A-Engrossed Senate Bill 587

Ordered by the Senate March 18 Including Senate Amendments dated March 18

Sponsored by Senators ROBLAN, KNOPP

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

[*Removes*] Allows exception to prohibition on virtual public charter schools related to employment of persons employed by for-profit entity. Declares emergency, effective on passage.

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to employment by a virtual public charter school; amending ORS 338.135; and declaring an

3 emergency.

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4 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. ORS 338.135 is amended to read:

6 338.135. (1) Employee assignment to a public charter school shall be voluntary.

7 (2)(a) A public charter school or the sponsor of the public charter school is considered the em-8 ployer of any employees of the public charter school. If a school district board is not the sponsor 9 of the public charter school, the school district board may not be the employeer of the employees of 10 the public charter school and the school district board may not collectively bargain with the em-11 ployees of the public charter school. The public charter school governing body shall control the 12 selection of employees at the public charter school.

(b) If a virtual public charter school or the sponsor of a virtual public charter school contracts
with a for-profit entity to provide educational services through the virtual public charter school, the
for-profit entity may not be the employer of any employees of the virtual public charter school[.]
unless:

(A) The employee is an administrator or a classified employee who does not have any
 teaching responsibilities; and

(B) Both the executive officer of the sponsor and the public charter school governing
body approve employment by the for-profit entity. The executive officer or governing body
may choose to grant approval under this subparagraph:

(i) For all employees of the for-profit entity who meet the description in subparagraph
(A) of this paragraph;

(ii) Based on the job categories of the employees who meet the description in subpara-graph (A) of this paragraph; or

(iii) On a case-by-case basis for each employee who meets the description in subpara graph (A) of this paragraph.

28 (3) The school district board of the school district within which the public charter school is lo-

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cated shall grant a leave of absence to any employee who chooses to work in the public charter
 school. The length and terms of the leave of absence shall be set by negotiated agreement or by
 board policy. However, the length of the leave of absence may not be less than two years unless:

4 (a) The charter of the public charter school is terminated or the public charter school is dis-5 solved or closed during the leave of absence; or

6 (b) The employee and the school district board have mutually agreed to a different length of 7 time.

8 (4) An employee of a public charter school operating within a school district who is granted a 9 leave of absence from the school district and returns to employment with the school district shall 10 retain seniority and benefits as an employee pursuant to the terms of the leave of absence. 11 Notwithstanding ORS 243.650 to 243.782, a school district that was the employer of an employee of 12 a public charter school not operating within the school district may make provisions for the return 13 of the employee to employment with the school district.

(5) For purposes of ORS chapters 238 and 238A, a public charter school shall be considered a
 public employer and as such shall participate in the Public Employees Retirement System.

(6) For teacher licensing, employment experience in public charter schools shall be consideredequivalent to experience in public schools.

(7)(a) Any person employed as an administrator in a public charter school shall be licensed or
 registered to administer by the Teacher Standards and Practices Commission.

(b) Any person employed as a teacher in a public charter school shall be licensed or registered
to teach by the commission.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection, at least one-half of the total full-time
equivalent (FTE) teaching and administrative staff at the public charter school shall be licensed by
the commission pursuant to ORS 342.135, 342.136, 342.138 or 342.140.

(8) Notwithstanding ORS 243.650, a public charter school shall be considered a school district for purposes of ORS 243.650 to 243.782. An employee of a public charter school may be a member of a labor organization or organize with other employees to bargain collectively. Bargaining units at the public charter school may be separate from other bargaining units of the sponsor or of the school district in which the public charter school is located. Employees of a public charter school may be part of the bargaining units of the sponsor or of the school district in which the public charter school is located.

(9) An entity described in ORS 338.005 (5) may not waive the right to sponsor a public charter
 school in a collective bargaining agreement.

34 <u>SECTION 2.</u> This 2013 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public 35 peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2013 Act takes effect 36 on its passage.

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