HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL 2354

By COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

April 15

1	On page 1 of the printed bill, delete lines 5 through 31 and delete pages 2 through 5 and insert
2	"SECTION 1. ORS 837.300 is amended to read:
3	"837.300. As used in ORS 837.300 to 837.390 and 837.995 [and section 11, chapter 686, Oregon
4	Laws 2013]:
5	"(1) ['Drone'] 'Unmanned aircraft system' means an unmanned flying machine, commonly
6	known as a drone. ['Drone'] 'Unmanned aircraft system' does not include a model aircraft as
7	defined in section 336 of the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012 (P.L. 112-95) as in effect
8	on July 29, 2013.
9	"(2) 'Law enforcement agency' means an agency that employs police officers, as defined in ORS
10	133.525, or that prosecutes offenses.
11	"(3) 'Public body' has the meaning given that term in ORS 174.109.
12	"(4) 'Warrant' means a warrant issued under ORS 133.525 to 133.703.
13	"SECTION 2. ORS 837.310 is amended to read:
14	"837.310. (1) Except as otherwise provided in ORS 837.310 to 837.345, a law enforcement agency
15	may not operate [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, acquire information through the opera
16	tion of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system or disclose information acquired through the op
17	eration of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system.
18	"(2) Any image or other information that is acquired through the use of [a drone] an unmanned
19	aircraft system by a law enforcement agency in violation of ORS 837.310 to 837.345, and any evidence of the contract of the co
20	dence derived from that image or information:
21	"(a) Is not admissible in, and may not be disclosed in, a judicial proceeding, administrative
22	proceeding, arbitration proceeding or other adjudicatory proceeding; and
23	"(b) May not be used to establish reasonable suspicion or probable cause to believe that an of
24	fense has been committed.
25	"SECTION 3. ORS 837.320 is amended to read:
26	"837.320. (1) A law enforcement agency may operate [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system
27	acquire information through the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, or disclose
28	information acquired through the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, if:
29	"(a) A warrant is issued authorizing use of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system; or
30	"(b) The law enforcement agency has probable cause to believe that a person has committed a
31	crime, is committing a crime or is about to commit a crime, and exigent circumstances exist that
32	make it unreasonable for the law enforcement agency to obtain a warrant authorizing use of [a
33	drone] an unmanned aircraft system.

"(2) A warrant authorizing the use of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system must specify the period for which operation of the [drone] unmanned aircraft system is authorized. In no event

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may a warrant provide for the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system for a period of more than 30 days. Upon motion and good cause shown, a court may renew a warrant after the expiration of the 30-day period.

"SECTION 4. ORS 837.330 is amended to read:

"837.330. A law enforcement agency may operate [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system for the purpose of acquiring information about an individual, or about the individual's property, if the individual has given written consent to the use of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system for those purposes.

"SECTION 5. ORS 837.335 is amended to read:

- "837.335. (1) A law enforcement agency may operate [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, acquire information through the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, or disclose information acquired through the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, for the purpose of search and rescue activities, as defined in ORS 404.200.
- "(2) A law enforcement agency may operate [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, acquire information through the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, or disclose information acquired through the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, for the purpose of assisting an individual in an emergency if:
- "(a) The law enforcement agency reasonably believes that there is an imminent threat to the life or safety of the individual, and documents the factual basis for that belief; and
- "(b) Not more than 48 hours after the emergency operation begins, an official of the law enforcement agency files a sworn statement with the circuit court that describes the nature of the emergency and the need for use of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system.
- "(3) A law enforcement agency may operate [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, acquire information through the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, or disclose information acquired through the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, during a state of emergency that is declared by the Governor under ORS chapter 401 if:
- "(a) The [drone] unmanned aircraft system is used only for the purposes of preserving public safety, protecting property or conducting surveillance for the assessment and evaluation of environmental or weather related damage, erosion or contamination; and
- "(b) The [drone] unmanned aircraft system is operated only in the geographical area specified in a proclamation pursuant to ORS 401.165 (5).

"SECTION 6. ORS 837.340 is amended to read:

- "837.340. (1) A law enforcement agency may operate [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, acquire information through the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, or disclose information acquired through the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system, for the purpose of reconstruction of a specific crime scene, or similar physical assessment, related to a specific criminal investigation.
- "(2) The period that a law enforcement agency may operate [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system under this section may not exceed five days for the purpose of reconstruction of a specific crime scene, or similar physical assessment, related to a specific criminal investigation.

"SECTION 7. ORS 837.345 is amended to read:

- "837.345. (1) A law enforcement agency may operate [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system for the purpose of training in:
 - "(a) The use of [drones] unmanned aircraft systems; and
 - "(b) The acquisition of information through the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft

system.

- "(2) Any image or other information that is acquired through the use of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system by a law enforcement agency under this section, and any evidence derived from that image or information:
- "(a) Is not admissible in, and may not be disclosed in, a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, arbitration proceeding or other adjudicatory proceeding; and
- "(b) May not be used to establish reasonable suspicion or probable cause to believe that an offense has been committed.

"SECTION 8. ORS 837.360 is amended to read:

- "837.360. (1) A public body may not operate [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system in the airspace over this state without registering the [drone] unmanned aircraft system with the Oregon Department of Aviation.
- "(2) The Oregon Department of Aviation may impose a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 against a public body that violates subsection (1) of this section.
- "(3) Evidence obtained by a public body through the use of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system in violation of subsection (1) of this section is not admissible in any judicial or administrative proceeding and may not be used to establish reasonable suspicion or probable cause to believe that an offense has been committed.
- "(4) The Oregon Department of Aviation shall establish a registry of [drones] unmanned aircraft systems operated by public bodies and may charge a fee sufficient to reimburse the department for the maintenance of the registry.
- "(5) The Oregon Department of Aviation shall require the following information for registration of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system:
- "(a) The name of the public body that owns or operates the [drone] unmanned aircraft system.
- "(b) The name and contact information of the individuals who operate the [drone] unmanned aircraft system.
- "(c) Identifying information for the [drone] unmanned aircraft system as required by the department by rule.
- "(6) A public body that registers one or more [drones] unmanned aircraft systems under this section shall provide an annual report to the Oregon Department of Aviation that summarizes:
- "(a) The frequency of use of the [drones] **unmanned aircraft systems** by the public body during the preceding calendar year; and
- "(b) The purposes for which the [drones] unmanned aircraft systems have been used by the public body during the preceding calendar year.
- "(7) The State Aviation Board may adopt all rules necessary for the registration of [drones] **unmanned aircraft systems** in Oregon that are consistent with federal laws and regulations.

"SECTION 9. ORS 837.365 is amended to read:

"837.365. A public body may not operate [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system that is capable of firing a bullet or other projectile, directing a laser or otherwise being used as a weapon.

"SECTION 10. ORS 837.375 is amended to read:

"837.375. In addition to any other remedies allowed by law, a person who intentionally interferes with, or gains unauthorized control over, [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system licensed by the Federal Aviation Administration, or operated by the Armed Forces of the United States as defined in ORS 351.642, an agency of the United States or a federal, state or local law enforcement agency,

is liable to the owner of the [drone] **unmanned aircraft system** in an amount of not less than \$5,000. The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to a prevailing plaintiff in an action under this section.

"SECTION 11. ORS 837.380 is amended to read:

"837.380. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a person who owns or lawfully occupies real property in this state may bring an action against any person or public body that operates [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system that is flown [at a height of less than 400 feet] over the property if:

- "(a) The operator of the [drone] unmanned aircraft system has flown the [drone] unmanned aircraft system over the property [at a height of less than 400 feet] on at least one previous occasion; and
- "(b) The person notified the owner or operator of the [drone] unmanned aircraft system that the person did not want the [drone] unmanned aircraft system flown over the property [at a height of less than 400 feet].
 - "(2) A person may not bring an action under this section if:
- "(a) The [drone] unmanned aircraft system is lawfully in the flight path for landing at an airport, airfield or runway; and
 - "(b) The [drone] unmanned aircraft system is in the process of taking off or landing.
- "(3) A prevailing plaintiff may recover treble damages for any injury to the person or the property by reason of a trespass by [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system as described in this section, and may be awarded injunctive relief in the action.
- "(4) A prevailing plaintiff may recover attorney fees under ORS 20.080 if the amount pleaded in an action under this section is \$10,000 or less.
- "(5) The Attorney General, on behalf of the State of Oregon, may bring an action or claim for relief alleging nuisance or trespass arising from the operation of [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system in the airspace over this state. A court shall award reasonable attorney fees to the Attorney General if the Attorney General prevails in an action under this section.

"SECTION 12. ORS 837.385 is amended to read:

"837.385. Except as expressly authorized by state statute, the authority to regulate the ownership or operation of [drones] unmanned aircraft systems is vested solely in the Legislative Assembly. Except as expressly authorized by state statute, a local government, as defined ORS 174.116, may not enact an ordinance or resolution that regulates the ownership or operation of [drones] unmanned aircraft systems or otherwise engage in the regulation of the ownership or operation of [drones] unmanned aircraft systems.

"SECTION 13. ORS 837.995 is amended to read:

"837.995. (1) A person commits a Class A felony if the person possesses or controls [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system and intentionally causes, or attempts to cause, the [drone] unmanned aircraft system to:

- "(a) Fire a bullet or other projectile at an aircraft while the aircraft is in the air;
- "(b) Direct a laser at an aircraft while the aircraft is in the air; or
- "(c) Crash into an aircraft while the aircraft is in the air.
- "(2) A person who intentionally interferes with, or gains unauthorized control over, [a drone] an unmanned aircraft system licensed by the Federal Aviation Administration, or operated by the Armed Forces of the United States as defined in ORS 351.642, an agency of the United States or a federal, state or local law enforcement agency, commits a Class C felony."