# House Bill 2001 

Sponsored by Representatives VEGA PEDERSON, KOTEK; Representatives FAGAN, FREDERICK, GORSEK, GREENLICK, KOMP, UNGER, WITT

## SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Creates or adjusts sunset for certain income and corporate excise tax expenditures not required under federal law or Oregon Constitution.

Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

Relating to tax expenditures; creating new provisions; amending ORS 171.072, 316.117, 316.130, $316.362,316.680,316.687,316.690$ and 316.695 and section 6, chapter 30, Oregon Laws 1999, section 3, chapter 747, Oregon Laws 1999, section 4, chapter 280, Oregon Laws 2003, sections 7 and 10, chapter 826, Oregon Laws 2005, section 15, chapter 906, Oregon Laws 2007, and section 4, chapter 66, Oregon Laws 2010; prescribing an effective date; and providing for revenue raising that requires approval by a three-fifths majority.

## Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. ORS 316.695 is amended to read:
316.695. (1) In addition to the modifications to federal taxable income contained in this chapter, there shall be added to or subtracted from federal taxable income:
(a) If, in computing federal income tax for a taxable year, the taxpayer deducted itemized deductions, as defined in section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxpayer shall add the amount of itemized deductions deducted (the itemized deductions less an amount, if any, by which the itemized deductions are reduced under section 68 of the Internal Revenue Code).
(b) If, in computing federal income tax for a taxable year, the taxpayer deducted the standard deduction, as defined in section 63(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxpayer shall add the amount of the standard deduction deducted.
[(c)(A) From federal taxable income there shall be subtracted the larger of (i) the taxpayer's itemized deductions or (ii) a standard deduction. Except as provided in subsection (8) of this section, for purposes of this subparagraph, "standard deduction" means the sum of the basic standard deduction and the additional standard deduction.]
[(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the basic standard deduction is:]
[(i) \$3,280, in the case of joint return filers or a surviving spouse;]
[(ii) $\$ 1,640$, in the case of an individual who is not a married individual and is not a surviving spouse;]
[(iii) $\$ 1,640$, in the case of a married individual who files a separate return; or]
[(iv) \$2,640, in the case of a head of household.]
[(C)(i) For purposes of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2003, the Department of Revenue shall annually recompute the basic standard deduction for

NOTE: Matter in boldfaced type in an amended section is new; matter [italic and bracketed] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in boldfaced type.

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each category of return filer listed under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph. The basic standard deduction shall be computed by dividing the monthly averaged U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index for the 12 consecutive months ending August 31 of the prior calendar year by the average U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index for the second quarter of 2002, then multiplying that quotient by the amount listed under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph for each category of return filer.]
[(ii) If any change in the maximum household income determined under this subparagraph is not a multiple of $\$ 5$, the increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of \$5.]
[(iii) As used in this subparagraph, "U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index" means the U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (All Items) as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.]
[(D) For purposes of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the additional standard deduction is the sum of each additional amount to which the taxpayer is entitled under subsection (7) of this section.]
[(E) As used in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, "surviving spouse" and "head of household" have the meaning given those terms in section 2 of the Internal Revenue Code.]
$[(F)$ In the case of the following, the standard deduction referred to in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be zero:]
[(i) A husband or wife filing a separate return where the other spouse has claimed itemized deductions under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph;]
[(ii) A nonresident alien individual;]
[(iii) An individual making a return for a period of less than 12 months on account of a change in the individual's annual accounting period;]
[(iv) An estate or trust;]
[(v) A common trust fund; or]
[(vi) A partnership.]
[(d) For the purposes of paragraph (c)(A) of this subsection, the taxpayer's itemized deductions are the sum of:]
[(A) The taxpayer's itemized deductions as defined in section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code (reduced, if applicable, as described under section 68 of the Internal Revenue Code) minus the deduction for Oregon income tax (reduced, if applicable, by the proportion that the reduction in federal itemized deductions resulting from section 68 of the Internal Revenue Code bears to the amount of federal itemized deductions as defined for purposes of section 68 of the Internal Revenue Code); and]
[(B) The amount that may be taken into account under section 213(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, not to exceed seven and one-half percent of the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, if the taxpayer has attained the following age before the close of the taxable year, or, in the case of a joint return, if either taxpayer has attained the following age before the close of the taxable year:]
[(i) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1991, and before January 1, 1993, a taxpayer must attain 58 years of age before the close of the taxable year.]
[(ii) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1993, and before January 1, 1995, a taxpayer must attain 59 years of age before the close of the taxable year.]
[(iii) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, and before January 1, 1997, a taxpayer must attain 60 years of age before the close of the taxable year.]
[(iv) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1997, and before January 1, 1999, a taxpayer must attain 61 years of age before the close of the taxable year.]
[(v) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a taxpayer must attain 62 years of age before the close of the taxable year.]
(2)(a) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income any portion of the distribution of a pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus or other retirement plan, representing that portion of contributions which were taxed by the State of Oregon but not taxed by the federal government under laws in effect for tax years beginning prior to January 1, 1969, or for any subsequent year in which the amount that was contributed to the plan under the Internal Revenue Code was greater than the amount allowed under this chapter.
(b) Interest or other earnings on any excess contributions of a pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus or other retirement plan not permitted to be deducted under paragraph (a) of this subsection shall not be added to federal taxable income in the year earned by the plan and shall not be subtracted from federal taxable income in the year received by the taxpayer.
(3)(a) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, there shall be added to federal taxable income the amount of any federal income taxes in excess of the amount provided in paragraphs (b) to (d) of this subsection, accrued by the taxpayer during the taxable year as described in ORS 316.685 , less the amount of any refund of federal taxes previously accrued for which a tax benefit was received.
(b) The limits applicable to this subsection are:
(A) $\$ 5,500$, if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the tax year is less than $\$ 125,000$, or, if reported on a joint return, less than $\$ 250,000$.
(B) $\$ 4,400$, if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the tax year is $\$ 125,000$ or more and less than $\$ 130,000$, or, if reported on a joint return, $\$ 250,000$ or more and less than $\$ 260,000$.
(C) $\$ 3,300$, if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the tax year is $\$ 130,000$ or more and less than $\$ 135,000$, or, if reported on a joint return, $\$ 260,000$ or more and less than \$270,000.
(D) $\$ 2,200$, if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the tax year is $\$ 135,000$ or more and less than $\$ 140,000$, or, if reported on a joint return, $\$ 270,000$ or more and less than $\$ 280,000$.
(E) $\$ 1,100$, if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the tax year is $\$ 140,000$ or more and less than $\$ 145,000$, or, if reported on a joint return, $\$ 280,000$ or more and less than $\$ 290,000$.
(c) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is $\$ 145,000$ or more for the tax year, or, if reported on a joint return, $\$ 290,000$ or more, the limit is zero and the taxpayer is not allowed a subtraction for federal income taxes under ORS 316.680 (1) for the tax year.
(d) In the case of a husband and wife filing separate tax returns, the amount added shall be in the amount of any federal income taxes in excess of the amount provided for individual taxpayers under paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection, less the amount of any refund of federal taxes previously accrued for which a tax benefit was received.
(e) For purposes of this subsection, the limits applicable to a joint return shall apply to a head of household or a surviving spouse, as defined in section 2(a) and (b) of the Internal Revenue Code.
(f)(A) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2008, the Department of Revenue shall make a cost-of-living adjustment to the federal income tax threshold amounts described in paragraphs (b) and (d) of this subsection.
(B) The cost-of-living adjustment for a calendar year is the percentage by which the monthly averaged U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index for the 12 consecutive months ending August 31 of the prior calendar year exceeds the monthly averaged index for the period beginning September

1, 2005, and ending August 31, 2006.
(C) As used in this paragraph, "U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index" means the U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (All Items) as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.
(D) If any adjustment determined under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph is not a multiple of $\$ 50$, the adjustment shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of $\$ 50$.
(E) The adjustment shall apply to all tax years beginning in the calendar year for which the adjustment is made.
(4)(a) In addition to the adjustments required by ORS 316.130, a full-year nonresident individual shall add to taxable income a proportion of any accrued federal income taxes as computed under ORS 316.685 in excess of the amount provided in subsection (3) of this section in the proportion provided in ORS 316.117.
(b) In the case of a husband and wife filing separate tax returns, the amount added under this subsection shall be computed in a manner consistent with the computation of the amount to be added in the case of a husband and wife filing separate returns under subsection (3) of this section. The method of computation shall be determined by the Department of Revenue by rule.
(5) Subsections (3)(d) and (4)(b) of this section shall not apply to married individuals living apart as defined in section 7703(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.
(6)(a) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1981, and prior to January 1, 1983, income or loss taken into account in determining federal taxable income by a shareholder of an $S$ corporation pursuant to sections 1373 to 1375 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be adjusted for purposes of determining Oregon taxable income, to the extent that as income or loss of the S corporation, they were required to be adjusted under the provisions of ORS chapter 317.
(b) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1983, items of income, loss or deduction taken into account in determining federal taxable income by a shareholder of an S corporation pursuant to sections 1366 to 1368 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be adjusted for purposes of determining Oregon taxable income, to the extent that as items of income, loss or deduction of the shareholder the items are required to be adjusted under the provisions of this chapter.
(c) The tax years referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection are those of the S corporation.
(d) As used in paragraph (a) of this subsection, an $S$ corporation refers to an electing small business corporation.
[(7)(a) The taxpayer shall be entitled to an additional amount, as referred to in subsection (1)(c)(A) and (D) of this section, of $\$ 1,000$ :]
[(A) For the taxpayer if the taxpayer has attained age 65 before the close of the taxpayer's taxable year; and]
[(B) For the spouse of the taxpayer if the spouse has attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year and an additional exemption is allowable to the taxpayer for such spouse for federal income tax purposes under section 151(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.]
[(b) The taxpayer shall be entitled to an additional amount, as referred to in subsection (1)(c)(A) and (D) of this section, of \$1,000:]
[(A) For the taxpayer if the taxpayer is blind at the close of the taxable year; and]
[(B) For the spouse of the taxpayer if the spouse is blind as of the close of the taxable year and an additional exemption is allowable to the taxpayer for such spouse for federal income tax purposes under section 151(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subparagraph, if the spouse
dies during the taxable year, the determination of whether such spouse is blind shall be made immediately prior to death.]
[(c) In the case of an individual who is not married and is not a surviving spouse, paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection shall be applied by substituting " $\$ 1,200$ " for " $\$ 1,000$. "]
[(d) For purposes of this subsection, an individual is blind only if the individual's central visual acuity does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with correcting lenses, or if the individual's visual acuity is greater than 20/200 but is accompanied by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than 20 degrees.]
[(8) In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code is allowable for federal income tax purposes to another taxpayer for a taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which the individual's taxable year begins, the basic standard deduction (referred to in subsection (1)(c)(B) of this section) applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year shall equal the lesser of:]
[(a) The amount allowed to the individual under section 63(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes for the tax year for which the deduction is being claimed; or]
[(b) The amount determined under subsection (1)(c)(B) of this section.]
SECTION 2. ORS 316.680 is amended to read:
316.680. (1) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income:
(a) The interest or dividends on obligations of the United States and its territories and possessions or of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to the extent includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States. However, the amount subtracted under this paragraph shall be reduced by any interest on indebtedness incurred to carry the obligations or securities described in this paragraph, and by any expenses incurred in the production of interest or dividend income described in this paragraph to the extent that such expenses, including amortizable bond premiums, are deductible in determining federal taxable income.
[(b) The amount of any federal income taxes accrued by the taxpayer during the taxable year as described in ORS 316.685, less the amount of any refunds of federal taxes previously accrued for which a tax benefit was received.]
[(c)(A) If the taxpayer does not qualify for the subtraction under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, compensation (other than pension or retirement pay) received for active service performed by a member of the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed $\$ 6,000$ per annum. As used in this subparagraph, "active service" includes weekend drills, annual training, summer camp, special school attendance and battle assemblies.]
[(B) For the tax year of initial draft or enlistment into the Armed Forces of the United States or for the tax year of discharge from or termination of full-time active duty for the Armed Forces of the United States, compensation (other than pension or retirement pay or pay for service when on military reserve duty) paid by the Armed Forces of the United States for services performed outside this state, if the taxpayer is on active duty as a full-time officer, enlistee or draftee, with the Armed Forces of the United States.]
[(d) Amounts allowable under sections 2621(a)(2) and 2622(b) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that the taxpayer does not elect under section $642(\mathrm{~g})$ of the Internal Revenue Code to reduce federal taxable income by those amounts.]
[(e) Any supplemental payments made to JOBS Plus Program participants under ORS 411.892.]
$[(f)(A)](\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{A})$ Federal pension income that is attributable to federal employment occurring be-
fore October 1, 1991. Federal pension income that is attributable to federal employment occurring before October 1, 1991, shall be determined by multiplying the total amount of federal pension income for the tax year by the ratio of the number of months of federal creditable service occurring before October 1, 1991, over the total number of months of federal creditable service.
(B) The subtraction allowed under this paragraph applies only to federal pension income received at a time when:
(i) Benefit increases provided under chapter 569, Oregon Laws 1995, are in effect; or
(ii) Public Employees Retirement System benefits received for service prior to October 1, 1991, are exempt from state income tax.
(C) As used in this paragraph:
(i) "Federal creditable service" means those periods of time for which a federal employee earned a federal pension.
(ii) "Federal pension" means any form of retirement allowance provided by the federal government, its agencies or its instrumentalities to retirees of the federal government or their beneficiaries.
[(g)] (c) Any amount included in federal taxable income for the tax year that is attributable to the conversion of a regular individual retirement account into a Roth individual retirement account described in section 408A of the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent that:
(A) The amount was subject to the income tax of another state or the District of Columbia in a prior tax year; and
(B) The taxpayer was a resident of the other state or the District of Columbia for that prior tax year.
[(h)] (d) Any amounts awarded to the taxpayer by the Public Safety Memorial Fund Board under ORS 243.954 to 243.974 to the extent that the taxpayer has not taken the amount as a deduction in determining the taxpayer's federal taxable income for the tax year.
[(i)] (e) If included in taxable income for federal tax purposes, the amount withdrawn during the tax year in qualified withdrawals from a college savings network account established under ORS 348.841 to 348.873 .
(2) There shall be added to federal taxable income:
(a) Interest or dividends, exempt from federal income tax, on obligations or securities of any foreign state or of a political subdivision or authority of any foreign state. However, the amount added under this paragraph shall be reduced by any interest on indebtedness incurred to carry the obligations or securities described in this paragraph and by any expenses incurred in the production of interest or dividend income described in this paragraph.
(b) Interest or dividends on obligations of any authority, commission, instrumentality and territorial possession of the United States that by the laws of the United States are exempt from federal income tax but not from state income taxes. However, the amount added under this paragraph shall be reduced by any interest on indebtedness incurred to carry the obligations or securities described in this paragraph and by any expenses incurred in the production of interest or dividend income described in this paragraph.
(c) The amount of any federal estate taxes allocable to income in respect of a decedent not taxable by Oregon.
(d) The amount of any allowance for depletion in excess of the taxpayer's adjusted basis in the property depleted, deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year, pursuant to sections $613,613 \mathrm{~A}, 614,616$ and 617 of the Internal Revenue Code.
(e) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1985, the dollar amount deducted under section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code for personal exemptions for the taxable year.
(f) The amount taken as a deduction on the taxpayer's federal return for unused qualified business credits under section 196 of the Internal Revenue Code.
(g) The amount of any increased benefits paid to a taxpayer under chapter 569, Oregon Laws 1995, under the provisions of chapter 796, Oregon Laws 1991, and under section 26, chapter 815, Oregon Laws 1991, that is not includable in the taxpayer's federal taxable income under the Internal Revenue Code.
(h) The amount of any long term care insurance premiums paid or incurred by the taxpayer during the tax year if:
(A) The amount is taken into account as a deduction on the taxpayer's federal return for the tax year; and
(B) The taxpayer claims the credit allowed under ORS 315.610 for the tax year.
(i) Any amount taken as a deduction under section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code in computing federal taxable income for the tax year, if the taxpayer has claimed a credit for claim of right income repayment adjustment under ORS 315.068.
(j) If the taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal, as defined in ORS 348.841, from a college savings network account established under ORS 348.841 to 348.873 , the amount of the withdrawal that is attributable to contributions that were subtracted from federal taxable income under ORS 316.699 .
(3) Discount and gain or loss on retirement or disposition of obligations described under subsection (2)(a) of this section issued on or after January 1, 1985, shall be treated for purposes of this chapter in the same manner as under sections 1271 to 1283 and other pertinent sections of the Internal Revenue Code as if the obligations, although issued by a foreign state or a political subdivision of a foreign state, were not tax exempt under the Internal Revenue Code.

SECTION 3. ORS 316.690 is amended to read:
316.690. [(1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section,] In addition to other modifications provided in this chapter, and if a taxpayer elects to take foreign income taxes imposed for the taxable year by a foreign country as a credit on the federal income tax return or does not itemize personal deductions on the federal income tax return, there shall be subtracted from federal taxable income in the computation of state taxable income the amount of foreign income taxes imposed for the taxable year by a foreign country.
[(2) The deduction for foreign country income taxes provided by this section shall be limited as follows:]
[(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the sum of foreign country income taxes deducted in computing state taxable income and the modification for federal income taxes authorized by ORS 316.680 (1)(b) as limited by ORS 316.695 (3) shall not exceed $\$ 3,000$.]
[(b) In the case of a husband and wife filing separate tax returns, the sum described in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be limited to \$1,500.]

SECTION 4. ORS 316.130 is amended to read:
316.130. (1) The taxable income for a full-year nonresident individual is adjusted gross income attributable to sources within this state determined under ORS 316.127, with the modifications (except those provided under subsection (2) of this section) as otherwise provided under this chapter and other laws of this state applicable to personal income taxation, less the deductions allowed under subsection (2) of this section.
[(2)(a) A full-year nonresident individual shall be allowed the deduction for a standard deduction or itemized deductions allowable to a resident under ORS 316.695 (1) in the proportion provided in ORS 316.117.]
[(b)] (2)(a) A full-year nonresident individual shall be allowed to deduct the amount of any accrued federal income taxes and foreign country income taxes as provided in ORS 316.690 in the proportion provided in ORS 316.117.
$[(c)(A)]$ (b)(A) A full-year nonresident individual shall be allowed to deduct the amount of any alimony or separate maintenance payments paid during such individual's taxable year in the proportion provided in ORS 316.117 except that in determining the proportion the taxpayer's adjusted gross income shall not include a deduction for alimony. For purposes of this paragraph, "alimony or separate maintenance payment" has the meaning given the phrase in section 215 of the Internal Revenue Code.
(B) No deduction shall be allowed under this paragraph if the alimony or separate maintenance payment is not includable in the gross income of the nonresident individual for federal income tax purposes under section 682 of the Internal Revenue Code.
(3)(a) A full-year nonresident who is a self-employed individual shall be allowed to deduct that individual's contributions to a qualified plan, deductible on that individual's federal income tax return pursuant to section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, in the proportion that the individual's earned income from Oregon sources bears to the individual's earned income from all sources. "Earned income" has the meaning given in section 401(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code. If the numerator of the fraction described in this paragraph is greater than the denominator, the proration of 100 percent shall be used.
(b) A full-year nonresident shall be allowed to deduct that individual's qualified retirement contributions, deductible on that individual's federal income tax return pursuant to section 219 of the Internal Revenue Code, in the proportion that the individual's compensation from Oregon sources bears to the individual's compensation from all sources. "Compensation" has the meaning given in section 219(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
(c) A full-year nonresident individual shall be allowed to deduct the aggregate amounts paid in cash to a medical savings account, deductible on the individual's federal income tax return pursuant to section 220 of the Internal Revenue Code, in the proportion that the individual's compensation from Oregon sources bears to the individual's compensation from all sources. Distributions from a medical savings account, if excluded from income for federal income tax purposes, shall be excluded for Oregon income tax purposes. Distributions from a medical savings account, if included in income for federal tax purposes, shall be included in income for Oregon tax purposes to the extent that an exclusion has been allowed for contributions to the medical savings account for Oregon tax purposes in a previous year.

SECTION 5. ORS 316.362 is amended to read:
316.362. (1) An income tax return with respect to the tax imposed by this chapter shall be made by the following:
(a) Every resident individual:
(A) Who is required to file a federal income tax return for the taxable year; or
(B) Who has gross income greater than the sum of:
[(i) The basic standard deduction allowed under ORS 316.695 (1)(c)(B);]
[(ii) Any additional standard deduction allowed to the taxpayer under ORS 316.695 (7); and]
(i) 33 percent of the entire standard deduction allowed under section 63 of the Internal

## Revenue Code; and

[(iii)] (ii) An amount equal to the income equivalent of one personal exemption credit under ORS 316.085 (3)(b) if unmarried, or equal to the income equivalent of two personal exemption credits under ORS 316.085 (3)(b) if married.
(b) Every nonresident individual who has federal gross income from sources in this state of more than [the basic standard deduction allowed under ORS 316.695 (1)(c)(B)] 33 percent of the basic standard deduction allowed under section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code.
(c) Every resident estate or trust that is required to file a federal income tax return.
(d) Every nonresident estate that has federal gross income of $\$ 600$ or more for the taxable year from sources within this state.
(e) Every nonresident trust that for the taxable year has from sources within this state any taxable income, or gross income of $\$ 600$ or more regardless of the amount of taxable income.
(2) Nothing contained in this section shall preclude the Department of Revenue from requiring any individual, estate or trust to file a return when, in the judgment of the department, a return should be filed.
(3) For purposes of this section, the income equivalent of a personal exemption credit under ORS 316.085 (3)(b) shall be determined as follows:
(a) Divide the personal exemption credit amount by the rate applicable to the lowest income bracket under ORS 316.037.
(b) If the resulting quotient is less than the maximum amount of income subject to the rate used in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the quotient is the income equivalent.
(c) If the resulting quotient is more than the maximum amount of income subject to the rate used in paragraph (a) of this subsection:
(A) Multiply the maximum amount of income subject to the rate used in paragraph (a) of this subsection by the rate used in paragraph (a) of this subsection.
(B) Determine the difference between the product calculated under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph and the personal exemption credit amount.
(C) Divide the difference determined in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph by the rate applicable to the income bracket that is the next succeeding the lowest income bracket under ORS 316.037.
(D) Add the quotient determined in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph to the maximum amount of income subject to the rate used in paragraph (a) of this subsection. The sum is the income equivalent.

SECTION 6. ORS 316.687 is amended to read:
316.687. There shall be added to federal taxable income of a parent who makes an election under section $1(\mathrm{~g})(7)(B)$ of the Internal Revenue Code any amount in excess of the standard deduction allowed for a child under [ORS 316.695 (8)] section 63(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code but not in excess of the amount described in section $1(\mathrm{~g})(7)(\mathrm{B})(\mathrm{i})$ of the Internal Revenue Code (twice the amount in effect for the taxable year under section 63(c)(5)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code). The addition under this section shall be made for each child whose income is included in the taxable income of the parent under section $1(\mathrm{~g})(7)(\mathrm{B})$ of the Internal Revenue Code.

SECTION 7. ORS 316.117 is amended to read:
316.117. (1) Except as provided under subsection (2) of this section, the proportion for making a proration for nonresident taxpayers of [the standard deduction or itemized deductions,] the personal exemption credits and any accrued federal or foreign income taxes, or for part-year resident taxpayers of the amount of the tax, between Oregon source income and income from all other sources
is the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer from Oregon sources divided by the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income from all sources. If the numerator of the fraction described in this subsection is greater than the denominator, the proportion of 100 percent shall be used in the proration required by this section. As used in this subsection, "federal adjusted gross income" means the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer with the additions, subtractions and other modifications to federal taxable income that relate to adjusted gross income for personal income tax purposes.
(2) For part-year resident trusts, the proration made under this section shall be made by reference to the taxable income of the fiduciary.

SECTION 8. ORS 171.072 is amended to read:
171.072. (1) A member of the Legislative Assembly shall receive for services an annual salary of the greater of:
(a) One step below the maximum of Salary Range 1 in the Management Service Compensation Plan in the executive department as defined in ORS 174.112; or
(b) Seventeen percent of the salary of a Circuit Court Judge.
(2) The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives each shall receive for services, as additional salary, an amount equal to the salary allowed each of them as a member under subsection (1) of this section.
(3) A member of the Legislative Assembly shall receive, as an allowance for expenses not otherwise provided for, a per diem determined as provided in subsection [(9)] (8) of this section for each day within the period that the Legislative Assembly is in session, to be paid with the salary provided for in subsection (1) of this section. Pursuant to procedures determined by the Legislative Administration Committee, a member may draw from an accrued allowance.
(4) A member of the Legislative Assembly shall receive, as an allowance for expenses incurred in the performance of official duties during periods when the legislature is not in session, $\$ 400$ for each calendar month or part of a calendar month during those periods, to be paid monthly, and subject to approval of the President of the Senate or Speaker of the House of Representatives, mileage expenses and a per diem determined as provided in subsection [(9)] (8) of this section for each day a member is engaged in the business of legislative interim and statutory committees, including advisory committees and subcommittees of advisory committees, and task forces and for each day a member serves on interstate bodies, advisory committees and other entities on which the member serves ex officio, whether or not the entity is a legislative one.
(5) In addition to the mileage and per diem expense payments provided by this section, a member of the Legislative Assembly may receive reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses, subject to approval by the President of the Senate or Speaker of the House of Representatives, for legislative business outside of the state.
(6) The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives may delegate to the chairpersons of interim and statutory committees and task forces the approval authority granted to the President and the Speaker by subsection (4) of this section, with respect to expenses incurred in attending any meeting of a particular committee or task force.
[(7) Amounts received under subsections (3) to (5) of this section are excluded from gross income and expenditures of the amounts are excluded in computing deductions for purposes of ORS chapter 316. If there is attached to the personal income return a schedule of all ordinary and necessary business expenses paid during the tax year as a member of the Legislative Assembly, a deduction may be claimed on the return for legislative expenses paid in excess of the amounts received under subsections
(3) to (5) of this section. Expenses of members of the Legislative Assembly who are reimbursed by the state for actual expenses for meals and lodging associated with state travel for the same period during which a legislator receives per diem are subject to state income tax.]
[(8)] (7) For periods when the Legislative Assembly is not in session, the Legislative Administration Committee shall provide for a telephone and an expense allowance for members of the Legislative Assembly that is in addition to the amount allowed under subsection (4) of this section. In determining the amount of allowance for members, the committee shall consider the geographic area of the member's district. The additional allowance shall reflect travel expenses necessary to communicate in districts of varying sizes.
[(9)] (8) The per diem allowance referred to in subsections (3) and (4) of this section shall be the amount fixed for per diem allowance that is authorized by the United States Internal Revenue Service to be excluded from gross income without itemization.

SECTION 9. The amendments to ORS 171.072, 316.117, 316.130, 316.362, 316.680, 316.687, 316.690 and 316.695 by sections 1 to 8 of this 2013 Act apply to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

SECTION 10. Section 4, chapter 280, Oregon Laws 2003, is amended to read:
Sec. 4. [Section 2 of this 2003 Act] ORS 316.699 and the amendments to ORS 316.680 by section 3 [of this 2003 Act], chapter 280, Oregon Laws 2003, apply to contributions made to a college savings network account for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2004, and before January 1, 2018.

SECTION 11. Section 3, chapter 747, Oregon Laws 1999, is amended to read:
Sec. 3. [Section 2 of this 1999 Act] ORS 316.846 applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, and before January 1, 2018.

SECTION 12. ORS 316.076 applies to tax years beginning before January 1, 2018.
SECTION 13. ORS 316.838 applies to charitable contributions made in tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1989, and before January 1, 2018.

SECTION 14. ORS 316.056 applies to bonds issued in tax years beginning before January 1, 2018.

SECTION 15. (1) ORS 316.778 applies to tax years beginning before January 1, 2018.
(2) ORS 317.391 applies to tax years beginning before January 1, 2018.

SECTION 16. Section 4, chapter 66, Oregon Laws 2010, is amended to read:
Sec. 4. [Section 2 of this 2010 Act] ORS 316.856 applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, and before January 1, [2014] 2018.

SECTION 17. ORS 316.848 applies to deposits to or withdrawals from individual development accounts made in tax years beginning before January 1, 2018.

SECTION 18. Section 6, chapter 30, Oregon Laws 1999, is amended to read:
Sec. 6. (1) [Sections 2 and 4 of this 1999 Act] ORS 317.057 and 713.300 and the amendments to ORS 713.025 by section 5 [of this 1999 Act], chapter 30, Oregon Laws 1999, apply to activities occurring on or after [the effective date of this 1999 Act] October 23, 1999.
(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, [section 2 (2) of this 1999 Act] ORS $\mathbf{3 1 7 . 0 5 7}$ (2) applies to tax years beginning on and after January 1, 1997, and before January 1, 2018.

SECTION 19. Section 7, chapter 826, Oregon Laws 2005, as amended by section 21, chapter 906, Oregon Laws 2007, is amended to read:

Sec. 7. Section 6, chapter 826, Oregon Laws 2005, applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, [2014] 2018.

SECTION 20. Section 10, chapter 826, Oregon Laws 2005, as amended by section 22, chapter 906, Oregon Laws 2007, is amended to read:

Sec. 10. Section 9, chapter 826, Oregon Laws 2005, applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, [2014] 2018.

SECTION 21. Section 15, chapter 906, Oregon Laws 2007, is amended to read:
Sec. 15. [Sections 12 and 14 of this 2007 Act] ORS 316.795 and 317.092 apply to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, and before January 1, 2018.

SECTION 22. ORS 316.074 applies to tax years beginning before January 1, 2018.
SECTION 23. ORS 316.698 and 317.394 apply to tax years beginning before January 1, 2018.
SECTION 24. ORS 316.744 and 317.386 apply to tax years beginning before January 1, 2018.
SECTION 25. ORS 461.560 applies to lottery tickets sold and prizes awarded in tax years beginning before January 1, 2018.

SECTION 26. ORS 316.789 and 316.791 apply to tax years beginning before January 1, 2018. SECTION 27. ORS 316.685 (1) and (2) apply to tax years beginning before January 1, 2018. SECTION 28. This 2013 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date on which the 2013 regular session of the Seventy-seventh Legislative Assembly adjourns sine die.

