

**PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO
A-ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 478**

1 On page 1 of the printed A-engrossed bill, line 2, delete “; and declaring
2 an emergency”.

3 Delete lines 4 through 19 and delete pages 2 through 10 and insert:
4

5 **“DEFINITIONS**

6
7 **“SECTION 1. As used in sections 1 to 9 of this 2015 Act:**

8 **“(1) ‘Chemical’ means:**

9 **“(a) A substance with a distinct molecular composition and the
10 breakdown products of the substance that form through decompos-
11 ition, degradation or metabolism.**

12 **“(b) A group of structurally related substances and the breakdown
13 products of the substances that form through decomposition, degra-
14 dation or metabolism.**

15 **“(2)(a) ‘Children’s cosmetics’ means products that are intended to
16 be rubbed, poured, sprinkled or sprayed on, introduced into or other-
17 wise applied to the human body or any part thereof for cleansing,
18 moisturizing, beautifying, promoting attractiveness or altering the
19 appearance, and articles intended for use as a component of such
20 products.**

21 **“(b) ‘Children’s cosmetics’ does not mean soap, dietary supplements
22 or food and drugs approved by the United States Food and Drug Ad-**

From the Desk of
Senator Ted Ferrioli

1 **ministration.**

2 **“(3)(a) ‘Children’s product’ means any of the following products**
3 **that are made for, marketed for use by or marketed to children under**
4 **12 years of age:**

5 **“(A) Products designed or intended by the manufacturer to facili-**
6 **tate sucking, teething, sleep, relaxation, feeding or drinking.**

7 **“(B) Children’s clothing.**

8 **“(C) Car seats.**

9 **“(D) Children’s cosmetics.**

10 **“(E) Children’s jewelry.**

11 **“(F) Toys.**

12 **“(b) ‘Children’s product’ does not mean:**

13 **“(A) Inaccessible components of a product specified in paragraph**
14 **(a) of this subsection that during reasonably foreseeable use and abuse**
15 **of the product would not come into direct contact with a child’s skin**
16 **or mouth.**

17 **“(B) Used products specified in paragraph (a) of this subsection that**
18 **are sold in secondhand product markets.**

19 **“(C) Athletic shoes with cleats or spikes.**

20 **“(D) Batteries.**

21 **“(E) BB guns, pellet guns and air rifles.**

22 **“(F) Bicycles and tricycles.**

23 **“(G) Chemistry sets.**

24 **“(H) Consumer electronic products, including personal computers,**
25 **audio and video equipment, calculators, wireless telephones and game**
26 **consoles, handheld devices that incorporate a video screen and are**
27 **used to access interactive software, and the associated peripherals.**

28 **“(I) Interactive software intended for leisure and entertainment,**
29 **such as computer games, and their storage media, such as compact**
30 **discs.**

- 1 **“(J) Model rockets.**
- 2 **“(K) Pocketknives and multitools.**
- 3 **“(L) Roller skates.**
- 4 **“(M) Scooters.**
- 5 **“(N) Sets of darts with metallic points.**
- 6 **“(O) Slings and catapults.**
- 7 **“(P) Snow sporting equipment, including skis, poles, boots,**
8 **snowboards, sleds and bindings.**
- 9 **“(Q) Sporting equipment and accessories, including but not limited**
10 **to bats, balls, gloves, sticks, pucks, pads, helmets and other protective**
11 **equipment, weight training and exercise aids, protective eyewear,**
12 **backpacks and tents, raingear, sport bags and luggage, and golf**
13 **equipment.**
- 14 **“(R) Video toys that can be connected to a video screen and are**
15 **operated at a nominal voltage exceeding 24 volts.**
- 16 **“(S) Food and beverages and food and beverage packaging regulated**
17 **by the United States Food and Drug Administration or the United**
18 **States Department of Agriculture.**
- 19 **“(T)(i) Drug and biologics regulated by the United States Food and**
20 **Drug Administration that are over-the-counter drugs, prescription**
21 **drugs, dietary supplements, medical devices or products that are both**
22 **a cosmetic and a drug; and**
- 23 **“(ii) The packaging of a drug or biologic described in sub-**
24 **subparagraph (i) of this subparagraph.**
- 25 **“(U) The packaging in which a product specified in paragraph (a)**
26 **of this subsection is sold, offered for sale or distributed.**
- 27 **“(V) Paper and forest products.**
- 28 **“(4) ‘Component’ means a uniquely identifiable article that is in-**
29 **cluded as a part of a finished product.**
- 30 **“(5) ‘Contaminant’ means trace amounts of chemicals that are in-**

1 cidental to manufacturing and that serve no intended function in the
2 product component, including but not limited to:

3 “(a) Unintended by-products of chemical reactions during the
4 manufacture of the product component;

5 “(b) Trace impurities in feedstock;

6 “(c) Incompletely reacted chemical mixtures; and

7 “(d) Degradation products.

8 “(6)(a) ‘Manufacturer’ means:

9 “(A) A person that manufactures a children’s product in the form
10 in which the product is sold at retail.

11 “(B) An importer or domestic distributor of a children’s product
12 imported into the United States if the person that manufactured the
13 children’s product does not have a presence in the United States.

14 “(b) ‘Manufacturer’ does not include a person that is solely a
15 retailer of children’s products or a person that manufactures only
16 components.

17 “(7) ‘Practical quantification limit’ means the lowest concentration
18 of a chemical that can be reliably measured within specified limits of
19 precision, accuracy, representativeness, completeness and compar-
20 ability under routine laboratory operating conditions.

21 “(8) ‘Trade association’ means a membership organization of per-
22 sons engaging in the same or a similar or related line of commerce,
23 organized to promote and improve business conditions in that line of
24 commerce and not to engage in regular business activities that ordi-
25 narily are carried on for profit.

26

27 “HIGH PRIORITY CHEMICALS OF CONCERN
28 FOR CHILDREN’S HEALTH

29

30 “SECTION 2. (1) The Oregon Health Authority shall establish and

1 maintain a list of high priority chemicals of concern for children's
2 health. The authority shall initially include on the list only those
3 chemicals that are listed on the Washington State Department of
4 Ecology's Reporting List of Chemicals of High Concern to Children on
5 the effective date of this 2015 Act.

6 "(2) In establishing by rule the practical quantification limits for
7 chemicals on the list, the authority shall consider guidance developed
8 by the State of Washington. The practical quantification limit for each
9 chemical shall specify the analytical method used and shall be based
10 on scientifically defensible, standard analytical methods.

11 "(3)(a) The authority shall publish the list of chemicals of concern
12 for children's health on its website. For each chemical on the list, the
13 authority shall publish:

14 "(A) The chemical name and the Chemical Abstracts Service Reg-
15 istry Number; and

16 "(B) Information contained in the notice required under section 3
17 of this 2015 Act in a format that is searchable and accessible to the
18 public.

19 "(b) The information published under paragraph (a) of this sub-
20 section shall be accompanied by the following notice:

21 "
22 _____
23 The reports on this website are based on data provided to the
24 Oregon Health Authority. The presence of a high priority chemical of
25 concern for children's health in a children's product does not neces-
26 sarily mean that the product is harmful to human health or the en-
27 vironment, or that there is any violation of existing safety standards
28 or laws. The levels of chemicals that trigger reporting requirements
29 are not necessarily levels known to cause adverse health effects.

30 "
31 _____
32 "(4) The authority may review the list and may, by rule:

1 “(a) Add a chemical to the list based on the following criteria:

2 “(A) The chemical has been demonstrated by a state or federal
3 agency or an accredited research university to:

4 “(i) Harm the normal development of a fetus or child or cause other
5 developmental toxicity;

6 “(ii) Cause cancer, genetic damage or reproductive harm;

7 “(iii) Disrupt the endocrine system such that it causes adverse ef-
8 fects in children;

9 “(iv) Damage the nervous system, immune system or organs or
10 cause other systemic toxicity; or

11 “(v) Be a very persistent and very bioaccumulative toxic substance;
12 and

13 “(B) The chemical has been found through:

14 “(i) Biomonitoring to be present in human blood, umbilical cord
15 blood, breast milk, urine or other bodily tissues or fluids; or

16 “(ii) Sampling and analysis to be present above 100 parts per million
17 in household dust, indoor air, drinking water or elsewhere in the home
18 environment.

19 “(b) Remove a chemical from the list if the authority determines
20 that the chemical no longer meets the criteria for addition to the list
21 as described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

22 “(5) A person may petition the authority to consider adding or re-
23 moving a chemical from the list of high priority chemicals by provid-
24 ing the following information about a chemical to the authority:

25 “(a) The chemical name and the Chemical Abstracts Service Regis-
26 try Number; and

27 “(b) Credible, peer-reviewed scientific information documenting why
28 the chemical meets or fails to meet the criteria required for addition
29 to the list as described in subsection (4)(a) of this section.

30 “(6) The authority shall update the list of high priority chemicals

1 on its website within one year after the date on which a chemical is
2 added to or removed from the list as provided for in subsection (4) of
3 this section.

4 “(7) This section may not be construed to require the public dis-
5 closure by the authority of any information received from a man-
6 ufacturer under section 3 or 4 of this 2015 Act that is a trade secret.
7 If a manufacturer asserts, and can substantiate in a notice submitted
8 under section 3 of this 2015 Act, that the specific identity of a chemical
9 subject to reporting is a trade secret, the authority shall, in place of
10 the chemical name, publish on the authority’s website the generic
11 class or category of the chemical, as provided by the manufacturer.

12
13 **“MANUFACTURER DISCLOSURE OF HIGH PRIORITY**
14 **CHEMICALS OF CONCERN FOR CHILDREN’S HEALTH**

15
16 **“SECTION 3. (1) A manufacturer of a children’s product sold or**
17 **offered for sale in this state that contains a chemical included on the**
18 **list established and maintained under section 2 of this 2015 Act shall**
19 **provide notice to the Oregon Health Authority as described in this**
20 **section if the chemical is:**

21 **“(a) Intentionally added in the manufacturing of a children’s prod-**
22 **uct produced by the manufacturer, or a component of the product, is**
23 **present at a level above the practical quantification limit and serves**
24 **an intended function in the product; or**

25 **“(b) A contaminant in a children’s product produced by the man-**
26 **ufacturer, or a component of the product, and is present at a concen-**
27 **tration above 100 parts per million.**

28 **“(2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, the authority shall by**
29 **rule specify the format for the notice required under this section. In**
30 **adopting rules under this subsection, the authority shall consider, and**

1 to the greatest extent practicable develop, a format for the notice that
2 is consistent with the format required by other states with substan-
3 tially similar reporting requirements.

4 **“(3)(a) The notice required by this section must contain:**

5 **“(A) The chemical name and Chemical Abstracts Service Registry**
6 **Number of the chemical contained in the children’s product;**

7 **“(B) A description of the children’s product or product component**
8 **containing the chemical;**

9 **“(C) The amount of the chemical used in each unit of the children’s**
10 **product reported as a range rather than an exact amount;**

11 **“(D) The name and address of the manufacturer, and the name,**
12 **address and telephone number of a contact person for the manufac-**
13 **turer;**

14 **“(E) Any other information that the manufacturer deems relevant**
15 **to the appropriate use of the children’s product; and**

16 **“(F) Any other information determined by the authority by rule to**
17 **be relevant and essential to fulfilling the reporting requirements of**
18 **this section.**

19 **“(b) The notice required by this section may not be required to**
20 **contain the disclosure of:**

21 **“(A) Any specific formulation of a chemical or chemicals that is a**
22 **trade secret; or**

23 **“(B) The name and address of the person responsible for the intro-**
24 **duction of the chemical into the children’s product, if that person is**
25 **a supplier of components, or a person that manufactures components,**
26 **and is not:**

27 **“(i) The manufacturer required to provide notice under this section;**
28 **or**

29 **“(ii) Owned or operated by the manufacturer required to provide**
30 **notice under this section.**

1 “(4)(a) A manufacturer required to provide notice under this section
2 may rely on a certificate of compliance, data or other information re-
3 ceived from the manufacturer’s suppliers for the purposes of deter-
4 mining reporting obligations under this section.

5 “(b) ‘Certificate of compliance,’ for purposes of this subsection and
6 section 4 (2) of this 2015 Act, means a certificate provided by a supplier
7 to a manufacturer solely for the purpose of indicating compliance with
8 the provisions of sections 1 to 9 of this 2015 Act.

9 “(5)(a) The authority may enter into reciprocal data sharing agree-
10 ments with other states in which manufacturers of children’s products
11 are required to disclose information related to high priority chemicals
12 of concern for children’s health. The authority must use the GSI
13 Global Product Classification system to identify and specify product
14 categories subject to the data sharing agreements. If the authority has
15 entered into a data sharing agreement with another state, and a
16 manufacturer has reported the information required in the notice un-
17 der subsections (2) and (3) of this section to that state, the manufac-
18 turer may request that the other state provide the authority with the
19 information in lieu of the manufacturer’s direct reporting of the in-
20 formation to the authority.

21 “(b) A manufacturer fulfills the notice requirement of subsection
22 (1) of this section when the authority receives the information from
23 the other state and the authority determines that the information re-
24 ceived satisfies the requirements for the notice under subsections (2)
25 and (3) of this section.

26 “(6) In lieu of the manufacturer’s providing notice to the authority
27 under subsection (1) or (5) of this section, the authority may require
28 that the notice described in subsections (2) and (3) of this section be
29 submitted to the Interstate Chemicals Clearinghouse. The authority
30 by rule shall specify procedures for the provision of such notice by

1 manufacturers to the Interstate Chemicals Clearinghouse.

2 “(7)(a) The authority shall grant an exemption to a manufacturer
3 of children’s products that applies for an exemption from the notice
4 requirements of this section if the application demonstrates that:

5 “(A) The high priority chemical of concern for children’s health
6 used in children’s products is present in the children’s product other-
7 wise subject to the notice requirements of this section only as a con-
8 taminant;

9 “(B) The manufacturer conducts a manufacturing control program
10 for the contaminant; and

11 “(C) The manufacturing control program meets minimum standards
12 for a manufacturing control program as set forth by the authority by
13 rule.

14 “(b) The authority shall approve or disapprove an exemption appli-
15 cation within 180 days after its submittal. If the authority fails to act
16 within 180 days, the exemption application is deemed approved. If the
17 authority disapproves an exemption application, the manufacturer
18 may submit a revised exemption application for consideration within
19 180 days after the authority’s disapproval.

20 “(8) A trade association may provide required notices on behalf of
21 its member manufacturers under the provisions of this section.

22 “(9) When a manufacturer provides notice to the authority under
23 the provisions of this section, the manufacturer may submit recom-
24 mendations to the authority regarding technical, financial or logistical
25 support deemed necessary for innovation and green chemistry sol-
26 utions related to high priority chemicals of concern for children’s
27 health used in children’s products.

28

29 “STATEMENTS OF REMOVAL OF CHEMICALS
30 FROM CHILDREN’S PRODUCTS OR REMOVAL

1 **OF PRODUCTS FROM STATE, EXEMPTIONS**

2
3 **“SECTION 4. (1) A manufacturer that is subject to section 3 of this**
4 **2015 Act may, at any time, submit to the Oregon Health Authority a**
5 **statement that:**

6 **“(a) The manufacturer has removed from a children’s product sold**
7 **or offered for sale in this state the chemical for which the manufac-**
8 **turer is required to submit a notice under section 3 of this 2015 Act;**
9 **or**

10 **“(b) The manufacturer no longer sells, offers for sale or distributes**
11 **in this state the children’s product containing the chemical.**

12 **“(2) A statement submitted under subsection (1)(a) of this section**
13 **must include relevant testing results, supplier certificates of compli-**
14 **ance or other information received from the manufacturer’s suppliers**
15 **demonstrating that the chemical has been removed from the children’s**
16 **product.**

17 **“(3) The authority shall approve or disapprove a statement submit-**
18 **ted under subsection (1) of this section within 30 days after its sub-**
19 **mittal. Within 30 days after the date that the authority approves a**
20 **statement submitted under this section, the authority shall remove**
21 **from its website all information related to the children’s product that**
22 **is the subject of the statement.**

23 **“(4) A manufacturer that has submitted a statement and received**
24 **approval from the authority under subsection (3) of this section shall**
25 **not be held liable for civil penalties under section 8 of this 2015 Act for**
26 **children’s products containing the chemical for which the manufac-**
27 **turer was previously required to report that:**

28 **“(a) Were distributed to retailers within this state prior to the**
29 **manufacturer receiving approval under subsection (3) of this section;**
30 **and**

1 or offered for sale in this state in order to determine compliance with
2 sections 3 and 4 of this 2015 Act.

3
4 **"INTERSTATE CHEMICALS CLEARINGHOUSE**

5
6 **"SECTION 7. The Oregon Health Authority is authorized to partic-**
7 **ipate in the Interstate Chemicals Clearinghouse in cooperation with**
8 **other states and government entities to assist the authority in carry-**
9 **ing out sections 1 to 9 of this 2015 Act. The authority shall cooperate**
10 **with the United States Environmental Protection Agency and other**
11 **states and government entities to obtain and utilize relevant infor-**
12 **mation on high priority chemicals of concern for children's health in**
13 **carrying out sections 1 to 9 of this 2015 Act.**

14
15 **"CIVIL PENALTIES**

16
17 **"SECTION 8. (1) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section,**
18 **the Oregon Health Authority may impose a civil penalty on a man-**
19 **ufacturer of children's products for a violation of any provision of**
20 **section 3, 4 or 5 of this 2015 Act.**

21 **"(2) For purposes of assessing civil penalties under this section, a**
22 **violation consists of a single course of conduct with regard to an en-**
23 **tire children's product line that is sold or offered for sale in this state.**

24 **"(3) The authority shall adopt by rule a schedule of civil penalties**
25 **for violations of sections 3, 4 and 5 of this 2015 Act. A civil penalty**
26 **may not exceed \$5,000 for the first violation. A civil penalty may not**
27 **exceed \$10,000 for the second and each subsequent violation.**

28 **"(4) In imposing a penalty under subsection (1) or (5) of this section,**
29 **the authority shall consider the following factors:**

30 **"(a) The past history of the manufacturer in taking all feasible**

1 steps or following all feasible procedures necessary or appropriate to
2 correct any violation.

3 “(b) Any prior violations of statutes, rules, orders or permits per-
4 taining to high priority chemicals of concern for children’s health used
5 in children’s products.

6 “(c) The gravity and magnitude of the violation.

7 “(d) Whether the violation was a sole event, repeated or continuous.

8 “(e) Whether the violation was a result of an unavoidable accident,
9 negligence or an intentional act.

10 “(f) The manufacturer’s cooperativeness and efforts to correct the
11 violation.

12 “(g) The economic and financial conditions of the manufacturer.

13 “(h) If a manufacturer asserts that a chemical on the list estab-
14 lished and maintained under section 2 of this 2015 Act is present in a
15 children’s product only as a contaminant, evidence that the manufac-
16 turer had in place a manufacturing control program for the contam-
17 inant that meets or exceeds the minimum requirements for a
18 manufacturing control program adopted by rule by the authority un-
19 der section 3 (7) of this 2015 Act and exercised due diligence.

20 “(5)(a) If a manufacturer violates the notice requirement described
21 in section 3 of this 2015 Act, the authority shall inform the manufac-
22 turer in writing of the violation and that the manufacturer may avoid
23 a civil penalty for the violation by providing the notice required under
24 section 3 of this 2015 Act within 90 days.

25 “(b) If the manufacturer fails to cure the violation within 90 days,
26 the authority may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500. For a
27 continuing violation, each 90-day period that the violation continues
28 after the preceding imposition of a civil penalty is a separate offense
29 subject to a separate civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000. The authority
30 is not required to provide the manufacturer with an opportunity to

1 cure the continuing violation before imposing a civil penalty for the
2 continuing violation.

3 “(6) If the authority has reason to believe that a children’s product
4 that contains a chemical on the list established and maintained under
5 section 2 of this 2015 Act is being sold or offered for sale in this state
6 in violation of section 3, 4 or 5 of this 2015 Act, the authority may re-
7 quest that the manufacturer provide a statement of compliance on a
8 form provided by the authority. The manufacturer must submit the
9 statement of compliance within 30 days after receipt of the request.
10 To prove compliance with sections 3, 4 and 5 of this 2015 Act, the
11 manufacturer must:

12 “(a) Show that the children’s product does not contain the chemi-
13 cal;

14 “(b) Show that the manufacturer has previously provided the au-
15 thority with notice as required by section 3 of this 2015 Act;

16 “(c) Provide the authority with notice as required by section 3 of
17 this 2015 Act; or

18 “(d) Provide the authority with documentation that the manufac-
19 turer has previously complied with section 4 or 5 of this 2015 Act.

20 “(7) Civil penalties described in this section shall be imposed in the
21 manner provided in ORS 183.745.

22 “(8) All civil penalties recovered under this section shall be paid
23 into the General Fund.

24
25 **“HIGH PRIORITY CHEMICALS OF CONCERN FOR**
26 **CHILDREN’S HEALTH FUND**

27
28 **“SECTION 9. (1) The High Priority Chemicals of Concern for**
29 **Children’s Health Fund is established in the State Treasury, separate**
30 **and distinct from the General Fund. Interest earned by the High Pri-**

1 ority Chemicals of Concern for Children’s Health Fund shall be cred-
2 ited to the fund. Moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to
3 the Oregon Health Authority to administer sections 1 to 9 of this 2015
4 Act.

5 “(2) The authority may accept gifts, grants or contributions from
6 any public or private source for the purpose of carrying out sections
7 1 to 9 of this 2015 Act.

8 “(3) The High Priority Chemicals of Concern for Children’s Health
9 Fund shall consist of moneys accepted by the authority pursuant to
10 subsection (2) of this section.

11

12 “PHASE-IN OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

13

14 “SECTION 10. The Oregon Health Authority shall by rule adopt a
15 schedule for phasing in the reporting requirements under sections 3
16 and 4 of this 2015 Act. In adopting a schedule, the authority shall
17 consider, and to the greatest extent practicable develop, a schedule
18 consistent with the time frames provided by the State of Washington
19 in the Children’s Safe Products Reporting Rule under the Children’s
20 Safe Product Act.

21

22 “CAPTIONS

23

24 “SECTION 11. The unit captions used in this 2015 Act are provided
25 only for the convenience of the reader and do not become part of the
26 statutory law of this state or express any legislative intent in the
27 enactment of this 2015 Act.”.

28