Oregon Health Authority Public Health 2015 – 2017 Governor's Budget

Presented to the Human Services
Legislative Subcommittee on Ways and Means
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OHA Public Health

Founded in 1903 to respond to infectious diseases

 Today: Population-based approach to promote health and prevent disease, reaching Oregonians where they live, work, play and learn

Ensuring a safe public health environment for almost 4 million

Oregonians

2015–2017 budget: \$528.7 million

Positions/FTE: 715/695.35





Public Health Results





Vision, mission and goals

Vision: Lifelong health for all people in Oregon

Mission: Promoting health and preventing the leading causes of

death, disease and injury in Oregon

2015–2019 Strategic Plan goals

- 1. Improve quality of life and increase years of healthy life
- 2. Promote and protect safe, healthy and resilient environments
- 3. Strengthen public health capacity to improve health outcomes
- 4. Integrate our work with healthcare system transformation



Science and Evaluation
State Epidemiologist

Policy and Planning

Communications



Office of the State Public Health Director State Health Officer & Deputy Director

Performance Management

Fiscal and Program Support

Community Liaison

Center for Health Protection

Health Care Regulation and Quality Improvement

Oregon Medical Marijuana Program

Radiation Protection

Environmental Public Health

Drinking Water

Center for Prevention and Health Promotion

Adolescent, Genetic and Reproductive Health

Maternal and Child Health

WIC Program

Health Promotion and Chronic Disease Prevention

Injury and Violence Prevention

Center for **Public Health Practice**

Acute and Communicable Disease Epidemiology

Immunization

HIV, STD and TB Prevention

Center for Health Statistics

Oregon State Public Health Library

Health Security, Preparedness and Response

2015–2020: State health improvement plan priorities

- Prevent and reduce tobacco use*
- Reduce harms associated with substance use*
- Slow the increase of obesity*
- Improve oral health
- Prevent deaths from suicide
- Eliminate the burden of vaccine preventable diseases
- Protect the population from communicable diseases

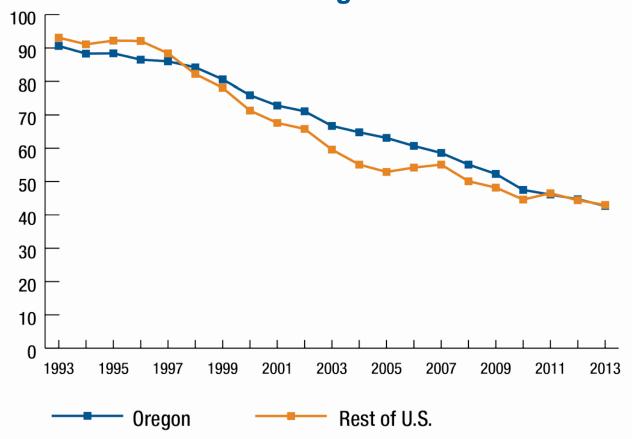


* Based upon the Epidemiology



Prevent and reduce tobacco use

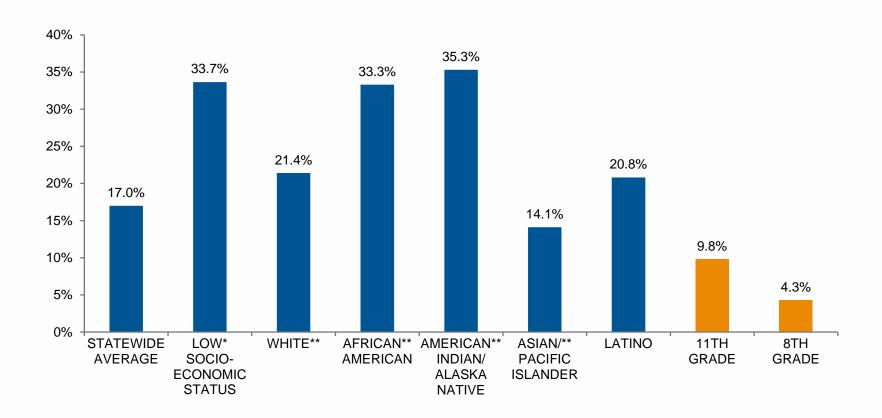
Per capita cigarette pack sales, Oregon vs. rest of United States, FY 1993 through 2013



Orzechowski and Walker (2013). The Tax Burden on Tobacco.



Percentage of Adult Oregonians who smoke among various groups, and teen smoking rates





Slow the increase of obesity

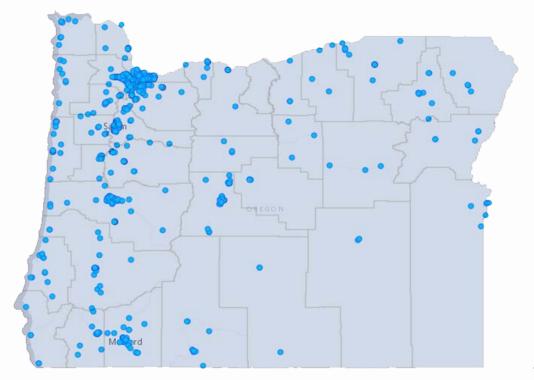
- More than 100 Women, Infants and Children (WIC) clinics statewide
- Vouchers for healthy foods, including fruits and vegetables given to **167,000 participants**





WIC Retailers in Oregon

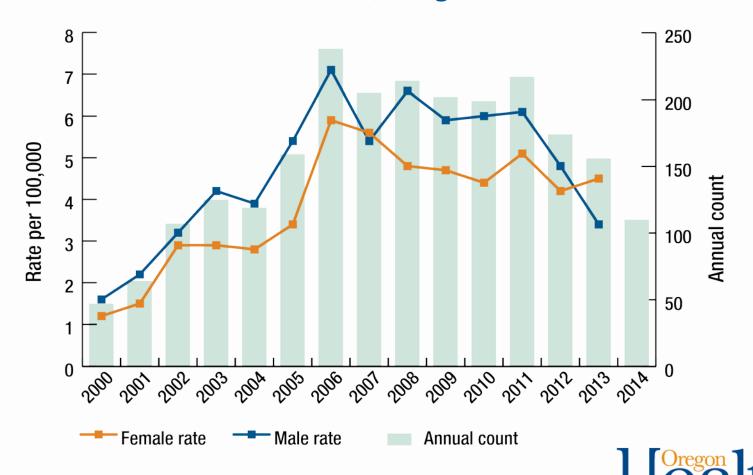
- A total of \$64.7 million spent annually at over 550 local grocery stores, corners stores and pharmacies across Oregon
- Farm Direct Nutrition Program provides \$1.1 million in support to local farmers





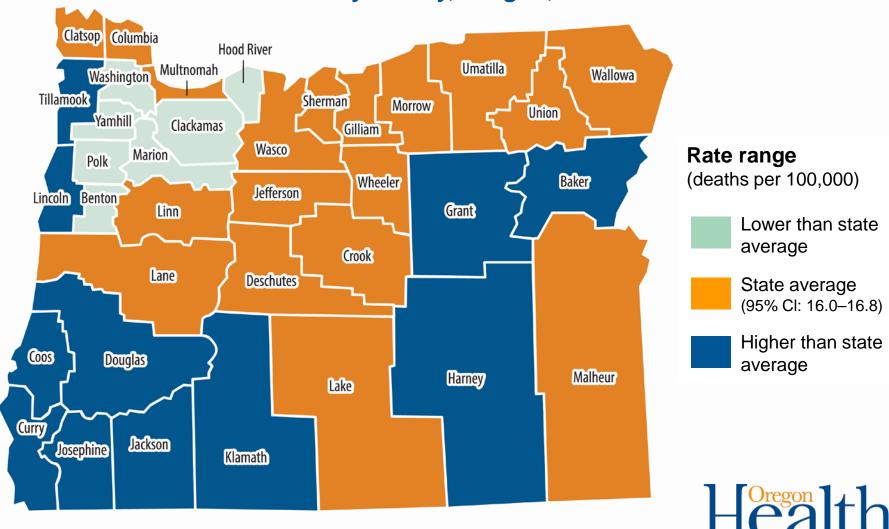
Reduce substance abuse health issues

Unintentional and undetermined prescription opioid poisoning deaths and death rates, Oregon 2000-2013



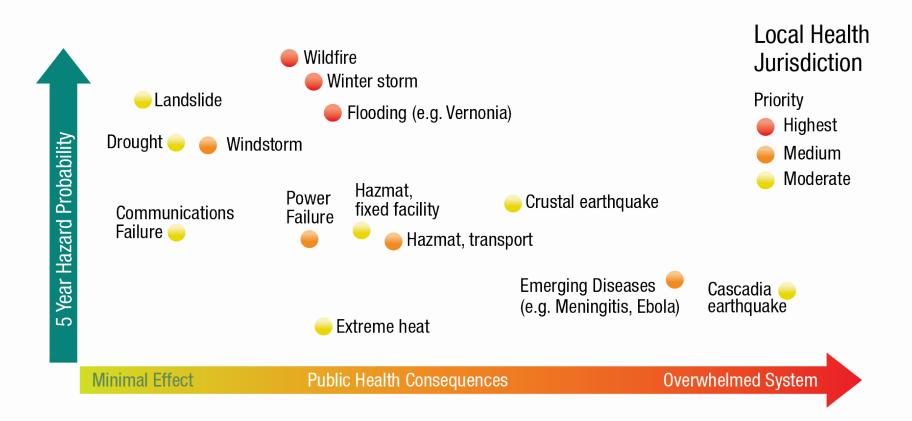
Reduce suicide

Suicide rate by county, Oregon, 2003–2012



Prepare for emergencies

Oregon's Public Health Hazard Vulnerability Assessment (PH-HVA)





Strategic challenges and opportunities

Challenges

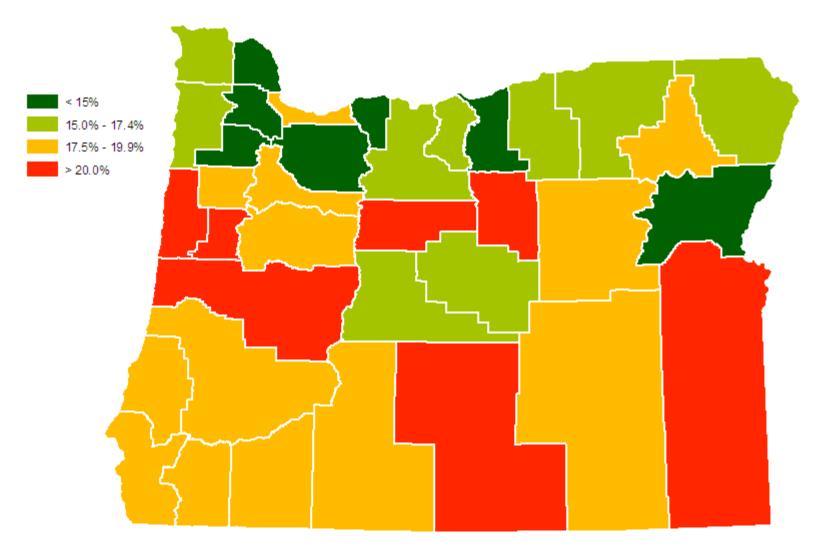
- Population changes in the state and changing drivers of poor health
- Stresses on the local public health system, declining resources, categorical funding
- Significant natural disasters or disease outbreaks (e.g. meningitis)
- Increased diversity
- Fastest aging population in the nation
- Lack of skilled workforce

Opportunities

- Modernization of the public health system (House Bill 3100)
- Oregon's health care transformation
- Expanded partnerships with county public health and their CCOs
- Public health accreditation
- Formalized partnership with Department of Education, Dept. of Transportation
- Alignment with Early Learning Council



Poverty in Oregon by County, 2013



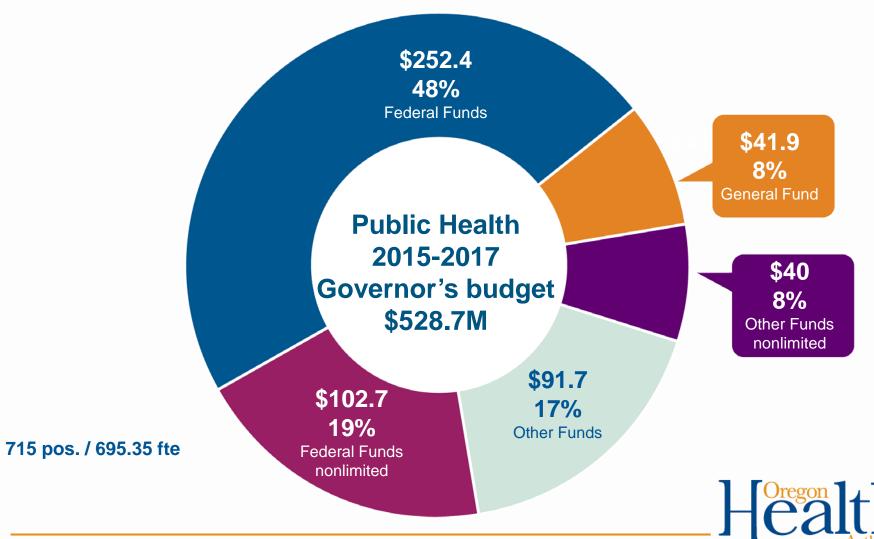
Public Health and CCOs

Public Health supports 29 CCO incentive and core measures

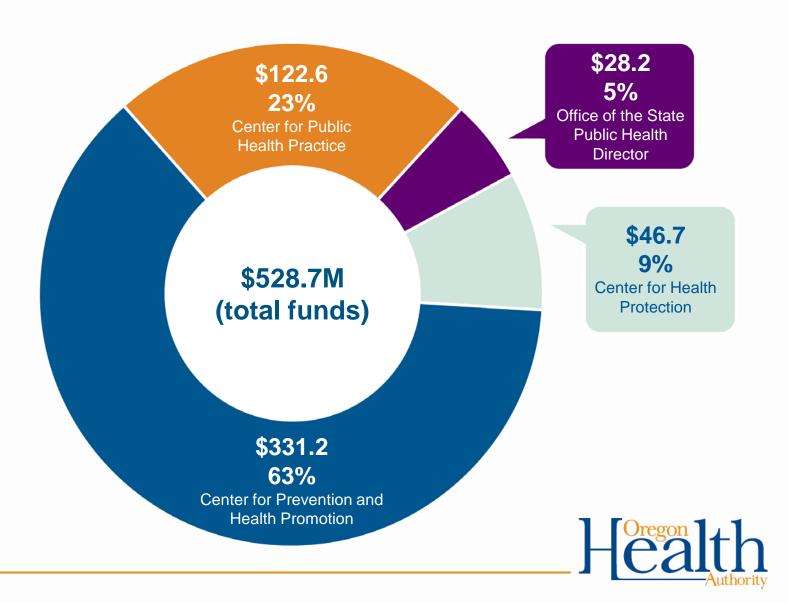
CCO measure	Examples of state and county PH system efforts
Dental sealants on permanent molars for children	Providing dental sealants in schools where 50% of students are eligible for FRL, providing training and certificate programs
Developmental screening	Funding local health departments to provide MCH and nurse home- visiting services, managing grant program to CCO and local public health partnerships
Depression screening	Collaborating with AMH on quality improvement project to integrate SBIRT and depression screening into well-child visits, increasing screening through school-based health centers and nurse home visiting programs
Controlling high blood pressure	Providing chronic disease self-management programs, promoting use of clinical guidelines to monitor and control high blood pressure

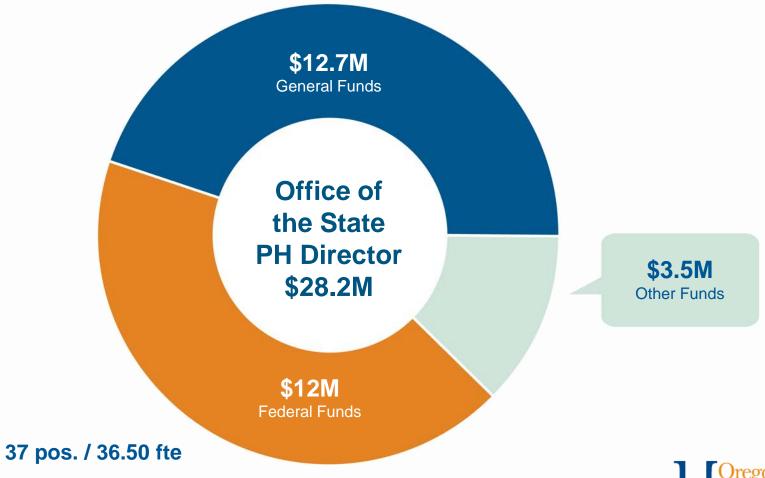


OHA Public Health 2015–17 Governor's budget

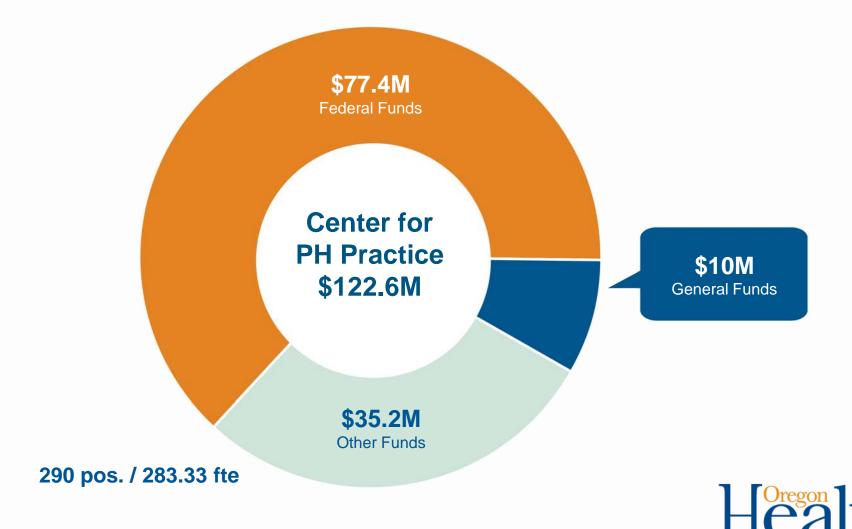


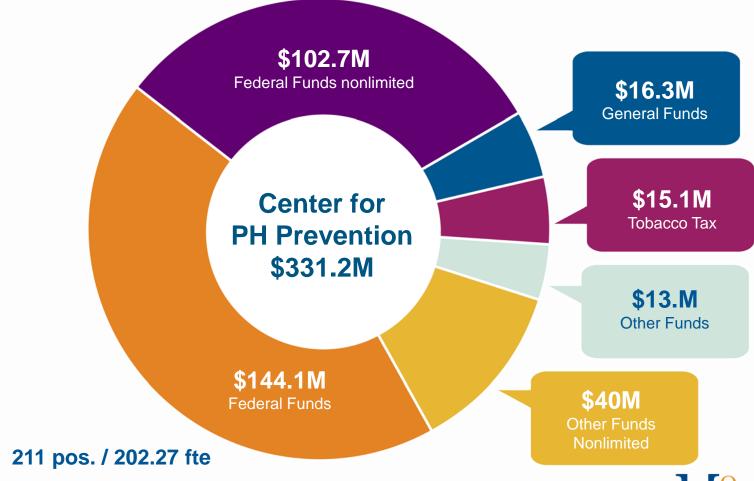
Public Health Total Funds by Center





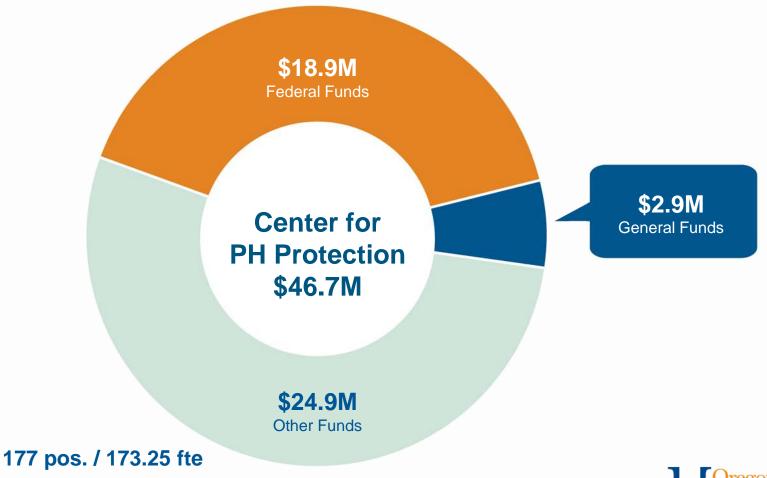






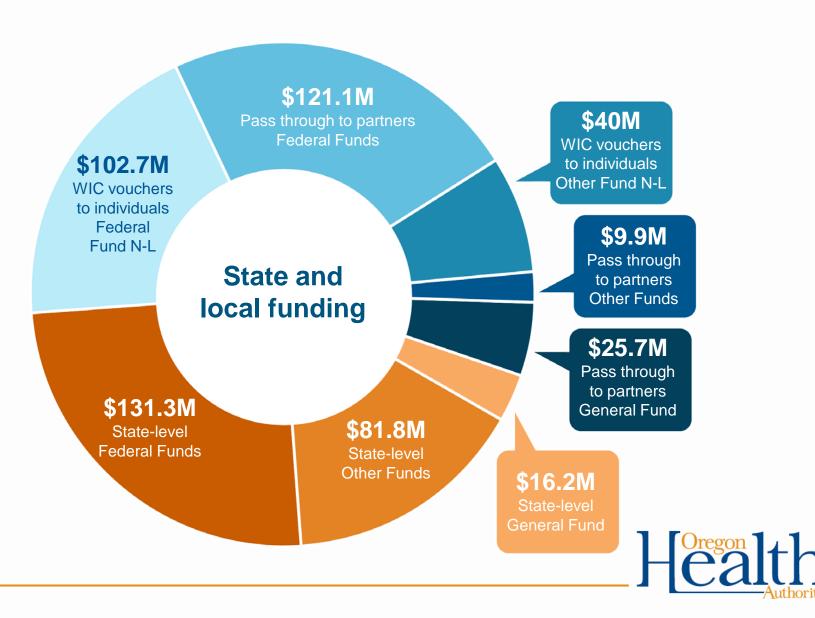
Non-limited funds are WIC food vouchers, and infant formula rebates







Public Health state and local funding



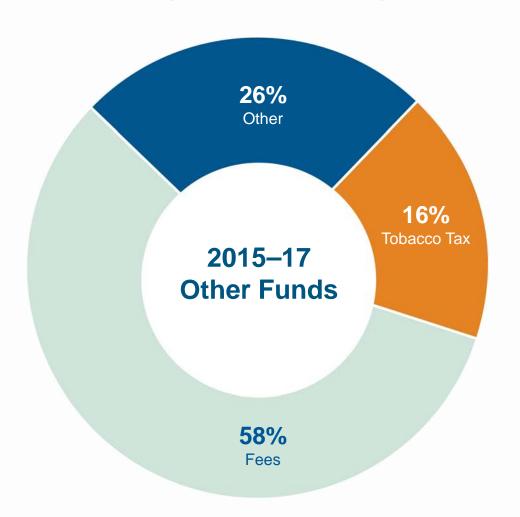
General Fund in the OHA Public Health 2015–17 Governor's budget

State support for PH to LHDs	\$8.9M
Immunization	\$2.3M
Disease outbreak	\$1.2M
HIV/STD/TB	\$3.5M
Laboratory services	\$2.9M
WIC	\$0.3M
Maternal Child Health	\$3.1M
Adolescent Health & Genetics	\$11.3M
Breast and Cervical Cancer Screening	\$1.0M
Injury prevention	\$0.6M
Environmental protection	\$0.9M
Patient Safety Commission	\$2.1M
Planning and response public health disasters	
Office of the State Public Health Director	\$2.8M
Total	\$41.9M



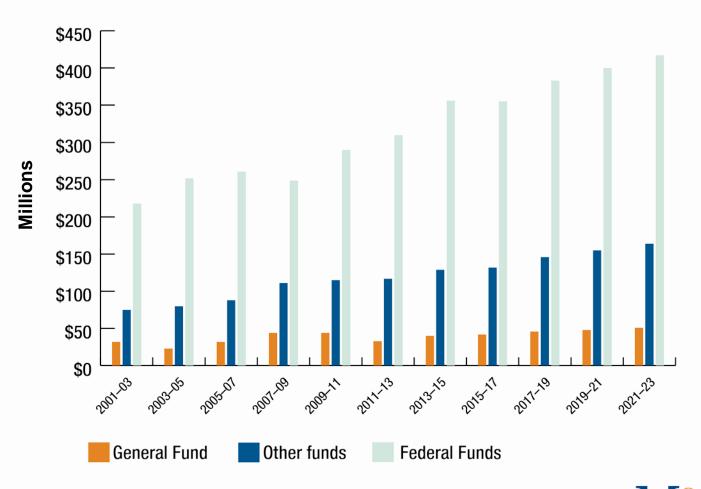
2015–17 Other Funds limited – \$ 91.7M

fees, tobacco tax and other revenues which supports 220 FTE (32% of total FTE)





Public Health historical budget by funds





2015–17 funding included in the Governor's budget

Investments:

- Support for planning and operational readiness to prepare, respond, and mitigate public health disasters - \$1.0M GF
- Support for House Bill 2348 (2013) recommendations \$0.5M GF
- Increased support to the Patient Safety Commission (pass through dollars for PSC. 2013 SB-483) - \$0.5M GF

Reductions:

- Removes GF support to the CCare Program to reflect an anticipated decrease in caseload through ACA implementation (\$2.8M)
- Redirects 2013–15 TMSA investment for tobacco cessation (\$4.0M)



2015–17 other budget considerations and investments

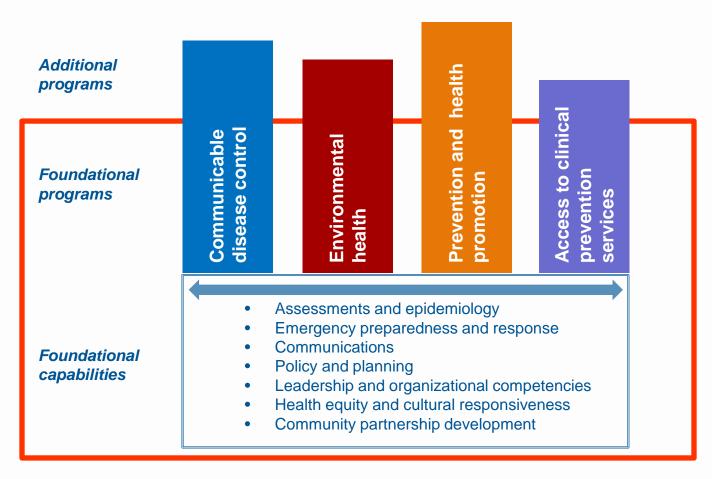
Fee bill to maintain public service and safety programs, and public health programs that provide required regulation of Oregon businesses (e.g., tanning, x-ray, health care facilities)

ORELAP environmental lab accreditation related to implementation of Measure 91 (certify laboratories to do marijuana testing)



Future of public health

Conceptual framework for governmental public health services







Factors that affect health

Examples from Health Promotion and Chronic Disease Prevention

Increasing individual effort



Increasing

population

impact

Counseling and education

Clinical interventions

Long-lasting protective interventions

Changing the context to make default decisions healthy

Socioeconomic factors

Public Health level of Investment Federal: \$3.4 million Other Funds: \$812,000

- Worksite wellness benefits: Weight Watchers, Living Well with Chronic Conditions
- Colorectal screening and promotion campaigns
- Quit tobacco coaching and cessation campaigns

Public Health level of Investment Federal: \$3.5 million
Other Funds: \$9 million

- Tobacco-free work and public places
- Healthy food standards
- Tobacco prevention media campaign
- Raising the price of unhealthy products
- Lowering the price of healthy products



Frieden TR. A framework for public health action: the health impact pyramid. AmJ Public Health. 2010;100:590-595

2015–17 major budget issues

- Dependency on Federal Funds to support core public health programs
- Dependency on Medical Marijuana fee support for core (but unrelated) public health programs, uncertainty of sustainability
- Loss of some Federal Funds during 2013–15
- Uncertainty of Federal Funds during 2015–17
- Changes in the health care delivery system
- Redesign of fee-based revenue structures necessary based upon current demands (e.g., vital records, laboratory testing and other licensing fees)



OHA Public Health 2015 legislative concepts

- SB 227 Traumatic Brain Injury Registry to enable Public Health epidemiological analysis
- SB 228 Radiation Protection Services fees





Things to keep in mind during budget review and approval ...

- Investing in prevention reduces the total cost of health care
- More than 56 percent of the 2015–17 PHD budget is pass through dollars to individuals and partners in the form of WIC vouchers and support for local public health
- OHA Public Health provides population-based services that touch almost 4 million Oregonians where they live, work, learn and play

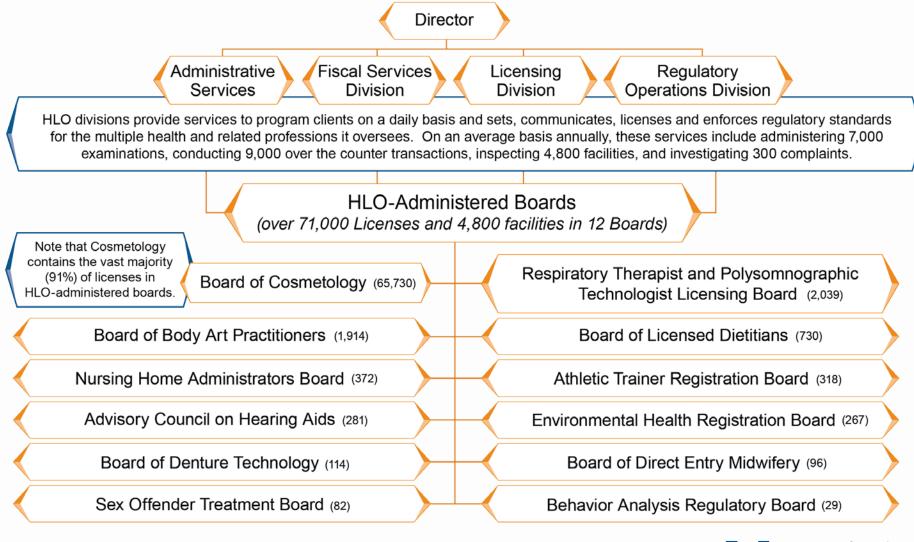








Health Licensing Office (HLO) 2015-17 Governor's Budget

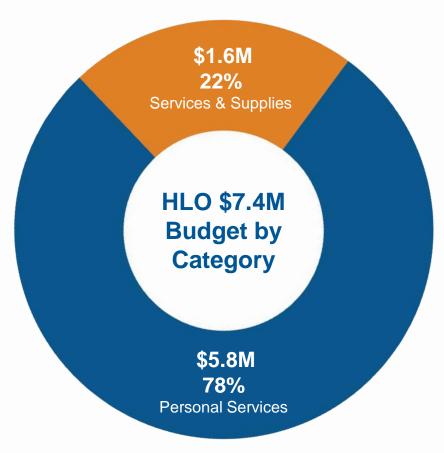




Health Licensing Office 2015-17 Governor's Budget

How HLO is Funded

- HLO is 100% Other Funds –
- HLO is self-supporting via fees charged to applicants and licensees for applications, examinations, authorizations and renewals, and other charges for services.
- Fee revenues support operational costs for HLO divisions
 (Administrative Services, Fiscal Services, Licensing, and the Regulatory Operations), and costs are proportionately and equitably allocated between boards.



35 Positions / 35.00 FTE

