

**Enrolled**  
**House Bill 4055**

Introduced and printed pursuant to House Rule 12.00. Pre-session filed (at the request of House Interim Committee on Rules)

CHAPTER .....

AN ACT

Relating to the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system; creating new provisions; amending ORS 403.105, 403.110, 403.200, 403.210, 403.215, 403.220, 403.225, 403.230 and 403.240 and section 4, chapter 5, Oregon Laws 2002 (first special session); and prescribing an effective date.

**Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:**

**SECTION 1.** ORS 403.105 is amended to read:

403.105. As used in ORS 305.823 and 403.105 to 403.250, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Account" means the Emergency Communications Account.
- (2) "Automatic location identification" means a component or capability of enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service that provides automatic display in the designated public safety answering point of geographic information about the location of the instrument used to originate an incoming 9-1-1 call.
- (3) "Automatic number identification" means a component or capability of enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service that provides automatic display in the designated public safety answering point of a telephone number associated with the access line from which an incoming 9-1-1 call originates.
- (4) "Call-back number" means a telephone number used by a primary public safety answering point to contact the location from which an incoming 9-1-1 call originates.
- (5) "Central office" means a utility that houses the switching and trunking equipment serving telephones in a defined area.
- (6) "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
- (7) "Emergency call" means a telephone request that results from a situation in which prompt service is essential to preserve human life or property.
- (8) "Emergency response location identifier" means a component or capability of enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service that identifies a specific emergency response location.
- (9) "Enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service" means 9-1-1 telephone service consisting of a network, database and on-premises equipment that provides automatic display in the designated public safety answering point of a telephone number and geographic information about the location of the instrument used to originate an incoming 9-1-1 call when the call is received.
- (10) "Exchange access services" means:
  - (a) Telephone exchange access lines or channels that provide local access by a subscriber in this state to the local telecommunications network to effect the transfer of information; and
  - (b) Unless a separate tariff rate is charged therefor, any facility or service provided in connection with the services described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

(11) "Governing body" means the board of county commissioners of a county, city council of a city, other governing body of a city or county, board of directors of a special district or a 9-1-1 jurisdiction.

(12) "Key telephone system" means a type of multiline telephone system designed to provide exchange access services through shared exchange access lines or channels that typically appears to offer direct line termination on a particular instrument.

(13) "Local government" has the meaning given that term in ORS 190.710.

(14) "Multiline telephone system" means a communications system, including network, premises-based, PBX, hybrid and key telephone systems, that offers two or more telephone exchange access lines and consists of a common control unit, instruments, control hardware and software and adjunct systems installed at a subscriber's premises to support the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system.

**(15) "Prepaid wireless telecommunications service" means a telecommunications service that provides the right to use mobile wireless service as well as other nontelecommunications services including content, ancillary services and the download of digital products delivered electronically that must be paid for in advance, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars.**

[(15)] (16) "Provider" means a utility or other vendor or supplier of telecommunications service or equipment that provides telecommunications with access to the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system through local exchange service, cellular service or other wired or wireless means.

[(16)] (17) "Public or private safety agency" means any unit of state or local government, a special-purpose district or a private firm that provides or has authority to provide fire-fighting, police, ambulance or emergency medical services.

[(17)] (18) "Public safety answering point" means a 24-hour communications facility established as an answering location for 9-1-1 calls originating within a given service area. A "primary public safety answering point" receives all calls directly from the public. A "secondary public safety answering point" only receives calls from a primary public safety answering point on a transfer or relay basis.

[(18)] (19) "Subscriber" means a person who has telecommunication access to the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system through local exchange service, cellular service or other wired or wireless means.

[(19)] (20) "TTY" means a telephone-typewriter used by an individual with a hearing or speech impairment to communicate with another device or individual.

[(20)] (21) "Utility" means a utility, as defined in ORS 759.005, a telecommunications carrier, as defined in ORS 133.721, a municipality or any provider of exchange access services.

[(21)] (22) "Vendor" means a person providing telephone customer premises equipment or equipment specific to the operation of enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service.

**(23) "Wireless telecommunications service" means commercial mobile radio service, as defined in 47 C.F.R. 20.3.**

[(22)] (24) "9-1-1 emergency reporting system" means a telephone service that provides the users of a public telephone system the ability to reach a primary public safety answering point by calling 9-1-1.

[(23)] (25) "9-1-1 jurisdiction" means:

(a) An entity created under ORS chapter 190;

(b) A county service district established under ORS chapter 451 to provide an emergency communications system;

(c) An emergency communications district created under ORS 403.300 to 403.380; or

(d) A group of public or private safety agencies who have agreed in writing to jointly plan the installation, maintenance, operation or improvement of a 9-1-1 emergency reporting system.

[(24)] (26) "9-1-1 service area" means the geographical area that contains the entire central office serving area from which the primary public safety answering point will have the capability to answer calls placed to 9-1-1.

**SECTION 1a.** ORS 403.105, as amended by section 1 of this 2014 Act, is amended to read:

403.105. As used in ORS 305.823 and 403.105 to 403.250, unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Account" means the Emergency Communications Account.

(2) "Automatic location identification" means a component or capability of enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service that provides automatic display in the designated public safety answering point of geographic information about the location of the instrument used to originate an incoming 9-1-1 call.

(3) "Automatic number identification" means a component or capability of enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service that provides automatic display in the designated public safety answering point of a telephone number associated with the access line from which an incoming 9-1-1 call originates.

(4) "Call-back number" means a telephone number used by a primary public safety answering point to contact the location from which an incoming 9-1-1 call originates.

(5) "Central office" means a utility that houses the switching and trunking equipment serving telephones in a defined area.

**(6) "Consumer" means a person that purchases prepaid wireless telecommunications service in a retail transaction.**

[(6)] (7) "Department" means the Department of Revenue.

[(7)] (8) "Emergency call" means a telephone request that results from a situation in which prompt service is essential to preserve human life or property.

[(8)] (9) "Emergency response location identifier" means a component or capability of enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service that identifies a specific emergency response location.

[(9)] (10) "Enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service" means 9-1-1 telephone service consisting of a network, database and on-premises equipment that provides automatic display in the designated public safety answering point of a telephone number and geographic information about the location of the instrument used to originate an incoming 9-1-1 call when the call is received.

[(10)] (11) "Exchange access services" means:

(a) Telephone exchange access lines or channels that provide local access by a **consumer or** subscriber in this state to the local telecommunications network to effect the transfer of information; and

(b) Unless a separate tariff rate is charged therefor, any facility or service provided in connection with the services described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

[(11)] (12) "Governing body" means the board of county commissioners of a county, city council of a city, other governing body of a city or county, board of directors of a special district or a 9-1-1 jurisdiction.

**(13) "Interconnected Voice over Internet Protocol service" has the meaning given that term in 47 C.F.R. 9.3, as amended on July 9, 2009. The Department of Revenue may by rule adjust this definition to conform to subsequent amendments to 47 C.F.R. 9.3.**

[(12)] (14) "Key telephone system" means a type of multiline telephone system designed to provide exchange access services through shared exchange access lines or channels that typically appears to offer direct line termination on a particular instrument.

[(13)] (15) "Local government" has the meaning given that term in ORS 190.710.

[(14)] (16) "Multiline telephone system" means a communications system, including network, premises-based, PBX, hybrid and key telephone systems, that offers two or more telephone exchange access lines and consists of a common control unit, instruments, control hardware and software and adjunct systems installed at a subscriber's premises to support the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system.

[(15)] (17) "Prepaid wireless telecommunications service" means a telecommunications service that provides the right to use mobile wireless service as well as other nontelecommunications services including content, ancillary services and the download of digital products delivered electronically that must be paid for in advance, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars.

[(16)] (18) "Provider" means a utility or other vendor or supplier of telecommunications service or equipment that provides telecommunications with access to the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system through local exchange service, cellular service or other wired or wireless means.

[(17)] **(19)** “Public or private safety agency” means any unit of state or local government, a special-purpose district or a private firm that provides or has authority to provide fire-fighting, police, ambulance or emergency medical services.

[(18)] **(20)** “Public safety answering point” means a 24-hour communications facility established as an answering location for 9-1-1 calls originating within a given service area. A “primary public safety answering point” receives all calls directly from the public. A “secondary public safety answering point” only receives calls from a primary public safety answering point on a transfer or relay basis.

**(21) “Retail transaction” means each individual purchase, associated with an individual access number or capable of being associated with an individual access number, of prepaid wireless telecommunications service from a seller for any purpose other than resale.**

**(22) “Seller” means a person that sells prepaid wireless telecommunications service or access to prepaid wireless telecommunications service to a consumer.**

[(19)] **(23)** “Subscriber” means a person *[who]* **that** has telecommunication access to the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system through local exchange service, cellular service or other wired or wireless means. **“Subscriber” does not include a person that uses prepaid wireless telecommunications service.**

[(20)] **(24)** “TTY” means a telephone-typewriter used by an individual with a hearing or speech impairment to communicate with another device or individual.

[(21)] **(25)** “Utility” means a utility, as defined in ORS 759.005, a telecommunications carrier, as defined in ORS 133.721, a municipality or any provider of exchange access services.

[(22)] **(26)** “Vendor” means a person providing telephone customer premises equipment or equipment specific to the operation of enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service.

[(23)] **(27)** “Wireless telecommunications service” means commercial mobile radio service, as defined in 47 C.F.R. 20.3.

[(24)] **(28)** “9-1-1 emergency reporting system” means a telephone service that provides the users of a public telephone system the ability to reach a primary public safety answering point by calling 9-1-1.

[(25)] **(29)** “9-1-1 jurisdiction” means:

- (a) An entity created under ORS chapter 190;
- (b) A county service district established under ORS chapter 451 to provide an emergency communications system;
- (c) An emergency communications district created under ORS 403.300 to 403.380; or
- (d) A group of public or private safety agencies who have agreed in writing to jointly plan the installation, maintenance, operation or improvement of a 9-1-1 emergency reporting system.

[(26)] **(30)** “9-1-1 service area” means the geographical area that contains the entire central office serving area from which the primary public safety answering point will have the capability to answer calls placed to 9-1-1.

**SECTION 2.** ORS 403.110 is amended to read:

403.110. **(1)** A provider or a 9-1-1 jurisdiction or the employees or agents of a provider or a 9-1-1 jurisdiction may be held civilly liable for the installation, performance, provision or maintenance of a 9-1-1 emergency reporting system or enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service if the provider or the 9-1-1 jurisdiction or the employees or agents of the provider or the 9-1-1 jurisdiction act with willful or wanton conduct. This section does not affect any liability a 9-1-1 jurisdiction may have for operator or operator-supervisor negligence in receiving calls from the public and dispatching emergency services to the public.

**(2) A provider or seller is not liable for damages that result from providing or failing to provide access to the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system or from identifying or failing to identify the telephone number, address, location or name associated with any person or device accessing or attempting to access the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system.**

**SECTION 2a.** The amendments to ORS 403.105 and 403.110 by sections 1a and 2 apply to telecommunications service or interconnected Voice over Internet Protocol service, as defined in ORS 403.105, provided on or after October 1, 2015.

**SECTION 3.** ORS 403.200 is amended to read:

403.200. (1) There is imposed on each paying retail subscriber who has telecommunication services with access to the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system a tax equal to 75 cents per month. The tax must be applied on a telecommunications circuit designated for a particular subscriber. One subscriber line must be counted for each circuit that is capable of generating usage on the line side of the switched network regardless of the quantity or ownership of customer premises equipment connected to each circuit. For providers of central office based services, the tax must be applied to each line that has unrestricted connection to the switched network. Those central office based service lines that have restricted connection to the switched network must be charged based on software design in the central office that restricts the number of station calls to and from the network. For cellular, wireless or other radio common carriers, the tax applies on a per instrument basis and only if the subscriber's place of primary use, as defined and determined under 4 U.S.C. 116 to 126, is within this state.

(2) The subscriber is liable for the tax imposed by this section.

(3) The amounts of tax collected by the provider are considered as payment by the subscriber for that amount of tax.

(4) Any return made by the provider collecting the tax must be accepted by the Department of Revenue as evidence of payments by the subscriber of amounts of tax so indicated upon the return.

**(5) The tax imposed under subsection (1) of this section does not apply to prepaid wireless telecommunications service provided on or after January 1, 2015.**

**SECTION 3a.** ORS 403.200, as amended by section 3 of this 2014 Act, is amended to read:

403.200. (1) There is imposed on each **consumer or** paying retail subscriber who has [*telecommunication services*] **telecommunications service or interconnected Voice over Internet Protocol service**, with access to the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system a tax equal to 75 cents per month **or, for prepaid wireless telecommunications service, 75 cents per retail transaction**. The tax must be applied on a telecommunications circuit designated for a particular **consumer or** subscriber. One **consumer or** subscriber line must be counted for each circuit that is capable of generating usage on the line side of the switched network regardless of the quantity or ownership of customer premises equipment connected to each circuit. For providers of central office based services, the tax must be applied to each line that has unrestricted connection to the switched network. Those central office based service lines that have restricted connection to the switched network must be charged based on software design in the central office that restricts the number of station calls to and from the network. For cellular, wireless or other radio common carriers, the tax applies **to a subscriber** on a per instrument basis and only if the subscriber's place of primary use, as defined [*and determined*] under 4 U.S.C. [*116 to 126*] **124**, is within this state.

(2) The **consumer or** subscriber is liable for the tax imposed by this section.

(3) The amounts of tax collected by the provider **or seller** are considered as payment by the **consumer or** subscriber for that amount of tax.

**(4) The tax imposed under this section, as it applies to prepaid wireless telecommunications service, shall be collected by the seller from the consumer with respect to each retail transaction occurring in this state. The amount of the tax shall be separately stated on an invoice, receipt or other similar document that the seller provides to the consumer, or shall be otherwise disclosed to the consumer.**

**(5) For purposes of this section, a retail transaction:**

**(a) Occurs in this state if it is made in person by a consumer at a business location of the seller;**

**(b) If not made in person by a consumer at a business location of the seller, occurs in this state if the consumer's shipping address, payment instrument billing address, or other address provided by the consumer for purposes of the transaction, is in this state; or**

**(c) If insufficient information exists to determine whether paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection is accurate, occurs in this state if the consumer's prepaid wireless telephone number is associated with an Oregon location.**

[4] **(6)** Any return made by the provider **or seller** collecting the tax must be accepted by the Department of Revenue as evidence of payments by the **consumer or** subscriber of amounts of tax so indicated upon the return.

[5] *The tax imposed under subsection (1) of this section does not apply to prepaid wireless telecommunications service provided on or after January 1, 2015.*

**SECTION 4.** ORS 403.210 is amended to read:

403.210. Every provider **or seller** responsible for the collection of the tax imposed by ORS 403.200 to 403.230 shall keep records, render statements, make returns and comply with rules adopted by the Department of Revenue with respect to the tax. Whenever in the judgment of the department it is necessary, the department may require the provider, **seller, consumer** or subscriber, by notice served upon that person by first-class mail, to make returns, render statements or keep records sufficient to show whether there is tax liability under ORS 403.200 to 403.230.

**SECTION 5.** ORS 403.215 is amended to read:

403.215. (1) The provider **or seller** is responsible for collecting the tax under ORS 403.200 and shall file a return with the Department of Revenue on or before the last day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter, reporting the amount of tax due for access to the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system during the quarter. The department shall prescribe the form of the return required by this section and ORS 403.210. The rules of the department must require that returns be made under penalties for false swearing.

(2) When a return of the tax is required under ORS 403.210 or subsection (1) of this section, the provider **or seller** required to make the return shall remit the tax due to the department at the time fixed for filing the return.

(3) A provider **or seller** described in subsection (1) of this section may elect to pay the tax based on either of the following:

(a) The amount of tax actually collected during the quarter; or

(b) The net amount of tax billed during the quarter. The net amount billed equals the gross amount of tax billed less adjustments for uncollectible accounts, refunds, incorrect billings and other appropriate adjustments.

(4) Once a provider **or seller** has made an election under subsection (3) of this section, the provider **or seller** may not change the method of payment and reporting unless the provider **or seller** first obtains the permission of the department.

**SECTION 5a.** (1) **For the purpose of compensating sellers for expenses incurred in collecting the tax imposed under ORS 403.200, each seller is permitted to deduct and retain two percent of the amount of taxes that are collected by the seller from all retail transactions conducted by the seller in this state.**

**(2) Subsection (1) of this section applies to retail transactions made on or after October 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2022.**

**SECTION 6.** ORS 403.220 is amended to read:

403.220. (1) If the amount paid by the provider **or seller** to the Department of Revenue under ORS 403.215 exceeds the amount of tax payable, the department shall refund the amount of the excess with interest thereon at the rate established under ORS 305.220 for each month or fraction of a month from the date of payment of the excess until the date of the refund. The department may not make a refund to a provider **or seller** who fails to claim the refund within two years after the due date for filing of the return with respect to which the claim for refund relates.

(2) A **consumer or** subscriber's exclusive remedy in a dispute involving tax liability is to file a claim with the department.

**SECTION 7.** ORS 403.225 is amended to read:

403.225. (1) Every provider **or seller** required to collect the tax imposed by ORS 403.200 to 403.230 is deemed to hold the same in trust for the State of Oregon and for the payment thereof to the Department of Revenue in the manner and at the time provided by ORS 403.215.

(2) If the provider **or seller** required to collect the tax fails to remit any amount deemed to be held in trust for the State of Oregon or if the **consumer or** subscriber fails to pay the tax, the department may enforce collection by the issuance of a distraint warrant for the collection of the delinquent amount and all penalties, interest and collection charges accrued thereon. The warrant is issued and proceeded upon in the same manner and has the same force and effect as is prescribed with respect to warrants for the collection of delinquent income taxes.

**SECTION 8.** ORS 403.230 is amended to read:

403.230. (1) Unless the context requires otherwise, the provisions of ORS chapters 305, 314 and 316 as to the audit and examination of reports and returns, determination of deficiencies, assessments, claims for refunds, penalties, interest, jeopardy assessments, warrants, conferences and appeals to the Oregon Tax Court, and procedures relating thereto, apply to ORS 403.200 to 403.230 the same as if the tax were a tax imposed upon or measured by net income. The provisions apply to the **consumer or** subscriber liable for the tax and to the provider **or seller** required to collect the tax. As to any amount collected and required to be remitted to the Department of Revenue, the tax is considered a tax upon the provider **or seller** required to collect the tax and that provider **or seller** is considered a taxpayer.

(2) Notwithstanding ORS 314.835 and 314.840, the Department of Revenue may disclose information received under ORS 403.200 to 403.230 to the Public Utility Commission to carry out the provisions of chapter 290, Oregon Laws 1987.

(3) The Public Utility Commission may disclose information obtained pursuant to chapter 290, Oregon Laws 1987, to the Department of Revenue to administer the tax imposed under ORS 403.200 to 403.230.

**SECTION 8a.** The amendments to statutes by sections 3a to 5 and 6 to 8 apply to telecommunications service or interconnected Voice over Internet Protocol service, as defined in ORS 403.105, provided on or after October 1, 2015.

**SECTION 9.** Section 4, chapter 5, Oregon Laws 2002 (first special session), as amended by section 1, chapter 4, Oregon Laws 2002 (third special session), section 1, chapter 629, Oregon Laws 2007, and section 1, chapter 749, Oregon Laws 2013, is amended to read:

**Sec. 4.** Taxes imposed under ORS 403.200 apply to subscriber bills issued on or after January 1, 2002, and before January 1, 2022, and to retail transactions made on or after October 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2022.

**SECTION 10.** Sections 5a, 11 to 13 and 13b of this 2014 Act are added to and made a part of ORS 403.200 to 403.230.

**SECTION 11.** The Legislative Assembly finds and declares that:

(1) ORS 403.200 to 403.230, as those sections were amended and in effect prior to the effective date of this 2014 Act, imposed a tax under ORS 403.200 equally on all forms of wireless telecommunications service and on other types of telecommunications service;

(2) Sections 5a, 11a, 12 and 13 of this 2014 Act and the amendments to ORS 403.105, 403.110, 403.200, 403.210, 403.215, 403.220, 403.225, 403.230 and 403.240 and section 4, chapter 5, Oregon Laws 2002 (first special session), by sections 1 to 2, 3 to 5, 6 to 8, 9 and 14 of this 2014 Act do not have retroactive application to periods before the effective date of this 2014 Act; and

(3) The intent of the Legislative Assembly in enacting this 2014 Act is to facilitate administration of collection of taxes under ORS 403.200 to 403.230.

**SECTION 11a.** (1) There is imposed on each provider of prepaid wireless telecommunications service a transitional 9-1-1 tax for each customer of prepaid wireless telecommunications service equal to 75 cents per month for each customer with a mobile telephone number associated with an Oregon location.

(2) The amount of the tax to be paid by a provider subject to subsection (1) of this section shall be determined using one of the following two methods, as elected by the provider:

(a) The provider shall remit the tax specified in subsection (1) of this section for each customer whose account balance on the last day of the month is equal to or greater than the amount of the tax specified in subsection (1) of this section; or

(b) The provider shall divide its total earned monthly prepaid wireless telecommunications service revenue in Oregon for all customers by \$50 and multiply the quotient by the amount of the tax imposed under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) The provider shall remit all amounts owed under this section to the Department of Revenue on or before the last day of the month following the calendar quarter for which the amount has been determined.

(4) The department may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this section, including rules that define terms consistently with the provisions of this section.

(5) As used in this section, "provider" is limited to a provider of prepaid wireless telecommunications service.

**SECTION 11b.** Section 11a of this 2014 Act applies to providers of prepaid wireless telecommunications service provided on and after January 1, 2015, and before October 1, 2015.

**SECTION 12.** Any consumer subject to the tax imposed under ORS 403.200 and from whom the tax has not been collected shall, on or before the 20th day of the month following the close of the calendar year in which the tax is due, file with the Department of Revenue a report of the amount of tax due from the consumer in the preceding tax year in the detail and form as prescribed by the department, submitting with the report the amount of tax due.

**SECTION 13.** The Department of Revenue shall establish by rule policies and procedures for the administration of the provisions of ORS 403.200 to 403.230, including policies and procedures for the collection of the tax imposed under ORS 403.200 by providers required to collect the tax imposed on interconnected Voice over Internet Protocol service.

**SECTION 13a.** Sections 12 and 13 of this 2014 Act apply to telecommunications service or interconnected Voice over Internet Protocol service, as defined in ORS 403.105, provided on or after October 1, 2015.

**SECTION 13b.** On or before February 15, 2017, the Department of Revenue shall report to a committee of the Legislative Assembly related to revenue regarding the collection at retail transactions of the taxes imposed under ORS 403.200 to 403.230. The report shall detail the effectiveness of the provisions of ORS 403.200 to 403.230, as enforced by the department, in collecting the required tax from all consumers and subscribers with access to the 9-1-1 emergency reporting system. The department shall include in the report an estimate of the amount of revenue received by the department on or after October 1, 2015, that is attributable to the operation of sections 5a, 12 and 13 of this 2014 Act and the amendments to ORS 403.105, 403.110, 403.200, 403.210, 403.215, 403.220, 403.225, 403.230 and 403.240 and section 4, chapter 5, Oregon Laws 2002 (first special session), by sections 1 to 2, 3a to 5 and 6 to 8, 9 and 14 of this 2014 Act.

**SECTION 14.** ORS 403.240 is amended to read:

403.240. (1) The Office of Emergency Management shall distribute quarterly the entire amount of the moneys in the Emergency Communications Account. The office shall pay the following amounts from the account:

(a) Administrative costs incurred during the preceding calendar quarter by the Department of Revenue in carrying out ORS 403.200 to 403.230 in an amount that does not exceed [*one-half of*] one percent of the amount in the account on the date of distribution, or actual expenses incurred by the department, whichever is less.

(b) Administrative costs to be incurred during the calendar quarter by the Office of Emergency Management in carrying out its duties under ORS 305.823 and 403.105 to 403.250. The amount to be paid under this paragraph may not exceed four percent of the amount in the account on the date of distribution, and, on or before the next date of distribution, the office shall repay to the account

any amount received under this paragraph that exceeds the actual expenses incurred by the office in the quarter.

(2) The office may:

(a) Provide funding for the Oregon Emergency Response System in an amount that does not exceed 15 percent of the legislatively approved budget for the Oregon Emergency Response System subject to availability of funds within the limit for administrative costs in subsection (1)(b) of this section.

(b) Prescribe the manner in which funding is provided to the Oregon Emergency Response System under this subsection.

(3) The office shall use funds in the Enhanced 9-1-1 Subaccount to pay for costs incurred during the preceding calendar quarter for enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service established pursuant to ORS 403.115. The office may not disburse funds in the Enhanced 9-1-1 Subaccount to a 9-1-1 jurisdiction that does not have an approved final plan as required in section 7, chapter 743, Oregon Laws 1991. The office shall make payments for reimbursement only after a reimbursement request has been submitted to the office in the manner prescribed by the office. Reimbursement requests for recurring and nonrecurring charges necessary to enable the 9-1-1 jurisdiction to comply with ORS 403.115 must be submitted directly to the office. The costs reimbursable under this subsection are only those incurred for:

- (a) Modification of central office switching and trunking equipment;
- (b) Network development, operation and maintenance;
- (c) Database development, operation and maintenance;
- (d) On-premises equipment procurement, maintenance and replacement;
- (e) Conversion of pay station telephones required by ORS 403.140;
- (f) Collection of the tax imposed by ORS 403.200 to 403.230; and
- (g) Addressing if the reimbursement request is consistent with rules adopted by the office.

(4) Subject to availability of funds, the office shall provide funding to 9-1-1 jurisdictions that have enhanced 9-1-1 telephone service operational prior to December 31, 1991, based on cost information provided in their final plan required in section 7, chapter 743, Oregon Laws 1991. The office shall approve final plans submitted that meet the minimum requirements set forth in ORS 403.115 (2) and (4). The office shall limit funding for costs incurred prior to the preceding calendar quarter to charges associated with database development, network and on-premises equipment that satisfies the requirements of ORS 403.115 (2) and (4). The office shall prescribe the manner in which funding is provided under this subsection.

(5) 9-1-1 jurisdictions may use funds distributed to the jurisdiction from any account described in ORS 403.235 to repay loans from the Special Public Works Fund if the loans were used for purposes that are allowable under ORS 403.105 to 403.250.

(6) The office shall retain amounts remaining in the Enhanced 9-1-1 Subaccount and may distribute the amounts in a subsequent quarter for those purposes set forth in subsections (3), (4) and (5) of this section.

(7) The office shall review reimbursement requests for modification of central office switching and trunking equipment, conversion of pay station telephones, and network development, operation and maintenance costs necessary to comply with ORS 403.115 for the appropriateness of the costs claimed. The office shall approve or disapprove the reimbursement requests.

(8) The office shall review reimbursement requests for database development, operation and maintenance, and on-premises equipment procurement, maintenance and replacement costs necessary to comply with ORS 403.115 for the appropriateness of the costs claimed.

(9) After all amounts under subsections (1) and (2) of this section and ORS 403.235 (2) have been paid, the office shall allocate the balance of the Emergency Communications Account to cities on a per capita basis and to counties on a per capita basis of each county's unincorporated area for distribution directly to 9-1-1 jurisdictions as directed by the city or county. However, each county must be credited a minimum of one percent of the balance of the account after the amounts under subsections (1) and (2) of this section and ORS 403.235 (2) have been paid.

(10) 9-1-1 jurisdictions shall submit an accounting report to the office annually. The report must be provided in the manner prescribed by the office and must include but not be limited to:

(a) Funds received and expended under subsection (9) of this section for the purposes of fulfilling the requirements of ORS 403.115;

(b) Local funds received and expended for the purposes of fulfilling the requirements of ORS 403.115; and

(c) Local funds received and expended for the purposes of providing emergency communications services.

**SECTION 15. The amendments to ORS 403.240 by section 14 of this 2014 Act apply to calendar quarters ending on or after the effective date of this 2014 Act.**

**SECTION 16. This 2014 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2014 regular session of the Seventy-seventh Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.**

**Passed by House February 21, 2014**

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Ramona J. Line, Chief Clerk of House

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Tina Kotek, Speaker of House

**Passed by Senate February 28, 2014**

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Peter Courtney, President of Senate

**Received by Governor:**

.....M,....., 2014

**Approved:**

.....M,....., 2014

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John Kitzhaber, Governor

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Kate Brown, Secretary of State