbery in the second degree under ORS 164.405.
45	(f) Robbery in the first degree under ORS 164.415.

1 (g) Forgery in the first degree under ORS 165.013.

2 (h) Fraudulent use of a credit card under ORS 165.055 (4)(b).

3 (i) Identity theft under ORS 165.800.

4 (7) Except as provided in subsection (8) of this section or as otherwise expressly provided by 5 law, prosecutions for other offenses must be commenced within the following periods of limitations 6 after their commission:

7 (a) For any other felony, three years.

8 (b) For any misdemeanor, two years.

9 (c) For a violation, six months.

10 (8) If the period prescribed in subsection (7) of this section has expired, a prosecution never-11 theless may be commenced as follows:

(a) If the offense has as a material element either fraud or the breach of a fiduciary obligation,
prosecution may be commenced within one year after discovery of the offense by an aggrieved party
or by a person who has a legal duty to represent an aggrieved party and who is not a party to the
offense, but in no case shall the period of limitation otherwise applicable be extended by more than
three years;

(b) If the offense is based upon misconduct in office by a public officer or employee, prosecution may be commenced at any time while the defendant is in public office or employment or within two years thereafter, but in no case shall the period of limitation otherwise applicable be extended by more than three years; or

(c) If the offense is an invasion of personal privacy under ORS 163.700 or section 2 of this 2015
Act, prosecution may be commenced within one year after discovery of the offense by the person aggrieved by the offense, by a person who has a legal duty to represent the person aggrieved by the offense or by a law enforcement agency, but in no case shall the period of limitation otherwise applicable be extended by more than three years.

(9) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, if the defendant is identified after the period
 described in subsection (2) of this section on the basis of DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) sample comparisons, a prosecution for:

(a) Rape in the first degree, sodomy in the first degree, unlawful sexual penetration in the first
 degree or sexual abuse in the first degree may be commenced at any time after the commission of
 the crime.

(b) Rape in the second degree, sodomy in the second degree or unlawful sexual penetration in
 the second degree may be commenced within 25 years after the commission of the crime.

(10) Notwithstanding subsection (9) of this section, if a prosecution for a felony listed in sub section (9) of this section would otherwise be barred by subsection (2) of this section, the prose cution must be commenced within two years of the DNA-based identification of the defendant.

37 **SECTION 6.** ORS 135.873 is amended to read:

38 135.873. (1) As used in this section:

39 (a) "Local government" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.116.

40 (b) "Sexual offense" includes but is not limited to a sex crime as defined in ORS 181.805.

41 (c) "State government" has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.111.

42 (d) "Victim" has the meaning given that term in ORS 131.007.

43 (2) Upon a showing of good cause, the court may at any time order that specified disclosures
44 be denied, restricted or deferred, or make such other order as is appropriate.

45 (3) Upon request of any party, the court may permit a showing of good cause for denial or reg-

1 ulation of disclosures, or portion of such showing, to be made in camera. A record shall be made 2 of such proceedings.

3 (4) If the court enters an order granting relief following a showing in camera, the entire record 4 of the showing shall be sealed and preserved in the records of the court, to be made available to the 5 appellate court in the event of an appeal. Except for information or materials subject to an order 6 that has been entered under subsection (5) or (6) of this section, the trial court, in its discretion, 7 may, after the case has been concluded, unseal matters previously sealed.

8 (5) Upon the request of a district attorney or the victim, the court shall enter a protective order 9 prohibiting any party to or attorney in, or the agent of a party to or attorney in, criminal proceedings involving a sexual offense, an offense involving the visual or audio recording of sexual 10 conduct by a child or invasion of personal privacy under ORS 163.700 or section 2 of this 2015 11 12 Act from copying or disseminating any information of a sexually explicit nature including, but not 13 limited to, photographs depicting a person in a state of nudity, photographs of human genitalia, any information of the prior sexual history of the victim and any visual or audio recording of the sexual 14 15 victimization.

(6) Upon the request of a district attorney or the victim, unless the court finds good cause to do otherwise, the court shall enter a protective order prohibiting any party to or attorney in, or the agent of a party to or attorney in, criminal proceedings involving a sexual offense, an offense involving the visual or audio recording of sexual conduct by a child or invasion of personal privacy under ORS 163.700 or section 2 of this 2015 Act from copying or disseminating a visual or audio recording of the victim describing the victim's sexual victimization.

(7) Notwithstanding a protective order entered under subsection (5) or (6) of this section, infor mation or materials described in subsections (5) and (6) may be copied or disseminated for the pur pose of:

25 (a) Providing discovery;

(b) Submitting evidence to a grand jury, a court, an agency of state government, a local government or a federal agency for use in judicial or administrative proceedings;

(c) Having the information or materials examined by an expert witness for the court, the stateor any party;

30 (d) Providing copies of the information or materials to the parties' attorneys or agents; or

(e) Sharing the information or materials with an agency of state government for use in carrying
 out duties imposed on the agency by statute.

(8) Upon the request of the victim, the court may order that the victim be provided with a copy
of information or materials described in subsections (5) and (6) of this section.

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SECTION 7. ORS 163.702 is amended to read:

36 163.702. (1) The provisions of ORS 163.700 and section 2 of this 2015 Act do not apply to:

(a) Any legitimate medical procedure performed by or under the direction of a person licensed
to provide medical service for the purpose of medical diagnosis, treatment, education or research,
including, but not limited to, the recording of medical procedures; and

(b) Any activity undertaken in the course of bona fide law enforcement or corrections activity
or necessary to the proper functioning of the criminal justice system, including but not limited to
the operation and management of jails, prisons and other youth and adult corrections facilities.

43 (2) The provisions of [ORS 163.700 (1)(a)] section 2 (1)(a) of this 2015 Act do not apply to a
44 visual recording of a person under 12 years of age if:

45 (a) The person who makes or records the visual recording is the father, mother, sibling,

B-Eng. HB 2356 grandparent, aunt, uncle or first cousin, by blood, adoption or marriage, of the person under 12 years 1 2 of age; and (b) The visual recording is made or recorded for a purpose other than arousing or gratifying the 3 sexual desire of the person or another person. 4 $\mathbf{5}$ SECTION 8. ORS 443.004 is amended to read: 443.004. (1) The Department of Human Services or the Oregon Health Authority shall complete 6 a criminal records check under ORS 181.534 on: 7 (a) An employee of a residential facility or an adult foster home; 8 9 (b) Any individual who is paid directly or indirectly with public funds who has or will have contact with a recipient of support services or a resident of an adult foster home or a residential 10 facility; and 11 12(c) A home care worker registering with the Home Care Commission or renewing a registration 13 with the Home Care Commission. (2)(a) A home health agency shall conduct a criminal background check before hiring or con-14 15 tracting with an individual and before allowing an individual to volunteer to provide services on behalf of the home health agency, if the individual will have direct contact with a patient of the 16 17 home health agency. 18 (b) An in-home care agency shall conduct a criminal background check before hiring or contracting with an individual and before allowing an individual to volunteer to provide services on 19 behalf of the in-home care agency, if the individual will have direct contact with a client of the in-2021home care agency. 22(c) The authority shall prescribe by rule the process for conducting a criminal background 23check. (3) Public funds may not be used to support, in whole or in part, the employment in any capacity 24 having contact with a recipient of support services or a resident of a residential facility or an adult 25foster home, of an individual, other than a mental health or substance abuse treatment provider, 2627who has been convicted: (a) Of a crime described in ORS 163.095, 163.115, 163.118, 163.125, 163.145, 163.149, 163.165, 28163.175, 163.185, 163.187, 163.200, 163.205, 163.225, 163.235, 163.263, 163.264, 163.266, 163.275, 163.465, 2930 163.467, 163.535, 163.537, 163.547, 163.689, 163.700, 164.055, 164.057, 164.098, 164.125 (5)(c) or (d), 31 164.215, 164.225, 164.325, 164.377 (2) or (3), 164.405, 164.415, 165.013, 165.022, 165.032, 165.800, 165.803, 167.012, 167.017, 167.057, 167.320 or 167.322 or section 2 of this 2015 Act; 32(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection, of a crime described in ORS 163.465, 33

163.467, 163.700, 164.055, 164.125 or 164.377 or section 2 of this 2015 Act, the date of conviction for which was within the five years immediately preceding employment in any capacity of an individual, other than a mental health or substance abuse treatment provider, having contact with a recipient of support services, a resident of a residential facility or a resident of an adult foster home, when the recipient or resident is 65 years of age or older;

39 (c) Of a crime listed in ORS 181.805;

40 (d) In the last 10 years, of a crime involving the delivery or manufacture of a controlled sub-41 stance;

42 (e) Of an attempt, conspiracy or solicitation to commit a crime described in paragraphs (a) to43 (d) of this subsection; or

44 (f) Of a crime in another jurisdiction that is substantially equivalent, as defined by rule, to a 45 crime described in paragraphs (a) to (e) of this subsection.

(4) If the criminal background check conducted by a home health agency or in-home care agency 1 2 under subsection (2) of this section reveals that the individual who is subject to the criminal background check has been convicted of any of the crimes described in subsection (3) of this section, the 3 home health agency or in-home care agency may not employ the individual. 4 (5) Public funds may not be used to support, in whole or in part, the employment, in any ca-5 pacity having contact with a recipient of support services or a resident of a residential facility or 6 an adult foster home, of a mental health or substance abuse treatment provider who has been con-7 victed of committing, or convicted of an attempt, conspiracy or solicitation to commit, a crime de-8 9 scribed in ORS 163.095, 163.115, 163.375, 163.405, 163.411 or 163.427. (6) Upon the request of a mental health or substance abuse treatment provider, the department 10 or authority shall maintain a record of the results of any fitness determination made under ORS 11 12 181.534 (11) and (12). The department or authority may disclose the record only to a person the 13 provider specifically authorizes, by a written release, to receive the information. (7) If the department or authority has a record of substantiated abuse committed by an employee 14 15 or potential employee of a home health agency, in-home care agency, adult foster home or residential facility, regardless of whether criminal charges were filed, the department or authority shall 16 notify, in writing, the employer and the employee or potential employee. 17 18 (8) As used in this section: (a) "Adult foster home" has the meaning given that term in ORS 443.705. 19 (b) "Home care worker" has the meaning given that term in ORS 410.600. 20(c) "Home health agency" has the meaning given that term in ORS 443.005. 21 (d) "In-home care agency" has the meaning given that term in ORS 443.305. 22(e) "Mental health or substance abuse treatment provider" means: 23(A) A peer support specialist; 94 (B) An employee of a residential treatment facility or a residential treatment home that is li-25censed under ORS 443.415 to provide treatment for individuals with alcohol or drug dependence; 2627(C) An individual who provides treatment or services for persons with substance use disorders; 28or (D) An individual who provides mental health treatment or services. 2930 (f) "Peer support specialist" means a person who: 31 (A) Is providing peer support services as defined by the authority by rule; (B) Is under the supervision of a qualified clinical supervisor; 32(C) Has completed training required by the authority; and 33 34 (D) Is currently receiving or has formerly received mental health services, or is in recovery from 35 a substance use disorder and meets the abstinence requirements for staff providing services in alcohol or other drug treatment programs. 36 37 (g) "Residential facility" has the meaning given that term in ORS 443.400. 38 SECTION 9. ORS 161.005 is amended to read: 161.005. ORS 161.005 to 161.055, 161.085 to 161.125, 161.150 to 161.175, 161.190 to 161.275, 161.290 39 to 161.370, 161.405 to 161.485, 161.505 to 161.585, 161.605, 161.615 to 161.685, 161.705 to 161.737, 40 162.005, 162.015 to 162.035, 162.055 to 162.115, 162.135 to 162.205, 162.225 to 162.375, 162.405 to 41 162.425, 162.465, 163.005, 163.115, 163.125 to 163.145, 163.149, 163.160 to 163.208, 163.196, 163.215 to 42 163.257, 163.261, 163.263, 163.264, 163.266, 163.275, 163.285, 163.305 to 163.467, 163.432, 163.433, 43 163.505 to 163.575, 163.665 to 163.693, 163.700, 164.005, 164.015 to 164.135, 164.138, 164.140, 164.205 44 to 164.270, 164.305 to 164.377, 164.395 to 164.415, 164.805, 164.857, 164.886, 165.002 to 165.102, 165.109, 45

 $2 \qquad 167.060 \ \text{to} \ 167.100, \ 167.117, \ 167.122 \ \text{to} \ 167.162, \ 167.203 \ \text{to} \ 167.252, \ 167.310 \ \text{to} \ 167.340 \ \text{and} \ 167.350,$

3 167.810 and 167.820 and section 2 of this 2015 Act shall be known and may be cited as Oregon

4 Criminal Code of 1971.

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