# SENATE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL 1513

By COMMITTEE ON RURAL COMMUNITIES AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

February 12

1	On page 1 of the printed bill, delete lines 20 through 28 and delete pages 2 through 6 and inserts	
2	"SECTION 1. Sections 2 and 3 of this 2014 Act are added to and made a part of ORS	
3	526.450 to 526.475.	
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5	"CATASTROPHIC FIRE REFORESTATION ASSISTANCE ACCOUNT	
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7	"SECTION 2. (1) The Catastrophic Fire Reforestation Assistance Account is established	
8	within the General Fund. Moneys in the account are appropriated to the State Forestry De-	
9	partment for use as provided in this section.	
10	"(2) The department may expend no more than eight percent of the moneys deposited to	
11	the credit of the account for the purpose of administering and enforcing section 3 of this 2014	
12	Act and for costs of the department associated with the administration and enforcement of	
13	the reforestation tax credit program established under sections 5 and 6 of this 2014 Act.	
14	"(3) Except as provided under subsection (2) of this section, the department may expend	
15	moneys from the account only for the purpose of providing reforestation cost assistance	
16	under section 3 of this 2014 Act.	
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18	"REFORESTATION COST ASSISTANCE PROGRAM	
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20	"SECTION 3. (1) As used in this section:	
21	"(a) 'Catastrophic fire event' means a fire that:	
22	"(A) Results in the payment of moneys from the Oregon Forest Land Protection Fund	
23	to reimburse emergency fire suppression costs;	
24	"(B) Causes damage to at least 50 percent of the timber on a forestland property; or	
25	"(C) Is declared by the State Forester to be a catastrophic fire event.	
26	"(b) 'Fire loss year' means a period of not more than 12 months, ending no later than	
27	October 31 each year, identified by State Board of Forestry rule for the collective processing	
28	of losses incurred during district fire seasons designated under ORS 477.505.	
29	"(c) 'Net reforestation costs' means reforestation costs minus any salvage value.	
30	"(d)(A) 'Reforestation costs' means the labor, technical and other costs incurred after a	
31	catastrophic fire event to log damaged timber other than salvage, remove fuel and dead	
32	overstory, prepare a site for replanting and replant forestland in accordance a reforestation	
33	project plan approved by the State Forester.	
34	"(B) 'Reforestation costs' does not mean:	

"(i) Any expense eligible for federal cost share assistance;

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"(ii) Any amounts paid or incurred to purchase or otherwise acquire forestland; or

- "(iii) The cost of purchase or other acquisition of tools and equipment with a useful life of more than one year.
- "(e) 'Salvage value' means the monetary amount, after deduction of costs, realizable from the harvesting and selling of trees killed or damaged due to a catastrophic fire event, taking into consideration any legal restrictions.
- "(f) 'Small forestland owner' means any private individual, group, Indian tribe or other native group, association, corporation or other nonpublic legal entity owning 10 to 5,000 contiguous acres of Oregon commercial forestland.
- "(2) If a catastrophic fire event occurs on forestlands, a small forestland owner whose commercial forestland incurs damage from the catastrophic fire event may apply to the State Forester for a preliminary certificate to receive reforestation cost assistance.
- "(3) To apply for a preliminary certificate under this section, a small forestland owner must file a written request for a preliminary certificate with the State Forester between November 1 and December 31 next following the fire loss year in which the catastrophic fire event occurred. The request must include, at a minimum, a reforestation project plan for the commercial forestland, any information required by board rule and any additional information that the State Forester considers necessary or useful to determine the applicable commercial forestland category under subsection (6) of this section. To the extent practicable, the State Forester shall complete the processing of all preliminary certificate applications under this section no later than March 1 following the close of the application period.
- "(4) The State Forester shall issue the small forestland owner a preliminary certificate under this section if the State Forester determines that:
- "(a) The commercial forestland of the small forestland owner has incurred damage from a catastrophic fire event;
- "(b) The small forestland owner has filed or agreed to an acceptable reforestation project plan for the commercial forestland; and
- "(c) The small forestland owner is likely to incur net reforestation costs under the reforestation project plan.
- "(5) The board shall adopt rules establishing commercial forestland categories for use by the State Forester in calculating the estimated net reforestation costs for commercial forestland damaged by a catastrophic fire event. The factors that the board considers in identifying a commercial forestland category may include, but need not be limited to, slope, age class and tree species.
- "(6) The State Forester shall determine the commercial forestland category applicable to commercial forestland described in a preliminary certificate application. The State Forester shall use the commercial forestland categories to calculate the maximum amount of reforestation cost assistance that would be granted under each preliminary certificate for a fire loss year. However, if the total of the maximum reforestation cost assistance calculated for all preliminary certificates to be issued for a fire loss year would exceed the lesser of \$1 million or the amount available in the Catastrophic Fire Reforestation Assistance Account to pay that reforestation cost assistance, the State Forester shall reduce the maximum amount of reforestation cost assistance for each certificate on a pro rata basis.
- "(7) Notwithstanding subsection (6) of this section, if the board determines that an extraordinary level of losses from catastrophic fire events were incurred in a fire loss year, the

board may authorize the State Forester to seek additional funding of reforestation cost assistance from the Emergency Board. If the Emergency Board grants the additional funding, the \$1 million limitation described in subsection (6) of this section will not apply for that fire loss year.

"(8) The State Forester shall state the maximum amount of reforestation cost assistance available on each preliminary certificate issued under this section. Except as provided in this subsection and subject to subsection (9) of this section, a small forestland owner may receive reforestation cost assistance for 50 percent of the reforestation costs for the forestland, up to the maximum amount stated in the certificate. Reforestation cost assistance may not be paid for reforestation activity performed later than the second calendar year following the calendar year in which the State Forester issued a preliminary certificate for the reforestation cost assistance.

- "(9)(a) To receive payment of reforestation cost assistance, the small forestland owner must annually submit proof acceptable to the State Forester that:
- "(A) The small forestland owner has incurred or is incurring the net reforestation costs on forestland qualifying for the rebate;
  - "(B) The land remains commercial forestland; and
- "(C) The small forestland owner has materially complied with the reforestation project plan for the commercial forestland.
- "(b) If a small forestland owner has failed to materially comply with a reforestation project plan, the State Forester may require the small forestland owner to repay all or part of any reforestation cost assistance previously paid under the preliminary certificate.
- "(c) The State Forester may, at any reasonable time, conduct a physical inspection of commercial forestland to verify information described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- "(10) A small forestland owner may not receive a preliminary certificate under this section if the State Forester has issued a preliminary certificate under section 5 of this 2014 Act for a loss from a catastrophic fire event on the same forestland during the same fire loss year.

## "REFORESTATION TAX CREDIT PROGRAM

"SECTION 4. Sections 5 and 6 of this 2014 Act are added to and made a part of ORS chapter 315.

"SECTION 5. (1) As used in this section and section 6 of this 2014 Act:

- "(a) 'Catastrophic fire event,' 'fire loss year,' 'net reforestation costs' and 'reforestation costs' have the meanings given those terms in section 3 of this 2014 Act.
- "(b) 'Commercial forestland' and 'landowner' have the meanings given those terms in ORS 526.455.
- "(2) To apply for a preliminary certificate allowing a tax credit under section 6 of this 2014 Act, a landowner must file a written request for a preliminary certificate with the State Forester during the period beginning November 1 and ending December 31 next following the fire loss year in which the catastrophic fire event occurred. The request must include, at a minimum, a reforestation project plan for the commercial forestland, any information required by State Board of Forestry rule and any additional information that the State Forester considers necessary or useful to determine the applicable commercial forestland

category under subsection (5) of this section. To the extent practicable, the State Forester shall complete the processing of all written requests for preliminary certificates for a fire loss year no later than March 1 following the close of the request filing period.

- "(3) The State Forester shall issue the landowner a preliminary certificate under this section if the State Forester determines that:
- "(a) The commercial forestland of the landowner has incurred damage from a catastrophic fire event;
- "(b) The landowner has filed or agreed to an acceptable reforestation project plan for the commercial forestland; and
- "(c) The landowner is likely to incur net reforestation costs under the reforestation project plan.
- "(4) The board shall adopt rules establishing commercial forestland categories for use by the State Forester in calculating the maximum net reforestation costs resulting from a catastrophic fire event for which a tax credit could be allowed under section 6 of this 2014 Act. The factors that the board considers in identifying a commercial forestland category may include, but need not be limited to, slope, age class and tree species.
- "(5) The State Forester shall determine the commercial forestland category applicable to commercial forestland described in a preliminary certificate application. The State Forester shall use the commercial forestland categories to calculate, for each preliminary certificate, the maximum net reforestation costs for which a tax credit could be allowed under section 6 of this 2014 Act. However, if the total of the net reforestation costs for all preliminary certificates to be issued under this section for a fire loss year would exceed \$6 million, the Sate Forester shall reduce the maximum net reforestation costs for each certificate on a pro rata basis.
- "(6) In accordance with applicable provisions of ORS chapter 183, the board may adopt rules necessary for the administration of this section.
- "SECTION 6. (1) Except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section, a credit against the taxes otherwise due under ORS chapter 316 or, if the taxpayer is a corporation, under ORS chapter 317 or 318 shall be allowed to a taxpayer possessing a preliminary certificate issued under section 5 of this 2014 Act.
- "(2) For the tax year in which the preliminary certificate is issued, the amount of the credit is the lesser of:
- "(a) Fifty percent of the net reforestation costs actually paid or incurred by the taxpayer during the tax year due to a catastrophic fire event; or
- "(b) Twelve and one-half percent of the maximum net reforestation costs allowed under the preliminary certificate.
- "(3) For the two tax years next following the tax year in which the preliminary certificate is issued, the amount of the credit is the lesser of:
- "(a) Fifty percent of the net reforestation costs incurred since issuance of the preliminary certificate, reduced by the amount of any credits claimed under the certificate in prior years; or
- "(b) Twelve and one-half percent of the maximum net reforestation costs allowed under the preliminary certificate.
- "(4) For the third tax year next following the tax year in which the preliminary certificate is issued, the amount of the credit is the lesser of:

- "(a) Fifty percent of the net reforestation costs incurred since issuance of the preliminary certificate, reduced by the amount of any credits claimed under the certificate in prior years; or
- "(b) Fifty percent of the maximum net reforestation costs allowed under the preliminary certificate, reduced by the amount of any credits claimed under the certificate in prior years.
- "(5)(a) To qualify for a tax credit under this section, a landowner must submit an annual certificate issued by the State Forester. The annual certificate must accompany the claim for the credit or be otherwise filed in a manner acceptable to the Department of Revenue. The State Forester may issue a landowner an annual certificate for the tax year only if the State Forester is satisfied that:
- "(A) The landowner has actually incurred the reforestation costs to be claimed as a credit;
  - "(B) The land remains commercial forestland; and

- "(C) The landowner has materially complied with the reforestation project plan for the commercial forestland.
- "(b) The State Forester may, at any reasonable time, conduct a physical inspection of commercial forestland to verify information described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- "(6) A credit may not be claimed under this section for net reforestation costs that a taxpayer incurs after the third tax year following the year in which a preliminary certificate is issued.
- "(7) The credit provided under this section shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any depreciation or amortization deduction to which the taxpayer otherwise may be entitled with respect to the reforestation project, and the credit does not affect the computation of basis for the forestland. The credit may not be claimed for reforestation on land for which the landowner has been issued a preliminary certificate under section 3 of this 2014 Act.
- "(8) In accordance with applicable provisions of ORS chapter 183, the Department of Revenue and the State Forestry Department may adopt rules necessary for the administration of this section.
- "(9) Any landowner affected by a determination regarding the net reforestation costs tax credit made by:
- "(a) The State Forester may appeal that determination in the manner provided for in ORS 526.475 (1).
- "(b) The Department of Revenue may appeal that determination in the manner provided for in ORS 526.475 (2).
- "SECTION 7. (1) As used in this section, 'catastrophic fire event,' 'fire loss year' and 'small forestland owner' have the meanings given those terms in section 3 of this 2014 Act.
- "(2) For any catastrophic fire event that occurred on forestlands in whole or in part on or after August 1, 2012, and before December 31, 2013, a small forestland owner whose commercial forestland has incurred damage from the catastrophic fire event may apply to the State Forester for issuance of a preliminary certificate under section 3 of this 2014 Act. Notwithstanding section 3 (3) of this 2014 Act, the small forestland owner must file the application between November 1, 2014, and December 31, 2014.
- "(3) For purposes of section 3 of this 2014 Act, catastrophic fire losses of small forestland owners participating in the reforestation costs rebate program under this section are considered to be losses incurred in a fire loss year separate and distinct from all other fire loss

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1	years.

"(4) Notwithstanding section 2 (3) of this 2014 Act, the State Forestry Department may expend moneys from the Catastrophic Fire Reforestation Assistance Account for carrying out this section.

"SECTION 8. (1) As used in this section, 'catastrophic fire event,' 'fire loss year' and 'landowner' have the meanings given those terms in section 5 of this 2014 Act.

- "(2) For any catastrophic fire event that occurred on forestlands in whole or in part on or after August 1, 2012, and before December 31, 2013, a landowner whose commercial forestland has incurred damage from the catastrophic fire event may apply to the State Forester for issuance of a preliminary certificate under section 5 of this 2014 Act. Notwithstanding section 5 (2) of this 2014 Act, the landowner must file the written request between November 1, 2014, and December 31, 2014.
- "(3) For purposes of section 5 of this 2014 Act, catastrophic fire losses for which landowners file written requests for preliminary certificates under this section are considered to be losses incurred in a fire loss year separate and distinct from all other fire loss years.
- "(4) Notwithstanding section 2 (3) of this 2014 Act, the State Forestry Department may expend moneys from the Catastrophic Fire Reforestation Assistance Account for carrying out this section.

#### "APPLICABILITY

"SECTION 9. Notwithstanding ORS 315.050, this 2014 Act applies to losses from catastrophic fire events for which the State Forester issues preliminary certificates before January 1, 2020.

#### "CAPTIONS

"SECTION 10. The unit captions used in this 2014 Act are provided only for the convenience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or express any legislative intent in the enactment of this 2014 Act.

### "EFFECTIVE DATE

"SECTION 11. This 2014 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2014 regular session of the Seventy-seventh Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.".