A-Engrossed House Bill 2929

Ordered by the House April 11 Including House Amendments dated April 11

Sponsored by COMMITTEE ON CONSUMER PROTECTION AND GOVERNMENT EFFICIENCY

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure

[Provides penalty of \$500 for trustee's failure to give notice of trustee's sale postponement in ac-cordance with requirements. Provides that Attorney General may enforce penalty by order and shall pay proceeds of penalty into Foreclosure Avoidance Mediation Fund.]

[Provides that trustee is liable to purchaser for damages in amount of \$500 for failure to deliver trustee's deed within certain time after trustee's sale and of \$50 for each day in which trustee fails to deliver trustee's deed after date on which trustee should have delivered trustee's deed.]

[Permits trustee to void trustee's sale within 10 calendar days after trustee's sale if trustee notifies purchaser, refunds full purchase price and pays purchaser additional amount equivalent to five percent of purchase price. Permits purchaser to void trustee's sale within three calendar days if purchaser has not received trustee's deed and if purchaser notifies trustee and pays trustee five percent of purchase price. Provides that trustee may offer property subject to trustee's sale to person that offered next highest bid at trustee's sale or conduct another trustee's sale. Provides that void sale operates as postponement of trustee's sale for purposes of nonjudicial foreclosure and notice requirements for postponing trustee's sale.]

Requires certain trustees of trust deed to maintain registered agent and registered office continuously in this state and file with Secretary of State statement that identifies trustee's registered agent and lists address of trustee's registered office.]

Permits trustee to rescind trustee's sale within 10 calendar days if trustee asserts that error occurred during trustee's sale, if grantor and beneficiary agreed to foreclosure avoidance measure that would postpone or discontinue trustee's sale or if beneficiary accepted funds to reinstate trust deed and obligation. Requires trustee to provide notice of rescission within 10 calendar days after date of trustee's sale. Specifies contents of notice. Requires trustee to refund purchase price to purchaser within three calendar days after date of notice.

Provides that trustee must maintain registered agent and registered office continuously in this state and file statement that identifies registered agent and shows address of registered office.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

- Relating to trustee's sales of foreclosed property; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 86.705, 2
- 3 86.755 and 86.790.

Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon: 4

SECTION 1. ORS 86.755, as amended by section 9, chapter 112, Oregon Laws 2012, is amended 5 to read:

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7 86.755. (1)(a) A trustee shall hold a trustee's sale on the date and at the time and place designated in the notice of sale given under ORS 86.740. The designated time of the trustee's sale must 8 be after 9 a.m. and before 4 p.m., based on the standard of time set forth in ORS 187.110, and the 9 10 designated place of the trustee's sale must be in the county or one of the counties in which the property is situated. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the trustee may sell the 11 12 property in one parcel or in separate parcels and shall sell the parcel or parcels at auction to the highest bidder for cash. Any person, including the beneficiary under the trust deed, but excluding 13 14 the trustee, may bid at the trustee's sale. An attorney for the trustee, or an agent that the trustee

or the attorney designates, may conduct the sale and act in the sale as the trustee's auctioneer.

2 (b) If the trustee sells property upon which a single residential unit that is subject to an af-3 fordable housing covenant is situated, the eligible covenant holder may purchase the property from

4 the trustee at the trustee's sale for cash or cash equivalent in an amount that is the lesser of:

(A) The sum of the amounts payable under ORS 86.765 (1) and (2); or

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(B) The highest bid received for the property other than a bid from the eligible covenant holder.

(c)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, if an eligible covenant holder
purchases the property in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subsection, the sale forecloses and
terminates all other interests in the property as provided in ORS 86.770 (1).

(B) If an interest in the property exists that is prior to the eligible covenant holder's interest, other than the interest set forth in the trust deed that was the subject of the foreclosure proceeding under ORS 86.735, notwithstanding the provisions of ORS 86.770 (1) the sale does not foreclose and terminate the prior interest and the eligible covenant holder's title to the property is subject to the prior interest.

(2)(a) The trustee or the attorney for the trustee, or an agent that the trustee or the attorney conducting the sale designates, may postpone the sale for one or more periods that total not more than 180 days from the original sale date, giving notice of each postponement by public proclamation made at the time and place set for sale. The trustee, the attorney or an agent that the trustee or the attorney designates may make the proclamation.

(b) If a person postpones the sale date as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the 20trustee, in the manner provided for service of the notice of sale under ORS 86.740 (1), shall cause 2122written notice of the new time, date and place for the sale to be served on the grantor and on any 23person to whom notice of the sale was given under ORS 86.745. The notice must be given at least 15 days before the new sale date. The person may postpone the sale once, for not more than two 24calendar days, without giving notice as provided in this paragraph. The person may not postpone 25the sale for more than two calendar days or more than once without giving notice as provided in 2627this paragraph.

(3) The purchaser shall pay at the time of sale the price bid or the price determined in accordance with subsection (1)(b) of this section, and, within 10 days following payment, the trustee shall
execute and deliver the trustee's deed to the purchaser.

31 [(4) The trustee's deed shall convey to the purchaser the interest in the property that the grantor 32 had, or had the power to convey, at the time the grantor executed the trust deed, together with any 33 interest the grantor or the grantor's successors in interest acquire after the execution of the trust 34 deed.]

(4)(a) Within 10 calendar days after the date of the trustee's sale, the trustee may
 rescind the trustee's sale and void the trustee's deed if:

(A) The trustee asserts that an error occurred during the trustee's sale, including but
 not limited to an error in the opening bid amount for the trustee's sale;

(B) The grantor and the beneficiary agreed to a foreclosure avoidance measure, as defined in section 2, chapter 112, Oregon Laws 2012, that would postpone or discontinue the
trustee's sale; or

42 (C) The beneficiary accepted funds to reinstate the trust deed and obligation in accord-43 ance with ORS 86.753, even if the beneficiary did not have a legal duty to do so.

(b) Within 10 calendar days after the date of the trustee's sale that the trustee rescinded
 under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the trustee shall provide notice of the rescission of

the trustee's sale to any person to whom notice of the sale was given. The trustee shall mail 1 2 or serve notice of the rescission in the manner provided for serving or mailing the notice of sale under ORS 86.740 (1). The notice of rescission must: 3 (A) Display the date on which the trustee mailed the notice, served the notice or deliv-4 ered the notice for service; and $\mathbf{5}$ (B) State that, and explain why, the trustee rescinded the trustee's sale and voided the 6 trustee's deed. 7 (c) Not later than three calendar days after the date displayed on the rescission notice 8 9 described in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the trustee shall refund to the purchaser the amount the purchaser paid for the property that is the subject of the rescission notice. 10 (d) The trustee's deed conveys to the purchaser the interest in the property that the 11 12 grantor had, or had the power to convey, at the time the grantor executed the trust deed, 13 together with any interest the grantor or the grantor's successors in interest acquire after the execution of the trust deed. 14 15(5)(a) If property purchased at the trustee's sale includes one or more dwelling units that are subject to ORS chapter 90, the purchaser must provide written notice of the change in ownership 16 to the occupants of each unit within 30 days after the date of sale and before or concurrently with 17 service of a written termination notice authorized by subsection (6)(c)(B) of this section. 18 (b) The notice required by this subsection must: 19 (A) Explain that the dwelling unit has been sold at a foreclosure sale and that the purchaser 20at [that] the foreclosure sale is the new owner. 2122(B) Include the date on which the foreclosure sale took place. 23(C) Include the name, contact address and contact telephone number of the purchaser or the 24purchaser's representative. (D) Provide information about the rights of bona fide residential tenants as provided in sub-25sections (6)(c) and (e) and (9)(a) of this section. 2627(E) Include contact information for the Oregon State Bar and a person or organization that provides legal help to individuals at no charge to the individual. 28(c) The notice must be served by one or more of the following methods: 2930 (A) Personal delivery to the tenant. 31 (B) First class mail to the tenant at the dwelling unit. 32(C) First class mail to the tenant at the dwelling unit and attachment of a second notice copy. The second notice copy must be attached in a secure manner to the main entrance to the portion 33 34 of the premises in the possession of the tenant. 35 (D) If the purchaser does not know the names of the tenants [are not known to the purchaser], the notice may be addressed to "occupants." 36 37 (d) A notice that contains the information required under paragraph (b)(B) and (C) of this subsection meets the requirements of paragraph (b) of this subsection if the notice is in substantially 38the following form: 39 40 41 NOTICE TO RESIDENTIAL TENANTS OF 42 CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP 43 The property in which you are living has gone through foreclosure and was sold to a new owner 44

(name, address, telephone number). 1 2 3 IF YOU ARE A BONA FIDE TENANT RENTING THIS PROPERTY AS A RESIDENTIAL DWELLING, YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CONTINUE LIVING IN THIS PROPERTY AFTER THE 4 FORECLOSURE SALE FOR: 5 • THE REMAINDER OF YOUR FIXED TERM LEASE, IF YOU HAVE A FIXED TERM 6 LEASE; OR 7 • AT LEAST 90 DAYS FROM THE DATE YOU ARE GIVEN A WRITTEN TERMINATION 8 9 NOTICE. 10 If the new owner wants to move in and use this property as a primary residence, the new owner can give you written notice and require you to move out after 90 days, even though you have a fixed 11 12 term lease with more than 90 days left. 13 You must be provided with at least 90 days' written notice after the foreclosure sale before you can be required to move. 14 15A bona fide tenant is a residential tenant who is not the borrower (property owner), or a child, spouse or parent of the borrower, and whose rental agreement: 16 17• Is the result of an arm's-length transaction; 18 • Requires the payment of rent that is not substantially less than fair market rent for the property, unless the rent is reduced or subsidized due to a federal, state or local subsidy; and 19 • Was entered into prior to the date of the foreclosure sale. 20**IMPORTANT:** 2122YOU SHOULD CONTACT THE NEW OWNER OR THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE AT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THIS NOTICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE TO LET THE NEW OWNER 23KNOW IF YOU ARE A BONA FIDE TENANT. YOU SHOULD PROVIDE WRITTEN EVIDENCE 24 25OF THE EXISTENCE OF YOUR RENTAL AGREEMENT, ESPECIALLY IF YOU HAVE A FIXED TERM RENTAL AGREEMENT OR LEASE WITH MORE THAN 90 DAYS LEFT. Written evidence 2627of your rental agreement can be a copy of your lease or rental agreement, or other documentation of the existence of your rental agreement. Keep your original documents and a record of any infor-28mation you give to the new owner. 2930 YOUR TENANCY 31 BETWEEN NOW AND THE MOVE-OUT DATE 32The new owner may be willing to allow you to stay as a tenant instead of requiring you to move 33 34 out after 90 days or at the end of your fixed term lease. You should contact the new owner if you 35 would like to stay. If the new owner accepts rent from you, signs a new residential rental agreement with you or does not notify you in writing within 30 days after the date of the foreclosure sale that 36 37 you must move out, the new owner becomes your new landlord and must maintain the property. 38 Otherwise: • You do not owe rent; 39 • The new owner is not your landlord and is not responsible for maintaining the property; and 40 • You must move out by the date the new owner specifies in a notice to you. 41 The new owner may offer to pay your moving expenses and any other costs or amounts you and 42 the new owner agree on in exchange for your agreement to leave the premises in less than 90 days 43 or before your fixed term lease expires. You should speak with a lawyer to fully understand your 44 rights before making any decisions regarding your tenancy. 45

IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON TO TRY TO FORCE YOU TO LEAVE YOUR 1 2 DWELLING UNIT WITHOUT FIRST GIVING YOU WRITTEN NOTICE AND GOING TO COURT TO EVICT YOU. FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR RIGHTS, YOU SHOULD CONSULT 3 A LAWYER. If you believe you need legal assistance, contact the Oregon State Bar and ask for the 4 lawyer referral service. Contact information for the Oregon State Bar is included with this notice. 5 If you do not have enough money to pay a lawyer and are otherwise eligible, you may be able to 6 receive legal assistance for free. Information about whom to contact for free legal assistance is in-7 cluded with this notice. 8

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(6)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) or (c) of this subsection, the purchaser at the trustee's sale is entitled to possession of the property on the 10th day after the sale. A person that remains in possession after the 10th day under any interest, except an interest prior to the trust deed, or an interest the grantor or a successor of the grantor created voluntarily, is a tenant at sufferance. The purchaser may obtain possession of the property from a tenant at sufferance by following the procedures set forth in ORS 105.105 to 105.168 or other applicable judicial procedure.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection, at any time after the trustee's sale the purchaser may follow the procedures set forth in ORS 105.105 to 105.168 or other applicable judicial procedure to obtain possession of the property from a person that holds possession under an interest that the grantor or a successor of the grantor created voluntarily if, not earlier than 30 days before the date first set for the sale, the person was served with not less than 30 days' written notice of the requirement to surrender or deliver possession of the property.

(c) If the property purchased at the trustee's sale includes a dwelling unit that is subject to ORS
chapter 90 and an individual occupies the unit under a bona fide tenancy, the purchaser may obtain
possession by following the procedures set forth in ORS 105.105 to 105.168 and by using the complaint form provided in ORS 105.124 or 105.126:

(A) [Upon expiration of] After the fixed term of the tenancy expires, if the bona fide tenancy
is a fixed term tenancy as defined in ORS 90.100; or

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(B) At least 90 days after service of a written termination notice if the bona fide tenancy is:

(i) A fixed term tenancy and the purchaser intends to occupy, as the purchaser's primary resi dence, the dwelling unit that is subject to the fixed term tenancy; or

(ii) A month-to-month tenancy or week-to-week tenancy, as those terms are defined in ORS
90.100.

(d) If a purchaser gives a 90-day written termination notice pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection, the purchaser may include in the notice a request that a tenant with a fixed term tenancy provide written evidence of the existence of the tenancy to the purchaser at an address described in the notice. Written evidence includes a copy of the rental agreement or another document that shows the existence of the fixed term tenancy. [Failure of the tenant] The tenant's failure to provide the requested written evidence before the purchaser files an action for possession based on a 90-day notice:

(A) Does not prevent the tenant from asserting the existence of the fixed term tenancy as adefense to the action.

(B) Prevents the tenant from recovering prevailing party attorney fees or costs and disbursements pursuant to subsection (11)(b) of this section. The 90-day notice must describe the provisions
of this paragraph.

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(e) A purchaser may not commence a proceeding under ORS 105.105 to 105.168 that is authorized 1 under this subsection before the later of: 2 (A) The 10th day after the trustee's sale; 3 (B) The date specified in a written notice of the requirement to surrender or deliver possession 4 of the property if the notice is required by and is given to the person in accordance with paragraph 5 (b) of this subsection; 6 (C) The date specified in a written notice of the purchaser's intent to terminate a tenancy if the 7 notice is required by and is given to the person in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subsection; 8 9 or 10 (D) The date on which the term of a fixed term tenancy ends, if the property is a dwelling unit and the purchaser has not terminated the tenancy in accordance with paragraph (c) of this sub-11 12 section. 13 (f) A purchaser [seeking] that seeks to obtain possession pursuant to ORS 105.105 to 105.168 must attach proof of service of a written termination notice required by paragraph (c) of this sub-14 15 section to the pleadings. (g) In an action to obtain possession, violation of the procedures required by subsection (5) of 16 this section or paragraph (c) of this subsection is a defense for a bona fide tenant seeking to retain 17 possession. 18 (h) As used in this subsection, "bona fide tenancy" means tenancy of a dwelling unit that is 19 subject to ORS chapter 90 that results from an arm's-length transaction that occurred before the 20date of a foreclosure sale in which: 2122(A) The mortgagor or the child, spouse or parent of the mortgagor under the contract is not the tenant; and 23(B) The rent required is not substantially less than fair market rent for the dwelling unit, unless 24the rent is reduced or subsidized due to a federal, state or local subsidy. 25(7) A purchaser shall serve a notice under subsection (6) of this section by one or more of the 2627following methods: (a) Personal delivery to the tenant. 28(b) First class mail to the tenant at the dwelling unit. 2930 (c) First class mail to the tenant at the dwelling unit and attachment of a second notice copy. 31 The second notice copy must be attached in a secure manner to the main entrance to the portion 32of the premises in the possession of the tenant. (8) If the notice under subsection (6) of this section is served by mail pursuant to subsection 33 34 (7)(b) of this section, the minimum period for compliance must be extended by three days and the 35 notice must include the extension in the period stated in the notice. (9)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6)(c) of this section and except as provided 36 37 in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the purchaser is not a landlord subject to the provisions of ORS 38 chapter 90 unless the purchaser: (A) Accepts rent from the individual who possesses the property under a tenancy described in 39 subsection (6)(c) of this section; 40 (B) Enters into a new rental agreement with the individual who possesses the property under 41 a tenancy described in subsection (6)(c) of this section; or 42(C) Fails to terminate the tenancy as provided in subsection (6)(c) of this section within 30 days 43 after the date of the sale. 44 (b) The purchaser may act as a landlord for purposes of terminating a tenancy in accordance 45

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with the provisions of ORS 90.396. 1

2 (c) The purchaser is subject to the provisions of ORS 90.322, 90.375, 105.165, 659A.421 and 659A.425. The application of ORS 90.375 to a purchaser that does not become a landlord does not 3 impose an affirmative duty to pay for or provide services. For the purpose of damages pursuant to 4 this paragraph, "rent" refers to the amount [paid by] the tenant pays to the landlord for the right 5 to occupy the unit before the foreclosure. 6

(10)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the purchaser is not liable to the 7 individual who possesses the property under a tenancy described in subsection (6)(c) of this section 8 9 for:

10 (A) Damage to the property or diminution in rental value; or

11 (B) Returning a security deposit.

12(b) A purchaser that is a landlord under the provisions of subsection (9)(a) of this section is li-13 able to the individual who possesses the property under a tenancy described in subsection (6)(c) of this section for: 14

15 (A) Damage to the property or diminution in rental value that occurs after the date of the trustee's sale; or 16

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(B) Returning a security deposit the individual pays after the date of the trustee's sale.

18 (11)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection and notwithstanding an agreement to the contrary, in an action or defense arising pursuant to subsection (6)(c), (d), (f) or (g), (7) or 19 20(9)(c) of this section, reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal may be awarded to the prevailing party together with costs and disbursements. 21

22(b) If a tenant asserts a successful defense to an action for possession pursuant to subsection 23(6)(c), (d), (f) or (g) of this section, the tenant is not entitled to prevailing party fees, attorney fees or costs and disbursements if the purchaser: 24

(A) Did not know, and did not have reasonable cause to know, of the existence of a fixed term 2526tenancy when commencing the action for possession; and

27(B) Promptly dismissed the action upon becoming aware of the existence of a fixed term tenancy.

(c) As used in this subsection, "prevailing party" means the party in whose favor final judgment 2829is rendered.

30 (12)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, except when a beneficiary has participated 31 in obtaining a stay, foreclosure proceedings that are stayed by order of the court, by proceedings 32in bankruptcy or for any other lawful reason shall, after release from the stay, continue as if uninterrupted, if within 30 days after release the trustee sends amended notice of sale by registered or 33 34 certified mail to the last-known address of the persons listed in ORS 86.740 and 86.750 (1).

35 (b) In addition to the notice required under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the trustee shall send amended notice of sale: 36

37 (A) By registered or certified mail to:

38 (i) The address provided by each person who was present at the time and place set for the sale that was stayed; and 39

(ii) The address provided by each member of the Oregon State Bar who by registered or certified 40 mail requests the amended notice of sale and includes with the request the notice of default or an 41 identification number for the trustee's sale that would assist the trustee in identifying the property 42 subject to the trustee's sale and a self-addressed, stamped envelope measuring at least 8.5 by 11 43 inches in size; or 44

(B) By posting a true copy or a link to a true copy of the amended notice of sale on the trustee's

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1 Internet website.

2 (13) The amended notice of sale must:

3 (a) Be given at least 20 days before the amended date of sale;

4 (b) Set an amended date of sale that may be the same as the original sale date, or date to which 5 the sale was postponed, provided the requirements of this subsection and ORS 86.740 and 86.750 are 6 satisfied;

7 (c) Specify the time and place for sale;

8 (d) Conform to the requirements of ORS 86.745; and

9 (e) State that the original sale proceedings were stayed and the date the stay terminated.

(14) If the publication of the notice of sale was not completed before the date the foreclosure 10 proceedings were stayed by order of the court, by proceedings in bankruptcy or for any other lawful 11 12 reason, after release from the stay, in addition to complying with the provisions of subsections (12) 13 and (13) of this section, the trustee shall complete the publication by publishing an amended notice of sale that states that the notice has been amended following release from the stay and that con-14 15 tains the amended date of sale. The amended notice must be published in a newspaper of general 16 circulation in each of the counties in which the property is situated once a week for four successive weeks, except that the required number of publications must be reduced by the number of publica-17 18 tions that were completed before the effective date of the stay. The last publication must be made 19 more than 20 days before the date the trustee conducts the sale.

20 <u>SECTION 2.</u> ORS 86.755, as amended by section 7, chapter 510, Oregon Laws 2011, and section 21 10, chapter 112, Oregon Laws 2012, is amended to read:

2286.755. (1)(a) A trustee shall hold a trustee's sale on the date and at the time and place designated in the notice of sale given under ORS 86.740. The designated time of the trustee's sale must 23be after 9 a.m. and before 4 p.m., based on the standard of time set forth in ORS 187.110, and the 2425designated place of the trustee's sale must be in the county or one of the counties in which the property is situated. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the trustee may sell the 2627property in one parcel or in separate parcels and shall sell the parcel or parcels at auction to the highest bidder for cash. Any person, including the beneficiary under the trust deed, but excluding 28the trustee, may bid at the trustee's sale. An attorney for the trustee, or an agent that the trustee 2930 or the attorney designates, may conduct the sale and act in the sale as the trustee's auctioneer.

(b) If the trustee sells property upon which a single residential unit that is subject to an affordable housing covenant is situated, the eligible covenant holder may purchase the property from the trustee at the trustee's sale for cash or cash equivalent in an amount that is the lesser of:

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(A) The sum of the amounts payable under ORS 86.765 (1) and (2); or

35 (B) The highest bid received for the property other than a bid from the eligible covenant holder.

(c)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, if an eligible covenant holder
 purchases the property in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subsection, the sale forecloses and
 terminates all other interests in the property as provided in ORS 86.770 (1).

(B) If an interest in the property exists that is prior to the eligible covenant holder's interest, other than the interest set forth in the trust deed that was the subject of the foreclosure proceeding under ORS 86.735, notwithstanding the provisions of ORS 86.770 (1) the sale does not foreclose and terminate the prior interest and the eligible covenant holder's title to the property is subject to the prior interest.

44 (2)(a) The trustee or the attorney for the trustee, or an agent that the trustee or the attorney 45 conducting the sale designates, may postpone the sale for one or more periods that total not more

1 than 180 days from the original sale date, giving notice of each postponement by public proclamation 2 made at the time and place set for sale. The trustee, the attorney or an agent that the trustee or 3 the attorney designates may make the proclamation.

(b) If a person postpones the sale date as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the 4 trustee, in the manner provided for service of the notice of sale under ORS 86.740 (1), shall cause 5 written notice of the new time, date and place for the sale to be served on the grantor and on any 6 person to whom notice of the sale was given under ORS 86.745. The notice must be given at least 7 15 days before the new sale date. The person may postpone the sale once, for not more than two 8 9 calendar days, without giving notice as provided in this paragraph. The person may not postpone 10 the sale for more than two calendar days or more than once without giving notice as provided in 11 this paragraph.

(3) The purchaser shall pay at the time of sale the price bid or the price determined in accordance with subsection (1)(b) of this section, and, within 10 days following payment, the trustee shall
execute and deliver the trustee's deed to the purchaser.

15 [(4) The trustee's deed shall convey to the purchaser the interest in the property that the grantor 16 had, or had the power to convey, at the time the grantor executed the trust deed, together with any 17 interest the grantor or the grantor's successors in interest acquire after the execution of the trust 18 deed.]

(4)(a) Within 10 calendar days after the date of the trustee's sale, the trustee may
 rescind the trustee's sale and void the trustee's deed if:

(A) The trustee asserts that an error occurred during the trustee's sale, including but
 not limited to an error in the opening bid amount for the trustee's sale;

(B) The grantor and the beneficiary agreed to a foreclosure avoidance measure, as de fined in section 2, chapter 112, Oregon Laws 2012, that would postpone or discontinue the
 trustee's sale; or

26 (C) The beneficiary accepted funds to reinstate the trust deed and obligation in accord-27 ance with ORS 86.753, even if the beneficiary did not have a legal duty to do so.

(b) Within 10 calendar days after the date of the trustee's sale that the trustee rescinded under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the trustee shall provide notice of the rescission of the trustee's sale to any person to whom notice of the sale was given. The trustee shall mail or serve notice of the rescission in the manner provided for serving or mailing the notice of sale under ORS 86.740 (1). The notice of rescission must:

(A) Display the date on which the trustee mailed the notice, served the notice or deliv ered the notice for service; and

(B) State that, and explain why, the trustee rescinded the trustee's sale and voided the
 trustee's deed.

(c) Not later than three calendar days after the date displayed on the rescission notice
described in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the trustee shall refund to the purchaser the
amount the purchaser paid for the property that is the subject of the rescission notice.

(d) The trustee's deed conveys to the purchaser the interest in the property that the
grantor had, or had the power to convey, at the time the grantor executed the trust deed,
together with any interest the grantor or the grantor's successors in interest acquire after
the execution of the trust deed.

44 (5)(a) If property purchased at the trustee's sale includes one or more dwelling units that are 45 subject to ORS chapter 90, the purchaser must provide written notice of **the** change in ownership

vice of a written termination notice authorized by subsection (6)(c)(B) of this section.
(b) The notice required by this subsection must:
(A) Explain that the dwelling unit has been sold at a foreclosure sale and that the purchaser
[that] the foreclosure sale is the new owner.
(B) Include the date on which the foreclosure sale took place.
(C) Include the name, contact address and contact telephone number of the purchaser or the
chaser's representative.
(D) Provide information about the rights of bona fide residential tenants as provided in sub-
tions (6)(c) and (e) and (9)(a) of this section.
(E) Include contact information for the Oregon State Bar and a person or organization that
vides legal help to individuals at no charge to the individual.
(c) The notice must be served by one or more of the following methods:
(A) Personal delivery to the tenant.
(B) First class mail to the tenant at the dwelling unit.
(C) First class mail to the tenant at the dwelling unit and attachment of a second notice copy.
e second notice copy must be attached in a secure manner to the main entrance to the portion
the premises in the possession of the tenant.
(D) If the purchaser does not know the names of the tenants [are not known to the
chaser], the notice may be addressed to "occupants."
(d) A notice that contains the information required under paragraph (b)(B) and (C) of this sub-
tion meets the requirements of paragraph (b) of this subsection if the notice is in substantially
following form:
NOTICE TO RESIDENTIAL TENANTS OF
CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP
CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP The property in which you are living has gone through foreclosure and was sold to a new owner
CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP The property in which you are living has gone through foreclosure and was sold to a new owner (date). The contact information for the new owner or the owner's representative is
CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP The property in which you are living has gone through foreclosure and was sold to a new owner
CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP The property in which you are living has gone through foreclosure and was sold to a new owner (date). The contact information for the new owner or the owner's representative is (name, address, telephone number).
CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP The property in which you are living has gone through foreclosure and was sold to a new owner (date). The contact information for the new owner or the owner's representative is (name, address, telephone number). IF YOU ARE A BONA FIDE TENANT RENTING THIS PROPERTY AS A RESIDENTIAL
CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP The property in which you are living has gone through foreclosure and was sold to a new owner (date). The contact information for the new owner or the owner's representative is (name, address, telephone number). IF YOU ARE A BONA FIDE TENANT RENTING THIS PROPERTY AS A RESIDENTIAL VELLING, YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CONTINUE LIVING IN THIS PROPERTY AFTER THE
CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP The property in which you are living has gone through foreclosure and was sold to a new owner
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• Is the result of an arm's-length transaction; 1 2 • Requires the payment of rent that is not substantially less than fair market rent for the property, unless the rent is reduced or subsidized due to a federal, state or local subsidy; and 3 • Was entered into prior to the date of the foreclosure sale. 4 $\mathbf{5}$ **IMPORTANT:** YOU SHOULD CONTACT THE NEW OWNER OR THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE AT 6 THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THIS NOTICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE TO LET THE NEW OWNER 7 KNOW IF YOU ARE A BONA FIDE TENANT. YOU SHOULD PROVIDE WRITTEN EVIDENCE 8 9 OF THE EXISTENCE OF YOUR RENTAL AGREEMENT, ESPECIALLY IF YOU HAVE A FIXED TERM RENTAL AGREEMENT OR LEASE WITH MORE THAN 30 DAYS LEFT. Written evidence 10 of your rental agreement can be a copy of your lease or rental agreement, or other documentation 11 12 of the existence of your rental agreement. Keep your original documents and a record of any infor-13 mation you give to the new owner. YOUR TENANCY 14 15 BETWEEN NOW 16AND THE MOVE-OUT DATE The new owner may be willing to allow you to stay as a tenant instead of requiring you to move 17 18 out after 30 or 60 days. You should contact the new owner if you would like to stay. If the new 19 owner accepts rent from you, signs a new residential rental agreement with you or does not notify 20you in writing within 30 days after the date of the foreclosure sale that you must move out, the new 21owner becomes your new landlord and must maintain the property. Otherwise: 22• You do not owe rent; 23• The new owner is not your landlord and is not responsible for maintaining the property; and • You must move out by the date the new owner specifies in a notice to you. 24 The new owner may offer to pay your moving expenses and any other costs or amounts you and 25the new owner agree on in exchange for your agreement to leave the premises in less than 30 or 262760 days. You should speak with a lawyer to fully understand your rights before making any decisions regarding your tenancy. 28IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON TO TRY TO FORCE YOU TO LEAVE YOUR 29DWELLING UNIT WITHOUT FIRST GIVING YOU WRITTEN NOTICE AND GOING TO COURT 30 31 TO EVICT YOU. FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR RIGHTS, YOU SHOULD CONSULT A LAWYER. If you believe you need legal assistance, contact the Oregon State Bar and ask for the 32lawyer referral service. Contact information for the Oregon State Bar is included with this notice. 33 34 If you do not have enough money to pay a lawyer and are otherwise eligible, you may be able to receive legal assistance for free. Information about whom to contact for free legal assistance is in-35 cluded with this notice. 36 37 38 (6)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) or (c) of this subsection, the purchaser at the trustee's 39 sale is entitled to possession of the property on the 10th day after the sale. A person that remains 40 in possession after the 10th day under any interest, except an interest prior to the trust deed, or 41 an interest the grantor or a successor of the grantor created voluntarily, is a tenant at sufferance. 42

45 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection, at any time after the trustee's sale

The purchaser may obtain possession of the property from a tenant at sufferance by following the

procedures set forth in ORS 105.105 to 105.168 or other applicable judicial procedure.

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1 the purchaser may follow the procedures set forth in ORS 105.105 to 105.168 or other applicable

2 judicial procedure to obtain possession of the property from a person that holds possession under

an interest that the grantor or a successor of the grantor created voluntarily if, not earlier than 30
days before the date first set for the sale, the person was served with not less than 30 days' written
notice of the requirement to surrender or deliver possession of the property.

6 (c) If the property purchased at the trustee's sale includes a dwelling unit that is subject to ORS 7 chapter 90 and an individual occupies the unit under a bona fide tenancy, the purchaser may obtain 8 possession by following the procedures set forth in ORS 105.105 to 105.168 and by using the com-9 plaint form provided in ORS 105.124 or 105.126:

(A) At least 60 days after service of a written termination notice, if the bona fide tenancy is a
 fixed term tenancy as defined in ORS 90.100; or

12 (B) At least 30 days after service of a written termination notice if the bona fide tenancy is:

(i) A fixed term tenancy and the purchaser intends to occupy, as the purchaser's primary resi dence, the dwelling unit that is subject to the fixed term tenancy; or

(ii) A month-to-month tenancy or week-to-week tenancy, as those terms are defined in ORS
90.100.

(d) If a purchaser gives a 30-day written termination notice pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection, the purchaser may include in the notice a request that a tenant with a fixed term tenancy provide written evidence of the existence of the tenancy to the purchaser at an address described in the notice. Written evidence includes a copy of the rental agreement or another document that shows the existence of the fixed term tenancy. [Failure of the tenant] The tenant's failure to provide the requested written evidence before the purchaser files an action for possession based on a 30-day notice:

24 (A) Does not prevent the tenant from asserting the existence of the fixed term tenancy as a25 defense to the action.

(B) Prevents the tenant from recovering prevailing party attorney fees or costs and disburse ments pursuant to subsection (11)(b) of this section. The 30-day notice must describe the provisions
 of this paragraph.

(e) A purchaser may not commence a proceeding under ORS 105.105 to 105.168 that is authorized
 under this subsection before the later of:

31 (A) The 10th day after the trustee's sale;

(B) The date specified in a written notice of the requirement to surrender or deliver possession
of the property if the notice is required by and is given to the person in accordance with paragraph
(b) of this subsection;

35 (C) The date specified in a written notice of the purchaser's intent to terminate a tenancy if the 36 notice is required by and is given to the person in accordance with paragraph (c) of this subsection; 37 or

(D) The date on which the term of a fixed term tenancy ends, if the property is a dwelling unit
 and the purchaser has not terminated the tenancy in accordance with paragraph (c) of this sub section.

(f) A purchaser [seeking] that seeks to obtain possession pursuant to ORS 105.105 to 105.168
must attach proof of service of a written termination notice required by paragraph (c) of this subsection to the pleadings.

(g) In an action to obtain possession, violation of the procedures required by subsection (5) of
this section or paragraph (c) of this subsection is a defense for a bona fide tenant seeking to retain

1 possession.

2 (h) As used in this subsection, "bona fide tenancy" means tenancy of a dwelling unit that is subject to ORS chapter 90 that results from an arm's-length transaction that occurred before the 3

date of a foreclosure sale in which: 4

(A) The mortgagor or the child, spouse or parent of the mortgagor under the contract is not the 5 tenant: and 6

(B) The rent required is not substantially less than fair market rent for the dwelling unit, unless 7 the rent is reduced or subsidized due to a federal, state or local subsidy. 8

9 (7) A purchaser shall serve a notice under subsection (6) of this section by one or more of the 10 following methods:

(a) Personal delivery to the tenant. 11

12(b) First class mail to the tenant at the dwelling unit.

13 (c) First class mail to the tenant at the dwelling unit and attachment of a second notice copy. The second notice copy must be attached in a secure manner to the main entrance to the portion 14 15 of the premises in the possession of the tenant.

16 (8) If the notice under subsection (6) of this section is served by mail pursuant to subsection (7)(b) of this section, the minimum period for compliance must be extended by three days and the 17 notice must include the extension in the period stated in the notice. 18

(9)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6)(c) of this section and except as provided 19 in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the purchaser is not a landlord subject to the provisions of ORS 20chapter 90 unless the purchaser: 21

22(A) Accepts rent from the individual who possesses the property under a tenancy described in 23subsection (6)(c) of this section;

(B) Enters into a new rental agreement with the individual who possesses the property under 24a tenancy described in subsection (6)(c) of this section; or 25

(C) Fails to terminate the tenancy as provided in subsection (6)(c) of this section within 30 days 2627after the date of the sale.

(b) The purchaser may act as a landlord for purposes of terminating a tenancy in accordance 28with the provisions of ORS 90.396. 29

30 (c) The purchaser is subject to the provisions of ORS 90.322, 90.375, 105.165, 659A.421 and 31 659A.425. The application of ORS 90.375 to a purchaser that does not become a landlord does not impose an affirmative duty to pay for or provide services. For the purpose of damages pursuant to 32this paragraph, "rent" refers to the amount [paid by] the tenant pays to the landlord for the right 33 34 to occupy the unit before the foreclosure.

35 (10)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the purchaser is not liable to the individual who possesses the property under a tenancy described in subsection (6)(c) of this section 36 37 for:

38 (A) Damage to the property or diminution in rental value; or

(B) Returning a security deposit. 39

(b) A purchaser that is a landlord under the provisions of subsection (9)(a) of this section is li-40 able to the individual who possesses the property under a tenancy described in subsection (6)(c) of 41 this section for: 42

(A) Damage to the property or diminution in rental value that occurs after the date of the 43 trustee's sale; or 44

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(B) Returning a security deposit the individual pays after the date of the trustee's sale.

1 (11)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection and notwithstanding an agreement 2 to the contrary, in an action or defense arising pursuant to subsection (6)(c), (d), (f) or (g), (7) or 3 (9)(c) of this section, reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal may be awarded to the pre-4 vailing party together with costs and disbursements.

5 (b) If a tenant asserts a successful defense to an action for possession pursuant to subsection 6 (6)(c), (d), (f) or (g) of this section, the tenant is not entitled to prevailing party fees, attorney fees 7 or costs and disbursements if the purchaser:

8 (A) Did not know, and did not have reasonable cause to know, of the existence of a fixed term 9 tenancy when commencing the action for possession; and

(B) Promptly dismissed the action upon becoming aware of the existence of a fixed term tenancy.

(c) As used in this subsection, "prevailing party" means the party in whose favor final judgmentis rendered.

(12)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, except when a beneficiary has participated in obtaining a stay, foreclosure proceedings that are stayed by order of the court, by proceedings in bankruptcy or for any other lawful reason shall, after release from the stay, continue as if uninterrupted, if within 30 days after release the trustee sends amended notice of sale by registered or certified mail to the last-known address of the persons listed in ORS 86.740 and 86.750 (1).

(b) In addition to the notice required under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the trustee shallsend amended notice of sale:

20 (A) By registered or certified mail to:

(i) The address provided by each person who was present at the time and place set for the salethat was stayed; and

(ii) The address provided by each member of the Oregon State Bar who by registered or certified mail requests the amended notice of sale and includes with the request the notice of default or an identification number for the trustee's sale that would assist the trustee in identifying the property subject to the trustee's sale and a self-addressed, stamped envelope measuring at least 8.5 by 11 inches in size; or

(B) By posting a true copy or a link to a true copy of the amended notice of sale on the trustee'sInternet website.

30 (13) The amended notice of sale must:

31 (a) Be given at least 20 days before the amended date of sale;

(b) Set an amended date of sale that may be the same as the original sale date, or date to which
the sale was postponed, provided the requirements of this subsection and ORS 86.740 and 86.750 are
satisfied;

35 (c) Specify the time and place for sale;

36 (d) Conform to the requirements of ORS 86.745; and

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(e) State that the original sale proceedings were stayed and the date the stay terminated.

38 (14) If the publication of the notice of sale was not completed before the date the foreclosure proceedings were stayed by order of the court, by proceedings in bankruptcy or for any other lawful 39 reason, after release from the stay, in addition to complying with the provisions of subsections (12) 40 and (13) of this section, the trustee shall complete the publication by publishing an amended notice 41 of sale that states that the notice has been amended following release from the stay and that con-42 tains the amended date of sale. The amended notice must be published in a newspaper of general 43 circulation in each of the counties in which the property is situated once a week for four successive 44 weeks, except that the required number of publications must be reduced by the number of publica-45

1 tions that were completed before the effective date of the stay. The last publication must be made 2 more than 20 days before the date the trustee conducts the sale.

3 **SECTION 3.** ORS 86.790 is amended to read:

4 86.790. (1) The trustee of a trust deed under ORS 86.705 to 86.795 [shall not be]:

(a) Is not required to comply with the provisions of ORS chapters 707 and 709.

6 (b) [and shall] Must be:

[(a)] (A) [Any] An attorney who is an active member of the Oregon State Bar;

8 [(b)] (B) A financial institution or trust company, as defined in ORS 706.008, that is authorized 9 to do business under the laws of Oregon or the United States;

10 [(c)] (C) A title insurance company or a subsidiary, affiliate, insurance producer or branch 11 of the title insurance company that is authorized to insure title to real property in this state[, 12 its subsidiaries, affiliates, insurance producers or branches];

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[(d)] (D) The United States or any agency [thereof] of the United States; or

[(e)] (E) An escrow [agents] agent who is licensed under ORS 696.505 to 696.590.

(c) Shall continuously maintain a registered agent and a registered office in this state and file a statement that identifies the person's registered agent and lists the address of the person's registered office with the Secretary of State, if the trustee is a person described in paragraph (b)(B) of this subsection, or with the Director of the Department of Consumer and Business Services under ORS 731.434, if the trustee is a person described in paragraph (b)(C) of this subsection.

(2) An attorney who is a trustee under subsection [(1)(a)] (1)(b)(A) of this section may represent
 the beneficiary in addition to performing the duties of trustee.

(3) At any time after the trust deed is executed, the beneficiary may appoint in writing another
qualified trustee. If the appointment of the successor trustee is recorded in the mortgage records
of the county or counties in which the trust deed is recorded, the successor trustee [shall be vested
with all] has the powers of the original trustee.

(4) A trustee or successor trustee is a necessary and proper party to any proceeding to determine the validity of or enjoin any private or judicial proceeding to foreclose a trust deed, but a trustee or successor trustee is neither a necessary nor a proper party to any proceeding to determine title to the property subject to the trust deed, or to any proceeding to impose, enforce or foreclose any other lien on the subject property.

(5) [Nothing in] The provisions of ORS 86.705 to 86.795 [imposes] do not impose a duty on the
trustee or successor trustee to notify any person of any proceeding with respect to [such] the person, except a proceeding [initiated by] that the trustee or successor trustee initiates.

(6) A trustee or the attorney for the trustee or any agent [designated by] that the trustee or the
 attorney designates may announce and accept a bid from the beneficiary whether or not the bene ficiary is present at the sale.

(7) The trustee or successor trustee [*shall have no*] **does not have a** fiduciary duty or fiduciary obligation to the grantor or other persons **that have** [*having*] an interest in the property subject to the trust deed. The trustee or successor trustee [*shall not be*] **is not** relieved of the duty to reconvey the property subject to the trust deed to the grantor [*upon request for reconveyance by*] **when** the beneficiary **requests a reconveyance**.

43 <u>SECTION 4.</u> ORS 86.705, as amended by section 5, chapter 112, Oregon Laws 2012, is amended 44 to read:

45 86.705. As used in ORS 86.705 to 86.795:

[15]

1 (1) "Affordable housing covenant" has the meaning given that term in ORS 456.270.

2 (2) "Beneficiary" means a person named or otherwise designated in a trust deed as the person 3 for whose benefit a trust deed is given, or the person's successor in interest, and who is not the 4 trustee unless the beneficiary is qualified to be a trustee under ORS 86.790 [(1)(d)] (1)(b)(D).

(3) "Eligible covenant holder" has the meaning given that term in ORS 456.270.

6 (4) "Grantor" means the person that conveys an interest in real property by a trust deed as 7 security for the performance of an obligation.

8 (5) "Residential trust deed" means a trust deed on property upon which are situated four or 9 fewer residential units, one of which the grantor, the grantor's spouse or the grantor's minor or 10 dependent child occupies as a principal residence at the time a default that results in an action to 11 foreclose the obligation secured by the trust deed first occurs.

12 (6) "Residential unit" means an improvement designed for residential use.

(7) "Trust deed" means a deed executed in conformity with ORS 86.705 to 86.795 that conveys
an interest in real property to a trustee in trust to secure the performance of an obligation the
grantor or other person named in the deed owes to a beneficiary.

16 (8) "Trustee" means a person, other than the beneficiary, to whom a trust deed conveys an in-17 terest in real property, or the person's successor in interest, or an employee of the beneficiary, if 18 the employee is qualified to be a trustee under ORS 86.790.

19SECTION 5.The amendments to ORS 86.705, 86.755 and 86.790 by sections 1 to 4 of this202013 Act apply to trustee's sales that occur on or after the effective date of this 2013 Act.

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