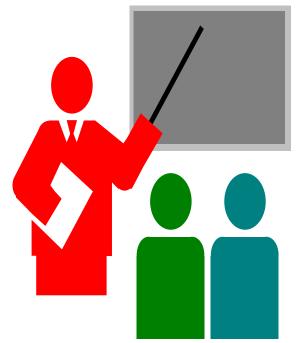


#### K-12 School Finance

#### Welcome to Your State School Fund



Michael Elliott
State School Fund Coordinator
Oregon Department of Education

#### REGON EDUCATION





### **Topics**

- History of School Funding
- Goals of the School Funding Formula
- Current Revenue
- Components of State School Fund



# History of School Funding

- Measure 5
  - Passed in 1990
  - Capped property tax rate to \$5 per \$1,000 of market value for public education
  - Required State to cover any local revenue losses to public education



# History of School Funding

- Measures 47 and 50
  - Passed in 1996 and 1997 respectively
  - Cut assessed property values
  - Capped growth of assessed property values to 3% a year



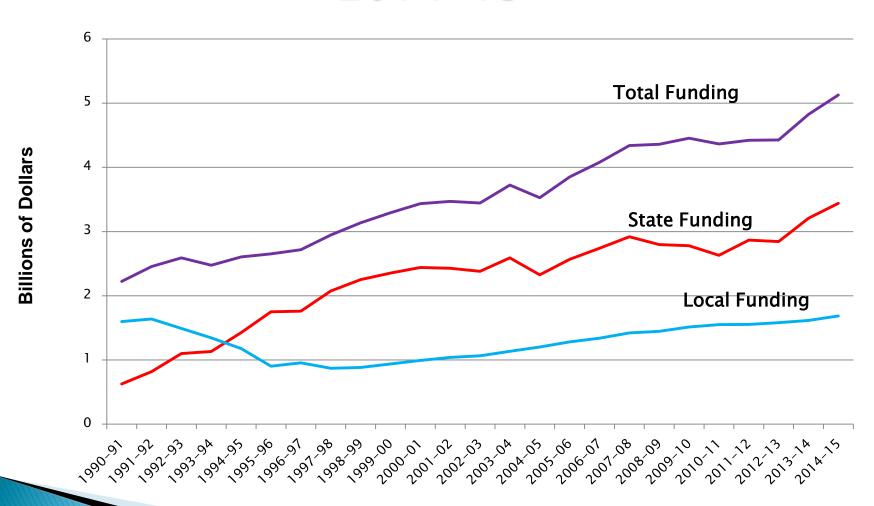
# History of School Funding

Consequences of Measures 5, 47, and 50:

- Increased volatility of school funding
  - Shifted funding from property to income tax
- Made state primary source of school funding
- Equalized funding across districts



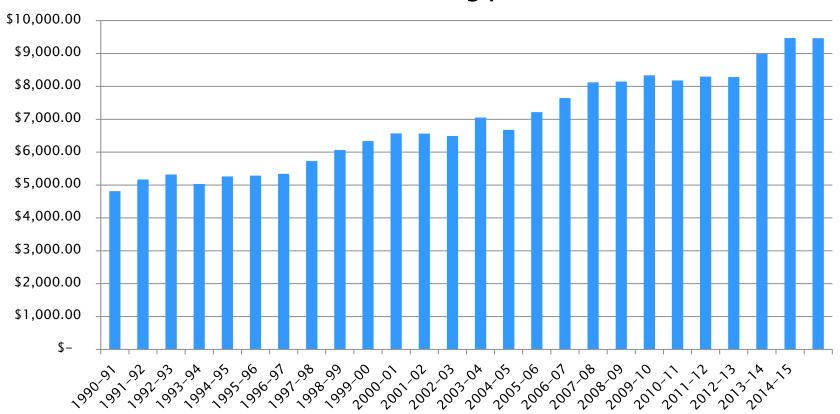
# K-12 Formula Funding 1990-91 through 2014-15





# Historical Funding

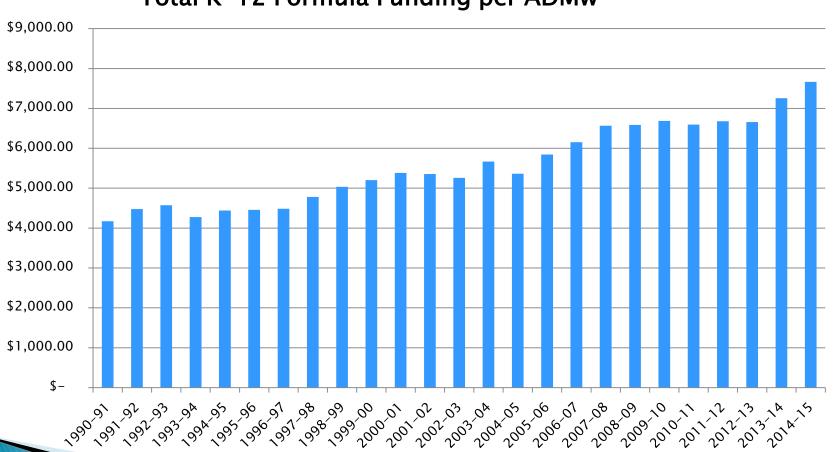
#### Total K-12 Formula Funding per ADMr





# Historical Funding

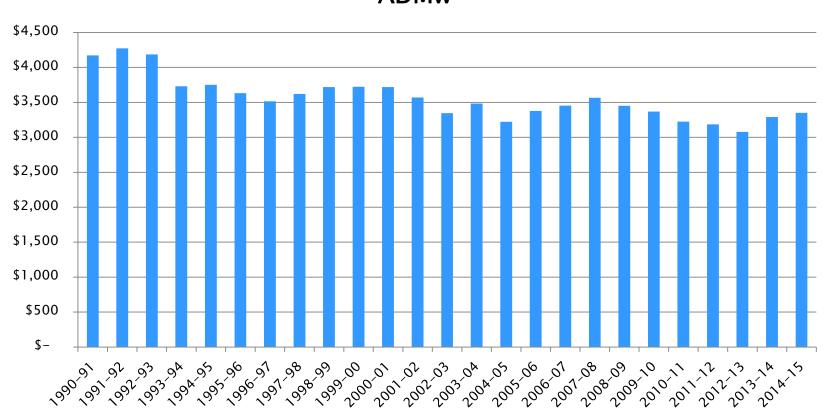
#### Total K-12 Formula Funding per ADMw





# Historical Funding

Total K-12 Formula Funding Inflation-Adjusted Per ADMw



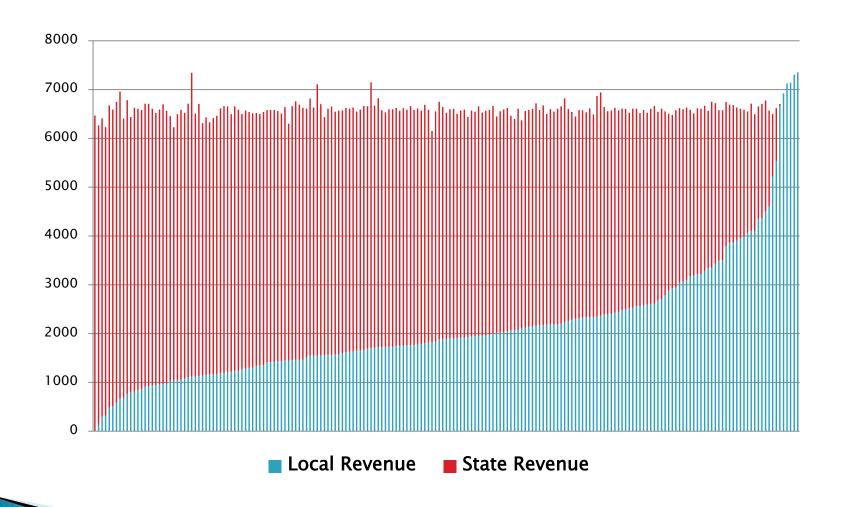


# Goals of School Funding Formula

- Equalize funding across all districts
- Equalize funding between districts and education service districts (ESDs)
- Define equity according to student and district characteristics (weights)



# **Equity across Districts**





## Distribution Principles

- Equalize district funding
- Equalize District and ESD funding
- District Equity
- Local Control

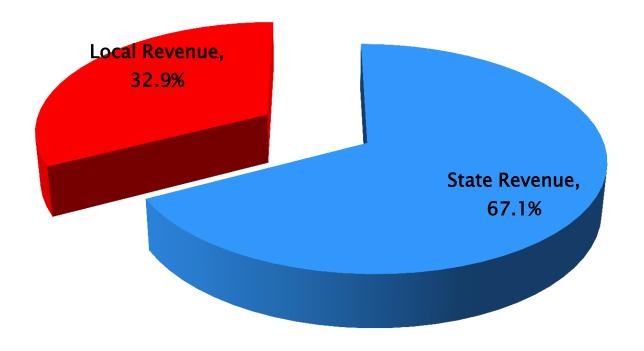


#### Formula Is Not

- A cost reimbursement
- An entitlement
- An assurance
- A measure
- An accountability system

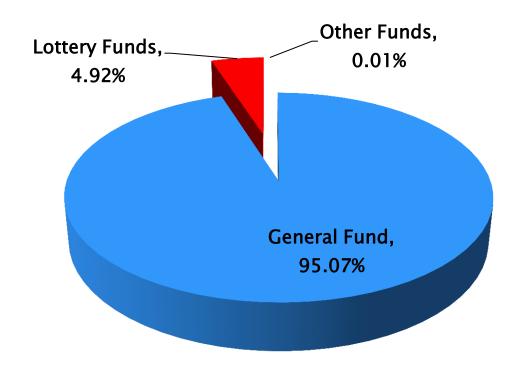


#### Current State and Local Revenue





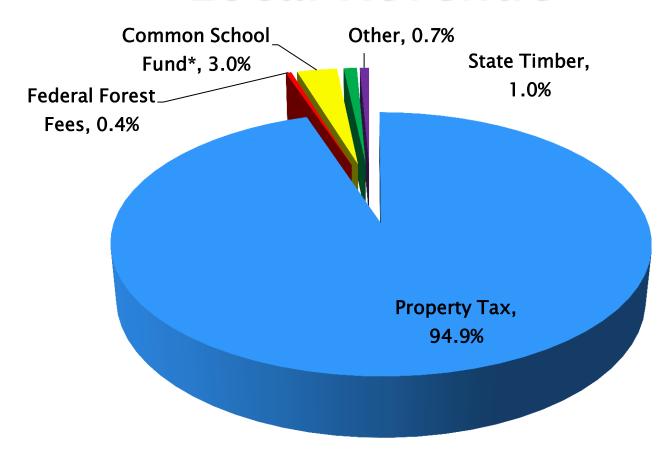
### State Revenue (\$6.650 B)



2013-15 Biennium



#### Local Revenue



Estimated for 2013-15 biennium



# State School Fund Components

- Carve-outs
  - Money set aside for specific purposes and grants
- Weights
  - Variables used to determine each district and ESD's share of state school fund



#### State School Fund: Specific Programs

Program	Biennial Cost
Talented and Gifted	\$350,000
Speech Pathology	\$150,000
Skilled Nursing Facility	\$2,600,000
Network of Quality Teaching and Learning	\$45,000,000
Oregon School for the Deaf	\$3,000,000
Long Term Care and Treatment	\$21,000,000



#### State School Fund: Sub-Grants

Sub Grant	Biennial Cost
Small High School Grant	\$5,000,000
High Cost Disability Grant	\$36,000,000
Facility Grant	\$20,000,000
Transportation Grant	Variable



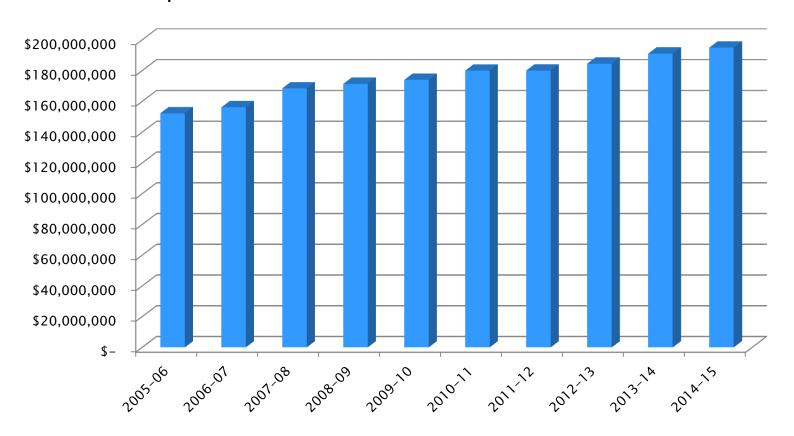
#### State School Fund: Sub-Grants

- Transportation Grant
  - Reimburses eligible transportation costs
  - Reimbursement rates set by costs per ADMr
  - Reimburse at 70%, 80% or 90% of eligible costs



## **Transportation Grant**

Transportation Grant from 2005-06 to 2014-15



2013-14 and 2014-15 estimated



# Weights

Category	Additional Weight
ADMr	1.0
IEP	1.0
IEP Cap Waiver	Variable
ESL	0.5
Pregnant and Parenting	1.0
Poverty	0.25
Foster Care	0.25
Neglected/Delinquent Students	0.25
Union High School Students	0.2
Elementary District Students	-0.1
Remote Small Elementary School Correction	Variable
Small High School Correction	Variable



#### **Extended District ADMw**

- Compares current year ADMw with prior year ADMw
- Uses the greater ADMw for funding purposes



# Teacher Experience

- Recognizes that more experienced teachers may have increased costs
- Calculation (District Average State Average)
- Teacher Experience Factor may be positive or negative value



#### District Formula

- (District extended ADMw \* (\$4,500 + [\$25 \* (teacher experience difference]) \* funding ratio) Local Revenue
  - District extended ADMw: District Weights
  - \$4,500: minimum funding
  - Funding Ratio completely distributes all State School Funds



#### **ESD Formula**

- Total of component school district grants \* 4.5%; or
- \$1 million; whichever is greater



#### What to Remember

- Formula combines local revenue and state revenue
- Formula driven by weights
- Goal of formula is to ensure that 1 weight = 1 weight
- Weights describe specific characteristics of students and districts

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# Questions?