LC 3616 2013 Regular Session 1/30/13 (CMT/ps)

# DRAFT

#### SUMMARY

For purposes of personal income taxation, disallows use of itemized deductions and increases amount of standard deduction.

Applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

Takes effect on 91st day following adjournment sine die.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to income tax deductions; creating new provisions; amending ORS

3 316.117, 316.130 and 316.695; prescribing an effective date; and providing

4 for revenue raising that requires approval by a three-fifths majority.

## 5 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

6 **SECTION 1.** ORS 316.695 is amended to read:

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316.695. (1) In addition to the modifications to federal taxable income
contained in this chapter, there shall be added to or subtracted from federal
taxable income:

(a) If, in computing federal income tax for a taxable year, the taxpayer
deducted itemized deductions, as defined in section 63(d) of the Internal
Revenue Code, the taxpayer shall add the amount of itemized deductions
deducted (the itemized deductions less an amount, if any, by which the
itemized deductions are reduced under section 68 of the Internal Revenue
Code).

(b) If, in computing federal income tax for a taxable year, the taxpayer
deducted the standard deduction, as defined in section 63(c) of the Internal
Revenue Code, the taxpayer shall add the amount of the standard deduction
deducted.

20 (c)(A) From federal taxable income there shall be subtracted [the larger NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted.

New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

of (i) the taxpayer's itemized deductions or (ii)] a standard deduction. Except
as provided in subsection (8) of this section, for purposes of this subparagraph, "standard deduction" means the sum of the basic standard deduction
and the additional standard deduction.

5 (B) For purposes of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the basic stand-6 ard deduction is:

(i) [\$3,280] \$15,000, in the case of joint return filers or a surviving spouse;
(ii) [\$1,640] \$7,500, in the case of an individual who is not a married individual and is not a surviving spouse;

(iii) [\$1,640] \$7,500, in the case of a married individual who files a separate return; or

12 (iv) [\$2,640] **\$12,000**, in the case of a head of household.

(C)(i) For purposes of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph for tax years 13 beginning on or after January 1, [2003] 2015, the Department of Revenue 14 shall annually recompute the basic standard deduction for each category of 15return filer listed under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph. The basic 16 standard deduction shall be computed by dividing the monthly averaged U.S. 17City Average Consumer Price Index for the 12 consecutive months ending 18 August 31 of the prior calendar year by the average U.S. City Average 19 Consumer Price Index for the second quarter of [2002] 2014, then multiplying 2021that quotient by the amount listed under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph for each category of return filer. 22

(ii) If any change in the maximum household income determined under
this subparagraph is not a multiple of \$5, the increase shall be rounded to
the next lower multiple of \$5.

(iii) As used in this subparagraph, "U.S. City Average Consumer Price
Index" means the U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index for All Urban
Consumers (All Items) as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the
United States Department of Labor.

30 (D) For purposes of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the additional 31 standard deduction is the sum of each additional amount to which the tax-

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1 payer is entitled under subsection (7) of this section.

2 (E) As used in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, "surviving spouse" and 3 "head of household" have the meaning given those terms in section 2 of the 4 Internal Revenue Code.

5 (F) In the case of the following, the standard deduction referred to in 6 subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be zero:

[(i) A husband or wife filing a separate return where the other spouse has
claimed itemized deductions under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph;]

9 [(*ii*)] (i) A nonresident alien individual;

[(*iii*)] (ii) An individual making a return for a period of less than 12
months on account of a change in the individual's annual accounting period;
[(*iv*)] (iii) An estate or trust;

13 [(v)] (iv) A common trust fund; or

14 [(vi)] (v) A partnership.

[(d) For the purposes of paragraph (c)(A) of this subsection, the taxpayer's
itemized deductions are the sum of:]

[(A) The taxpayer's itemized deductions as defined in section 63(d) of the Internal Revenue Code (reduced, if applicable, as described under section 68 of the Internal Revenue Code) minus the deduction for Oregon income tax (reduced, if applicable, by the proportion that the reduction in federal itemized deductions resulting from section 68 of the Internal Revenue Code bears to the amount of federal itemized deductions as defined for purposes of section 68 of the Internal Revenue Code); and]

[(B) The amount that may be taken into account under section 213(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, not to exceed seven and one-half percent of the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, if the taxpayer has attained the following age before the close of the taxable year, or, in the case of a joint return, if either taxpayer has attained the following age before the close of the taxable year:]

30 [(i) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1991, and before 31 January 1, 1993, a taxpayer must attain 58 years of age before the close of the

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1 taxable year.]

[(ii) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1993, and before
January 1, 1995, a taxpayer must attain 59 years of age before the close of the
taxable year.]

5 [(iii) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, and before 6 January 1, 1997, a taxpayer must attain 60 years of age before the close of the 7 taxable year.]

8 [(iv) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1997, and before 9 January 1, 1999, a taxpayer must attain 61 years of age before the close of the 10 taxable year.]

11 [(v) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a taxpayer 12 must attain 62 years of age before the close of the taxable year.]

(2)(a) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income any portion 13 of the distribution of a pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus or other retire-14 ment plan, representing that portion of contributions which were taxed by 15the State of Oregon but not taxed by the federal government under laws in 16 effect for tax years beginning prior to January 1, 1969, or for any subsequent 17year in which the amount that was contributed to the plan under the Inter-18 nal Revenue Code was greater than the amount allowed under this chapter. 19 (b) Interest or other earnings on any excess contributions of a pension, 20profit-sharing, stock bonus or other retirement plan not permitted to be de-21ducted under paragraph (a) of this subsection [shall] may not be added to 22

federal taxable income in the year earned by the plan and [shall] may not

be subtracted from federal taxable income in the year received by the tax-

25 payer.

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(3)(a) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, there shall be
added to federal taxable income the amount of any federal income taxes in
excess of the amount provided in paragraphs (b) to (d) of this subsection,
accrued by the taxpayer during the taxable year as described in ORS 316.685,
less the amount of any refund of federal taxes previously accrued for which
a tax benefit was received.

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1 (b) The limits applicable to this subsection are:

(A) \$5,500, if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the tax
year is less than \$125,000, or, if reported on a joint return, less than \$250,000.
(B) \$4,400, if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the tax
year is \$125,000 or more and less than \$130,000, or, if reported on a joint
return, \$250,000 or more and less than \$260,000.

7 (C) \$3,300, if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the tax
8 year is \$130,000 or more and less than \$135,000, or, if reported on a joint
9 return, \$260,000 or more and less than \$270,000.

10 (D) \$2,200, if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the tax 11 year is \$135,000 or more and less than \$140,000, or, if reported on a joint 12 return, \$270,000 or more and less than \$280,000.

(E) \$1,100, if the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer for the tax
year is \$140,000 or more and less than \$145,000, or, if reported on a joint
return, \$280,000 or more and less than \$290,000.

(c) If the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer is \$145,000 or more
for the tax year, or, if reported on a joint return, \$290,000 or more, the limit
is zero and the taxpayer is not allowed a subtraction for federal income taxes
under ORS 316.680 (1) for the tax year.

(d) In the case of a husband and wife filing separate tax returns, the amount added shall be in the amount of any federal income taxes in excess of the amount provided for individual taxpayers under paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection, less the amount of any refund of federal taxes previously accrued for which a tax benefit was received.

(e) For purposes of this subsection, the limits applicable to a joint return shall apply to a head of household or a surviving spouse, as defined in section 2(a) and (b) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(f)(A) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2008, the Department of Revenue shall make a cost-of-living adjustment to the federal income tax threshold amounts described in paragraphs (b) and (d) of this subsection.

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1 (B) The cost-of-living adjustment for a calendar year is the percentage by 2 which the monthly averaged U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index for the 3 12 consecutive months ending August 31 of the prior calendar year exceeds 4 the monthly averaged index for the period beginning September 1, 2005, and 5 ending August 31, 2006.

6 (C) As used in this paragraph, "U.S. City Average Consumer Price 7 Index" means the U.S. City Average Consumer Price Index for All Urban 8 Consumers (All Items) as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the 9 United States Department of Labor.

10 (D) If any adjustment determined under subparagraph (B) of this para-11 graph is not a multiple of \$50, the adjustment shall be rounded to the next 12 lower multiple of \$50.

(E) The adjustment shall apply to all tax years beginning in the calendaryear for which the adjustment is made.

(4)(a) In addition to the adjustments required by ORS 316.130, a full-year nonresident individual shall add to taxable income a proportion of any accrued federal income taxes as computed under ORS 316.685 in excess of the amount provided in subsection (3) of this section in the proportion provided in ORS 316.117.

(b) In the case of a husband and wife filing separate tax returns, the amount added under this subsection shall be computed in a manner consistent with the computation of the amount to be added in the case of a husband and wife filing separate returns under subsection (3) of this section. The method of computation shall be determined by the Department of Revenue by rule.

(5) Subsections (3)(d) and (4)(b) of this section [*shall*] may not apply to
married individuals living apart as defined in section 7703(b) of the Internal
Revenue Code.

(6)(a) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1981, and prior to
January 1, 1983, income or loss taken into account in determining federal
taxable income by a shareholder of an S corporation pursuant to sections

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1 1373 to 1375 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be adjusted for purposes of
2 determining Oregon taxable income, to the extent that as income or loss of
3 the S corporation, they were required to be adjusted under the provisions
4 of ORS chapter 317.

5 (b) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1983, items of income, 6 loss or deduction taken into account in determining federal taxable income 7 by a shareholder of an S corporation pursuant to sections 1366 to 1368 of the 8 Internal Revenue Code shall be adjusted for purposes of determining Oregon 9 taxable income, to the extent that as items of income, loss or deduction of 10 the shareholder the items are required to be adjusted under the provisions 11 of this chapter.

12 (c) The tax years referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection 13 are those of the S corporation.

(d) As used in paragraph (a) of this subsection, an S corporation refers
 to an electing small business corporation.

16 (7)(a) The taxpayer shall be entitled to an additional amount, as referred
17 to in subsection (1)(c)(A) and (D) of this section, of \$1,000:

(A) For the taxpayer if the taxpayer has attained age 65 before the closeof the taxpayer's taxable year; and

(B) For the spouse of the taxpayer if the spouse has attained age 65 before the close of the taxable year and an additional exemption is allowable to the taxpayer for such spouse for federal income tax purposes under section 151(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(b) The taxpayer shall be entitled to an additional amount, as referred to in subsection (1)(c)(A) and (D) of this section, of \$1,000:

26 (A) For the taxpayer if the taxpayer is blind at the close of the taxable27 year; and

(B) For the spouse of the taxpayer if the spouse is blind as of the close of the taxable year and an additional exemption is allowable to the taxpayer for such spouse for federal income tax purposes under section 151(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subparagraph, if the spouse dies

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1 during the taxable year, the determination of whether such spouse is blind2 shall be made immediately prior to death.

3 (c) In the case of an individual who is not married and is not a surviving
4 spouse, paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection shall be applied by substi5 tuting "\$1,200" for "\$1,000."

6 (d) For purposes of this subsection, an individual is blind only if the 7 individual's central visual acuity does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye 8 with correcting lenses, or if the individual's visual acuity is greater than 9 20/200 but is accompanied by a limitation in the fields of vision such that 10 the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than 20 11 degrees.

(8) In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code is allowable for federal income tax purposes to another taxpayer for a taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which the individual's taxable year begins, the basic standard deduction (referred to in subsection (1)(c)(B) of this section) applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year shall equal the lesser of:

(a) The amount allowed to the individual under section 63(c)(5) of the
Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes for the tax year for
which the deduction is being claimed; or

(b) The amount determined under subsection (1)(c)(B) of this section.

22 **SECTION 2.** ORS 316.117 is amended to read:

316.117. (1) Except as provided under subsection (2) of this section, the 23proportion for making a proration for nonresident taxpayers of the standard 24deduction [or itemized deductions], the personal exemption credits and any 25accrued federal or foreign income taxes, or for part-year resident taxpayers 26of the amount of the tax, between Oregon source income and income from 27all other sources is the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer from 28Oregon sources divided by the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income from 29all sources. If the numerator of the fraction described in this subsection is 30 31 greater than the denominator, the proportion of 100 percent shall be used in the proration required by this section. As used in this subsection, "federal adjusted gross income" means the federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer with the additions, subtractions and other modifications to federal taxable income that relate to adjusted gross income for personal income tax purposes.

6 (2) For part-year resident trusts, the proration made under this section 7 shall be made by reference to the taxable income of the fiduciary.

8 **SECTION 3.** ORS 316.130 is amended to read:

9 316.130. (1) The taxable income for a full-year nonresident individual is 10 adjusted gross income attributable to sources within this state determined 11 under ORS 316.127, with the modifications (except those provided under 12 subsection (2) of this section) as otherwise provided under this chapter and 13 other laws of this state applicable to personal income taxation, less the de-14 ductions allowed under subsection (2) of this section.

(2)(a) A full-year nonresident individual shall be allowed the deduction for
a standard deduction [or itemized deductions] allowable to a resident under
ORS 316.695 (1) in the proportion provided in ORS 316.117.

(b) A full-year nonresident individual shall be allowed to deduct the 18 amount of any accrued federal income taxes and foreign country income 19 taxes as provided in ORS 316.690 in the proportion provided in ORS 316.117. 20(c)(A) A full-year nonresident individual shall be allowed to deduct the 21amount of any alimony or separate maintenance payments paid during such 22individual's taxable year in the proportion provided in ORS 316.117 except 23that in determining the proportion the taxpayer's adjusted gross income shall 24not include a deduction for alimony. For purposes of this paragraph, 25"alimony or separate maintenance payment" has the meaning given the 26phrase in section 215 of the Internal Revenue Code. 27

(B) No deduction shall be allowed under this paragraph if the alimony
or separate maintenance payment is not includable in the gross income of
the nonresident individual for federal income tax purposes under section 682
of the Internal Revenue Code.

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1 (3)(a) A full-year nonresident who is a self-employed individual shall be allowed to deduct that individual's contributions to a qualified plan,  $\mathbf{2}$ deductible on that individual's federal income tax return pursuant to section 3 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, in the proportion that the individual's 4 earned income from Oregon sources bears to the individual's earned income 5from all sources. "Earned income" has the meaning given in section 401(c)(2)6 of the Internal Revenue Code. If the numerator of the fraction described in 7 this paragraph is greater than the denominator, the proration of 100 percent 8 shall be used. 9

(b) A full-year nonresident shall be allowed to deduct that individual's qualified retirement contributions, deductible on that individual's federal income tax return pursuant to section 219 of the Internal Revenue Code, in the proportion that the individual's compensation from Oregon sources bears to the individual's compensation from all sources. "Compensation" has the meaning given in section 219(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(c) A full-year nonresident individual shall be allowed to deduct the ag-16 gregate amounts paid in cash to a medical savings account, deductible on the 17individual's federal income tax return pursuant to section 220 of the Internal 18 Revenue Code, in the proportion that the individual's compensation from 19 Oregon sources bears to the individual's compensation from all sources. 20Distributions from a medical savings account, if excluded from income for 21federal income tax purposes, shall be excluded for Oregon income tax pur-22poses. Distributions from a medical savings account, if included in income 23for federal tax purposes, shall be included in income for Oregon tax purposes 24to the extent that an exclusion has been allowed for contributions to the 25medical savings account for Oregon tax purposes in a previous year. 26

27 <u>SECTION 4.</u> The amendments to ORS 316.117, 316.130 and 316.695 by 28 sections 1 to 3 of this 2013 Act apply to tax years beginning on or after 29 January 1, 2013.

30 <u>SECTION 5.</u> This 2013 Act takes effect on the 91st day after the date 31 on which the 2013 regular session of the Seventy-seventh Legislative

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1 Assembly adjourns sine die.

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