House Bill 2741

Sponsored by Representative HUFFMAN

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SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced.**

Authorizes development of resort-style amenities by owner of heritage guest ranch. Exempts development from specified provisions of land use planning statutes, statewide land use planning goals and acknowledged comprehensive plan and land use regulations.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

- 2 Relating to resort-style amenities; and declaring an emergency.
- 3 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:
- 4 SECTION 1. The Legislative Assembly finds and declares that:
 - (1) Working farms and cattle ranches make vital contributions to this state by:
 - (a) Providing jobs, agricultural products, tax base, tourism and other social and economic benefits:
 - (b) Helping to maintain soil, air and water resources;
 - (c) Reducing levels of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere; and
 - (d) Providing habitat for wildlife and aquatic life.
 - (2) New methods must be developed to facilitate continued management of private farms and cattle ranches as population growth, escalating land values, increasing risks from wildfire and invasive species and changes in land ownership or management objectives result in increased conflict with dispersed residential development.
 - (3) The public policy of the State of Oregon is to:
 - (a) Encourage, and explore alternative methods to encourage, the continued management of private farmlands and forestlands for timber production, agricultural production and cattle ranching.
 - (b) Protect water quality, wildlife habitat and other important natural resources by:
 - (A) Increasing development density, where appropriate, in existing low-density residential development areas;
 - (B) Creating new or additional tourism or agri-tourism amenities in existing development areas and in such a manner as to coexist with farms and cattle ranches; and
 - (C) Exploring ways to create a cooperative relationship between residential development and agricultural production and to establish a demonstration project.
 - (4) It is in the public interest of the State of Oregon to support the reintroduction of native fish to Whychus Creek as well as to gain a better understanding of how stream systems work through research and education. The Legislative Assembly finds that these goals can be accomplished by:
 - (a) Offering incentives to encourage landowner participation in conservation programs

and securing conservation easements; and

(b) Working with nonprofit organizations to create educational programs and outdoor classrooms to facilitate research and education within the Whychus Creek watershed in the Deschutes River Basin.

SECTION 2. (1) As used in this section:

- (a) "Common ownership" means ownership by related family members or by entities owned by related family members.
- (b) "Heritage guest ranch" is a resort that contains resort-style amenities similar to some of the amenities found at a guest ranch or a destination resort that is on two or more tracts in eastern Oregon, as defined in ORS 321.700, and that:
 - (A) Contains at least 1,000 acres;
 - (B) Includes a tourism amenity such as a golf course;
 - (C) Is, as of January 1, 2013, held in common ownership; and
 - (D) Is located on land:
- (i) That is either zoned for exclusive farm use or subject to a local zoning classification that allows multiple-use agriculture, rural residential use or surface mining;
 - (ii) At least two-thirds of which is mapped as eligible for destination resort siting; and
- (iii) A portion of which is adjacent to Whychus Creek and includes spawning beds in which native fish have been reintroduced.
- (c) "Heritage guest ranch development area" or "development area" means certain property within a heritage guest ranch consisting of not more than 50 percent of the total acreage of the heritage guest ranch.
 - (d) "Tract" has the meaning given that term in ORS 215.010.
- (2) Subject to approval of a master plan that conforms to the requirements of this section by the county that has land use jurisdiction, an owner of a heritage guest ranch may develop, as an outright permitted use, resort-type amenities in the heritage guest ranch development area and roads, utility corridors and utility facilities, as described in subsection (5) of this section, that are necessary to serve the development area notwithstanding contrary provisions of:
- (a) ORS chapters 195, 196, 197, 215 and 227 and the administrative rules authorized by those chapters;
- (b) Statewide land use planning goals and the administrative rules implementing the goals; and
- (c) The acknowledged comprehensive plan and land use regulations that would otherwise apply to the development area.
 - (3) The heritage guest ranch development area may include:
- (a) Restaurants, meeting and conference facilities and commercial uses to serve the needs of visitors to the heritage guest ranch;
- (b) Developed recreational facilities, including but not limited to tennis courts, spas, equestrian facilities, swimming pools and bicycle and hiking paths;
- (c) Up to one unit of residential or overnight accommodations, including but not limited to single-family houses, lodging units, cabins, condominiums, townhouses or units in fractional ownership, per 2.5 acres of the heritage guest ranch;
 - (d) Motorcoach resort facilities with up to 100 spaces;
 - (e) Accessory amenities and services, including no more than one golf course and golf-

related facilities developed on or after January 1, 2013;

- (f) Roads, utilities and maintenance and security facilities that are necessary to support the development area; and
- (g) Uses lawfully established before and operating on the effective date of this 2013 Act and uses approved before the effective date of this 2013 Act, but not yet developed.
- (4) Development of the heritage guest ranch development area may occur in phases at the discretion of the owner and is subject to all of the following requirements:
- (a) At least 25 percent of the units of residential and overnight accommodations must be designed to encourage and facilitate use as overnight accommodations.
- (b) Overnight accommodations that are not lodging units, timeshares or units in fractional ownership must incorporate the following design restrictions:
- (A) Detached single-family houses and cabins may not be sited on lots or parcels that exceed 5,000 square feet;
- (B) Detached single-family houses, cabins, condominium units and townhouses may not exceed 1,800 square feet; and
- (C) Detached single-family houses, cabins, condominium units and townhouses may not have more than one single-car garage for each unit.
- (c) To minimize effects of the development area on uses on surrounding lands, the owner may develop buffers, including natural vegetation and, where appropriate, fences, berms, landscaped areas and similar types of buffers, between the development area and adjacent land uses.
- (d) For the purpose of mitigating impacts to nearby areas as residential units are developed, the owner of the heritage guest ranch shall cause deed restrictions to be placed on the land to ensure that assessments and fish and wildlife habitat enhancement credits are paid. When the owner of a lot or parcel obtains a building permit, the owner of the lot or parcel shall pay an assessment:
 - (A) To offset the costs of increased usage of capital improvements, to:
- (i) The closest city, within 10 miles of the heritage guest ranch development area, in the amount of \$1,000; and
- (ii) The school foundation of the school district in which the heritage guest ranch development area is located, in the amount of \$2,500.
- (B) For wildlife habitat enhancement, to the State Department of Fish and Wildlife, or to a nonprofit corporation that is tax exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 with a focus on the environment and education, in the amount of \$2,500.
- (e) The owner of the heritage guest ranch shall cause conservation easements under ORS 271.715 to 271.795 to be placed on special view corridors. The owner shall place a conservation easement on all of the following:
- (A) The spawning beds and flood plain areas of Whychus Creek. The conservation easement must limit uses in and adjacent to the spawning beds and flood plain areas to:
- (i) Recreational activities that have a low impact on the environment, including but not limited to hiking, biking, horseback riding and fishing;
 - (ii) Stream enhancement; and
 - (iii) Education and research.
- (B) At least 70 percent of prime or unique farmland in the heritage guest ranch. The conservation easement must limit the uses under this subparagraph to:

(i) Agricultural use; and

- (ii) Agricultural research performed in cooperation with the Oregon Agricultural Experiment Station at Oregon State University.
- (5) Roads, utility corridors and utility facilities necessary to serve the heritage guest ranch development area are outright permitted uses within the development area and on nearby lands. Roads in the development area:
 - (a) Must be all-weather roads;
- (b) May remain unpaved in certain areas to discourage motor vehicle use in sensitive areas of the heritage guest ranch; and
 - (c) Must be wide enough to accommodate emergency equipment.
- (6) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, a use authorized by this section must be constructed in the heritage guest ranch development area. For purposes of this subsection, a use approved before the effective date of this 2013 Act is not a use authorized by this section.
- (7) The owner of the heritage guest ranch may submit an application to the county that has land use jurisdiction for approval of a master plan for the development and use of the heritage guest ranch development area pursuant to this section.
- (8) If a county that has land use jurisdiction receives an application for approval of a master plan for the development and use of the development area pursuant to this section, the county shall approve the master plan if the county finds that the master plan:
- (a) Demonstrates that the important natural features of the development area and associated property will be retained. The county may authorize alteration of important natural features, including the placement of structures that maintain the overall values of the natural features, under the county's applicable acknowledged comprehensive plan and land use regulations.
- (b) Demonstrates that the development area and associated property will be managed to provide public benefits in the form of:
- (A) Wildlife and aquatic habitat improvements, including tree planting, enhancement of riparian areas and restoration of meadows for wildlife; and
- (B) Training and education programs about the environment and sustainable farming and ranching.
 - (c) Demonstrates that the development area and associated property will be managed to:
 - (A) Provide permanent jobs in the local area;
 - (B) Encourage the growth of ancillary and support businesses in the area; and
 - (C) Encourage expansion of tourism opportunities in the county.
- (d) Contains design criteria and standards that promote sustainability in the development area. The criteria and standards must:
 - (A) Promote energy and water conservation; and
 - (B) Reduce wildfire risk.
- (e) Demonstrates that residential development and overnight accommodations will be clustered to reduce adverse impacts on fish and wildlife.
- (f) Includes a proposed plat to create lots for the first phase of development in the development area.
 - (9) The county planning director may:
 - (a) Approve by administrative review an amendment to an approved master plan or an

associated land division plan; or

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- (b) If the county planning director determines that a proposed amendment to an approved master plan may impact the findings made pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, refer the amendment to the governing body of the county for review. If the county planning director refers a proposed amendment to the governing body of the county, the governing body shall approve the proposed change if the master plan, as amended, or the associated land division plan, as amended, remains consistent with the requirements of this section.
 - (10) The county shall:
- (a) Apply only the provisions of this section and the master plan as standards and criteria for approval or amendment of the master plan and applications for associated land divisions and development permits submitted pursuant to this section; and
- (b) Process the master plan and applications for associated land divisions as land use applications pursuant to the procedural review provisions of the acknowledged comprehensive plan and land use regulations.

<u>SECTION 3.</u> This 2013 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2013 Act takes effect on its passage.
