Seventy-Eighth Oregon Legislative Assembly - 2015 Regular Session STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY Joint Committee On Ways and Means MEASURE: SB 608 A CARRIER: Rep. Keny-Guyer

Fiscal:	Fiscal impact issued	
Revenue:	No Revenue Impact	
Action Date:	06/19/15	
Action:	Do Pass.	
Meeting Dates:	06/19	
Vote:		
House		
	Yeas:	12 - Buckley, Gomberg, Huffman, Komp, McLane, Nathanson, Rayfield, Read, Smith, Whisnant, Whitsett, Williamson
<u>Senate</u>		
	Yeas:	11 - Burdick, Devlin, Girod, Hansell, Johnson, Monroe, Roblan, Shields, Steiner Hayward, Thomsen, Whitsett
	Exc:	1 - Winters
Prepared By: Kim To, Fiscal Analyst		

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Defines "palliative care" as patient- and family-centered medical care that optimizes quality of life by anticipating, preventing and treating suffering caused by serious illness; addressing physical, social and spiritual needs; and facilitating autonomy, access, information and choices. Establishes nine-member Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Advisory Council (Council) in Oregon Health Authority (OHA). Requires Council to advise on establishment, maintenance, operation and evaluation of palliative care initiatives. Specifies Council as individuals with collective expertise in interdisciplinary palliative care, expertise in nursing, social work and pharmacy, clergy or individuals with spiritual expertise, with at least two board-certified physicians or nurses having expertise in palliative care. Requires OHA to post information on website. Permits website information to include continuing education for health care providers, palliative care delivery in home and facilities, best practices for cultural competency, consumer education and referral information for culturally competent care. Requires health facilities to establish system for identifying patients or residents that could benefit from palliative care, provide information and facilitate access to palliative care.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

• Minimal Fiscal Impact.

EFFECT OF COMMITTEE AMENDMENT:

No amendment.

BACKGROUND:

Palliative care is a system of health care treatment also known as supportive care, comfort care or symptom management. Palliative care is reported to ensure quality of life and dignity of patients and families during end-of-life illnesses. Palliative care begins at diagnosis of life-threatening diseases and is typically provided by a team of health care professionals to address physical, intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual components. Research suggests that palliative care helps to address advanced disease challenges including physical distress, fragmented care, strains on caregiver and support systems and high overall health costs.

A 2014 Institute of Medicine (IOM) report states that palliative care affords patients the highest quality of life for the most time possible, but the delivery of end-of-life care is increasingly challenged due to the rise in number of individuals with some

combination of cognitive disabilities, chronic illness and functional limitations. Further, an inadequate number of palliative care specialists and lack of knowledge among other clinicians creates barriers. IOM's recommendations include expanding the knowledge base for all clinicians through professional education and development.