

Testimony in Support HB 2329 Before the House Judiciary Committee

March 26, 2015

Dear Chair Barker and members of the committee:

My name is Travis Prestwich. I have a litigation practice here in Salem, and am writing to you today as a member of the Oregon State Bar's Board of Governors to express the Bar's support of HB 2329 to increase state funding for legal aid services.

The Oregon State Bar's highest priority is access to justice. This includes not only ensuring adequate court funding, but also ensuring adequate funding for low-income legal services, both criminal and civil. HB 2329 addresses civil legal services for low-income Oregonians.

Legal aid plays an integral part in keeping Oregon's courts running efficiently. A legal aid attorney's advocacy can help a family stay in their home, a domestic violence victim obtain a restraining order, and a taxpayer negotiate a settlement agreement faster and with fewer missteps. This not only ensures our court system runs smoothly, it also provides an economic benefit for Oregon. Employees in Oregon with the opportunity to utilize legal aid services can address and quickly rectify what can be daunting legal challenges, allowing them to get back to their families, their jobs, and their communities.

Under the statutory and regulatory structures still in place today and developed under the leadership of Senator Neil Bryant, who was then Chair of the Senate Committee on Judiciary, the Oregon State Bar was assigned by statute to provide standards, guidelines, evaluation, oversight, and enforcement for legal aid services. State funding is sent to the Oregon State Bar and distributed to the nonprofit corporations that provide service to clients. The Bar, an independent/regulatory agency, was assigned this responsibility because it understands the regulation of lawyers engaged in the practice of law.

Due to a variety of economic and political pressures, including the aftereffects of 2008 economic crisis, current funding from non-legislative sources has suffered. For example,

- Federal funds decreased by \$800,000 between 2011 and 2012.
- Interest from the lawyer trust accounts have dropped from a high of \$3.6 million in 2007 to approximately \$1,000,000 in 2013 with an additional decrease of \$160,000 anticipated in 2014.

Further, while funding decreased, the number of Oregonians eligible for legal aid services increased. Between 2000 and 2011, Oregon's legal aid eligible population increased 61.5%.

National standards define minimally adequate legal aid services as two legal aid lawyers per 10,000 low-income citizens. Currently, Oregon is meeting half of that need. 850,000 Oregonians meet the income

qualifications for legal aid assistance. The current legal aid budget supports approximately 90 legal aid lawyers working throughout Oregon or one legal aid attorney per 9,444 low-income Oregonians. It is estimated that the current level of funding meets only 15% of the civil legal needs of qualifying Oregonians.

The bar is working with representatives from all three branches of government, legal aid programs, the Campaign for Equal Justice, the Oregon Law Foundation, and Oregon foundations and corporations through the Task Force on Legal Aid Funding to identify and capitalize on new funding sources outside of the legislative process as well. In order to meet the legal needs of our citizens, we ask that the legislature partner with us and increase the biannual general fund appropriation for legal aid services.

Thank you for your consideration.