House Bill 2558

Introduced and printed pursuant to House Rule 12.00. Presession filed (at the request of House Interim Committee on Judiciary)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced**.

Limits awards of punitive damages to amount equal to three times economic damages and noneconomic damages awarded to plaintiff. Provides that limit does not apply to cause of action for which judgment was entered before effective date of Act.

Declares emergency, effective on passage.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to punitive damages; creating new provisions; amending ORS 31.730; and declaring an 3 emergency.

4 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

5 **SECTION 1.** ORS 31.730 is amended to read:

6 31.730. (1) Punitive damages are not recoverable in a civil action unless it is proven by clear 7 and convincing evidence that the party against whom punitive damages are sought has acted with 8 malice or has shown a reckless and outrageous indifference to a highly unreasonable risk of harm 9 and has acted with a conscious indifference to the health, safety and welfare of others.

(2) If an award of punitive damages is made by a jury, the court shall review the award to determine whether the award is within the range of damages that a rational juror would be entitled to award based on the record as a whole, viewing the statutory and common-law factors that allow an award of punitive damages for the specific type of claim at issue in the proceeding. In any action seeking damages for personal injury, death or property damage, punitive damages may not exceed an amount equal to three times the economic damages and noneconomic damages, as those terms are defined in ORS 31.710, awarded to the plaintiff.

(3) In addition to any reduction that may be made under subsection (2) of this section, upon the 17 motion of a defendant the court may reduce the amount of any judgment requiring the payment of 18 punitive damages entered against the defendant if the defendant establishes that the defendant has 19 20 taken remedial measures that are reasonable under the circumstances to prevent reoccurrence of 21the conduct that gave rise to the claim for punitive damages. In reducing awards of punitive damages under the provisions of this subsection, the court shall consider the amount of any previous 22 judgment for punitive damages entered against the same defendant for the same conduct giving rise 2324 to a claim for punitive damages.

SECTION 2. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the amendments to
ORS 31.730 by section 1 of this 2013 Act apply to all causes of action, whether arising before,
on or after the effective date of this 2013 Act.

(2) The amendments to ORS 31.730 by section 1 of this 2013 Act do not apply to a cause
of action for which a judgment was entered before the effective date of this 2013 Act.

30 <u>SECTION 3.</u> This 2013 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public

NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1

$\rm HB\ 2558$

1 peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2013 Act takes effect

- 2 on its passage.
- 3