House Bill 2663

Sponsored by Representative FREDERICK; Representative GELSER (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced**.

Modifies element of plan adopted by county deadly physical force planning authority to consist of outreach and training regarding reasonable use of deadly physical force.

Modifies requirement that law enforcement agency adopt guidelines for reasonable use of deadly physical force.

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to the use of deadly physical force; amending ORS 181.783 and 181.789.

3 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

4 **SECTION 1.** ORS 181.783 is amended to read:

5 181.783. (1) There is created in each county a deadly physical force planning authority consist-6 ing of the following members:

6 ing of the following members:

(a) The district attorney and sheriff of the county.

8 (b) A nonmanagement police officer selected by the district attorney and sheriff. If there are 9 unions representing police officers within the county, the district attorney and sheriff shall select 10 the police officer from among candidates nominated by any union representing police officers within

11 the county.

12 (c) If at least one city within the county employs a police chief, a police chief selected by the 13 police chiefs within the county.

(d) A representative of the public selected by the district attorney and sheriff. The person se lected under this paragraph may not be employed by a law enforcement agency.

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(e) A representative of the Oregon State Police selected by the Superintendent of State Police.

(f) A tribal police officer as defined in section 1, chapter 644, Oregon Laws 2011, when requestedby a tribal government.

(2) The district attorney and sheriff are cochairpersons of the planning authority.

(3) The law enforcement agency that employs the police officer selected under subsection (1)(b) of this section shall release the officer from other duties for at least 16 hours per year to enable the officer to serve on the planning authority. The agency shall compensate the officer at the officer's regular hourly wage while the officer is engaged in planning authority activities.

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(4) The planning authority shall develop a plan consisting of the following:

(a) An element dealing with education, outreach and training regarding the reasonable use of
 deadly physical force for police officers, attorneys employed by state or local government within the
 county and members of the community.

(b) An element dealing with the immediate aftermath of an incident in which a police officerused deadly physical force.

30 (c) An element dealing with the investigation of an incident in which a police officer used deadly

1 physical force.

2 (d) An element dealing with the exercise of district attorney discretion to resolve issues of po-3 tential criminal responsibility resulting from a police officer's use of deadly physical force.

4 (e) An element dealing with collecting information regarding a police officer's use of deadly 5 physical force, debriefing after an incident in which a police officer used deadly physical force and 6 revising a plan developed under this subsection based on experience.

(f) An estimate of the fiscal impact on the law enforcement agencies to which the plan applies
of each element described in paragraphs (a) to (e) of this subsection.

9 (5) The planning authority shall conduct at least one public hearing in the county before sub-10 mitting a plan, or a revision of a plan, to the governing bodies in the county under subsection (7) 11 of this section.

(6) The planning authority may consult with anyone the planning authority determines may behelpful in carrying out its responsibilities.

(7) The planning authority shall submit the plan developed under subsection (4) of this section,
and revisions of the plan, to the governing body of each law enforcement agency within the county
except for the Department of State Police and the Department of Justice.

(8) A governing body shall approve or disapprove the plan submitted to it under subsection (7)
of this section within 60 days after receiving the plan. The governing body may not amend the plan.
(9) If the plan is not approved by at least two-thirds of the governing bodies to which the plan
is submitted, the planning authority shall develop and submit a revised plan.

(10) If the plan is approved by at least two-thirds of the governing bodies to which the plan is submitted, the planning authority shall submit the approved plan to the Attorney General. No later than 30 days after receiving the plan, the Attorney General shall review the plan for compliance with the minimum requirements described in ORS 181.786. If the Attorney General determines that the plan complies with the minimum requirements, the Attorney General shall approve the plan. Upon approval of the plan:

(a) Each law enforcement agency within the county to which the plan applies is subject to theprovisions of the plan; and

(b) Each law enforcement agency subject to the plan is entitled to grants as provided in ORS181.796.

(11) If the plan is not approved by the Attorney General, the planning authority shall developand submit a revised plan.

(12) Notwithstanding subsection (10)(a) of this section, a law enforcement agency is not subject
 to a provision of a plan approved under subsection (10) of this section that:

(a) Conflicts with a provision of a city or county charter or a general ordinance that applies to
 the law enforcement agency; or

(b) Imposes an obligation not required by ORS 181.789 if complying with the provision would require the law enforcement agency to budget moneys, or submit a revenue measure for a vote of the people, in order to comply with the provision.

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(13) The Attorney General shall periodically publish all approved plans.

(14) A law enforcement agency within a county has a duty to participate in good faith in the
 planning process of the planning authority for the county.

(15) A person bringing an action challenging the validity or enforceability of a plan approved
under subsection (10) of this section shall serve the Attorney General with a copy of the complaint.
If the Attorney General is not a party to the action, the Attorney General may intervene in the

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action. 1 2 SECTION 2. ORS 181.783, as amended by section 50b, chapter 644, Oregon Laws 2011, is amended to read: 3 181.783. (1) There is created in each county a deadly physical force planning authority consist-4 ing of the following members: $\mathbf{5}$ (a) The district attorney and sheriff of the county. 6 (b) A nonmanagement police officer selected by the district attorney and sheriff. If there are 7 unions representing police officers within the county, the district attorney and sheriff shall select 8 9 the police officer from among candidates nominated by any union representing police officers within 10 the county. (c) If at least one city within the county employs a police chief, a police chief selected by the 11 12 police chiefs within the county. 13 (d) A representative of the public selected by the district attorney and sheriff. The person selected under this paragraph may not be employed by a law enforcement agency. 14 15(e) A representative of the Oregon State Police selected by the Superintendent of State Police. 16 (2) The district attorney and sheriff are cochairpersons of the planning authority. 17 (3) The law enforcement agency that employs the police officer selected under subsection (1)(b)of this section shall release the officer from other duties for at least 16 hours per year to enable the 18 officer to serve on the planning authority. The agency shall compensate the officer at the officer's 19 regular hourly wage while the officer is engaged in planning authority activities. 20(4) The planning authority shall develop a plan consisting of the following: 2122(a) An element dealing with education, outreach and training regarding the reasonable use of deadly physical force for police officers, attorneys employed by state or local government within the 23county and members of the community. 24(b) An element dealing with the immediate aftermath of an incident in which a police officer 2526used deadly physical force. 27(c) An element dealing with the investigation of an incident in which a police officer used deadly physical force. 28(d) An element dealing with the exercise of district attorney discretion to resolve issues of po-2930 tential criminal responsibility resulting from a police officer's use of deadly physical force. 31 (e) An element dealing with collecting information regarding a police officer's use of deadly physical force, debriefing after an incident in which a police officer used deadly physical force and 32revising a plan developed under this subsection based on experience. 33 34 (f) An estimate of the fiscal impact on the law enforcement agencies to which the plan applies 35 of each element described in paragraphs (a) to (e) of this subsection. (5) The planning authority shall conduct at least one public hearing in the county before sub-36 37 mitting a plan, or a revision of a plan, to the governing bodies in the county under subsection (7) 38 of this section. (6) The planning authority may consult with anyone the planning authority determines may be 39 helpful in carrying out its responsibilities. 40 (7) The planning authority shall submit the plan developed under subsection (4) of this section, 41 and revisions of the plan, to the governing body of each law enforcement agency within the county 42 except for the Department of State Police and the Department of Justice. 43 (8) A governing body shall approve or disapprove the plan submitted to it under subsection (7) 44 of this section within 60 days after receiving the plan. The governing body may not amend the plan. 45

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1 (9) If the plan is not approved by at least two-thirds of the governing bodies to which the plan 2 is submitted, the planning authority shall develop and submit a revised plan.

3 (10) If the plan is approved by at least two-thirds of the governing bodies to which the plan is 4 submitted, the planning authority shall submit the approved plan to the Attorney General. No later 5 than 30 days after receiving the plan, the Attorney General shall review the plan for compliance 6 with the minimum requirements described in ORS 181.786. If the Attorney General determines that 7 the plan complies with the minimum requirements, the Attorney General shall approve the plan. 8 Upon approval of the plan:

9 (a) Each law enforcement agency within the county to which the plan applies is subject to the 10 provisions of the plan; and

(b) Each law enforcement agency subject to the plan is entitled to grants as provided in ORS
181.796.

(11) If the plan is not approved by the Attorney General, the planning authority shall developand submit a revised plan.

(12) Notwithstanding subsection (10)(a) of this section, a law enforcement agency is not subject
 to a provision of a plan approved under subsection (10) of this section that:

(a) Conflicts with a provision of a city or county charter or a general ordinance that applies tothe law enforcement agency; or

(b) Imposes an obligation not required by ORS 181.789 if complying with the provision would
require the law enforcement agency to budget moneys, or submit a revenue measure for a vote of
the people, in order to comply with the provision.

22 (13) The Attorney General shall periodically publish all approved plans.

(14) A law enforcement agency within a county has a duty to participate in good faith in the
 planning process of the planning authority for the county.

(15) A person bringing an action challenging the validity or enforceability of a plan approved under subsection (10) of this section shall serve the Attorney General with a copy of the complaint. If the Attorney General is not a party to the action, the Attorney General may intervene in the action.

29 SECTION 3. ORS 181.789 is amended to read:

30 181.789. (1) As used in this section, "involved officer" means:

(a) A police officer whose official conduct, or official order to use deadly physical force, was a
cause in fact of the death of a person. As used in this paragraph, "order to use deadly physical
force" means an order issued to another officer to use deadly physical force in a specific incident
or an order or directive establishing rules of engagement for the use of deadly physical force for a
specific incident.

(b) A police officer whose official conduct was not a cause in fact of the death of a person but
whose official involvement in an incident in which the use of deadly physical force by a police officer resulted in the death of a person:

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(A) Began before or during the use of the deadly physical force; and

(B) Was reasonably likely to have exposed the police officer to greater stresses or trauma than
other police officers experienced as a result of their involvement in the incident before or during
the use of the deadly physical force.

(2) A law enforcement agency shall adopt a policy dealing with the use of deadly physical force
by its police officers. At a minimum, the policy must include guidelines for the reasonable use of
deadly physical force.

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1 (3)(a) For each involved officer employed by a law enforcement agency, the law enforcement 2 agency shall pay the costs of at least two sessions with a mental health professional that are at-3 tended by the officer. The sessions must be held within six months after the incident in which the 4 officer was involved.

(b) An involved officer shall attend at least one of the sessions described in paragraph (a) of thissubsection.

7 (c) Sessions with a mental health professional under this subsection may not be substituted for 8 a fitness for duty examination required or requested as a condition of employment by the law 9 enforcement agency that employs the involved officer.

(4) For at least 72 hours immediately following an incident in which the use of deadly physical 10 force by a police officer resulted in the death of a person, a law enforcement agency may not return 11 12 an involved officer to duties that might place the officer in a situation in which the officer has to 13 use deadly physical force. A law enforcement agency may not reduce an involved officer's pay or benefits as a result of the law enforcement agency's compliance with this subsection. 14 15Notwithstanding ORS 181.796 (1), a personnel cost incurred in complying with this subsection by a 16 law enforcement agency employing 40 or fewer police officers is an expense for purposes of ORS 181.796 17

(5)(a) A law enforcement agency employing an involved officer shall include at least one police
officer from a different law enforcement agency in the investigation of the incident in which the
involved officer was involved.

(b) The failure of a law enforcement agency to comply with paragraph (a) of this subsection isnot grounds for suppressing evidence obtained in the investigation.

(6)(a) A law enforcement agency shall collect at least the following information relating to in cidents in which a police officer's use of deadly physical force resulted in the death of a person:

25 (A) The name, gender, race, ethnicity and age of the decedent.

26 (B) The date, time and location of the incident.

27 (C) A brief description of the circumstances surrounding the incident.

(b) A law enforcement agency shall promptly submit the information collected under paragraph(a) of this subsection to the Department of Justice.

30 (7) The department shall compile and periodically publish information submitted under sub-31 section (6) of this section. The department, by rule, may specify a form to be used by law enforce-32 ment agencies in submitting information under subsection (6) of this section.

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