British Columbia's Climate Action Plan and Revenue Neutral Carbon Tax

Oregon

March 2013



Prologue: Mountain Pine Beetle

- Insufficiently cold winters to keep population in check
- 45 million acres affected
- Devastated forest industry
- Tangible climate impact on jobs, communities, BC economy
- Contributed to public support for climate action





BC's Climate Action Plan

Legislated targets to reduce GHG emissions from 2007

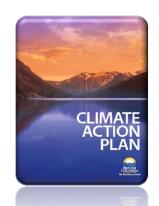
- 6% by 2012 (interim target)
- 18% by 2016 (interim target)
- 33% by 2020 (legislated)
- 80% by 2050 (legislated)

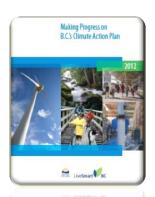
2008 Climate Action Plan

- A price on carbon
- Carbon Neutral Government
- Community Charters
- Adaptation Strategy
- Actions in every sector

Continues to be reinforced

"BC is, and will remain, a climate change leader"





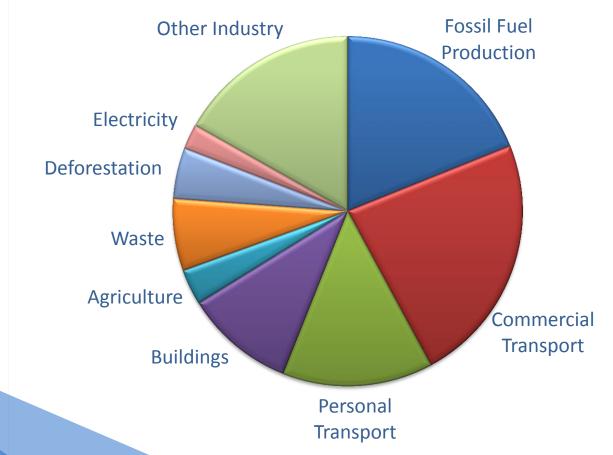




BC is a low GHG economy

62 million tonnes CO₂e per year

- No coal-fired electricity, mainly hydroelectricity
- Limited heavy manufacturing
- Largest sector is transportation





Revenue Neutral Carbon Tax

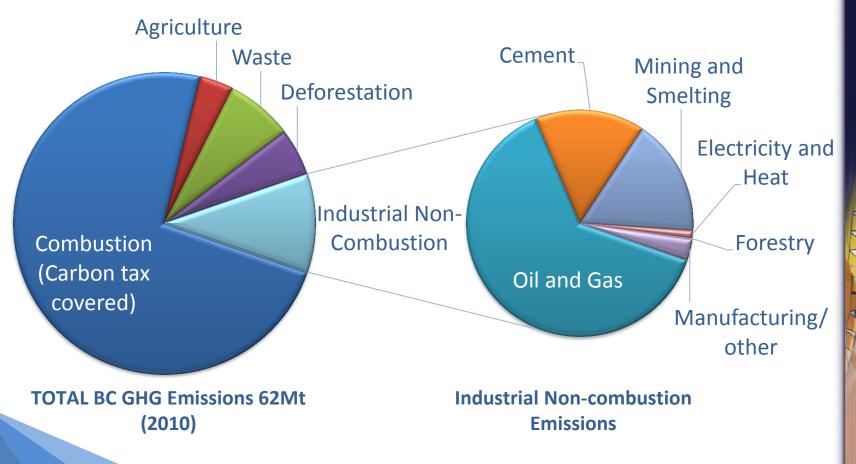
- Cornerstone climate policy
 - Implemented in 2008 at \$10/tonne CO₂e
 - 5 year schedule of \$5/tonne annual increases (price certainty)
 - \$30 /tonne as of July 1, 2012, no further increase planned
 - Applies to all fossil fuel combustion with no exemptions
 - Most comprehensive carbon price: individuals and business
 - Low income people are protected through tax credit

- Cornerstone tax policy
 - \$1.2 Billion of \$44 Billion provincial budget
 - Achieves government objectives in broad-based tax reform



Carbon Tax coverage

Carbon Tax covers 70% of BC's total GHG emissions





Carbon Tax-related tax cuts - 2012/13

Other Personal Tax Cuts \$59 Million \$77 Million **Rural / North Homeowner Benefit** \$228 Million **Personal Income Tax Cuts Low Income Tax Credit** \$190 Million \$721 Million **Business Tax Cuts**



Tax Reductions \$1.3 CAD Billion

Implementation

- Uses existing fuel tax system administration and infrastructure
- Allowed for quick implementation
- Tax base is on fuel volumes means no extra data needs
- Lack of data at outset was one key reason for leaving noncombustion emissions out of scope.
- Cap and trade was envisioned to cover non-combustion



Review

- The Province launched a review of the carbon tax in 2012
- The review concluded:
 - "Many British Columbians support the carbon tax and would like government to continue to increase the rate and expand the tax base..."
 - "While the carbon tax at current rates does not appear to have a significant impact on BC's overall economic performance, a number of sectors have expressed concerns about the impact of the carbon tax on their competitiveness."
 - "British Columbia will continue to provide relief primarily through broad-based tax reductions for businesses, individuals and families."

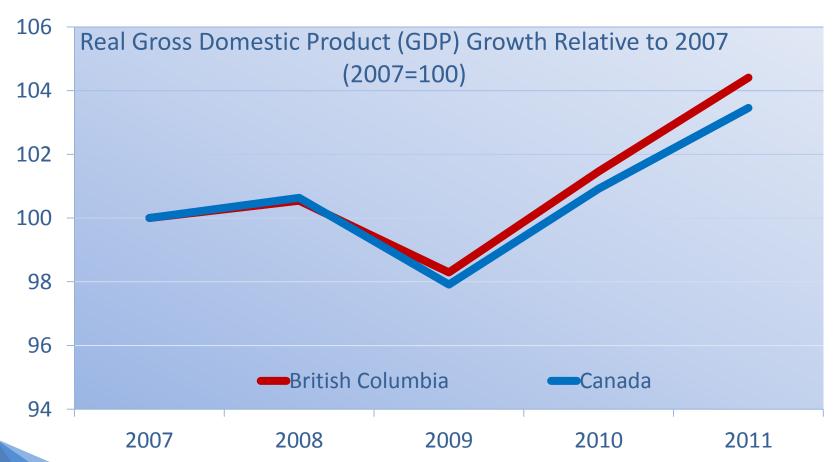


Government Commitments

- "The principle of revenue neutrality will be maintained."
- Continue targeted relief for greenhouse sector
- Carbon tax exemption for coloured agricultural fuels
- No rate increase; no scope expansion at this time



BC's economy is relatively strong



Source: CANSIM 379-0025 Preliminary Real GDP by Industry at Basic Prices
Subject to revision on release of Provincial Public Accounts

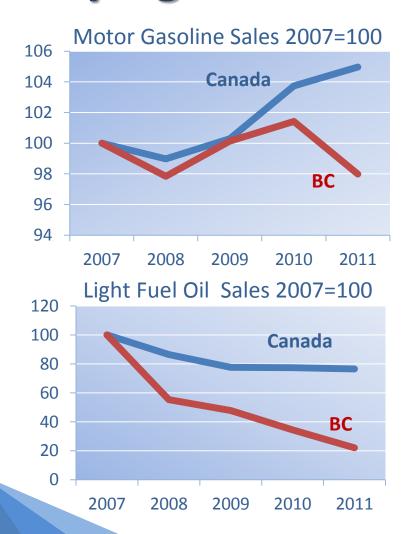


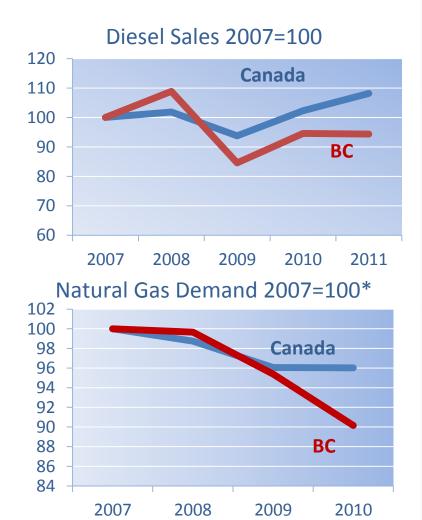
Within reach of 2012 interim target





Early signs of reduced fossil fuel use



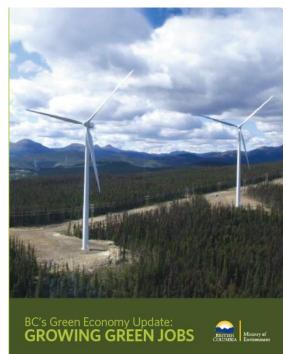




* Does not include natural gas for electricity generation or for natural gas production in BC.

Signs of positive economic change

- Twice Canadian average for hybrid vehicle adoption
- 48% growth in clean tech sector
- Most active district energy market in Canada
- 20% of all LEED Gold buildings in Canada
- 785,337 tonnes of regulatory offsets retired
- LiveSmart Home Energy Retrofits completed by
 - 8,400 small businesses
 - 5% of eligible BC homes



Public attitudes

October 2012:

- 79% very or somewhat concerned with global warming
- 73% agree or strongly agree that BC should take action on climate change even if other provinces don't do as much

December 2012

- 64% of British Columbians support the carbon tax
- 59% of Canadians in the rest of the country would support a BC-style carbon tax in their own province
- Canada Council of Chief Executives, several oil sands producers, and the National Roundtable on Environment and Economy have all called for a national carbon tax.



Epilogue: California tailpipe standard

- BC first Canadian jurisdiction to support
- Western Climate Initiative members followed (79% of Canadian GDP)
- Standard nationalized in US and Canada
- Next round being developed nationally

