

STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

Joint Committee On Ways and Means

**Fiscal:** Fiscal impact issued

**Revenue:** No Revenue Impact

**Action Date:** 06/30/15

**Action:** Do Pass The B-Eng Bill.

**Meeting Dates:** 06/30

**Vote:**

Senate

Yeas: 8 - Devlin, Girod, Johnson, Monroe, Roblan, Shields, Steiner Hayward, Winters

Nays: 3 - Hansell, Thomsen, Whitsett

Exc: 1 - Burdick

House

Yeas: 11 - Buckley, Gomberg, Huffman, Komp, McLane, Nathanson, Rayfield, Read, Smith, Whisnant, Williamson

Nays: 1 - Whitsett

**Prepared By:** Kim To, Fiscal Analyst

**WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:**

Requires Oregon Health Authority (OHA) to disseminate to each school district information relating to elevated radon levels. Specifies types of information to be included. Directs each school district to develop a plan for schools where the radon levels are elevated. Specifies criteria for the plans. Directs school district to submit the plan to OHA on or before September 1, 2016. Exempts any school that has been tested for radon on or after January 1, 2006. Declares an emergency, effective on passage.

**ISSUES DISCUSSED:**

- Proposed amendment
- Minimal fiscal impact

**EFFECT OF COMMITTEE AMENDMENT:**

No amendment.

**BACKGROUND:**

Radon is a cancer-causing radioactive gas. It cannot be seen, there is no smell nor can it be tasted. The Surgeon General has warned that radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer in the United States. Some scientific studies of radon exposure indicate that children may be more sensitive to radon. This may be due to their higher respiration rate and their rapidly dividing cells, which may be more vulnerable to radiation damage. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General's Office have estimated that as many as 20,000 lung cancer deaths are caused each year by radon. Radon-induced lung cancer costs the United States over \$2 billion per year in both direct and indirect health care costs.